
py-stellar-base Documentation

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Stellar Community

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py-stellar-base is a Python library for communicating with a [Stellar Horizon server](#) and [Soroban-RPC server](#). It is used for building Stellar apps on Python. It supports **Python 3.8+** as well as PyPy 3.8+.

It provides:

- a networking layer API for Horizon endpoints.
- a networking layer API for Soroban-RPC server methods.
- facilities for building and signing transactions, for communicating with a Stellar Horizon and Soroban-RPC instance, and for submitting transactions or querying network history.

QUICKSTART

At the absolute basics, you'll want to read up on [Stellar's Documentation Guides](#), as it contains a lot of information on the concepts used below (Transactions, Payments, Operations, KeyPairs, etc.).

1.1 Installation

1.1.1 Via pip

Use pip to install and update py-stellar-base:

```
pip install -U stellar-sdk
```

The py-stellar-base release follows [Semantic Versioning 2.0.0](#), and I strongly recommend that you specify its major version number in the dependency file to avoid the unknown effects of a corrupt update. More on installing Python and dependencies can be found over in the [Hitchhiker's Guide to Python](#).

1.1.2 Via Source Code

Please use the code on pypi whenever possible. The latest code may be unstable.

You can clone [the repository](#) directly, and install it locally:

```
git clone https://github.com/StellarCN/py-stellar-base.git
cd py-stellar-base
pip install .
```

1.2 Generate Keypair

The *Keypair* object represents a key pair used to sign transactions in a Stellar network. The *Keypair* object can contain both a public and a private key, or only a public key.

If a *Keypair* object does not contain a private key it can't be used to sign transactions. The most convenient method of creating a new keypair is by passing the account's secret seed:

```
1 from stellar_sdk import Keypair
2
3 secret = "SBK2VIYYSVG76E7VC3QHYARNFLY2EAQXDHRC7BMXBBGIFG74ARPRMNQM"
4 keypair = Keypair.from_secret(secret)
```

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```

5
6 # GDHmw6QZOL73SHKG2JA3YHXFDHM46SS5ZRWEYF5BCYHX2C5TV06KZBYL
7 public_key = keypair.public_key
8
9 can_sign = keypair.can_sign() # True

```

You can create a keypair from public key, but its function is limited:

```

1 from stellar_sdk import Keypair
2
3 public_key = "GDHmw6QZOL73SHKG2JA3YHXFDHM46SS5ZRWEYF5BCYHX2C5TV06KZBYL"
4 keypair = Keypair.from_public_key(public_key)
5 can_sign = keypair.can_sign() # False

```

You can also create a randomly generated keypair:

```

1 from stellar_sdk import Keypair
2
3 keypair = Keypair.random()
4 print("Public Key: " + keypair.public_key)
5 print("Secret Seed: " + keypair.secret)

```

1.3 Create Account

Now, in order to create an account, you need to run a *CreateAccount* operation with your new account ID. Due to Stellar's *minimum account balance*, you'll need to transfer the minimum account balance from another account with the create account operation. As of this writing, minimum balance is **1 XLM (2 x 0.5 Base Reserve)**, and is subject to change.

1.3.1 Using The SDF Testnet

If you want to play in the Stellar test network, you can ask our *Friendbot* to create an account for you as shown below:

```

1 """
2 This example shows how to activate an account via friendbot in a test network.
3
4 This feature is only available for test networks.
5
6 See: https://developers.stellar.org/docs/tutorials/create-account/#create-account
7 """
8 import requests
9
10 from stellar_sdk import Keypair
11
12 keypair = Keypair.random()
13
14 print("Public Key: " + keypair.public_key)
15 print("Secret Seed: " + keypair.secret)
16
17 url = "https://friendbot.stellar.org"

```

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```

18 response = requests.get(url, params={"addr": keypair.public_key})
19 print(response)

```

1.3.2 Using The Stellar Live Network

On the other hand, if you would like to create an account on the live network, you should buy some Stellar Lumens from an exchange. When you withdraw the Lumens into your new account, the exchange will automatically create the account for you. However, if you want to create an account from another account of your own, here's an example of how to do so:

```

1  """
2  This example shows how to create and fund a new account with the specified starting_
   ↳ balance.
3
4  See: https://developers.stellar.org/docs/tutorials/create-account/#create-account
5  See: https://developers.stellar.org/docs/start/list-of-operations/#create-account
6  """
7  from stellar_sdk import Keypair, Network, Server, TransactionBuilder
8
9  server = Server(horizon_url="https://horizon-testnet.stellar.org")
10 source = Keypair.from_secret("SBFZCHU5645DOKRWYBXVOXY2ELGJKFRX6VGGPRYUWHQ7PMXXJNDZFMKD")
11 destination = Keypair.random()
12
13 source_account = server.load_account(account_id=source.public_key)
14 transaction = (
15     TransactionBuilder(
16         source_account=source_account,
17         network_passphrase=Network.TESTNET_NETWORK_PASSPHRASE,
18         base_fee=100,
19     )
20     .append_create_account_op(
21         destination=destination.public_key, starting_balance="12.25"
22     )
23     .set_timeout(30)
24     .build()
25 )
26 transaction.sign(source)
27 response = server.submit_transaction(transaction)
28 print(f"Transaction hash: {response['hash']}")
29 print(
30     f"New Keypair: \n\taccount id: {destination.public_key}\n\tsecret seed: {destination.
   ↳ secret}"
31 )

```

Note: To avoid risks, TESTNET is used in the example above. In order to use the Stellar Live Network you will have to change the network passphrase to `Network.PUBLIC_NETWORK_PASSPHRASE` and the server URL to point to `https://horizon.stellar.org` too.

1.4 Querying Horizon

py-stellar-base gives you access to all the endpoints exposed by Horizon.

1.4.1 Building requests

py-stellar-base uses the [Builder pattern](#) to create the requests to send to Horizon. Starting with a [Server](#) object, you can chain methods together to generate a query. (See the [Horizon reference](#) documentation for what methods are possible.)

```
1  """
2  See: https://stellar-sdk.readthedocs.io/en/latest/querying\_horizon.html#building-requests
3  """
4  from stellar_sdk import Server
5
6  server = Server(horizon_url="https://horizon.stellar.org")
7  account = "GB6NVEN5HSUBKMYCE5ZOWSK5K23TBWRUQLZY3KNMXUZ3AQ2ESC4MY4AQ"
8
9  # get a list of transactions that occurred in ledger 1400
10 transactions = server.transactions().for_ledger(1400).call()
11 print(transactions)
12
13 # get a list of transactions submitted by a particular account
14 transactions = server.transactions().for_account(account_id=account).call()
15 print(transactions)
16
17 # The following example will show you how to handle paging
18 print(f"Gets all payment operations associated with {account}.")
19 payments_records = []
20 payments_call_builder = (
21     server.payments().for_account(account).order(desc=False).limit(10)
22 ) # limit can be set to a maximum of 200
23 payments_records += payments_call_builder.call()[ "_embedded" ][ "records" ]
24 page_count = 0
25 while page_records := payments_call_builder.next()[ "_embedded" ][ "records" ]:
26     payments_records += page_records
27     print(f"Page {page_count} fetched")
28     print(f"data: {page_records}")
29     page_count += 1
30 print(f"Payments count: {len(payments_records)}")
```

Once the request is built, it can be invoked with `call()` or with `stream()`. `call()` will return the response given by Horizon.

1.4.2 Streaming requests

Many requests can be invoked with `stream()`. Instead of returning a result like `call()` does, `stream()` will return an `EventSource`. Horizon will start sending responses from either the beginning of time or from the point specified with `cursor()`. (See the [Horizon reference](#) documentation to learn which endpoints support streaming.)

For example, to log instances of transactions from a particular account:

```
1 """
2 See: https://stellar-sdk.readthedocs.io/en/latest/querying_horizon.html#streaming-
   ↪ requests
3 """
4 from stellar_sdk import Server
5
6 server = Server(horizon_url="https://horizon-testnet.stellar.org")
7 account_id = "GASOCNHNLYFNMDJYQ3XFMI7BYHIOCFW3GJEOWRPEGK2TDPGTG2E5EDW"
8 last_cursor = "now" # or load where you left off
9
10
11 def tx_handler(tx_response):
12     print(tx_response)
13
14
15 for tx in server.transactions().for_account(account_id).cursor(last_cursor).stream():
16     tx_handler(tx)
```

1.5 Assets

Object of the `Asset` class represents an asset in the Stellar network. Right now there are 3 possible types of assets in the Stellar network:

- native **XLM** asset (`ASSET_TYPE_NATIVE`),
- issued assets with asset code of maximum 4 characters (`ASSET_TYPE_CREDIT_ALPHANUM4`),
- issued assets with asset code of maximum 12 characters (`ASSET_TYPE_CREDIT_ALPHANUM12`).

To create a new native asset representation use static `native()` method:

```
1 from stellar_sdk import Asset
2 native = Asset.native()
```

To represent an issued asset you need to create a new object of type `Asset` with an asset code and issuer:

```
1 from stellar_sdk import Asset
2 # Creates TEST asset issued by GBBM6BKZPEHWYO3E3YKREDPQXMS4VK35YLNUN7NFBRI26RAN7GI5POFBB
3 test_asset = Asset("TEST", "GBBM6BKZPEHWYO3E3YKREDPQXMS4VK35YLNUN7NFBRI26RAN7GI5POFBB")
4 is_native = test_asset.is_native() # False
5 # Creates Google stock asset issued by ↪
   ↪ GBBM6BKZPEHWYO3E3YKREDPQXMS4VK35YLNUN7NFBRI26RAN7GI5POFBB
6 google_stock_asset = Asset('US38259P7069',
   ↪ 'GBBM6BKZPEHWYO3E3YKREDPQXMS4VK35YLNUN7NFBRI26RAN7GI5POFBB')
7 google_stock_asset_type = google_stock_asset.type # credit_alphanum12
```

1.6 Building Transactions

Transactions are the commands that modify the state of the ledger. They include sending payments, creating offers, making account configuration changes, etc.

Every transaction has a source **account**. This is the account that pays the **fee** and uses up a sequence number for the transaction.

Transactions are made up of one or more **operations**. Each operation also has a source account, which defaults to the transaction's source account.

1.6.1 TransactionBuilder

The *TransactionBuilder* class is used to construct new transactions. TransactionBuilder is given an account that is used as transaction's **source account**. The transaction will use the current sequence number of the given *Account* object as its sequence number and increments the given account's sequence number when *build()* is called on the TransactionBuilder.

Operations can be added to the transaction calling *append_operation* for each operation you wish to add to the transaction. See *Operation* for a list of possible operations you can add. *append_operation* returns the current *TransactionBuilder* object so you can chain multiple calls. But you don't need to call it directly, we have prepared a lot of easy-to-use functions for you, such as *append_payment_op* can add a payment operation to the *TransactionBuilder*.

After adding the desired operations, call the *build()* method on the *TransactionBuilder*. This will return a fully constructed *TransactionEnvelope*. The transaction object is wrapped in an object called a *TransactionEnvelope*, the returned transaction will contain the sequence number of the source account. This transaction is unsigned. You must sign it before it will be accepted by the Stellar network.

```

1  """
2  This example demonstrates how to use TransactionBuilder
3  to quickly build a transaction. For a beginner,
4  most of the work can be done with TransactionBuilder.
5
6  See: https://stellar-sdk.readthedocs.io/en/latest/building_transactions.html#building-
7  ↪ transactions
8  """
9
10 from stellar_sdk import Account, Asset, Keypair, Network, TransactionBuilder
11
12 root_keypair = Keypair.from_secret(
13     "SA6XHAH4GNLRWWWF6TEVEWNS44CBNFAJWHWOPZCVZOUXSQA7BOYN7XHC"
14 )
15 # Create an Account object from an address and sequence number.
16 root_account = Account(account=root_keypair.public_key, sequence=1)
17
18 transaction = (
19     TransactionBuilder(
20         source_account=root_account,
21         # If you want to submit to pubnet, you need to change `network_passphrase` to ↪
22         ↪ `Network.PUBLIC_NETWORK_PASSPHRASE`
23         network_passphrase=Network.TESTNET_NETWORK_PASSPHRASE,
24         base_fee=100,
25     )
26     .append_payment_op( # add a payment operation to the transaction

```

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```

24     destination="GASOCNHNLYFNMDJYQ3XFMI7BYHIOCFW3GJEOWRPEGK2TDPGTG2E5EDW",
25     asset=Asset.native(),
26     amount="125.5",
27 )
28 .append_set_options_op( # add a set options operation to the transaction
29     home_domain="overcat.me"
30 )
31 .set_timeout(30)
32 .build()
33 ) # mark this transaction as valid only for the next 30 seconds

```

1.6.2 Sequence Numbers

The sequence number of a transaction has to match the sequence number stored by the source account or else the transaction is invalid. After the transaction is submitted and applied to the ledger, the source account's sequence number increases by 1.

There are two ways to ensure correct sequence numbers:

1. Read the source account's sequence number before submitting a transaction
2. Manage the sequence number locally

During periods of high transaction throughput, fetching a source account's sequence number from the network may not return the correct value. So, if you're submitting many transactions quickly, you will want to keep track of the sequence number locally.

1.6.3 Adding Memos

Transactions can contain a **memo** field you can use to attach additional information to the transaction. You can do this by passing a [Memo](#) object when you construct the `TransactionBuilder`.

There are 5 types of memos:

- `stellar_sdk.memo.NoneMemo` - empty memo,
- `stellar_sdk.memo.TextMemo` - 28-byte ascii encoded string memo,
- `stellar_sdk.memo.IdMemo` - 64-bit number memo,
- `stellar_sdk.memo.HashMemo` - 32-byte hash - ex. hash of an item in a content server,
- `stellar_sdk.memo.ReturnHashMemo` - 32-byte hash used for returning payments - contains hash of the transaction being rejected.

```

1  """
2  This example shows how to add memo to a transaction.
3
4  See: https://developers.stellar.org/docs/glossary/transactions/#memo
5  See: https://stellar-sdk.readthedocs.io/en/latest/building_transactions.html#building-
6  ↪ transactions
7  """
8
9  from stellar_sdk import Account, Asset, Keypair, Network, TransactionBuilder
10
11  root_keypair = Keypair.from_secret(

```

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```

10     "SA6XHAH4GNLRWWWF6TEVEWNS44CBNFAJWHWOPZCVZOUXSQA7BOYN7XHC"
11 )
12 # Create an Account object from an address and sequence number.
13 root_account = Account(account=root_keypair.public_key, sequence=1)
14
15 transaction = (
16     TransactionBuilder(
17         source_account=root_account,
18         network_passphrase=Network.TESTNET_NETWORK_PASSPHRASE,
19         base_fee=100,
20     )
21     .add_text_memo("Happy birthday!")
22     .append_payment_op(
23         destination="GASOCNHNLYFNMDJYQ3XFMI7BYHIOCFW3GJEOWRPEGK2TDPGTG2E5EDW",
24         amount="2000",
25         asset=Asset.native(),
26     )
27     .set_timeout(30)
28     .build()
29 )

```

1.6.4 Transaction and TransactionEnvelope

These two concepts may make the novices unclear, but the official has given a good explanation.

Transactions are commands that modify the ledger state. Among other things, Transactions are used to send payments, enter orders into the distributed exchange, change settings on accounts, and authorize another account to hold your currency. If you think of the ledger as a database, then transactions are SQL commands.

Once a transaction is ready to be signed, the transaction object is wrapped in an object called a Transaction Envelope, which contains the transaction as well as a set of signatures. Most transaction envelopes only contain a single signature along with the transaction, but in multi-signature setups it can contain many signatures. Ultimately, transaction envelopes are passed around the network and are included in transaction sets, as opposed to raw Transaction objects.

1.7 Creating a payment transaction

1.7.1 Payment

In this example, the destination account must exist. We use synchronous methods to submit transactions here, if you want, you can also use asynchronous methods.

```

1  """
2  Create, sign, and submit a transaction using Python Stellar SDK.
3
4  Assumes that you have the following items:
5  1. Secret key of a funded account to be the source account
6  2. Public key of an existing account as a recipient
7     These two keys can be created and funded by the friendbot at
8     https://www.stellar.org/laboratory/ under the heading "Quick Start: Test Account"
9  3. Access to Python Stellar SDK (https://github.com/StellarCN/py-stellar-base) through

```

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```

↪Python shell.

See: https://developers.stellar.org/docs/start/list-of-operations/#payment
"""
from stellar_sdk import Asset, Keypair, Network, Server, TransactionBuilder

def create_account():
    """To make this script work, create an account on the testnet."""
    import requests

    from stellar_sdk import Keypair

    keypair = Keypair.random()
    url = "https://friendbot.stellar.org"
    _response = requests.get(url, params={"addr": keypair.public_key})
    # Check _response.json() in case something goes wrong
    return keypair

# The source account is the account we will be signing and sending from.
example_keypair = create_account()
source_secret_key = example_keypair.secret

# Derive Keypair object and public key (that starts with a G) from the secret
source_keypair = Keypair.from_secret(source_secret_key)
source_public_key = source_keypair.public_key

# We just send lumen to ourselves in this simple example
receiver_public_key = example_keypair.public_key

# Configure StellarSdk to talk to the horizon instance hosted by Stellar.org
# To use the live network, set the hostname to 'horizon.stellar.org'
server = Server(horizon_url="https://horizon-testnet.stellar.org")

# Transactions require a valid sequence number that is specific to this account.
# We can fetch the current sequence number for the source account from Horizon.
source_account = server.load_account(source_public_key)

base_fee = 100
# we are going to submit the transaction to the test network,
# so network_passphrase is `Network.TESTNET_NETWORK_PASSPHRASE`,
# if you want to submit to the public network, please use `Network.PUBLIC_NETWORK_
↪PASSPHRASE`.
transaction = (
    TransactionBuilder(
        source_account=source_account,
        network_passphrase=Network.TESTNET_NETWORK_PASSPHRASE,
        base_fee=base_fee,
    )
    .add_text_memo("Hello, Stellar!") # Add a memo
    # Add a payment operation to the transaction

```

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```

60     # Send 350.1234567 XLM to receiver
61     # Specify 350.1234567 lumens. Lumens are divisible to seven digits past the decimal.
62     .append_payment_op(receiver_public_key, Asset.native(), "350.1234567")
63     .set_timeout(30) # Make this transaction valid for the next 30 seconds only
64     .build()
65 )
66
67 # Sign this transaction with the secret key
68 # NOTE: signing is transaction is network specific. Test network transactions
69 # won't work in the public network. To switch networks, use the Network object
70 # as explained above (look for stellar_sdk.network.Network).
71 transaction.sign(source_keypair)
72
73 # Let's see the XDR (encoded in base64) of the transaction we just built
74 print(transaction.to_xdr())
75
76 # Submit the transaction to the Horizon server.
77 # The Horizon server will then submit the transaction into the network for us.
78 response = server.submit_transaction(transaction)
79 print(response)

```

1.7.2 Path Payment

In the example below we're sending 1000 XLM (at max) from *GABJLI6IVBKJ7HIC5NN7HHDCIEW3CMWQ2DWYHREQQUFWSWZ2* to *GBBM6BKZPEHWYO3E3YKREDPQXMS4VK35YLNU7NFBRI26RAN7GI5POFBB*. Destination Asset will be *GBP* issued by *GASOCNHNLYFNMDJYQ3XFM17BYHIOCFW3GJEOWRPEGK2TDPGTG2E5EDW*. Assets will be exchanged using the following path:

- *USD* issued by *GBBM6BKZPEHWYO3E3YKREDPQXMS4VK35YLNU7NFBRI26RAN7GI5POFBB*
- *EUR* issued by *GDTNXRLOJD2YEBPKK7KCMR7J33AAG5VZXHAJTHIG736D6LVEFLLLKPD*

The **path payment** will cause the destination address to get 5.5 GBP. It will cost the sender no more than 1000 XLM. In this example there will be 3 exchanges, XLM->USD, USD->EUR, EUR->GBP.

```

1  """
2  A path payment sends an amount of a specific asset to a destination account through a
3  ↪ path of offers.
4  Since the asset sent (e.g., 450 XLM) can be different from the asset received (e.g., 6
5  ↪ BTC),
6  path payments allow for the simultaneous transfer and conversion of currencies.
7
8  A Path Payment Strict Send allows a user to specify the amount of the asset to send.
9  The amount received will vary based on offers in the order books. If you would like to
10 instead specify the amount received, use the Path Payment Strict Receive operation.
11
12 See: https://developers.stellar.org/docs/start/list-of-operations/#path-payment-strict-
13 ↪ send
14 See: https://youtu.be/KzlSgSPStz8
15 """
16 from stellar_sdk import Asset, Keypair, Network, Server, TransactionBuilder

```

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```

15 server = Server(horizon_url="https://horizon-testnet.stellar.org")
16 source_keypair = Keypair.from_secret(
17     "SA6XHAH4GNLRWWWF6TEVEWNS44CBNFAJWHWOPZCVZOUXSQA7BOYN7XHC"
18 )
19
20 source_account = server.load_account(account_id=source_keypair.public_key)
21
22 path = [
23     Asset("USD", "GBBM6BKZPEHWYO3E3YKREDPQXMS4VK35YLN7NFBRI26RAN7GI5POFBB"),
24     Asset("EUR", "GDTNXRLOJD2YEBPKK7KCMR7J33AAG5VZXHAJTHIG736D6LVEFLLKPD"),
25 ]
26 transaction = (
27     TransactionBuilder(
28         source_account=source_account,
29         network_passphrase=Network.TESTNET_NETWORK_PASSPHRASE,
30         base_fee=100,
31     )
32     .append_path_payment_strict_receive_op(
33         destination="GBBM6BKZPEHWYO3E3YKREDPQXMS4VK35YLN7NFBRI26RAN7GI5POFBB",
34         send_asset=Asset.native(),
35         send_max="1000",
36         dest_asset=Asset(
37             "GBP", "GASOCNHNLYFNMDJYQ3XFMI7BYHIOCFW3GJEOWRPEGK2TDPGTG2E5EDW"
38         ),
39         dest_amount="5.50",
40         path=path,
41     )
42     .set_timeout(30)
43     .build()
44 )
45 transaction.sign(source_keypair)
46 response = server.submit_transaction(transaction)

```

1.8 Asynchronous

Now we have supported the use of asynchronous methods to submit transactions, py-stellar-base gives you the choice, rather than forcing you into always writing async; sync code is easier to write, generally safer, and has many more libraries to choose from.

The following is an example of send a payment by an asynchronous method, the same example of using the synchronization method can be found [here](#):

```

1 """
2 The effect of this example is the same as `payment.py`, but this example is asynchronous.
3
4 Create, sign, and submit a transaction using Python Stellar SDK.
5
6 Assumes that you have the following items:
7 1. Secret key of a funded account to be the source account
8 2. Public key of an existing account as a recipient
9 These two keys can be created and funded by the friendbot at

```

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```

10     https://www.stellar.org/laboratory/ under the heading "Quick Start: Test Account"
11 3. Access to Python Stellar SDK (https://github.com/StellarCN/py-stellar-base) through
    ↪ Python shell.
12
13 See: https://developers.stellar.org/docs/start/list-of-operations/#payment
14 """
15 import asyncio
16
17 from stellar_sdk import (
18     AiohttpClient,
19     Asset,
20     Keypair,
21     Network,
22     ServerAsync,
23     TransactionBuilder,
24 )
25
26
27 def create_account():
28     """To make this script work, create an account on the testnet."""
29     import requests
30
31     from stellar_sdk import Keypair
32
33     keypair = Keypair.random()
34     url = "https://friendbot.stellar.org"
35     _response = requests.get(url, params={"addr": keypair.public_key})
36     # Check _response.json() in case something goes wrong
37     return keypair
38
39
40 # The source account is the account we will be signing and sending from.
41 example_keypair = create_account()
42 source_secret_key = example_keypair.secret
43
44 # Derive Keypair object and public key (that starts with a G) from the secret
45 source_keypair = Keypair.from_secret(source_secret_key)
46 source_public_key = source_keypair.public_key
47
48 # We just send lumen to ourselves in this simple example
49 receiver_public_key = example_keypair.public_key
50
51
52 async def main():
53     # Configure StellarSdk to talk to the horizon instance hosted by Stellar.org
54     # To use the live network, set the hostname to 'horizon.stellar.org'
55     # When we use the `with` syntax, it automatically releases the resources it occupies.
56     async with ServerAsync(
57         horizon_url="https://horizon-testnet.stellar.org", client=AiohttpClient()
58     ) as server:
59         # Transactions require a valid sequence number that is specific to this account.
60         # We can fetch the current sequence number for the source account from Horizon.

```

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```

61     source_account = await server.load_account(source_public_key)
62
63     base_fee = 100
64     # we are going to submit the transaction to the test network,
65     # so network_passphrase is `Network.TESTNET_NETWORK_PASSPHRASE`,
66     # if you want to submit to the public network, please use `Network.PUBLIC_
↪NETWORK_PASSPHRASE`.
67     transaction = (
68         TransactionBuilder(
69             source_account=source_account,
70             network_passphrase=Network.TESTNET_NETWORK_PASSPHRASE,
71             base_fee=base_fee,
72         )
73         .add_text_memo("Hello, Stellar!") # Add a memo
74         # Add a payment operation to the transaction
75         # Send 350.1234567 XLM to receiver
76         # Specify 350.1234567 lumens. Lumens are divisible to seven digits past the_
↪decimal.
77         .append_payment_op(receiver_public_key, Asset.native(), "350.1234567")
78         .set_timeout(30) # Make this transaction valid for the next 30 seconds only
79         .build()
80     )
81
82     # Sign this transaction with the secret key
83     # NOTE: signing is transaction is network specific. Test network transactions
84     # won't work in the public network. To switch networks, use the Network object
85     # as explained above (look for stellar_sdk.network.Network).
86     transaction.sign(source_keypair)
87
88     # Let's see the XDR (encoded in base64) of the transaction we just built
89     print(transaction.to_xdr())
90
91     # Submit the transaction to the Horizon server.
92     # The Horizon server will then submit the transaction into the network for us.
93     response = await server.submit_transaction(transaction)
94     print(response)
95
96
97 if __name__ == "__main__":
98     asyncio.run(main())

```

The following example helps you listen to multiple endpoints asynchronously.

```

1  """
2  See: https://stellar-sdk.readthedocs.io/en/latest/asynchronous.html
3  """
4  import asyncio
5
6  from stellar_sdk import AiohttpClient, ServerAsync
7
8  HORIZON_URL = "https://horizon.stellar.org"
9

```

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```

10
11 async def payments():
12     async with ServerAsync(HORIZON_URL, AiohttpClient()) as server:
13         async for payment in server.payments().cursor(cursor="now").stream():
14             print(f"Payment: {payment}")
15
16
17 async def effects():
18     async with ServerAsync(HORIZON_URL, AiohttpClient()) as server:
19         async for effect in server.effects().cursor(cursor="now").stream():
20             print(f"Effect: {effect}")
21
22
23 async def operations():
24     async with ServerAsync(HORIZON_URL, AiohttpClient()) as server:
25         async for operation in server.operations().cursor(cursor="now").stream():
26             print(f"Operation: {operation}")
27
28
29 async def transactions():
30     async with ServerAsync(HORIZON_URL, AiohttpClient()) as server:
31         async for transaction in server.transactions().cursor(cursor="now").stream():
32             print(f"Transaction: {transaction}")
33
34
35 async def listen():
36     await asyncio.gather(payments(), effects(), operations(), transactions())
37
38
39 if __name__ == "__main__":
40     asyncio.run(listen())

```

1.9 Multi-signature account

Multi-signature accounts can be used to require that transactions require multiple public keys to sign before they are considered valid. This is done by first configuring your account's **threshold** levels. Each operation has a threshold level of either low, medium, or high. You give each threshold level a number between 1-255 in your account. Then, for each key in your account, you assign it a weight (1-255, setting a 0 weight deletes the key). Any transaction must be signed with enough keys to meet the threshold.

For example, let's say you set your threshold levels; low = 1, medium = 2, high = 3. You want to send a payment operation, which is a medium threshold operation. Your master key has weight 1. Additionally, you have a secondary key associated with your account which has a weight of 1. Now, the transaction you submit for this payment must include both signatures of your master key and secondary key since their combined weight is 2 which is enough to authorize the payment operation.

In this example, we will:

- Add a second signer to the account
- Set our account's masterkey weight and threshold levels
- Create a multi signature transaction that sends a payment

```

1  """
2  Stellar uses signatures as authorization. Transactions always need authorization
3  from at least one public key in order to be considered valid. Generally,
4  transactions only need authorization from the public key of the source account.
5
6  Transaction signatures are created by cryptographically signing the
7  transaction object contents with a secret key. Stellar currently uses the ed25519_
8  ↪signature
9  scheme, but there's also a mechanism for adding additional types of public/private key_
10 ↪schemes.
11 A transaction with an attached signature is considered to have authorization from that_
12 ↪public key.
13
14 In two cases, a transaction may need more than one signature. If the transaction has
15 operations that affect more than one account, it will need authorization from every_
16 ↪account
17 in question. A transaction will also need additional signatures if the account associated
18 with the transaction has multiple public keys.
19
20 See: https://developers.stellar.org/docs/glossary/multisig/
21 """
22
23 from stellar_sdk import Asset, Keypair, Network, Server, Signer, TransactionBuilder
24
25 server = Server(horizon_url="https://horizon-testnet.stellar.org")
26 root_keypair = Keypair.from_secret(
27     "SA6XHAH4GNLRWWWF6TEVEWNS44CBNFAJWHWOPZCVZOUXSQA7BOYN7XHC"
28 )
29 root_account = server.load_account(account_id=root_keypair.public_key)
30 secondary_keypair = Keypair.from_secret(
31     "SAMZUAAPLRUH62HH3XE7NVD6ZSMTWPWGM6DS4X47HLVRHEBKP4U2H5E7"
32 )
33
34 secondary_signer = Signer.ed25519_public_key(
35     account_id=secondary_keypair.public_key, weight=1
36 )
37
38 transaction = (
39     TransactionBuilder(
40         source_account=root_account,
41         network_passphrase=Network.TESTNET_NETWORK_PASSPHRASE,
42         base_fee=100,
43     )
44     .append_set_options_op(
45         master_weight=1, # set master key weight
46         low_threshold=1,
47         med_threshold=2, # a payment is medium threshold
48         high_threshold=2, # make sure to have enough weight to add up to the high_
49 ↪threshold!
50         signer=secondary_signer,
51     )
52     .set_timeout(30)
53     .build()
54 )

```

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```

49 # only need to sign with the root signer as the 2nd signer won't
50 # be added to the account till after this transaction completes
51 transaction.sign(root_keypair)
52 response = server.submit_transaction(transaction)
53 print(response)
54
55 # now create a payment with the account that has two signers
56 destination = "GBA5SMM5OYAOPL6R773MV7O3CCLUDVLCWHIVVL3W4XTD3DA5FJ4JSEZ"
57 transaction = (
58     TransactionBuilder(
59         source_account=root_account,
60         network_passphrase=Network.TESTNET_NETWORK_PASSPHRASE,
61         base_fee=100,
62     )
63     .append_payment_op(destination=destination, amount="2000", asset=Asset.native())
64     .set_timeout(30)
65     .build()
66 )
67
68 # now we need to sign the transaction with both the root and the secondary_keypair
69 transaction.sign(root_keypair)
70 transaction.sign(secondary_keypair)
71 response = server.submit_transaction(transaction)
72 print(response)

```

1.10 XDR

XDR, also known as External Data Representation, is used throughout the Stellar network and protocol. The ledger, transactions, results, history, and even the messages passed between computers running stellar-core are encoded using XDR.

stellar_sdk.xdr module provides a complete ability to build and parse XDR.

This example shows how to parse XDR string into an XDR object.

```

1 """
2 This example shows how to parse XDR string into an XDR object.
3 But please note that if you need to parse a transaction envelope,
4 please refer to `parse_transaction_envelope.py`
5 """
6 from stellar_sdk.xdr import TransactionResult
7
8 result_xdr = "AAAAAAAAAGQAAAAAAAAAAQAAAAAAAAADAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAABAAAAAD/
9 ↳jlpBCTX53ogvts02Ryn5Gj06gx0qW3/3ARB+g0h/nAAAAADGRC/
10 ↳wAAAAAAAAAAU5VQwAAAAAAR74W04Rz02ryJo940i0FU0KHIVQisRnpe9FWrqvumQAAAAAEFWjwjgcksQkG4uAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
11 ↳"
12 transaction_result = TransactionResult.from_xdr(result_xdr)
13 print(transaction_result.fee_charged)
14 print(transaction_result.result.code)

```

API DOCUMENTATION

Here you'll find detailed documentation on specific functions, classes, and methods.

2.1 API Documentation

2.1.1 Account

class `stellar_sdk.account.Account`(*account*, *sequence*, *raw_data=None*)

The *Account* object represents a single account on the Stellar network and its sequence number.

Account tracks the sequence number as it is used by *TransactionBuilder*.

Normally, you can get an *Account* instance through `stellar_sdk.server.Server.load_account()` or `stellar_sdk.server_async.ServerAsync.load_account()`.

An example:

```
from stellar_sdk import Keypair, Server

server = Server(horizon_url="https://horizon-testnet.stellar.org")
source = Keypair.from_secret(
    ↪ "SBFZCHU5645DOKRWYBXVOXY2ELGJKFRX6VGGPRYUWHQ7PMXXJNDZFMKD")
# `account` can also be a muxed account
source_account = server.load_account(account=source.public_key)
```

See *Accounts* for more information.

Parameters

- **account** (`Union[str, MuxedAccount]`) – Account Id of the account (ex. "GB3KJPLFUYN5VL6R3GU3EGCGVCKFDSD7BEDX42HWG5BWFKB3KQGJJRMA") or muxed account (ex. "MBZSQ3YZMZEWL5ZRCEQ5CCSOTXCFCMKDGFPP4IEQN2KN6LCHCL146AAAAAAAAAAE2L2QE")
- **sequence** (`int`) – Current sequence number of the account.
- **raw_data** (`Dict[str, Any]`) – Raw horizon response data.

increment_sequence_number()

Increments sequence number in this object by one.

Return type

`None`

load_ed25519_public_key_signers()

Load ed25519 public key signers.

Return type

`List[Ed25519PublicKeySigner]`

property universal_account_id: `str`

Get the universal account id, if *account* is ed25519 public key, it will return ed25519 public key (ex. "GDGQVOKHW4VEJRU2TETD6DBRKE05ERCNF353LW5WBFW3JJWQ2BRQ6KDD"), otherwise it will return muxed account (ex. "MAAAAAAAAAAJURAAB2X52XFQP6FBXLGT6LWOOWMEXWHEWBDVRZ7V5WH34Y22MPFBHUHY")

2.1.2 Address

class stellar_sdk.address.**Address**(*address*)

Represents a single address in the Stellar network. An address can represent an account or a contract.

Parameters

address (`str`) – ID of the account or contract. (ex. GBJCHUKZMTFSL0MNC7P4TS4VJJBTCYL3XKSOLXAUJSD56C4LHND5TWUC CA7QYNF7SOWQ3GLR2BGMZEHXAVIRZA4KVWLTJJFC7MGXUA74P7UJUWDA) or

property address: `str`

Returns the encoded address.

Returns

The encoded address.

static from_raw_account(*account*)

Creates a new account Address object from raw bytes.

Parameters

account (`Union[bytes, str]`) – The raw bytes of the account.

Return type

`Address`

Returns

A new Address object.

static from_raw_contract(*contract*)

Creates a new contract Address object from a buffer of raw bytes.

Parameters

contract (`Union[bytes, str]`) – The raw bytes of the contract.

Return type

`Address`

Returns

A new Address object.

classmethod from_xdr_sc_address(*sc_address*)

Creates a new Address object from a stellar_sdk.xdr.SCAddress XDR object.

Parameters

sc_address (`SCAddress`) – The stellar_sdk.xdr.SCAddress XDR object.

Return type

`Address`

Returns

A new Address object.

to_xdr_sc_address()

Converts the Address object to a `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCAddress` XDR object.

Return type

SCAddress

Returns

A `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCAddress` XDR object.

```
class stellar_sdk.address.AddressType(value, names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None,
                                     type=None, start=1, boundary=None)
```

Represents an Address type.

ACCOUNT = 0

An account address, address looks like GBJCHUKZMTFSL0MNC7P4TS4VJJBTCYL3XKSOLXAUJSD56C4LHND5TWUC.

CONTRACT = 1

An contract address, address looks like CCJZ5DGASBWQXR5MPFCJXMBI333XE5U3FSJTNQU7RIKE3P5GN2K2WYD5.

2.1.3 Asset

```
class stellar_sdk.asset.Asset(code, issuer=None)
```

The *Asset* object, which represents an asset and its corresponding issuer on the Stellar network.

The following example shows how to create an Asset object:

```
from stellar_sdk import Asset

native_asset = Asset.native() # You can also create a native asset through Asset(
    ↪ "XLM").
credit_alphanum4_asset = Asset("USD",
    ↪ "GBSKJPM2FM602C6GVZNAUAMGXZ6I4QIUPMNWVDN2NZULPWWTV3GI2SOX")
credit_alphanum12_asset = Asset("BANANA",
    ↪ "GA6VT2PDD73TNNRYLPJPJYAAI7EGKBATZ7V562S7XY7TJD4GNOXRG60S")
print(f"Asset type: {credit_alphanum4_asset.type}\n"
      f"Asset code: {credit_alphanum4_asset.code}\n"
      f"Asset issuer: {credit_alphanum4_asset.issuer}\n"
      f"Is native asset: {credit_alphanum4_asset.is_native()}")
```

For more information about the formats used for asset codes and how issuers work on Stellar's network, see [Stellar's guide on assets](#).

Parameters

- **code** (*str*) – The asset code, in the formats specified in [Stellar's guide on assets](#).
- **issuer** (*Optional[str]*) – The account ID of the issuer. Note if the currency is the native currency (XLM (Lumens)), no issuer is necessary.

Raises

AssetCodeInvalidError: if code is invalid.

AssetIssuerInvalidError: if issuer is not a valid ed25519 public key.

static `check_if_asset_code_is_valid(code)`

Check whether the `code` passed in by the user is a valid asset code, if not, an exception will be thrown.

Parameters

code (`str`) – The asset code.

Raises

`AssetCodeInvalidError`: if `code` is invalid.

Return type

`None`

classmethod `from_xdr_object(xdr_object)`

Create a `Asset` from an XDR Asset/ChangeTrustAsset/TrustLineAsset object.

Please note that this function only supports processing the following types of assets:

- `ASSET_TYPE_NATIVE`
- `ASSET_TYPE_CREDIT_ALPHANUM4`
- `ASSET_TYPE_CREDIT_ALPHANUM12`

Parameters

xdr_object (`Union[Asset, ChangeTrustAsset, TrustLineAsset]`) – The XDR Asset/ChangeTrustAsset/TrustLineAsset object.

Return type

`Asset`

Returns

A new `Asset` object from the given XDR object.

guess_asset_type()

Return the type of the asset, Can be one of following types: `native`, `credit_alphanum4` or `credit_alphanum12`.

Return type

`str`

Returns

The type of the asset.

is_native()

Return Ture if the `Asset` object is the native asset.

Return type

`bool`

Returns

True if the asset object is native, False otherwise.

classmethod `native()`

Returns an asset object for the native asset.

Return type

`Asset`

Returns

An asset object for the native asset.

to_change_trust_asset_xdr_object()

Returns the xdr object for this asset.

Return type

[*ChangeTrustAsset*](#)

Returns

XDR ChangeTrustAsset object

to_dict()

Generate a dict for this object's attributes.

Return type

[*dict*](#)

Returns

A dict representing an [*Asset*](#)

to_trust_line_asset_xdr_object()

Returns the xdr object for this asset.

Return type

[*TrustLineAsset*](#)

Returns

XDR TrustLineAsset object

to_xdr_object()

Returns the xdr object for this asset.

Return type

[*Asset*](#)

Returns

XDR Asset object

property type: [*str*](#)

Return the type of the asset, can be one of following types: *native*, *credit_alphanum4* or *credit_alphanum12*

Returns

The type of the asset.

2.1.4 Call Builder

AccountsCallBuilder

class stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.**AccountsCallBuilder**(*horizon_url*, *client*)

Creates a new [*AccountsCallBuilder*](#) pointed to server defined by *horizon_url*. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.Server.accounts()`.

See [List All Accounts](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** – Horizon server URL.
- **client** ([*BaseSyncClient*](#)) – The client instance used to send request.

account_id(*account_id*)

Returns information and links relating to a single account. The balances section in the returned JSON will also list all the trust lines this account has set up.

See [Retrieve an Account](#) for more information.

Parameters

account_id (*str*) – account id, for example: "GDGQVOKHW4VEJRU2TETD6DBRKE05ERCNF353LW5WBFW3JJWQ2BRQ"

Returns

current AccountCallBuilder instance

call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type

Dict[*str*, *Any*]

Returns

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return Coroutine.

Raises

ConnectionError: if you have not successfully connected to the server.

NotFoundError: if status_code == 404

BadRequestError: if 400 <= status_code < 500 and status_code != 404

BadResponseError: if 500 <= status_code < 600

UnknownRequestError: if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(*cursor*)

Sets cursor parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor (*Union*[*int*, *str*]) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

for_asset(*asset*)

Filtering accounts who have a trustline to an asset. The result is a list of accounts.

See [List All Accounts](#) for more information.

Parameters

asset (*Asset*) – an issued asset

Returns

current AccountCallBuilder instance

for_liquidity_pool(*liquidity_pool_id*)

Filtering accounts who have a trustline for the given pool. The result is a list of accounts.

See [List All Accounts](#) for more information.

Parameters

liquidity_pool_id (*str*) – The ID of the liquidity pool in hex string., for example: "dd7b1ab831c273310ddbec6f97870aa83c2fbd78ce22aded37ecbf4f3380fac7"

Returns

current AccountCallBuilder instance

for_signer(*signer*)

Filtering accounts who have a given signer. The result is a list of accounts.

See [List All Accounts](#) for more information.

Parameters

signer (*str*) – signer’s account id, for example: "GDGQVOKHW4VEJRU2TETD6DBRKE05ERCNF353LW5WBFW3JJWQ2BRQ"

Returns

current AccountCallBuilder instance

for_sponsor(*sponsor*)

Filtering accounts where the given account is sponsoring the account or any of its sub-entries.

See [List All Accounts](#) for more information.

Parameters

sponsor (*str*) – the sponsor id, for example: "GDGQVOKHW4VEJRU2TETD6DBRKE05ERCNF353LW5WBFW3JJWQ2BRQ"

Returns

current AccountCallBuilder instance

limit(*limit*)

Sets *limit* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit (*int*) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns**order**(*desc=True*)

Sets *order* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc (*bool*) – Sort direction, True to get desc sort direction, the default setting is True.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type

`Generator[Dict[str, Any], None, None]`

Returns

an EventSource.

Raise

`StreamClientError` - Failed to fetch stream resource.

AssetsCallBuilder

class stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.**AssetsCallBuilder**(*horizon_url, client*)

Creates a new *AssetsCallBuilder* pointed to server defined by *horizon_url*. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.Server.assets()`.

See [List All Assets](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** (*str*) – Horizon server URL.
- **client** (*BaseSyncClient*) – The client instance used to send request.

call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type

Dict[str, Any]

Returns

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return *Coroutine*.

Raises

ConnectionError: if you have not successfully connected to the server.

NotFound: if `status_code == 404`

BadRequest: if `400 <= status_code < 500` and `status_code != 404`

BadResponse: if `500 <= status_code < 600`

UnknownRequestError: if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(*cursor*)

Sets *cursor* parameter for the current call. Returns the *CallBuilder* object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor (*Union[int, str]*) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current *CallBuilder* instance

for_code(*asset_code*)

This endpoint filters all assets by the asset code.

See [List All Assets](#) for more information.

Parameters

asset_code (*str*) – asset code, for example: *USD*

Returns

current *AssetCallBuilder* instance

for_issuer(*asset_issuer*)

This endpoint filters all assets by the asset issuer.

See [List All Assets](#) for more information.

Parameters

asset_issuer (*str*) – asset issuer, for example: "GDGQVOKHW4VEJRU2TETD6DBRKE05ERCNF353LW5BFW3JJWQ2"

Returns

current AssetCallBuilder instance

limit(*limit*)

Sets *limit* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit (*int*) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns**order**(*desc=True*)

Sets *order* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc (*bool*) – Sort direction, True to get desc sort direction, the default setting is True.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type

`Generator[Dict[str, Any], None, None]`

Returns

an EventSource.

Raise

`StreamClientError` - Failed to fetch stream resource.

ClaimableBalancesCallBuilder

```
class stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.ClaimableBalancesCallBuilder(horizon_url,  
                                                                           client)
```

Creates a new [ClaimableBalancesCallBuilder](#) pointed to server defined by *horizon_url*. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.Server.claimable_balance()`.

See [List Claimable Balances](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** – Horizon server URL.
- **client** (*BaseSyncClient*) – The client instance used to send request.

call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type`Dict[str, Any]`**Returns**

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return Coroutine.

Raises

ConnectionError: if you have not successfully connected to the server.

NotFoundError: if `status_code == 404`

BadRequestError: if `400 <= status_code < 500` and `status_code != 404`

BadResponseError: if `500 <= status_code < 600`

UnknownRequestError: if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

claimable_balance(*claimable_balance_id*)

Returns information and links relating to a single claimable balance.

See [List Claimable Balances](#) for more information.

Parameters

claimable_balance_id (`str`) – claimable balance id

Returns

current AccountCallBuilder instance

cursor(*cursor*)

Sets `cursor` parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor (`Union[int, str]`) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

for_asset(*asset*)

Returns all claimable balances which provide a balance for the given asset.

See [List Claimable Balances](#) for more information.

Parameters

asset (`Asset`) – an asset

Returns

current ClaimableBalancesCallBuilder instance

for_claimant(*claimant*)

Returns all claimable balances which can be claimed by the given account ID.

See [List Claimable Balances](#) for more information.

Parameters

claimant (`str`) – the account id, for example: "GDGQVOKHW4VEJRU2TETD6DBRKE05ERCNF353LW5WBFW3JJWQ2BR"

Returns

current ClaimableBalancesCallBuilder instance

for_sponsor(*sponsor*)

Returns all claimable balances which are sponsored by the given account ID.

See [List Claimable Balances](#) for more information.

Parameters

sponsor (*str*) – the sponsor id, for example: "GDGQVOKHW4VEJRU2TETD6DBRKE05ERCNF353LW5WBFW3JJWQ2BRQ"

Returns

current ClaimableBalancesCallBuilder instance

limit(*limit*)

Sets *limit* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit (*int*) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns**order**(*desc=True*)

Sets *order* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc (*bool*) – Sort direction, True to get desc sort direction, the default setting is True.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type

`Generator[Dict[str, Any], None, None]`

Returns

an EventSource.

Raise

StreamClientError - Failed to fetch stream resource.

DataCallBuilder

class stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.**DataCallBuilder**(*horizon_url*, *client*, *account_id*, *data_name*)

Creates a new [DataCallBuilder](#) pointed to server defined by *horizon_url*. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.Server.data()`.

See [Retrieve an Account's Data](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** (*str*) – Horizon server URL.
- **client** (*BaseSyncClient*) – The client instance used to send request.

- **account_id**(*str*) – account id, for example: "GDGQVOKHW4VEJRU2TETD6DBRKE05ERCNF353LW5WBFW3JJWQ2BRQ"
- **data_name**(*str*) – Key name

call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type

`Dict[str, Any]`

Returns

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return Coroutine.

Raises

ConnectionError: if you have not successfully connected to the server.

NotFoundError: if `status_code == 404`

BadRequestError: if `400 <= status_code < 500` and `status_code != 404`

BadResponseError: if `500 <= status_code < 600`

UnknownRequestError: if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(*cursor*)

Sets *cursor* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor (`Union[int, str]`) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

limit(*limit*)

Sets *limit* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit (`int`) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns

order(*desc=True*)

Sets *order* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc (`bool`) – Sort direction, True to get desc sort direction, the default setting is True.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type`Generator[Dict[str, Any], None, None]`**Returns**

an EventSource.

Raise

StreamClientError - Failed to fetch stream resource.

EffectsCallBuilder**class** `stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.EffectsCallBuilder(horizon_url, client)`

Creates a new *EffectsCallBuilder* pointed to server defined by `horizon_url`. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.Server.effects()`.

See [List All Effects](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** (`str`) – Horizon server URL.
- **client** (*BaseSyncClient*) – The client instance used to send request.

call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type`Dict[str, Any]`**Returns**

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return Coroutine.

Raises

ConnectionError: if you have not successfully connected to the server.
NotFoundError: if `status_code == 404`
BadRequestError: if `400 <= status_code < 500` and `status_code != 404`
BadResponseError: if `500 <= status_code < 600`
UnknownRequestError: if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(cursor)

Sets `cursor` parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor (`Union[int, str]`) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

for_account(account_id)

This endpoint represents all effects that changed a given account. It will return relevant effects from the creation of the account to the current ledger.

See [Retrieve an Account's Effects](#) for more information.

Parameters

account_id (*str*) – account id, for example: "GDGQVOKHW4VEJRU2TETD6DBRKE05ERCNF353LW5WBFW3JJWQ2BRQ"

Returns

this EffectCallBuilder instance

for_ledger(*sequence*)

Effects are the specific ways that the ledger was changed by any operation. This endpoint represents all effects that occurred in the given ledger.

See [Retrieve a Ledger's Effects](#) for more information.

Parameters

sequence (*Union[int, str]*) – ledger sequence

Returns

this EffectCallBuilder instance

for_liquidity_pool(*liquidity_pool_id*)

This endpoint represents all effects that occurred as a result of a given liquidity pool.

See [Liquidity Pools - Retrieve related Effects](#) for more information.

Parameters

liquidity_pool_id (*str*) – The ID of the liquidity pool in hex string.

Returns

this EffectsCallBuilder instance

for_operation(*operation_id*)

This endpoint represents all effects that occurred as a result of a given operation.

See [Retrieve an Operation's Effects](#) for more information.

Parameters

operation_id (*Union[int, str]*) – operation ID

Returns

this EffectCallBuilder instance

for_transaction(*transaction_hash*)

This endpoint represents all effects that occurred as a result of a given transaction.

See [Retrieve a Transaction's Effects](#) for more information.

Parameters

transaction_hash (*str*) – transaction hash

Returns

this EffectCallBuilder instance

limit(*limit*)

Sets *limit* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit (*int*) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns

order(*desc=True*)

Sets *order* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc (*bool*) – Sort direction, True to get desc sort direction, the default setting is True.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type

`Generator[Dict[str, Any], None, None]`

Returns

an EventSource.

Raise

`StreamClientError` - Failed to fetch stream resource.

FeeStatsCallBuilder

class stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.FeeStatsCallBuilder(*horizon_url, client*)

Creates a new [FeeStatsCallBuilder](#) pointed to server defined by *horizon_url*. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.Server.fee_stats()`.

See [Fee Stats](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** (*str*) – Horizon server URL.
- **client** (*BaseSyncClient*) – The client instance used to send request.

call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type

`Dict[str, Any]`

Returns

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return Coroutine.

Raises

`ConnectionError`: if you have not successfully connected to the server.

`NotFoundError`: if `status_code == 404`

`BadRequestError`: if `400 <= status_code < 500` and `status_code != 404`

`BadResponseError`: if `500 <= status_code < 600`

`UnknownRequestError`: if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(*cursor*)

Sets *cursor* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor ([Union](#)[[int](#), [str](#)]) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

limit(*limit*)

Sets *limit* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit ([int](#)) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns**order**(*desc=True*)

Sets *order* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc ([bool](#)) – Sort direction, True to get desc sort direction, the default setting is True.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type

[Generator](#)[[Dict](#)[[str](#), [Any](#)], [None](#), [None](#)]

Returns

an EventSource.

Raise

[StreamClientError](#) - Failed to fetch stream resource.

LedgersCallBuilder

class `stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.LedgersCallBuilder`(*horizon_url*, *client*)

Creates a new [LedgersCallBuilder](#) pointed to server defined by *horizon_url*. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.Server.ledgers()`.

See [List All Ledgers](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** ([str](#)) – Horizon server URL.

- **client** (*BaseSyncClient*) – The client instance used to send request.

call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type

`Dict[str, Any]`

Returns

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return Coroutine.

Raises

ConnectionError: if you have not successfully connected to the server.

NotFoundError: if `status_code == 404`

BadRequestError: if `400 <= status_code < 500` and `status_code != 404`

BadResponseError: if `500 <= status_code < 600`

UnknownRequestError: if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(cursor)

Sets `cursor` parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor (`Union[int, str]`) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

ledger(sequence)

Provides information on a single ledger.

See [Retrieve a Ledger](#) for more information.

Parameters

sequence (`Union[int, str]`) – Ledger sequence

Returns

current LedgerCallBuilder instance

limit(limit)

Sets `limit` parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit (`int`) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns**order(desc=True)**

Sets `order` parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc (`bool`) – Sort direction, True to get desc sort direction, the default setting is True.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type

`Generator[Dict[str, Any], None, None]`

Returns

an EventSource.

Raise

`StreamClientError` - Failed to fetch stream resource.

LiquidityPoolsBuilder

class `stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.LiquidityPoolsBuilder`(*horizon_url, client*)

Creates a new *LiquidityPoolsBuilder* pointed to server defined by *horizon_url*. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.Server.liquidity_pools()`.

See [List Liquidity Pools](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** (`str`) – Horizon server URL.
- **client** (*BaseSyncClient*) – The client instance used to send request.

call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type

`Dict[str, Any]`

Returns

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return Coroutine.

Raises

ConnectionError: if you have not successfully connected to the server.

*NotFound**Error*: if `status_code == 404`

*BadRequest**Error*: if `400 <= status_code < 500` and `status_code != 404`

*BadResponse**Error*: if `500 <= status_code < 600`

*UnknownRequest**Error*: if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(cursor)

Sets *cursor* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor (`Union[int, str]`) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

for_account(*account_id*)

Filter pools for a specific account

See [List Liquidity Pools](#) for more information.

Parameters

account_id (*str*) – account id

Returns

current LiquidityPoolsBuilder instance

for_reserves(*reserves*)

Get pools by reserves.

Horizon will provide an endpoint to find all liquidity pools which contain a given set of reserve assets.

See [List Liquidity Pools](#) for more information.

Returns

current LiquidityPoolsBuilder instance

limit(*limit*)

Sets *limit* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit (*int*) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns**liquidity_pool**(*liquidity_pool_id*)

Provides information on a liquidity pool.

See [Retrieve a Liquidity Pool](#) for more information.

Parameters

liquidity_pool_id (*str*) – The ID of the liquidity pool in hex string.

Returns

current LiquidityPoolsBuilder instance

order(*desc=True*)

Sets *order* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc (*bool*) – Sort direction, True to get desc sort direction, the default setting is True.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type`Generator[Dict[str, Any], None, None]`**Returns**

an EventSource.

Raise`StreamClientError` - Failed to fetch stream resource.

OffersCallBuilder

class `stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.OffersCallBuilder`(*horizon_url*, *client*)

Creates a new *OffersCallBuilder* pointed to server defined by *horizon_url*. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.Server.offers()`.

See [List All Offers](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** (`str`) – Horizon server URL.
- **client** (*BaseSyncClient*) – The client instance used to send request.

call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type`Dict[str, Any]`**Returns**

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return Coroutine.

Raises

ConnectionError: if you have not successfully connected to the server.
NotFoundError: if `status_code == 404`
BadRequestError: if `400 <= status_code < 500` and `status_code != 404`
BadResponseError: if `500 <= status_code < 600`
UnknownRequestError: if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(*cursor*)

Sets *cursor* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor (`Union[int, str]`) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

for_account(*account_id*)

This endpoint represents all offers a given account has currently open and can be used in streaming mode.

See [Retrieve an Account's Offers](#) for more information.

Parameters

account_id (`str`) – Account ID

Returns

current PaymentsCallBuilder instance

for_buying(*buying*)

Returns all offers buying an asset.

People on the Stellar network can make offers to buy or sell assets. This endpoint represents all the current offers, allowing filtering by *seller*, *selling_asset* or *buying_asset*.

See [List All Offers](#) for more information.

Parameters

buying (*Asset*) – The asset being bought.

Returns

this OffersCallBuilder instance

for_seller(*seller*)

Returns all offers where the given account is the seller.

People on the Stellar network can make offers to buy or sell assets. This endpoint represents all the current offers, allowing filtering by *seller*, *selling_asset* or *buying_asset*.

See [List All Offers](#) for more information.

Parameters

seller (*str*) – Account ID of the offer creator

Returns

this OffersCallBuilder instance

for_selling(*selling*)

Returns all offers selling an asset.

People on the Stellar network can make offers to buy or sell assets. This endpoint represents all the current offers, allowing filtering by *seller*, *selling_asset* or *buying_asset*.

See [List All Offers](#) for more information.

Parameters

selling (*Asset*) – The asset being sold.

Returns

this OffersCallBuilder instance

for_sponsor(*sponsor*)

Filtering offers where the given account is sponsoring the offer entry.

See [List All Offers](#) for more information.

Parameters

sponsor (*str*) – the sponsor id, for example: "GDGQVOKHW4VEJRU2TETD6DBRKE05ERCNF353LW5WBFW3JJWQ2BRQ"

Returns

current OffersCallBuilder instance

limit(*limit*)

Sets *limit* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit (*int*) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns**offer**(*offer_id*)

Returns information and links relating to a single offer.

See [Retrieve an Offer](#) for more information.

Parameters

offer_id ([Union\[str, int\]](#)) – Offer ID.

Returns

this OffersCallBuilder instance

order(*desc=True*)

Sets *order* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc ([bool](#)) – Sort direction, True to get desc sort direction, the default setting is True.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type

[Generator\[Dict\[str, Any\], None, None\]](#)

Returns

an EventSource.

Raise

StreamClientError - Failed to fetch stream resource.

OperationsCallBuilder

class stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.**OperationsCallBuilder**(*horizon_url, client*)

Creates a new [OperationsCallBuilder](#) pointed to server defined by *horizon_url*. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.Server.operations()`.

See [List All Operations](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** – Horizon server URL.
- **client** ([BaseSyncClient](#)) – The client instance used to send request.

call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type

[Dict\[str, Any\]](#)

Returns

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return Coroutine.

Raises

ConnectionError: if you have not successfully connected to the server.

NotFoundError: if `status_code == 404`

BadRequestError: if `400 <= status_code < 500` and `status_code != 404`

BadResponseError: if `500 <= status_code < 600`

UnknownRequestError: if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(cursor)

Sets `cursor` parameter for the current call. Returns the `CallBuilder` object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor (`Union[int, str]`) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current `CallBuilder` instance

for_account(account_id)

This endpoint represents all operations that were included in valid transactions that affected a particular account.

See [Retrieve an Account's Operations](#) for more information.

Parameters

account_id (`str`) – Account ID

Returns

this `OperationCallBuilder` instance

for_claimable_balance(claimable_balance_id)

This endpoint represents successful operations referencing a given claimable balance and can be used in streaming mode.

See [Claimable Balances - Retrieve related Operations](#) for more information.

Parameters

claimable_balance_id (`str`) – This claimable balance's id encoded in a hex string representation.

Returns

this `OperationCallBuilder` instance

for_ledger(sequence)

This endpoint returns all operations that occurred in a given ledger.

See [Retrieve a Ledger's Operations](#) for more information.

Parameters

sequence (`Union[int, str]`) – Sequence ID

Returns

this `OperationCallBuilder` instance

for_liquidity_pool(liquidity_pool_id)

This endpoint represents all operations that are part of a given liquidity pool.

See [Liquidity Pools - Retrieve related Operations](#) for more information.

Parameters

liquidity_pool_id (*str*) – The ID of the liquidity pool in hex string.

Returns

this OperationCallBuilder instance

for_transaction(*transaction_hash*)

This endpoint represents all operations that are part of a given transaction.

See [Retrieve a Transaction's Operations](#) for more information.

Parameters

transaction_hash (*str*) – Transaction Hash

Returns

this OperationCallBuilder instance

include_failed(*include_failed*)

Adds a parameter defining whether to include failed transactions. By default only operations of successful transactions are returned.

Parameters

include_failed (*bool*) – Set to *True* to include operations of failed transactions.

Returns

current OperationsCallBuilder instance

join(*join*)

join represents *join* param in queries, currently only supports *transactions*

Parameters

join (*str*) – join represents *join* param in queries, currently only supports *transactions*

Returns

current OperationsCallBuilder instance

limit(*limit*)

Sets *limit* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit (*int*) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns

operation(*operation_id*)

The operation details endpoint provides information on a single operation. The operation ID provided in the *id* argument specifies which operation to load.

See [Retrieve an Operation](#) for more information.

Parameters

operation_id (*Union[int, str]*) – Operation ID

Returns

this OperationCallBuilder instance

order(*desc=True*)

Sets *order* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc (*bool*) – Sort direction, True to get desc sort direction, the default setting is True.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type

`Generator[Dict[str, Any], None, None]`

Returns

an EventSource.

Raise

`StreamClientError` - Failed to fetch stream resource.

OrderbookCallBuilder

class stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.**OrderbookCallBuilder**(*horizon_url, client, selling, buying*)

Creates a new [OrderbookCallBuilder](#) pointed to server defined by horizon_url. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.Server.orderbook()`.

See [Orderbook](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** (*str*) – Horizon server URL.
- **client** (*BaseSyncClient*) – The client instance used to send request.
- **selling** (*Asset*) – Asset being sold
- **buying** (*Asset*) – Asset being bought

call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type

`Dict[str, Any]`

Returns

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return Coroutine.

Raises

[ConnectionError](#): if you have not successfully connected to the server.
[NotFoundError](#): if `status_code == 404`
[BadRequestError](#): if `400 <= status_code < 500` and `status_code != 404`
[BadResponseError](#): if `500 <= status_code < 600`
[UnknownRequestError](#): if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(*cursor*)

Sets *cursor* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor ([Union](#)[[int](#), [str](#)]) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

limit(*limit*)

Sets *limit* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit ([int](#)) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns**order**(*desc=True*)

Sets *order* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc ([bool](#)) – Sort direction, True to get desc sort direction, the default setting is True.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type

[Generator](#)[[Dict](#)[[str](#), [Any](#)], [None](#), [None](#)]

Returns

an EventSource.

Raise

[StreamClientError](#) - Failed to fetch stream resource.

PaymentsCallBuilder

class `stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.PaymentsCallBuilder`(*horizon_url*, *client*)

Creates a new [PaymentsCallBuilder](#) pointed to server defined by *horizon_url*. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.Server.payments()`.

See [List All Payments](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** ([str](#)) – Horizon server URL.

- **client** (*BaseSyncClient*) – The client instance used to send request.

call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type

Dict[str, Any]

Returns

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return Coroutine.

Raises

ConnectionError: if you have not successfully connected to the server.

NotFoundError: if status_code == 404

BadRequestError: if 400 <= status_code < 500 and status_code != 404

BadResponseError: if 500 <= status_code < 600

UnknownRequestError: if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(cursor)

Sets cursor parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor (*Union[int, str]*) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

for_account(account_id)

This endpoint responds with a collection of Payment operations where the given account was either the sender or receiver.

See [Retrieve an Account's Payments](#) for more information.

Parameters

account_id (*str*) – Account ID

Returns

current PaymentsCallBuilder instance

for_ledger(sequence)

This endpoint represents all payment operations that are part of a valid transactions in a given ledger.

See [Retrieve a Ledger's Payments](#) for more information.

Parameters

sequence (*Union[int, str]*) – Ledger sequence

Returns

current PaymentsCallBuilder instance

for_transaction(transaction_hash)

This endpoint represents all payment operations that are part of a given transaction.

P.S. The documentation provided by SDF seems to be missing this API.

Parameters**transaction_hash** (*str*) – Transaction hash**Returns**

current PaymentsCallBuilder instance

include_failed(*include_failed*)

Adds a parameter defining whether to include failed transactions. By default only payments of successful transactions are returned.

Parameters**include_failed** (*bool*) – Set to True to include payments of failed transactions.**Returns**

current PaymentsCallBuilder instance

join(*join*)

join represents *join* param in queries, currently only supports *transactions*

Parameters**join** (*str*) – join represents *join* param in queries, currently only supports *transactions***Returns**

current OperationsCallBuilder instance

limit(*limit*)

Sets *limit* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters**limit** (*int*) – Number of records the server should return.**Returns****order**(*desc=True*)

Sets *order* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters**desc** (*bool*) – Sort direction, True to get desc sort direction, the default setting is True.**Returns**

current CallBuilder instance

stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type`Generator[Dict[str, Any], None, None]`**Returns**

an EventSource.

Raise`StreamClientError` - Failed to fetch stream resource.

RootCallBuilder

class stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.**RootCallBuilder**(*horizon_url*, *client*)

Creates a new [RootCallBuilder](#) pointed to server defined by *horizon_url*. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.Server.root()`.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** (*str*) – Horizon server URL.
- **client** (*BaseSyncClient*) – The client instance used to send request.

call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type

`Dict[str, Any]`

Returns

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return `Coroutine`.

Raises

[ConnectionError](#): if you have not successfully connected to the server.
[NotFoundError](#): if `status_code == 404`
[BadRequestError](#): if `400 <= status_code < 500` and `status_code != 404`
[BadResponseError](#): if `500 <= status_code < 600`
[UnknownRequestError](#): if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(*cursor*)

Sets *cursor* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor (*Union[int, str]*) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

limit(*limit*)

Sets *limit* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit (*int*) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns

order(*desc=True*)

Sets *order* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc (*bool*) – Sort direction, True to get desc sort direction, the default setting is True.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type

`Generator[Dict[str, Any], None, None]`

Returns

an EventSource.

Raise

`StreamClientError` - Failed to fetch stream resource.

StrictReceivePathsCallBuilder

```
class stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.StrictReceivePathsCallBuilder(horizon_url,
                                                                              client,
                                                                              source, desti-
                                                                              nation_asset,
                                                                              destina-
                                                                              tion_amount)
```

Creates a new [StrictReceivePathsCallBuilder](#) pointed to server defined by `horizon_url`. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.Server.strict_receive_paths()`.

The Stellar Network allows payments to be made across assets through path payments. A path payment specifies a series of assets to route a payment through, from source asset (the asset debited from the payer) to destination asset (the asset credited to the payee).

A path search is specified using:

- The source address or source assets.
- The asset and amount that the destination account should receive.

As part of the search, horizon will load a list of assets available to the source address and will find any payment paths from those source assets to the desired destination asset. The search's amount parameter will be used to determine if there a given path can satisfy a payment of the desired amount.

If a list of assets is passed as the source, horizon will find any payment paths from those source assets to the desired destination asset.

See [List Strict Receive Payment Paths](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** (`str`) – Horizon server URL.
- **client** (`BaseSyncClient`) – The client instance used to send request.
- **source** (`Union[str, List[Asset]]`) – The sender's account ID or a list of Assets. Any returned path must use a source that the sender can hold.
- **destination_asset** (`Asset`) – The destination asset.
- **destination_amount** (`Union[str, Decimal]`) – The amount, denominated in the destination asset, that any returned path should be able to satisfy.

call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type

`Dict[str, Any]`

Returns

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return Coroutine.

Raises

ConnectionError: if you have not successfully connected to the server.

NotFoundError: if `status_code == 404`

BadRequestError: if `400 <= status_code < 500` and `status_code != 404`

BadResponseError: if `500 <= status_code < 600`

UnknownRequestError: if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(cursor)

Sets `cursor` parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor (`Union[int, str]`) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

limit(limit)

Sets `limit` parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit (`int`) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns**order(desc=True)**

Sets `order` parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc (`bool`) – Sort direction, True to get desc sort direction, the default setting is True.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type

`Generator[Dict[str, Any], None, None]`

Returns

an EventSource.

Raise

StreamClientError - Failed to fetch stream resource.

StrictSendPathsCallBuilder

```
class stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.StrictSendPathsCallBuilder(horizon_url,
                                                                            client,
                                                                            source_asset,
                                                                            source_amount,
                                                                            destination)
```

Creates a new [StrictSendPathsCallBuilder](#) pointed to server defined by horizon_url. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.Server.strict_send_paths()`.

The Stellar Network allows payments to be made across assets through path payments. A strict send path payment specifies a series of assets to route a payment through, from source asset (the asset debited from the payer) to destination asset (the asset credited to the payee).

A strict send path search is specified using:

- The source asset
- The source amount
- The destination assets or destination account.

As part of the search, horizon will load a list of assets available to the source address and will find any payment paths from those source assets to the desired destination asset. The search's `source_amount` parameter will be used to determine if there a given path can satisfy a payment of the desired amount.

See [List Strict Send Payment Paths](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** (`str`) – Horizon server URL.
- **client** (`BaseSyncClient`) – The client instance used to send request.
- **source_asset** (`Asset`) – The asset to be sent.
- **source_amount** (`Union[str, Decimal]`) – The amount, denominated in the source asset, that any returned path should be able to satisfy.
- **destination** (`Union[str, List[Asset]]`) – The destination account or the destination assets.

call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type

`Dict[str, Any]`

Returns

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return Coroutine.

Raises

[ConnectionError](#): if you have not successfully connected to the server.

[NotFound](#): if `status_code == 404`

BadRequestError: if `400 <= status_code < 500` and `status_code != 404`

BadResponseError: if `500 <= status_code < 600`

UnknownRequestError: if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(*cursor*)

Sets *cursor* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor ([Union](#)[[int](#), [str](#)]) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

limit(*limit*)

Sets *limit* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit ([int](#)) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns

order(*desc=True*)

Sets *order* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc ([bool](#)) – Sort direction, True to get desc sort direction, the default setting is True.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type

[Generator](#)[[Dict](#)[[str](#), [Any](#)], [None](#), [None](#)]

Returns

an EventSource.

Raise

[StreamClientError](#) - Failed to fetch stream resource.

TradeAggregationsCallBuilder

```
class stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.TradeAggregationsCallBuilder(horizon_url,
                                                                              client, base,
                                                                              counter,
                                                                              resolution,
                                                                              start_time=None,
                                                                              end_time=None,
                                                                              offset=None)
```

Creates a new [TradeAggregationsCallBuilder](#) pointed to server defined by `horizon_url`. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.Server.trade_aggregations()`.

Trade Aggregations facilitate efficient gathering of historical trade data.

See [List Trade Aggregations](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** ([str](#)) – Horizon server URL.
- **client** ([BaseSyncClient](#)) – The client instance used to send request.
- **base** ([Asset](#)) – base asset
- **counter** ([Asset](#)) – counter asset
- **resolution** ([int](#)) – segment duration as millis since epoch. *Supported values are 1 minute (60000), 5 minutes (300000), 15 minutes (900000), 1 hour (3600000), 1 day (86400000) and 1 week (604800000).*
- **start_time** ([int](#)) – lower time boundary represented as millis since epoch
- **end_time** ([int](#)) – upper time boundary represented as millis since epoch
- **offset** ([int](#)) – segments can be offset using this parameter. Expressed in milliseconds. *Can only be used if the resolution is greater than 1 hour. Value must be in whole hours, less than the provided resolution, and less than 24 hours.*

call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type

[Dict](#)[[str](#), [Any](#)]

Returns

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return [Coroutine](#).

Raises

[ConnectionError](#): if you have not successfully connected to the server.
[NotFoundError](#): if `status_code == 404`
[BadRequestError](#): if `400 <= status_code < 500` and `status_code != 404`
[BadResponseError](#): if `500 <= status_code < 600`
[UnknownRequestError](#): if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(cursor)

Sets `cursor` parameter for the current call. Returns the [CallBuilder](#) object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor ([Union](#)[[int](#), [str](#)]) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

limit(*limit*)

Sets *limit* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit ([int](#)) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns**order**(*desc=True*)

Sets *order* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc ([bool](#)) – Sort direction, True to get desc sort direction, the default setting is True.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type

[Generator](#)[[Dict](#)[[str](#), [Any](#)], [None](#), [None](#)]

Returns

an EventSource.

Raise

[StreamClientError](#) - Failed to fetch stream resource.

TradesCallBuilder

class `stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.TradesCallBuilder`(*horizon_url*, *client*)

Creates a new [TradesCallBuilder](#) pointed to server defined by *horizon_url*. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.Server.trades()`.

See [List All Trades](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** ([str](#)) – Horizon server URL.
- **client** ([BaseSyncClient](#)) – The client instance used to send request.

call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type`Dict[str, Any]`**Returns**

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return Coroutine.

Raises

[`ConnectionError`](#): if you have not successfully connected to the server.

[`NotFoundError`](#): if `status_code == 404`

[`BadRequestError`](#): if `400 <= status_code < 500` and `status_code != 404`

[`BadResponseError`](#): if `500 <= status_code < 600`

[`UnknownRequestError`](#): if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

`cursor(cursor)`

Sets `cursor` parameter for the current call. Returns the `CallBuilder` object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

`cursor` (`Union[int, str]`) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current `CallBuilder` instance

`for_account(account_id)`

Filter trades for a specific account

See [Retrieve an Account's Trades](#) for more information.

Parameters

`account_id` (`str`) – account id

Returns

current `TradesCallBuilder` instance

`for_asset_pair(base, counter)`

Filter trades for a specific asset pair (orderbook)

See [List All Trades](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **`base`** (`Asset`) – base asset
- **`counter`** (`Asset`) – counter asset

Returns

current `TradesCallBuilder` instance

`for_liquidity_pool(liquidity_pool_id)`

Filter trades for a specific liquidity pool.

See [Liquidity Pools - Retrieve related Trades](#)

Parameters

`liquidity_pool_id` (`str`) – The ID of the liquidity pool in hex string.

Returns

current `TradesCallBuilder` instance

for_offer(*offer_id*)

Filter trades for a specific offer

See [List All Trades](#) for more information.

Parameters

offer_id ([Union\[int, str\]](#)) – offer id

Returns

current TradesCallBuilder instance

for_trade_type(*trade_type*)

Filter trades for a specific trade type

Horizon will reject requests which attempt to set *trade_type* to `liquidity_pools` when using the offer id filter.

Parameters

trade_type ([str](#)) – trade type, the currently supported types are "orderbook", "liquidity_pool" and "all", defaults to "all".

Returns

current TradesCallBuilder instance

limit(*limit*)

Sets *limit* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit ([int](#)) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns**order**(*desc=True*)

Sets *order* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc ([bool](#)) – Sort direction, True to get desc sort direction, the default setting is True.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type

[Generator\[Dict\[str, Any\], None, None\]](#)

Returns

an EventSource.

Raise

`StreamClientError` - Failed to fetch stream resource.

TransactionsCallBuilder

class stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.**TransactionsCallBuilder**(*horizon_url*, *client*)

Creates a new *TransactionsCallBuilder* pointed to server defined by *horizon_url*. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.Server.transactions()`.

See [List All Transactions](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** (*str*) – Horizon server URL.
- **client** (*BaseSyncClient*) – The client instance used to send request.

call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type

`Dict[str, Any]`

Returns

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return Coroutine.

Raises

ConnectionError: if you have not successfully connected to the server.
NotFoundError: if `status_code == 404`
BadRequestError: if `400 <= status_code < 500` and `status_code != 404`
BadResponseError: if `500 <= status_code < 600`
UnknownRequestError: if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(*cursor*)

Sets `cursor` parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor (*Union[int, str]*) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

for_account(*account_id*)

This endpoint represents all transactions that affected a given account.

See [Retrieve an Account's Transactions](#) for more information.

Parameters

account_id (*str*) – account id

Returns

current TransactionsCallBuilder instance

for_claimable_balance(*claimable_balance_id*)

This endpoint represents all transactions referencing a given claimable balance and can be used in streaming mode.

See [Claimable Balances - Retrieve related Transactions](#)

Parameters

claimable_balance_id (*str*) – This claimable balance’s id encoded in a hex string representation.

Returns

current TransactionsCallBuilder instance

for_ledger(*sequence*)

This endpoint represents all transactions in a given ledger.

See [Retrieve a Ledger’s Transactions](#) for more information.

Parameters

sequence (*Union[str, int]*) – ledger sequence

Returns

current TransactionsCallBuilder instance

for_liquidity_pool(*liquidity_pool_id*)

This endpoint represents all transactions referencing a given liquidity pool.

See [Liquidity Pools - Retrieve related Transactions](#)

Parameters

liquidity_pool_id (*str*) – The ID of the liquidity pool in hex string.

Returns

this TransactionsCallBuilder instance

include_failed(*include_failed*)

Adds a parameter defining whether to include failed transactions. By default only transactions of successful transactions are returned.

Parameters

include_failed (*bool*) – Set to *True* to include failed transactions.

Returns

current TransactionsCallBuilder instance

limit(*limit*)

Sets *limit* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit (*int*) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns**order**(*desc=True*)

Sets *order* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc (*bool*) – Sort direction, *True* to get desc sort direction, the default setting is *True*.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type

`Generator[Dict[str, Any], None, None]`

Returns

an EventSource.

Raise

`StreamClientError` - Failed to fetch stream resource.

transaction(transaction_hash)

The transaction details endpoint provides information on a single transaction. The transaction hash provided in the hash argument specifies which transaction to load.

See [Retrieve a Transaction](#) for more information.

Parameters

transaction_hash (`str`) – transaction hash

Returns

current TransactionsCallBuilder instance

2.1.5 Call Builder Async

AccountsCallBuilder

class stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.AccountsCallBuilder(*horizon_url, client*)

Creates a new [AccountsCallBuilder](#) pointed to server defined by horizon_url. Do not create this object directly, use stellar_sdk.ServerAsync.accounts().

See [List All Accounts](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** – Horizon server URL.
- **client** ([BaseAsyncClient](#)) – The client instance used to send request.

account_id(account_id)

Returns information and links relating to a single account. The balances section in the returned JSON will also list all the trust lines this account has set up.

See [Retrieve an Account](#) for more information.

Parameters

account_id (`str`) – account id, for example: "GDGQVOKHW4VEJRU2TETD6DBRKEO5ERCNF353LW5WBFW3JJWQ2BRQ"

Returns

current AccountCallBuilder instance

async call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type

`Dict[str, Any]`

Returns

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return Coroutine.

Raises

ConnectionError: if you have not successfully connected to the server.

NotFound: if status_code == 404

BadRequest: if 400 <= status_code < 500 and status_code != 404

BadResponse: if 500 <= status_code < 600

UnknownRequestError: if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(cursor)

Sets cursor parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor ([Union](#)[[int](#), [str](#)]) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

for_asset(asset)

Filtering accounts who have a trustline to an asset. The result is a list of accounts.

See [List All Accounts](#) for more information.

Parameters

asset ([Asset](#)) – an issued asset

Returns

current AccountCallBuilder instance

for_liquidity_pool(liquidity_pool_id)

Filtering accounts who have a trustline for the given pool. The result is a list of accounts.

See [List All Accounts](#) for more information.

Parameters

liquidity_pool_id ([str](#)) – The ID of the liquidity pool in hex string., for example: "dd7b1ab831c273310ddbec6f97870aa83c2fbd78ce22aded37ecbf4f3380fac7"

Returns

current AccountCallBuilder instance

for_signer(signer)

Filtering accounts who have a given signer. The result is a list of accounts.

See [List All Accounts](#) for more information.

Parameters

signer ([str](#)) – signer's account id, for example: "GDGQVOKHW4VEJRU2TETD6DBRKE05ERCNF353LW5WBFW3JJWQ2E"

Returns

current AccountCallBuilder instance

for_sponsor(*sponsor*)

Filtering accounts where the given account is sponsoring the account or any of its sub-entries.

See [List All Accounts](#) for more information.

Parameters

sponsor (*str*) – the sponsor id, for example: "GDGQVOKHW4VEJRU2TETD6DBRKE05ERCNF353LW5WBFW3JJWQ2BRQ"

Returns

current AccountCallBuilder instance

limit(*limit*)

Sets *limit* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit (*int*) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns**order**(*desc=True*)

Sets *order* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc (*bool*) – Sort direction, True to get desc sort direction, the default setting is True.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

async stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type

`AsyncGenerator[Dict[str, Any], None]`

Returns

an EventSource.

Raise

`StreamClientError` - Failed to fetch stream resource.

AssetsCallBuilder

class stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.**AssetsCallBuilder**(*horizon_url*, *client*)

Creates a new [AssetsCallBuilder](#) pointed to server defined by *horizon_url*. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.ServerAsync.assets()`.

See [List All Assets](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** (*str*) – Horizon server URL.
- **client** (*BaseAsyncClient*) – The client instance used to send request.

async call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type

`Dict[str, Any]`

Returns

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return Coroutine.

Raises

ConnectionError: if you have not successfully connected to the server.

NotFoundError: if `status_code == 404`

BadRequestError: if `400 <= status_code < 500` and `status_code != 404`

BadResponseError: if `500 <= status_code < 600`

UnknownRequestError: if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(cursor)

Sets cursor parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor (`Union[int, str]`) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

for_code(asset_code)

This endpoint filters all assets by the asset code.

See [List All Assets](#) for more information.

Parameters

asset_code (`str`) – asset code, for example: *USD*

Returns

current AssetCallBuilder instance

for_issuer(asset_issuer)

This endpoint filters all assets by the asset issuer.

See [List All Assets](#) for more information.

Parameters

asset_issuer (`str`) – asset issuer, for example: "GDGQVOKHW4VEJRU2TETD6DBRKEO5ERCNF353LW5WBFW3JJWQ2"

Returns

current AssetCallBuilder instance

limit(limit)

Sets limit parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit (`int`) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns**order**(*desc=True*)

Sets *order* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc (*bool*) – Sort direction, True to get desc sort direction, the default setting is True.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

async stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type

`AsyncGenerator[Dict[str, Any], None]`

Returns

an EventSource.

Raise

StreamClientError - Failed to fetch stream resource.

ClaimableBalancesCallBuilder

```
class stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.ClaimableBalancesCallBuilder(horizon_url,  
                                                                           client)
```

Creates a new [ClaimableBalancesCallBuilder](#) pointed to server defined by *horizon_url*. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.ServerAsync.claimable_balance()`.

See [List Claimable Balances](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** – Horizon server URL.
- **client** ([BaseAsyncClient](#)) – The client instance used to send request.

async call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type

`Dict[str, Any]`

Returns

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return Coroutine.

Raises

[ConnectionError](#): if you have not successfully connected to the server.

[NotFoundError](#): if `status_code == 404`

[BadRequestError](#): if `400 <= status_code < 500` and `status_code != 404`

[BadResponseError](#): if `500 <= status_code < 600`

UnknownRequestError: if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

claimable_balance(*claimable_balance_id*)

Returns information and links relating to a single claimable balance.

See [List Claimable Balances](#) for more information.

Parameters

claimable_balance_id (*str*) – claimable balance id

Returns

current AccountCallBuilder instance

cursor(*cursor*)

Sets cursor parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor (*Union[int, str]*) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

for_asset(*asset*)

Returns all claimable balances which provide a balance for the given asset.

See [List Claimable Balances](#) for more information.

Parameters

asset (*Asset*) – an asset

Returns

current ClaimableBalancesCallBuilder instance

for_claimant(*claimant*)

Returns all claimable balances which can be claimed by the given account ID.

See [List Claimable Balances](#) for more information.

Parameters

claimant (*str*) – the account id, for example: "GDGQVOKHW4VEJRU2TETD6DBRKE05ERCNF353LW5WBFW3JJWQ2BRQ"

Returns

current ClaimableBalancesCallBuilder instance

for_sponsor(*sponsor*)

Returns all claimable balances which are sponsored by the given account ID.

See [List Claimable Balances](#) for more information.

Parameters

sponsor (*str*) – the sponsor id, for example: "GDGQVOKHW4VEJRU2TETD6DBRKE05ERCNF353LW5WBFW3JJWQ2BRQ"

Returns

current ClaimableBalancesCallBuilder instance

limit(*limit*)

Sets limit parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit (*int*) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns

order(*desc=True*)

Sets *order* parameter for the current call. Returns the *CallBuilder* object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc (*bool*) – Sort direction, True to get desc sort direction, the default setting is True.

Returns

current *CallBuilder* instance

async stream()

Creates an *EventSource* that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type

AsyncGenerator[*Dict*[*str*, *Any*], *None*]

Returns

an *EventSource*.

Raise

StreamClientError - Failed to fetch stream resource.

DataCallBuilder

```
class stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.DataCallBuilder(horizon_url, client,
                                                                account_id, data_name)
```

Creates a new *DataCallBuilder* pointed to server defined by *horizon_url*. Do not create this object directly, use *stellar_sdk.ServerAsync.data()*.

See [Retrieve an Account's Data](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** (*str*) – Horizon server URL.
- **client** (*BaseAsyncClient*) – The client instance used to send request.
- **account_id** (*str*) – account id, for example: "GDGQVOKHW4VEJRU2TETD6DBRKEO5ERCNF353LW5WBFW3JJWQ2BRQ"
- **data_name** (*str*) – Key name

async call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type

Dict[*str*, *Any*]

Returns

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return *Coroutine*.

Raises

ConnectionError: if you have not successfully connected to the server.

NotFoundError: if `status_code == 404`

BadRequestError: if `400 <= status_code < 500` and `status_code != 404`

BadResponseError: if `500 <= status_code < 600`

UnknownRequestError: if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(*cursor*)

Sets *cursor* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor ([Union](#)[[int](#), [str](#)]) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

limit(*limit*)

Sets *limit* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit ([int](#)) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns

order(*desc=True*)

Sets *order* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc ([bool](#)) – Sort direction, True to get desc sort direction, the default setting is True.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

async stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type

[AsyncGenerator](#)[[Dict](#)[[str](#), [Any](#)], [None](#)]

Returns

an EventSource.

Raise

`StreamClientError` - Failed to fetch stream resource.

EffectsCallBuilder

class stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.EffectsCallBuilder(*horizon_url, client*)

Creates a new *EffectsCallBuilder* pointed to server defined by *horizon_url*. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.ServerAsync.effects()`.

See [List All Effects](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** (*str*) – Horizon server URL.
- **client** (*BaseAsyncClient*) – The client instance used to send request.

async call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type

`Dict[str, Any]`

Returns

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return Coroutine.

Raises

ConnectionError: if you have not successfully connected to the server.
NotFoundError: if `status_code == 404`
BadRequestError: if `400 <= status_code < 500` and `status_code != 404`
BadResponseError: if `500 <= status_code < 600`
UnknownRequestError: if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(cursor)

Sets `cursor` parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor (*Union[int, str]*) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

for_account(account_id)

This endpoint represents all effects that changed a given account. It will return relevant effects from the creation of the account to the current ledger.

See [Retrieve an Account's Effects](#) for more information.

Parameters

account_id (*str*) – account id, for example: "GDGQVOKHW4VEJRU2TETD6DBRKEO5ERCNF353LW5WBFW3JJWQ2BRQ"

Returns

this EffectCallBuilder instance

for_ledger(sequence)

Effects are the specific ways that the ledger was changed by any operation. This endpoint represents all effects that occurred in the given ledger.

See [Retrieve a Ledger's Effects](#) for more information.

Parameters

sequence ([Union\[int, str\]](#)) – ledger sequence

Returns

this EffectCallBuilder instance

for_liquidity_pool(*liquidity_pool_id*)

This endpoint represents all effects that occurred as a result of a given liquidity pool.

See [Liquidity Pools - Retrieve related Effects](#) for more information.

Parameters

liquidity_pool_id ([str](#)) – The ID of the liquidity pool in hex string.

Returns

this EffectsCallBuilder instance

for_operation(*operation_id*)

This endpoint represents all effects that occurred as a result of a given operation.

See [Retrieve an Operation's Effects](#) for more information.

Parameters

operation_id ([Union\[int, str\]](#)) – operation ID

Returns

this EffectCallBuilder instance

for_transaction(*transaction_hash*)

This endpoint represents all effects that occurred as a result of a given transaction.

See [Retrieve a Transaction's Effects](#) for more information.

Parameters

transaction_hash ([str](#)) – transaction hash

Returns

this EffectCallBuilder instance

limit(*limit*)

Sets *limit* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit ([int](#)) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns

order(*desc=True*)

Sets *order* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc ([bool](#)) – Sort direction, True to get desc sort direction, the default setting is True.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

async stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type

`AsyncGenerator[Dict[str, Any], None]`

Returns

an EventSource.

Raise

`StreamClientError` - Failed to fetch stream resource.

FeeStatsCallBuilder

class `stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.FeeStatsCallBuilder`(*horizon_url, client*)

Creates a new [FeeStatsCallBuilder](#) pointed to server defined by `horizon_url`. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.ServerAsync.fee_stats()`.

See [Fee Stats](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** (`str`) – Horizon server URL.
- **client** ([BaseAsyncClient](#)) – The client instance used to send request.

async call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type

`Dict[str, Any]`

Returns

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return Coroutine.

Raises

[ConnectionError](#): if you have not successfully connected to the server.
[NotFoundError](#): if `status_code == 404`
[BadRequestError](#): if `400 <= status_code < 500` and `status_code != 404`
[BadResponseError](#): if `500 <= status_code < 600`
`UnknownRequestError`: if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(cursor)

Sets `cursor` parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor (`Union[int, str]`) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

limit(*limit*)

Sets *limit* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit (*int*) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns**order**(*desc=True*)

Sets *order* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc (*bool*) – Sort direction, True to get desc sort direction, the default setting is True.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

async stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type

`AsyncGenerator[Dict[str, Any], None]`

Returns

an EventSource.

Raise

`StreamClientError` - Failed to fetch stream resource.

LedgersCallBuilder

class `stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.LedgersCallBuilder`(*horizon_url*, *client*)

Creates a new *LedgersCallBuilder* pointed to server defined by *horizon_url*. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.ServerAsync.ledgers()`.

See [List All Ledgers](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** (*str*) – Horizon server URL.
- **client** (*BaseAsyncClient*) – The client instance used to send request.

async call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type

`Dict[str, Any]`

Returns

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return Coroutine.

Raises

ConnectionError: if you have not successfully connected to the server.

NotFoundError: if `status_code == 404`

BadRequestError: if `400 <= status_code < 500` and `status_code != 404`

BadResponseError: if `500 <= status_code < 600`

UnknownRequestError: if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(*cursor*)

Sets *cursor* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor ([Union](#)[[int](#), [str](#)]) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

ledger(*sequence*)

Provides information on a single ledger.

See [Retrieve a Ledger](#) for more information.

Parameters

sequence ([Union](#)[[int](#), [str](#)]) – Ledger sequence

Returns

current LedgerCallBuilder instance

limit(*limit*)

Sets *limit* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit ([int](#)) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns

order(*desc=True*)

Sets *order* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc ([bool](#)) – Sort direction, True to get desc sort direction, the default setting is True.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

async stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type

[AsyncGenerator](#)[[Dict](#)[[str](#), [Any](#)], [None](#)]

Returns

an EventSource.

Raise

StreamClientError - Failed to fetch stream resource.

LiquidityPoolsBuilder

class stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.LiquidityPoolsBuilder(*horizon_url, client*)

Creates a new *LiquidityPoolsBuilder* pointed to server defined by horizon_url. Do not create this object directly, use stellar_sdk.ServerAsync.liquidity_pools().

See [List Liquidity Pools](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** (*str*) – Horizon server URL.
- **client** (*BaseAsyncClient*) – The client instance used to send request.

async call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type

Dict[str, Any]

Returns

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return Coroutine.

Raises

ConnectionError: if you have not successfully connected to the server.
NotFoundError: if status_code == 404
BadRequestError: if 400 <= status_code < 500 and status_code != 404
BadResponseError: if 500 <= status_code < 600
UnknownRequestError: if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(cursor)

Sets cursor parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor (*Union[int, str]*) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

for_account(account_id)

Filter pools for a specific account

See [List Liquidity Pools](#) for more information.

Parameters

account_id (*str*) – account id

Returns

current LiquidityPoolsBuilder instance

for_reserves(*reserves*)

Get pools by reserves.

Horizon will provide an endpoint to find all liquidity pools which contain a given set of reserve assets.

See [List Liquidity Pools](#) for more information.

Returns

current LiquidityPoolsBuilder instance

limit(*limit*)

Sets *limit* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit (*int*) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns**liquidity_pool**(*liquidity_pool_id*)

Provides information on a liquidity pool.

See [Retrieve a Liquidity Pool](#) for more information.

Parameters

liquidity_pool_id (*str*) – The ID of the liquidity pool in hex string.

Returns

current LiquidityPoolsBuilder instance

order(*desc=True*)

Sets *order* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc (*bool*) – Sort direction, True to get desc sort direction, the default setting is True.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

async stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type

[AsyncGenerator](#)[[Dict](#)[*str*, *Any*], *None*]

Returns

an EventSource.

Raise

`StreamClientError` - Failed to fetch stream resource.

OffersCallBuilder

class stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.OffersCallBuilder(*horizon_url*, *client*)

Creates a new *OffersCallBuilder* pointed to server defined by *horizon_url*. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.ServerAsync.offers()`.

See [List All Offers](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** (*str*) – Horizon server URL.
- **client** (*BaseAsyncClient*) – The client instance used to send request.

async call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type

`Dict[str, Any]`

Returns

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return Coroutine.

Raises

ConnectionError: if you have not successfully connected to the server.
NotFoundError: if `status_code == 404`
BadRequestError: if `400 <= status_code < 500` and `status_code != 404`
BadResponseError: if `500 <= status_code < 600`
UnknownRequestError: if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(*cursor*)

Sets `cursor` parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor (*Union[int, str]*) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

for_account(*account_id*)

This endpoint represents all offers a given account has currently open and can be used in streaming mode.

See [Retrieve an Account's Offers](#) for more information.

Parameters

account_id (*str*) – Account ID

Returns

current PaymentsCallBuilder instance

for_buying(*buying*)

Returns all offers buying an asset.

People on the Stellar network can make offers to buy or sell assets. This endpoint represents all the current offers, allowing filtering by *seller*, *selling_asset* or *buying_asset*.

See [List All Offers](#) for more information.

Parameters

buying (*Asset*) – The asset being bought.

Returns

this OffersCallBuilder instance

for_seller(*seller*)

Returns all offers where the given account is the seller.

People on the Stellar network can make offers to buy or sell assets. This endpoint represents all the current offers, allowing filtering by *seller*, *selling_asset* or *buying_asset*.

See [List All Offers](#) for more information.

Parameters

seller (*str*) – Account ID of the offer creator

Returns

this OffersCallBuilder instance

for_selling(*selling*)

Returns all offers selling an asset.

People on the Stellar network can make offers to buy or sell assets. This endpoint represents all the current offers, allowing filtering by *seller*, *selling_asset* or *buying_asset*.

See [List All Offers](#) for more information.

Parameters

selling (*Asset*) – The asset being sold.

Returns

this OffersCallBuilder instance

for_sponsor(*sponsor*)

Filtering offers where the given account is sponsoring the offer entry.

See [List All Offers](#) for more information.

Parameters

sponsor (*str*) – the sponsor id, for example: "GDGQVOKHW4VEJRU2TETD6DBRKE05ERCNF353LW5WBFW3JJWQ2BRQ"

Returns

current OffersCallBuilder instance

limit(*limit*)

Sets `limit` parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit (*int*) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns

offer(*offer_id*)

Returns information and links relating to a single offer.

See [Retrieve an Offer](#) for more information.

Parameters**offer_id** (`Union[str, int]`) – Offer ID.**Returns**

this OffersCallBuilder instance

order(*desc=True*)

Sets *order* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters**desc** (`bool`) – Sort direction, True to get desc sort direction, the default setting is True.**Returns**

current CallBuilder instance

async stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type`AsyncGenerator[Dict[str, Any], None]`**Returns**

an EventSource.

Raise`StreamClientError` - Failed to fetch stream resource.

OperationsCallBuilder

class `stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.OperationsCallBuilder`(*horizon_url, client*)

Creates a new *OperationsCallBuilder* pointed to server defined by *horizon_url*. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.ServerAsync.operations()`.

See [List All Operations](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** – Horizon server URL.
- **client** (*BaseAsyncClient*) – The client instance used to send request.

async call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type`Dict[str, Any]`**Returns**

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return Coroutine.

Raises

ConnectionError: if you have not successfully connected to the server.

NotFoundError: if `status_code == 404`

BadRequestError: if `400 <= status_code < 500` and `status_code != 404`

BadResponseError: if `500 <= status_code < 600`

UnknownRequestError: if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(*cursor*)

Sets *cursor* parameter for the current call. Returns the *CallBuilder* object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor ([Union](#)[[int](#), [str](#)]) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current *CallBuilder* instance

for_account(*account_id*)

This endpoint represents all operations that were included in valid transactions that affected a particular account.

See [Retrieve an Account's Operations](#) for more information.

Parameters

account_id ([str](#)) – Account ID

Returns

this *OperationCallBuilder* instance

for_claimable_balance(*claimable_balance_id*)

This endpoint represents successful operations referencing a given claimable balance and can be used in streaming mode.

See [Claimable Balances - Retrieve related Operations](#) for more information.

Parameters

claimable_balance_id ([str](#)) – This claimable balance's id encoded in a hex string representation.

Returns

this *OperationCallBuilder* instance

for_ledger(*sequence*)

This endpoint returns all operations that occurred in a given ledger.

See [Retrieve a Ledger's Operations](#) for more information.

Parameters

sequence ([Union](#)[[int](#), [str](#)]) – Sequence ID

Returns

this *OperationCallBuilder* instance

for_liquidity_pool(*liquidity_pool_id*)

This endpoint represents all operations that are part of a given liquidity pool.

See [Liquidity Pools - Retrieve related Operations](#) for more information.

Parameters

liquidity_pool_id ([str](#)) – The ID of the liquidity pool in hex string.

Returns

this *OperationCallBuilder* instance

for_transaction(*transaction_hash*)

This endpoint represents all operations that are part of a given transaction.

See [Retrieve a Transaction's Operations](#) for more information.

Parameters

transaction_hash (*str*) – Transaction Hash

Returns

this OperationCallBuilder instance

include_failed(*include_failed*)

Adds a parameter defining whether to include failed transactions. By default only operations of successful transactions are returned.

Parameters

include_failed (*bool*) – Set to *True* to include operations of failed transactions.

Returns

current OperationsCallBuilder instance

join(*join*)

join represents *join* param in queries, currently only supports *transactions*

Parameters

join (*str*) – join represents *join* param in queries, currently only supports *transactions*

Returns

current OperationsCallBuilder instance

limit(*limit*)

Sets *limit* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit (*int*) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns**operation**(*operation_id*)

The operation details endpoint provides information on a single operation. The operation ID provided in the *id* argument specifies which operation to load.

See [Retrieve an Operation](#) for more information.

Parameters

operation_id (*Union[int, str]*) – Operation ID

Returns

this OperationCallBuilder instance

order(*desc=True*)

Sets *order* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc (*bool*) – Sort direction, *True* to get desc sort direction, the default setting is *True*.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

async stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type

`AsyncGenerator[Dict[str, Any], None]`

Returns

an EventSource.

Raise

`StreamClientError` - Failed to fetch stream resource.

OrderbookCallBuilder

```
class stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.OrderbookCallBuilder(horizon_url, client,  
                                                                    selling, buying)
```

Creates a new [OrderbookCallBuilder](#) pointed to server defined by `horizon_url`. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.ServerAsync.orderbook()`.

See [Orderbook](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** (`str`) – Horizon server URL.
- **client** (`BaseAsyncClient`) – The client instance used to send request.
- **selling** (`Asset`) – Asset being sold
- **buying** (`Asset`) – Asset being bought

async call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type

`Dict[str, Any]`

Returns

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return Coroutine.

Raises

`ConnectionError`: if you have not successfully connected to the server.
`NotFoundError`: if `status_code == 404`
`BadRequestError`: if `400 <= status_code < 500` and `status_code != 404`
`BadResponseError`: if `500 <= status_code < 600`
`UnknownRequestError`: if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(cursor)

Sets `cursor` parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor ([Union\[int, str\]](#)) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

limit(limit)

Sets *limit* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit ([int](#)) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns**order(desc=True)**

Sets *order* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc ([bool](#)) – Sort direction, True to get desc sort direction, the default setting is True.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

async stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type

[AsyncGenerator\[Dict\[str, Any\], None\]](#)

Returns

an EventSource.

Raise

`StreamClientError` - Failed to fetch stream resource.

PaymentsCallBuilder

class `stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.PaymentsCallBuilder(horizon_url, client)`

Creates a new [PaymentsCallBuilder](#) pointed to server defined by *horizon_url*. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.ServerAsync.payments()`.

See [List All Payments](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** ([str](#)) – Horizon server URL.
- **client** ([BaseAsyncClient](#)) – The client instance used to send request.

async call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type`Dict[str, Any]`**Returns**

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return Coroutine.

Raises

`ConnectionError`: if you have not successfully connected to the server.

`NotFoundError`: if `status_code == 404`

`BadRequestError`: if `400 <= status_code < 500` and `status_code != 404`

`BadResponseError`: if `500 <= status_code < 600`

`UnknownRequestError`: if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(cursor)

Sets cursor parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor (`Union[int, str]`) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

for_account(account_id)

This endpoint responds with a collection of Payment operations where the given account was either the sender or receiver.

See [Retrieve an Account's Payments](#) for more information.

Parameters

account_id (`str`) – Account ID

Returns

current PaymentsCallBuilder instance

for_ledger(sequence)

This endpoint represents all payment operations that are part of a valid transactions in a given ledger.

See [Retrieve a Ledger's Payments](#) for more information.

Parameters

sequence (`Union[int, str]`) – Ledger sequence

Returns

current PaymentsCallBuilder instance

for_transaction(transaction_hash)

This endpoint represents all payment operations that are part of a given transaction.

P.S. The documentation provided by SDF seems to be missing this API.

Parameters

transaction_hash (`str`) – Transaction hash

Returns

current PaymentsCallBuilder instance

include_failed(*include_failed*)

Adds a parameter defining whether to include failed transactions. By default only payments of successful transactions are returned.

Parameters

include_failed (*bool*) – Set to True to include payments of failed transactions.

Returns

current PaymentsCallBuilder instance

join(*join*)

join represents *join* param in queries, currently only supports *transactions*

Parameters

join (*str*) – join represents *join* param in queries, currently only supports *transactions*

Returns

current OperationsCallBuilder instance

limit(*limit*)

Sets *limit* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit (*int*) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns**order**(*desc=True*)

Sets *order* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc (*bool*) – Sort direction, True to get desc sort direction, the default setting is True.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

async stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type

`AsyncGenerator[Dict[str, Any], None]`

Returns

an EventSource.

Raise

`StreamClientError` - Failed to fetch stream resource.

RootCallBuilder

class stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.RootCallBuilder(*horizon_url, client*)

Creates a new [RootCallBuilder](#) pointed to server defined by *horizon_url*. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.ServerAsync.root()`.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** (*str*) – Horizon server URL.
- **client** (*BaseAsyncClient*) – The client instance used to send request.

async call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type

`Dict[str, Any]`

Returns

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return `Coroutine`.

Raises

[ConnectionError](#): if you have not successfully connected to the server.
[NotFoundError](#): if `status_code == 404`
[BadRequestError](#): if `400 <= status_code < 500` and `status_code != 404`
[BadResponseError](#): if `500 <= status_code < 600`
[UnknownRequestError](#): if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(cursor)

Sets `cursor` parameter for the current call. Returns the `CallBuilder` object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor (*Union[int, str]*) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current `CallBuilder` instance

limit(limit)

Sets `limit` parameter for the current call. Returns the `CallBuilder` object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit (*int*) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns

order(desc=True)

Sets `order` parameter for the current call. Returns the `CallBuilder` object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc (*bool*) – Sort direction, `True` to get desc sort direction, the default setting is `True`.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

async stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type

`AsyncGenerator[Dict[str, Any], None]`

Returns

an EventSource.

Raise

`StreamClientError` - Failed to fetch stream resource.

StrictReceivePathsCallBuilder

```
class stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.StrictReceivePathsCallBuilder(horizon_url,
                                                                                client,
                                                                                source,
                                                                                destina-
                                                                                tion_asset,
                                                                                destina-
                                                                                tion_amount)
```

Creates a new *StrictReceivePathsCallBuilder* pointed to server defined by `horizon_url`. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.ServerAsync.strict_receive_paths()`.

The Stellar Network allows payments to be made across assets through path payments. A path payment specifies a series of assets to route a payment through, from source asset (the asset debited from the payer) to destination asset (the asset credited to the payee).

A path search is specified using:

- The source address or source assets.
- The asset and amount that the destination account should receive.

As part of the search, horizon will load a list of assets available to the source address and will find any payment paths from those source assets to the desired destination asset. The search's amount parameter will be used to determine if there a given path can satisfy a payment of the desired amount.

If a list of assets is passed as the source, horizon will find any payment paths from those source assets to the desired destination asset.

See [List Strict Receive Payment Paths](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** (`str`) – Horizon server URL.
- **client** (*BaseAsyncClient*) – The client instance used to send request.
- **source** (`Union[str, List[Asset]]`) – The sender's account ID or a list of Assets. Any returned path must use a source that the sender can hold.
- **destination_asset** (*Asset*) – The destination asset.

- **destination_amount** (`Union[str, Decimal]`) – The amount, denominated in the destination asset, that any returned path should be able to satisfy.

async call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type

`Dict[str, Any]`

Returns

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return Coroutine.

Raises

ConnectionError: if you have not successfully connected to the server.

NotFoundError: if `status_code == 404`

BadRequestError: if `400 <= status_code < 500` and `status_code != 404`

BadResponseError: if `500 <= status_code < 600`

UnknownRequestError: if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(cursor)

Sets `cursor` parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor (`Union[int, str]`) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

limit(limit)

Sets `limit` parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit (`int`) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns

order(desc=True)

Sets `order` parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc (`bool`) – Sort direction, True to get desc sort direction, the default setting is True.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

async stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type`AsyncGenerator[Dict[str, Any], None]`**Returns**

an EventSource.

Raise

StreamClientError - Failed to fetch stream resource.

StrictSendPathsCallBuilder

```
class stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.StrictSendPathsCallBuilder(horizon_url,
                                                                              client,
                                                                              source_asset,
                                                                              source_amount,
                                                                              destination)
```

Creates a new [*StrictSendPathsCallBuilder*](#) pointed to server defined by `horizon_url`. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.ServerAsync.strict_send_paths()`.

The Stellar Network allows payments to be made across assets through path payments. A strict send path payment specifies a series of assets to route a payment through, from source asset (the asset debited from the payer) to destination asset (the asset credited to the payee).

A strict send path search is specified using:

- The source asset
- The source amount
- The destination assets or destination account.

As part of the search, horizon will load a list of assets available to the source address and will find any payment paths from those source assets to the desired destination asset. The search's `source_amount` parameter will be used to determine if there a given path can satisfy a payment of the desired amount.

See [List Strict Send Payment Paths](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** (`str`) – Horizon server URL.
- **client** ([*BaseAsyncClient*](#)) – The client instance used to send request.
- **source_asset** ([*Asset*](#)) – The asset to be sent.
- **source_amount** (`Union[str, Decimal]`) – The amount, denominated in the source asset, that any returned path should be able to satisfy.
- **destination** (`Union[str, List[Asset]]`) – The destination account or the destination assets.

async call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type`Dict[str, Any]`**Returns**

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return Coroutine.

Raises

ConnectionError: if you have not successfully connected to the server.

NotFoundError: if `status_code == 404`

BadRequestError: if `400 <= status_code < 500` and `status_code != 404`

BadResponseError: if `500 <= status_code < 600`

UnknownRequestError: if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(*cursor*)

Sets `cursor` parameter for the current call. Returns the `CallBuilder` object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor (`Union[int, str]`) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current `CallBuilder` instance

limit(*limit*)

Sets `limit` parameter for the current call. Returns the `CallBuilder` object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit (`int`) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns

order(*desc=True*)

Sets `order` parameter for the current call. Returns the `CallBuilder` object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc (`bool`) – Sort direction, `True` to get desc sort direction, the default setting is `True`.

Returns

current `CallBuilder` instance

async stream()

Creates an `EventSource` that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type

`AsyncGenerator[Dict[str, Any], None]`

Returns

an `EventSource`.

Raise

`StreamClientError` - Failed to fetch stream resource.

TradeAggregationsCallBuilder

```
class stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.TradeAggregationsCallBuilder(horizon_url,
                                                                              client, base,
                                                                              counter,
                                                                              resolution,
                                                                              start_time=None,
                                                                              end_time=None,
                                                                              offset=None)
```

Creates a new [TradeAggregationsCallBuilder](#) pointed to server defined by `horizon_url`. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.ServerAsync.trade_aggregations()`.

Trade Aggregations facilitate efficient gathering of historical trade data.

See [List Trade Aggregations](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** (`str`) – Horizon server URL.
- **client** (`BaseAsyncClient`) – The client instance used to send request.
- **base** (`Asset`) – base asset
- **counter** (`Asset`) – counter asset
- **resolution** (`int`) – segment duration as millis since epoch. *Supported values are 1 minute (60000), 5 minutes (300000), 15 minutes (900000), 1 hour (3600000), 1 day (86400000) and 1 week (604800000).*
- **start_time** (`int`) – lower time boundary represented as millis since epoch
- **end_time** (`int`) – upper time boundary represented as millis since epoch
- **offset** (`int`) – segments can be offset using this parameter. Expressed in milliseconds. *Can only be used if the resolution is greater than 1 hour. Value must be in whole hours, less than the provided resolution, and less than 24 hours.*

async call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type

`Dict[str, Any]`

Returns

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return Coroutine.

Raises

[ConnectionError](#): if you have not successfully connected to the server.
[NotFoundError](#): if `status_code == 404`
[BadRequestError](#): if `400 <= status_code < 500` and `status_code != 404`
[BadResponseError](#): if `500 <= status_code < 600`
[UnknownRequestError](#): if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(cursor)

Sets cursor parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor ([Union](#)[[int](#), [str](#)]) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

limit(*limit*)

Sets *limit* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit ([int](#)) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns**order**(*desc=True*)

Sets *order* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc ([bool](#)) – Sort direction, True to get desc sort direction, the default setting is True.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

async stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type

[AsyncGenerator](#)[[Dict](#)[[str](#), [Any](#)], [None](#)]

Returns

an EventSource.

Raise

[StreamClientError](#) - Failed to fetch stream resource.

TradesCallBuilder

class `stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.TradesCallBuilder`(*horizon_url*, *client*)

Creates a new [TradesCallBuilder](#) pointed to server defined by *horizon_url*. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.ServerAsync.trades()`.

See [List All Trades](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** ([str](#)) – Horizon server URL.
- **client** ([BaseAsyncClient](#)) – The client instance used to send request.

async call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type`Dict[str, Any]`**Returns**

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return Coroutine.

Raises

ConnectionError: if you have not successfully connected to the server.

NotFoundError: if `status_code == 404`

BadRequestError: if `400 <= status_code < 500` and `status_code != 404`

BadResponseError: if `500 <= status_code < 600`

UnknownRequestError: if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(cursor)

Sets cursor parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor (`Union[int, str]`) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

for_account(account_id)

Filter trades for a specific account

See [Retrieve an Account's Trades](#) for more information.

Parameters

account_id (`str`) – account id

Returns

current TradesCallBuilder instance

for_asset_pair(base, counter)

Filter trades for a specific asset pair (orderbook)

See [List All Trades](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **base** (`Asset`) – base asset
- **counter** (`Asset`) – counter asset

Returns

current TradesCallBuilder instance

for_liquidity_pool(liquidity_pool_id)

Filter trades for a specific liquidity pool.

See [Liquidity Pools - Retrieve related Trades](#)

Parameters

liquidity_pool_id (`str`) – The ID of the liquidity pool in hex string.

Returns

current TradesCallBuilder instance

for_offer(*offer_id*)

Filter trades for a specific offer

See [List All Trades](#) for more information.

Parameters

offer_id ([Union](#)[[int](#), [str](#)]) – offer id

Returns

current TradesCallBuilder instance

for_trade_type(*trade_type*)

Filter trades for a specific trade type

Horizon will reject requests which attempt to set *trade_type* to `liquidity_pools` when using the offer id filter.

Parameters

trade_type ([str](#)) – trade type, the currently supported types are "orderbook", "liquidity_pool" and "all", defaults to "all".

Returns

current TradesCallBuilder instance

limit(*limit*)

Sets *limit* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit ([int](#)) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns**order**(*desc=True*)

Sets *order* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc ([bool](#)) – Sort direction, True to get desc sort direction, the default setting is True.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

async stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type

[AsyncGenerator](#)[[Dict](#)[[str](#), [Any](#)], [None](#)]

Returns

an EventSource.

Raise

`StreamClientError` - Failed to fetch stream resource.

TransactionsCallBuilder

class stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.**TransactionsCallBuilder**(*horizon_url, client*)

Creates a new *TransactionsCallBuilder* pointed to server defined by *horizon_url*. Do not create this object directly, use `stellar_sdk.ServerAsync.transactions()`.

See [List All Transactions](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **horizon_url** (*str*) – Horizon server URL.
- **client** (*BaseAsyncClient*) – The client instance used to send request.

async call()

Triggers a HTTP request using this builder's current configuration.

Return type

`Dict[str, Any]`

Returns

If it is called synchronous, the response will be returned. If it is called asynchronously, it will return Coroutine.

Raises

ConnectionError: if you have not successfully connected to the server.
NotFoundError: if `status_code == 404`
BadRequestError: if `400 <= status_code < 500` and `status_code != 404`
BadResponseError: if `500 <= status_code < 600`
UnknownRequestError: if an unknown error occurs, please submit an issue

cursor(cursor)

Sets `cursor` parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

cursor (*Union[int, str]*) – A cursor is a value that points to a specific location in a collection of resources.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

for_account(account_id)

This endpoint represents all transactions that affected a given account.

See [Retrieve an Account's Transactions](#) for more information.

Parameters

account_id (*str*) – account id

Returns

current TransactionsCallBuilder instance

for_claimable_balance(claimable_balance_id)

This endpoint represents all transactions referencing a given claimable balance and can be used in streaming mode.

See [Claimable Balances - Retrieve related Transactions](#)

Parameters

claimable_balance_id (*str*) – This claimable balance’s id encoded in a hex string representation.

Returns

current TransactionsCallBuilder instance

for_ledger(*sequence*)

This endpoint represents all transactions in a given ledger.

See [Retrieve a Ledger’s Transactions](#) for more information.

Parameters

sequence (*Union[str, int]*) – ledger sequence

Returns

current TransactionsCallBuilder instance

for_liquidity_pool(*liquidity_pool_id*)

This endpoint represents all transactions referencing a given liquidity pool.

See [Liquidity Pools - Retrieve related Transactions](#)

Parameters

liquidity_pool_id (*str*) – The ID of the liquidity pool in hex string.

Returns

this TransactionsCallBuilder instance

include_failed(*include_failed*)

Adds a parameter defining whether to include failed transactions. By default only transactions of successful transactions are returned.

Parameters

include_failed (*bool*) – Set to *True* to include failed transactions.

Returns

current TransactionsCallBuilder instance

limit(*limit*)

Sets *limit* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

See [Pagination](#)

Parameters

limit (*int*) – Number of records the server should return.

Returns**order**(*desc=True*)

Sets *order* parameter for the current call. Returns the CallBuilder object on which this method has been called.

Parameters

desc (*bool*) – Sort direction, *True* to get desc sort direction, the default setting is *True*.

Returns

current CallBuilder instance

async stream()

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Return type

`AsyncGenerator[Dict[str, Any], None]`

Returns

an EventSource.

Raise

`StreamClientError` - Failed to fetch stream resource.

transaction(transaction_hash)

The transaction details endpoint provides information on a single transaction. The transaction hash provided in the hash argument specifies which transaction to load.

See [Retrieve a Transaction](#) for more information.

Parameters

transaction_hash (`str`) – transaction hash

Returns

current TransactionsCallBuilder instance

2.1.6 Client

BaseAsyncClient

`class stellar_sdk.client.base_async_client.BaseAsyncClient`

This is an abstract class, and if you want to implement your own asynchronous client, you **must** implement this class.

abstract async get(url, params=None)

Perform HTTP GET request.

Parameters

- **url** (`str`) – the request url
- **params** (`Dict[str, str]`) – the request params

Return type

`Response`

Returns

the response from server

Raise

`ConnectionError`

abstract async post(url, data=None, json_data=None)

Perform HTTP POST request.

Parameters

- **url** (`str`) – the request url
- **data** (`Dict[str, str]`) – the data send to server

- **json_data** (`Dict[str, Any]`) – the json data send to server

Return type

Response

Returns

the response from server

Raise

ConnectionError

abstract stream(*url*, *params=None*)

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Parameters

- **url** (`str`) – the request url
- **params** (`Dict[str, str]`) – the request params

Return type

`AsyncGenerator[Dict[str, Any], None]`

Returns

a dict AsyncGenerator for server response

Raise

ConnectionError

BaseSyncClient

class `stellar_sdk.client.base_sync_client.BaseSyncClient`

This is an abstract class, and if you want to implement your own synchronous client, you **must** implement this class.

abstract get(*url*, *params=None*)

Perform HTTP GET request.

Parameters

- **url** (`str`) – the request url
- **params** (`Dict[str, str]`) – the request params

Return type

Response

Returns

the response from server

Raise

ConnectionError

abstract post(*url*, *data=None*, *json_data=None*)

Perform HTTP POST request.

Parameters

- **url** (`str`) – the request url

- **data** (`Dict[str, str]`) – the data send to server
- **json_data** (`Dict[str, Any]`) – the json data send to server

Return type
`Response`

Returns
the response from server

Raise
`ConnectionError`

abstract stream(`url, params=None`)

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)

See [MDN EventSource](#)

Parameters

- **url** (`str`) – the request url
- **params** (`Dict[str, str]`) – the request params

Return type
`Generator[Dict[str, Any], None, None]`

Returns
a dict Generator for server response

Raise
`ConnectionError`

AiohttpClient

```
class stellar_sdk.client.aiohttp_client.AiohttpClient(pool_size=None, request_timeout=11,
                                                    post_timeout=33.0, backoff_factor=0.5,
                                                    user_agent=None, custom_headers=None,
                                                    **kwargs)
```

The `AiohttpClient` object is a asynchronous http client, which represents the interface for making requests to a server instance.

Parameters

- **pool_size** (`Optional[int]`) – persistent connection to Horizon and connection pool
- **request_timeout** (`float`) – the timeout for all GET requests
- **post_timeout** (`float`) – the timeout for all POST requests
- **backoff_factor** (`Optional[float]`) – a backoff factor to apply between attempts after the second try
- **user_agent** (`Optional[str]`) – the server can use it to identify you
- **custom_headers** (`Optional[Dict[str, str]]`) – any additional HTTP headers to add in requests

async close()

Close underlying connector.

Release all acquired resources.

Return type

None

async get(url, params=None)

Perform HTTP GET request.

Parameters

- **url** (*str*) – the request url
- **params** (*Dict[str, str]*) – the request params

Return type

Response

Returns

the response from server

Raise

ConnectionError

async post(url, data=None, json_data=None)

Perform HTTP POST request.

Parameters

- **url** (*str*) – the request url
- **data** (*Dict[str, str]*) – the data send to server
- **json_data** (*Dict[str, Any]*) – the json data send to server

Return type

Response

Returns

the response from server

Raise

ConnectionError

async stream(url, params=None)

Perform Stream request.

Parameters

- **url** (*str*) – the request url
- **params** (*Dict[str, str]*) – the request params

Return type

AsyncGenerator[Dict[str, Any], None]

Returns

the stream response from server

Raise

StreamClientError - Failed to fetch stream resource.

RequestsClient

```
class stellar_sdk.client.requests_client.RequestsClient(pool_size=10, num_retries=3,
                                                    request_timeout=11, post_timeout=33.0,
                                                    backoff_factor=0.5, session=None,
                                                    stream_session=None,
                                                    custom_headers=None)
```

The `RequestsClient` object is a synchronous http client, which represents the interface for making requests to a server instance.

Parameters

- **pool_size** (`int`) – persistent connection to Horizon and connection pool
- **num_retries** (`int`) – configurable request retry functionality
- **request_timeout** (`int`) – the timeout for all GET requests (for each retry)
- **post_timeout** (`float`) – the timeout for all POST requests (for each retry)
- **backoff_factor** (`float`) – a backoff factor to apply between attempts after the second try
- **session** (`Session`) – the request session
- **stream_session** (`Session`) – the stream request session
- **custom_headers** (`Optional[Dict[str, str]]`) – any additional HTTP headers to add in requests

close()

Close underlying connector.

Release all acquired resources.

Return type

`None`

get(url, params=None)

Perform HTTP GET request.

Parameters

- **url** (`str`) – the request url
- **params** (`Dict[str, str]`) – the request params

Return type

`Response`

Returns

the response from server

Raise

`ConnectionError`

post(url, data=None, json_data=None)

Perform HTTP POST request.

Parameters

- **url** (`str`) – the request url
- **data** (`Dict[str, str]`) – the data send to server
- **json_data** (`Dict[str, Any]`) – the json data send to server

Return type*Response***Returns**

the response from server

Raise*ConnectionError***stream**(*url*, *params=None*)

Creates an EventSource that listens for incoming messages from the server.

See [Horizon Response Format](#)See [MDN EventSource](#)**Parameters**

- **url** (*str*) – the request url
- **params** (*Dict[str, str]*) – the request params

Return type*Generator[Dict[str, Any], None, None]***Returns**

a Generator for server response

Raise*StreamClientError*

SimpleRequestsClient

class stellar_sdk.client.simple_requests_client.**SimpleRequestsClient**

The *SimpleRequestsClient* object is a synchronous http client, which represents the interface for making requests to a server instance.

This client is to guide you in writing a client that suits your needs. I don't recommend that you actually use it.

get(*url*, *params=None*)

Perform HTTP GET request.

Parameters

- **url** (*str*) – the request url
- **params** (*Dict[str, str]*) – the request params

Return type*Response***Returns**

the response from server

Raise*ConnectionError***post**(*url*, *data=None*, *json_data=None*)

Perform HTTP POST request.

Parameters

- **url** (`str`) – the request url
- **data** (`Dict[str, str]`) – the data send to server
- **json_data** (`Dict[str, Any]`) – the json data send to server

Return type`Response`**Returns**

the response from server

Raise`ConnectionError`**stream**(`url`, `params=None`)**Not Implemented****Parameters**

- **url** (`str`) – the request url
- **params** (`Dict[str, str]`) – the request params

Return type`Generator[Dict[str, Any], None, None]`**Returns**

None

Response

class `stellar_sdk.client.response.Response`(`status_code`, `text`, `headers`, `url`)The `Response` object, which contains a server's response to an HTTP request.**Parameters**

- **status_code** (`int`) – response status code
- **text** (`str`) – response content
- **headers** (`dict`) – response headers
- **url** (`str`) – request url

json()

convert the content to dict

Return type`dict`**Returns**

the content from server

2.1.7 Exceptions

SdkError

class stellar_sdk.exceptions.**SdkError**
Base exception for all stellar sdk related errors

BadSignatureError

class stellar_sdk.exceptions.**BadSignatureError**
Raised when the signature was forged or otherwise corrupt.

Ed25519PublicKeyInvalidError

class stellar_sdk.exceptions.**Ed25519PublicKeyInvalidError**
Ed25519 public key is incorrect.

Ed25519SecretSeedInvalidError

class stellar_sdk.exceptions.**Ed25519SecretSeedInvalidError**
Ed25519 secret seed is incorrect.

MissingEd25519SecretSeedError

class stellar_sdk.exceptions.**MissingEd25519SecretSeedError**
Missing Ed25519 secret seed in the keypair

MemoInvalidException

class stellar_sdk.exceptions.**MemoInvalidException**
Memo is incorrect.

AssetCodeInvalidError

class stellar_sdk.exceptions.**AssetCodeInvalidError**
Asset Code is incorrect.

AssetIssuerInvalidError

class stellar_sdk.exceptions.**AssetIssuerInvalidError**
Asset issuer is incorrect.

NoApproximationError

```
class stellar_sdk.exceptions.NoApproximationError
    Approximation cannot be found
```

SignatureExistError

```
class stellar_sdk.exceptions.SignatureExistError
    A keypair can only sign a transaction once.
```

BaseRequestError

```
class stellar_sdk.exceptions.BaseRequestError
    Base class for requests errors.
```

ConnectionError

```
class stellar_sdk.exceptions.ConnectionError
    Base class for client connection errors.
```

BaseHorizonError

```
class stellar_sdk.exceptions.BaseHorizonError(response)
    Base class for horizon request errors.
```

Parameters

response (*Response*) – client response

NotFoundError

```
class stellar_sdk.exceptions.NotFoundError(response)
    This exception is thrown when the requested resource does not exist. status_code == 400
```

BadRequestError

```
class stellar_sdk.exceptions.BadRequestError(response)
    The request from the client has an error. 400 <= status_code < 500 and status_code != 404
```

BadResponseError

```
class stellar_sdk.exceptions.BadResponseError(response)
    The response from the server has an error. 500 <= status_code < 600
```

FeatureNotEnabledError

class stellar_sdk.exceptions.FeatureNotEnabledError

The feature is not enabled.

2.1.8 Keypair

class stellar_sdk.keypair.Keypair(verify_key, signing_key=None)

The *Keypair* object, which represents a signing and verifying key for use with the Stellar network.

Instead of instantiating the class directly, we recommend using one of several class methods:

- *Keypair.random()*
- *Keypair.from_secret()*
- *Keypair.from_public_key()*
- *Keypair.from_mnemonic_phrase()*

Learn how to create a key through our documentation: [Generate Keypair](#).

Parameters

- **verify_key** (VerifyKey) – The verifying (public) Ed25519 key in the keypair.
- **signing_key** (SigningKey) – The signing (private) Ed25519 key in the keypair.

can_sign()

Returns *True* if this *Keypair* object contains secret key and can sign.

Return type

bool

Returns

True if this *Keypair* object contains secret key and can sign

classmethod *from_mnemonic_phrase*(mnemonic_phrase, language=*Language.ENGLISH*, passphrase="", index=0)

Generate a *Keypair* object via a mnemonic phrase.

Parameters

- **mnemonic_phrase** (*str*) – A unique string used to deterministically generate keypairs.
- **language** (*Union[Language, str]*) – The language of the mnemonic phrase, defaults to english.
- **passphrase** (*str*) – An optional passphrase used as part of the salt during PBKDF2 rounds when generating the seed from the mnemonic.
- **index** (*int*) – The index of the keypair generated by the mnemonic. This allows for multiple Keypairs to be derived from the same mnemonic, such as:

```
>>> from stellar_sdk.keypair import Keypair
>>> mnemonic = 'update hello cry airport drive chunk elite boat_
↳shaft sea describe number' # Don't use this mnemonic in practice.
>>> kp1 = Keypair.from_mnemonic_phrase(mnemonic, index=0)
>>> kp2 = Keypair.from_mnemonic_phrase(mnemonic, index=1)
>>> kp3 = Keypair.from_mnemonic_phrase(mnemonic, index=2)
```

Return type
Keypair

Returns
 A new *Keypair* object derived from the mnemonic.

classmethod `from_public_key(public_key)`

Generate a *Keypair* object from a public key.

Parameters

public_key (*str*) – public key (ex. "GATPGGOIE6VWADVVD3ER3IF02IH6DT0A5G535ITB3TT66FZF5IZEAU2B")

Return type
Keypair

Returns
 A new *Keypair* object derived by the public key.

Raise

Ed25519PublicKeyInvalidError: if *public_key* is not a valid ed25519 public key.

classmethod `from_raw_ed25519_public_key(raw_public_key)`

Generate a *Keypair* object from ed25519 public key raw bytes.

Parameters

raw_public_key (*bytes*) – ed25519 public key raw bytes

Return type
Keypair

Returns
 A new *Keypair* object derived by the ed25519 public key raw bytes

classmethod `from_raw_ed25519_seed(raw_seed)`

Generate a *Keypair* object from ed25519 secret key seed raw bytes.

Parameters

raw_seed (*bytes*) – ed25519 secret key seed raw bytes

Return type
Keypair

Returns
 A new *Keypair* object derived by the ed25519 secret key seed raw bytes

classmethod `from_secret(secret)`

Generate a *Keypair* object from a secret key.

Parameters

secret (*str*) – secret key (ex. "SB2LHKBL24ITV2Y346BU46XPEL45BDAF00JLZ6SESCJZ6V5JMP7D6G5X")

Return type
Keypair

Returns
 A new *Keypair* object derived by the secret.

Raise

Ed25519SecretSeedInvalidError: if *secret* is not a valid ed25519 secret seed.

static `generate_mnemonic_phrase(language=Language.ENGLISH, strength=128)`

Generate a mnemonic phrase.

Parameters

- **language** (`Union[Language, str]`) – The language of the mnemonic phrase, defaults to english.
- **strength** (`int`) – The complexity of the mnemonic, its possible value is 128, 160, 192, 224 and 256.

Return type`str`**Returns**

A mnemonic phrase.

property public_key: `str`

Returns public key associated with this *Keypair* object

Returns

public key

classmethod random()

Generate a *Keypair* object from a randomly generated seed.

Return type*Keypair***Returns**

A new *Keypair* object derived by the randomly seed.

raw_public_key()

Returns raw public key.

Return type`bytes`**Returns**

raw public key

raw_secret_key()

Returns raw secret key.

Return type`bytes`**Returns**

raw secret key

property secret: `str`

Returns secret key associated with this *Keypair* object

Returns

secret key

Raise

MissingEd25519SecretSeedError The *Keypair* does not contain secret seed

sign(data)

Sign the provided data with the keypair's private key.

Parameters

data (`bytes`) – The data to sign.

Return type`bytes`**Returns**

signed bytes

Raise*MissingEd25519SecretSeedError*: if *Keypair* does not contain secret seed.**sign_decorated(data)**

Sign the provided data with the keypair's private key and returns DecoratedSignature.

Parameters**data** (`bytes`) – signed bytes**Return type***DecoratedSignature***Returns**

sign decorated

sign_payload_decorated(data)

Returns the decorated signature hint for a signed payload signer.

The signature hint of an ed25519 signed payload signer is the last 4 bytes of the ed25519 public key XORed with last 4 bytes of the payload. If the payload has a length less than 4 bytes, then 1 to 4 zero bytes are appended to the payload such that it has a length of 4 bytes, for calculating the hint.

Parameters**data** (`bytes`) – data to both sign and treat as the payload**Return type***DecoratedSignature***Returns**

sign decorated

signature_hint()Returns signature hint associated with this *Keypair* object**Return type**`bytes`**Returns**

signature hint

verify(data, signature)

Verify the provided data and signature match this keypair's public key.

Parameters

- **data** (`bytes`) – The data that was signed.
- **signature** (`bytes`) – The signature.

Raise*BadSignatureError*: if the verification failed and the signature was incorrect.**Return type**`None`

xdr_public_key()

Return type

PublicKey

Returns

xdr public key

2.1.9 LiquidityPoolAsset

`stellar_sdk.liquidity_pool_asset.LIQUIDITY_POOL_FEE_V18 = 30`

`LIQUIDITY_POOL_FEE_V18` is the default liquidity pool fee in protocol v18. It defaults to 30 base points (0.3%).

class `stellar_sdk.liquidity_pool_asset.LiquidityPoolAsset(asset_a, asset_b, fee=30)`

The *LiquidityPoolAsset* object, which represents a liquidity pool trustline change.

Parameters

- **asset_a** (*Asset*) – The first asset in the Pool, it must respect the rule `asset_a < asset_b`. See `stellar_sdk.liquidity_pool_asset.LiquidityPoolAsset.is_valid_lexicographic_order()` for more details on how assets are sorted.
- **asset_b** (*Asset*) – The second asset in the Pool, it must respect the rule `asset_a < asset_b`. See `stellar_sdk.liquidity_pool_asset.LiquidityPoolAsset.is_valid_lexicographic_order()` for more details on how assets are sorted.
- **fee** (*int*) – The liquidity pool fee. For now the only fee supported is 30.

Raise

`ValueError`

classmethod `from_xdr_object(xdr_object)`

Create a *LiquidityPoolAsset* from an XDR `ChangeTrustAsset` object.

Parameters

xdr_object (*ChangeTrustAsset*) – The XDR `ChangeTrustAsset` object.

Return type

LiquidityPoolAsset

Returns

A new *LiquidityPoolAsset* object from the given XDR `ChangeTrustAsset` object.

static `is_valid_lexicographic_order(asset_a, asset_b)`

Compares if `asset_a < asset_b` according with the criteria:

1. First compare the type (eg. native before alphanum4 before alphanum12).
2. If the types are equal, compare the assets codes.
3. If the asset codes are equal, compare the issuers.

Parameters

- **asset_a** (*Asset*) – The first asset in the lexicographic order.
- **asset_b** (*Asset*) – The second asset in the lexicographic order.

Return type

`bool`

Returns

return *True* if asset_a < asset_b

property liquidity_pool_id: *str*

Computes the liquidity pool id for current instance.

Returns

Liquidity pool id.

to_change_trust_asset_xdr_object()

Returns the xdr object for this ChangeTrustAsset object.

Return type

ChangeTrustAsset

Returns

XDR ChangeTrustAsset object

2.1.10 LiquidityPoolId

class stellar_sdk.liquidity_pool_id.**LiquidityPoolId**(*liquidity_pool_id*)

The *LiquidityPoolId* object, which represents the asset referenced by a trustline to a liquidity pool.

Parameters

liquidity_pool_id (*str*) – The ID of the liquidity pool in hex string.

Raise

ValueError

classmethod **from_xdr_object**(*xdr_object*)

Create a *LiquidityPoolId* from an XDR Asset object.

Parameters

xdr_object (*TrustLineAsset*) – The XDR TrustLineAsset object.

Return type

LiquidityPoolId

Returns

A new *LiquidityPoolId* object from the given XDR TrustLineAsset object.

to_trust_line_asset_xdr_object()

Returns the xdr object for this LiquidityPoolId object.

Return type

TrustLineAsset

Returns

XDR TrustLineAsset object

2.1.11 Memo

Memo

class stellar_sdk.memo.Memo

The *Memo* object, which represents the base class for memos for use with Stellar transactions.

The memo for a transaction contains optional extra information about the transaction taking place. It is the responsibility of the client to interpret this value.

See the following implementations that serve a more practical use with the library:

- *NoneMemo* - No memo.
- *TextMemo* - A string encoded using either ASCII or UTF-8, up to 28-bytes long.
- *IdMemo* - A 64 bit unsigned integer.
- *HashMemo* - A 32 byte hash.
- *RetHashMemo* - A 32 byte hash intended to be interpreted as the hash of the transaction the sender is refunding.

See [Stellar's documentation on Transactions](#) for more information on how memos are used within transactions, as well as information on the available types of memos.

static from_xdr_object(xdr_object)

Returns an Memo object from XDR memo object.

Return type

Memo

abstract to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Memo object that represents this *Memo*.

Return type

Memo

NoneMemo

class stellar_sdk.memo.NoneMemo

The *NoneMemo*, which represents no memo for a transaction.

classmethod from_xdr_object(xdr_object)

Returns an *NoneMemo* object from XDR memo object.

Return type

NoneMemo

to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Memo object that represents this *NoneMemo*.

Return type

Memo

TextMemo

class stellar_sdk.memo.TextMemo(*text*)

The *TextMemo*, which represents MEMO_TEXT in a transaction.

Parameters

text (`Union[str, bytes]`) – A string encoded using either ASCII or UTF-8, up to 28-bytes long. Note, *text* can be anything, see [this issue](#) for more information.

Raises

MemoInvalidException: if *text* is not a valid text memo.

classmethod from_xdr_object(*xdr_object*)

Returns an *TextMemo* object from XDR memo object.

Return type

TextMemo

to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Memo object that represents this *TextMemo*.

Return type

Memo

IdMemo

class stellar_sdk.memo.IdMemo(*memo_id*)

The *IdMemo* which represents MEMO_ID in a transaction.

Parameters

memo_id (`int`) – A 64 bit unsigned integer.

Raises

MemoInvalidException: if *id* is not a valid id memo.

classmethod from_xdr_object(*xdr_object*)

Returns an *IdMemo* object from XDR memo object.

Return type

IdMemo

to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Memo object that represents this *IdMemo*.

Return type

Memo

HashMemo

class stellar_sdk.memo.HashMemo(*memo_hash*)

The *HashMemo* which represents MEMO_HASH in a transaction.

Parameters

memo_hash (`Union[bytes, str]`) – A 32 byte hash hex encoded string.

Raises

MemoInvalidException: if *memo_hash* is not a valid hash memo.

classmethod `from_xdr_object(xdr_object)`

Returns an *HashMemo* object from XDR memo object.

Return type
HashMemo

to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Memo object that represents this *HashMemo*.

Return type
Memo

ReturnHashMemo

class `stellar_sdk.memo.ReturnHashMemo(memo_return)`

The *ReturnHashMemo* which represents MEMO_RETURN in a transaction.

MEMO_RETURN is typically used with refunds/returns over the network - it is a 32 byte hash intended to be interpreted as the hash of the transaction the sender is refunding.

Parameters

memo_return (`Union[bytes, str]`) – A 32 byte hash or hex encoded string intended to be interpreted as the hash of the transaction the sender is refunding.

Raises

MemoInvalidException: if memo_return is not a valid return hash memo.

classmethod `from_xdr_object(xdr_object)`

Returns an *ReturnHashMemo* object from XDR memo object.

Return type
ReturnHashMemo

to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Memo object that represents this *ReturnHashMemo*.

Return type
Memo

2.1.12 MuxedAccount

class `stellar_sdk.muxed_account.MuxedAccount(account_id, account_muxed_id=None)`

The *MuxedAccount* object, which represents a multiplexed account on Stellar's network.

An example:

```
from stellar_sdk import MuxedAccount

account_id = "GAQAA5L6LSYH7CQ3VTJ7F3HHLGCL3DSLAR2Y47263D56MNNGHSQSTVY"
account_muxed_id = 1234
account_muxed =
↳ "MAQAA5L6LSYH7CQ3VTJ7F3HHLGCL3DSLAR2Y47263D56MNNGHSQSAAAAAAAAAAE2LP26"

# generate account_muxed
muxed = MuxedAccount(account=account_id, account_muxed_id=1234) # account_muxed_id
↳ is optional.
```

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```

print(f"account_muxed: {muxed.account_muxed}") # `account_muxed` returns ``None`` if
↪ `account_muxed_id` is ``None``.

# parse account_muxed
muxed = MuxedAccount.from_account(account_muxed)
print(f"account_id: {muxed.account_id}\n"
      f"account_muxed_id: {muxed.account_muxed_id}")

```

See [SEP-0023](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **account_id** (`str`) – ed25519 account id, for example: "GDGQVOKHW4VEJRU2TETD6DBRKE05ERCNF353LW5WBFW3JJWQ2BRQ6KDD". It should be a string starting with G. If you want to build a `MuxedAccount` object using an address starting with M, please use `stellar_sdk.MuxedAccount.from_account()`.
- **account_muxed_id** (`Optional[int]`) – account multiplexing id (ex. 1234)

property `account_muxed`: `str | None`

Get the multiplex address starting with M, return `None` if `account_id` is `None`.

classmethod `from_account(account)`

Create a `MuxedAccount` object from account id or muxed account id.

Parameters

account (`str`) – account id or muxed account id (ex. "GDGQVOKHW4VEJRU2TETD6DBRKE05ERCNF353LW5WBFW3JJWQ2BRQ6KDD" or "MAAAAAAAAAAJURAAB2X52XFQP6FBXLGT6LWOOWMEXWHEWBDVRZ7V5WH34Y22MPFBHUHY")

Return type

`MuxedAccount`

classmethod `from_xdr_object(xdr_object)`

Create a `MuxedAccount` object from an XDR Asset object.

Parameters

xdr_object (`MuxedAccount`) – The `MuxedAccount` object.

Return type

`MuxedAccount`

Returns

A new `MuxedAccount` object from the given XDR `MuxedAccount` object.

to_xdr_object()

Returns the xdr object for this `MuxedAccount` object.

Return type

`MuxedAccount`

Returns

XDR `MuxedAccount` object

property `universal_account_id`: `str`

Get the universal account id, if `account_muxed_id` is `None`, it will return ed25519 public key (ex. "GDGQVOKHW4VEJRU2TETD6DBRKE05ERCNF353LW5WBFW3JJWQ2BRQ6KDD"), otherwise it will return muxed account (ex. "MAAAAAAAAAAJURAAB2X52XFQP6FBXLGT6LWOOWMEXWHEWBDVRZ7V5WH34Y22MPFBHUHY")

2.1.13 Network

class stellar_sdk.network.**Network**(*network_passphrase*)

The *Network* object, which represents a Stellar network.

This class represents such a stellar network such as the Public network and the Test network.

Parameters

network_passphrase (*str*) – The passphrase for the network. (ex. "Public Global Stellar Network ; September 2015")

FUTURENET_NETWORK_PASSPHRASE: *str* = 'Test SDF Future Network ; October 2022'

The Future network passphrase.

PUBLIC_NETWORK_PASSPHRASE: *str* = 'Public Global Stellar Network ; September 2015'

The Public network passphrase.

SANDBOX_NETWORK_PASSPHRASE = 'Local Sandbox Stellar Network ; September 2022'

The Sandbox network passphrase.

STANDALONE_NETWORK_PASSPHRASE: *str* = 'Standalone Network ; February 2017'

The Standalone network passphrase.

TESTNET_NETWORK_PASSPHRASE: *str* = 'Test SDF Network ; September 2015'

The Test network passphrase.

network_id()

Get the network ID of the network, which is an hash of the passphrase.

Return type

bytes

Returns

The network ID of the network.

classmethod **public_network()**

Get the *Network* object representing the PUBLIC Network.

Return type

Network

Returns

PUBLIC Network

classmethod **testnet_network()**

Get the *Network* object representing the TESTNET Network.

Return type

Network

Returns

TESTNET Network

2.1.14 Operation

Operation

class stellar_sdk.operation.**Operation**(*source=None*)

The *Operation* object, which represents an operation on Stellar’s network.

An operation is an individual command that mutates Stellar’s ledger. It is typically rolled up into a transaction (a transaction is a list of operations with additional metadata).

Operations are executed on behalf of the source account specified in the transaction, unless there is an override defined for the operation.

For more on operations, see [Stellar’s documentation on operations](#) as well as [Stellar’s List of Operations](#), which includes information such as the security necessary for a given operation, as well as information about when validity checks occur on the network.

The *Operation* class is typically not used, but rather one of its subclasses is typically included in transactions.

Parameters

source ([Union](#)[[MuxedAccount](#), [str](#), [None](#)]) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction’s source account.

static **from_xdr_amount**(*value*)

Converts a str amount from an XDR amount object

Parameters

value ([int](#)) – The amount to convert to a string from an XDR int64 amount.

Return type

[str](#)

classmethod **from_xdr_object**(*xdr_object*)

Create the appropriate *Operation* subclass from the XDR object.

Parameters

xdr_object ([Operation](#)) – The XDR object to create an *Operation* (or subclass) instance from.

Return type

[Operation](#)

static **get_source_from_xdr_obj**(*xdr_object*)

Get the source account from account the operation xdr object.

Parameters

xdr_object ([Operation](#)) – the operation xdr object.

Return type

[Optional](#)[[MuxedAccount](#)]

Returns

The source account from account the operation xdr object.

static **to_xdr_amount**(*value*)

Converts an amount to the appropriate value to send over the network as a part of an XDR object.

Each asset amount is encoded as a signed 64-bit integer in the XDR structures. An asset amount unit (that which is seen by end users) is scaled down by a factor of ten million (10,000,000) to arrive at the native 64-bit integer representation. For example, the integer amount value 25,123,456 equals 2.5123456 units of the asset. This scaling allows for seven decimal places of precision in human-friendly amount units.

This static method correctly multiplies the value by the scaling factor in order to come to the integer value used in XDR structures.

See [Stellar's documentation on Asset Precision](#) for more information.

Parameters

value ([Union](#)[[str](#), [Decimal](#)]) – The amount to convert to an integer for XDR serialization.

Return type

[int](#)

to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Operation object that represents this [Operation](#).

Return type

[Operation](#)

AccountMerge

class stellar_sdk.operation.**AccountMerge**(*destination*, *source=None*)

The [AccountMerge](#) object, which represents a AccountMerge operation on Stellar's network.

Transfers the native balance (the amount of XLM an account holds) to another account and removes the source account from the ledger.

Threshold: High

See [Account Merge](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **destination** ([Union](#)[[MuxedAccount](#), [str](#)]) – Destination to merge the source account into.
- **source** ([Union](#)[[MuxedAccount](#), [str](#), [None](#)]) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

classmethod **from_xdr_object**(*xdr_object*)

Creates a [AccountMerge](#) object from an XDR Operation object.

Return type

[AccountMerge](#)

to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Operation object that represents this [Operation](#).

Return type

[Operation](#)

AllowTrust

class stellar_sdk.operation.**AllowTrust**(*trustor*, *asset_code*, *authorize*, *source=None*)

The [AllowTrust](#) object, which represents a AllowTrust operation on Stellar's network.

Updates the authorized flag of an existing trustline. This can only be called by the issuer of a trustline's [asset](#).

The issuer can only clear the authorized flag if the issuer has the AUTH_REVOCABLE_FLAG set. Otherwise, the issuer can only set the authorized flag.

Threshold: Low

See [Allow Trust](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **trustor** (*str*) – The trusting account (the one being authorized).
- **asset_code** (*str*) – The asset code being authorized.
- **authorize** (*Union[TrustLineEntryFlag, bool]*) – *True* to authorize the line, *False* to deauthorize. If you need further control, you can also use *stellar_sdk.operation.allow_trust.TrustLineEntryFlag*.
- **source** (*Union[MixedAccount, str, None]*) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

classmethod `from_xdr_object(xdr_object)`

Creates a *AllowTrust* object from an XDR Operation object.

Return type

AllowTrust

to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Operation object that represents this *Operation*.

Return type

Operation

```
class stellar_sdk.operation.allow_trust.TrustLineEntryFlag(value, names=None, *, module=None,
                                                         qualname=None, type=None, start=1,
                                                         boundary=None)
```

Indicates which flags to set. For details about the flags, please refer to the [CAP-0018](#).

- **UNAUTHORIZED_FLAG**: The account can hold a balance but cannot receive payments, send payments, maintain offers or manage offers
- **AUTHORIZED_FLAG**: The account can hold a balance, receive payments, send payments, maintain offers or manage offers
- **AUTHORIZED_TO_MAINTAIN_LIABILITIES_FLAG**: The account can hold a balance and maintain offers but cannot receive payments, send payments or manage offers

BumpSequence

```
class stellar_sdk.operation.BumpSequence(bump_to, source=None)
```

The *BumpSequence* object, which represents a BumpSequence operation on Stellar's network.

Bump sequence allows to bump forward the sequence number of the source account of the operation, allowing to invalidate any transactions with a smaller sequence number. If the specified bumpTo sequence number is greater than the source account's sequence number, the account's sequence number is updated with that value, otherwise it's not modified.

Threshold: Low

See [Bump Sequence](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **bump_to** (*int*) – Sequence number to bump to.
- **source** (*Union[MixedAccount, str, None]*) – The optional source account.

classmethod `from_xdr_object(xdr_object)`

Creates a [BumpSequence](#) object from an XDR Operation object.

Return type

[BumpSequence](#)

to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Operation object that represents this [Operation](#).

Return type

[Operation](#)

ChangeTrust

class `stellar_sdk.operation.ChangeTrust(asset, limit=None, source=None)`

The [ChangeTrust](#) object, which represents a ChangeTrust operation on Stellar's network.

Creates, updates, or deletes a trustline. For more on trustlines, please refer to the [assets documentation](#).

Threshold: Medium

See [Change Trust](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **asset** (`Union[Asset, LiquidityPoolAsset]`) – The asset for the trust line.
- **limit** (`Union[str, Decimal, None]`) – The limit for the asset, defaults to `max(int64(922337203685.4775807))`. If the limit is set to "0" it deletes the trustline.
- **source** (`Union[MuxedAccount, str, None]`) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

classmethod `from_xdr_object(xdr_object)`

Creates a [ChangeTrust](#) object from an XDR Operation object.

Return type

[ChangeTrust](#)

to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Operation object that represents this [Operation](#).

Return type

[Operation](#)

CreateAccount

class `stellar_sdk.operation.CreateAccount(destination, starting_balance, source=None)`

The [CreateAccount](#) object, which represents a Create Account operation on Stellar's network.

This operation creates and funds a new account with the specified starting balance.

Threshold: Medium

See [Create Account](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **destination** (`str`) – Destination account ID to create an account for.

- **starting_balance** (`Union[str, Decimal]`) – Amount in XLM the account should be funded for. Must be greater than the [reserve balance amount](#).
- **source** (`Union[MixedAccount, str, None]`) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

classmethod `from_xdr_object(xdr_object)`

Creates a [CreateAccount](#) object from an XDR Operation object.

Return type

[CreateAccount](#)

to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Operation object that represents this [Operation](#).

Return type

[Operation](#)

CreatePassiveSellOffer

class `stellar_sdk.operation.CreatePassiveSellOffer(selling, buying, amount, price, source=None)`

The [CreatePassiveSellOffer](#) object, which represents a CreatePassiveSellOffer operation on Stellar's network.

A passive sell offer is an offer that does not act on and take a reverse offer of equal price. Instead, they only take offers of lesser price. For example, if an offer exists to buy 5 BTC for 30 XLM, and you make a passive sell offer to buy 30 XLM for 5 BTC, your passive sell offer does not take the first offer.

Note that regular offers made later than your passive sell offer can act on and take your passive sell offer, even if the regular offer is of the same price as your passive sell offer.

Passive sell offers allow market makers to have zero spread. If you want to trade EUR for USD at 1:1 price and USD for EUR also at 1:1, you can create two passive sell offers so the two offers don't immediately act on each other.

Once the passive sell offer is created, you can manage it like any other offer using the manage offer operation - see [ManageBuyOffer](#) for more details.

Threshold: Medium

See [Create Passive Sell Offer](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **selling** (`Asset`) – What you're selling.
- **buying** (`Asset`) – What you're buying.
- **amount** (`Union[str, Decimal]`) – The total amount you're selling.
- **price** (`Union[Price, str, Decimal]`) – Price of 1 unit of *selling* in terms of *buying*.
- **source** (`Union[MixedAccount, str, None]`) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

classmethod `from_xdr_object(xdr_object)`

Creates a [CreatePassiveSellOffer](#) object from an XDR Operation object.

Return type

[CreatePassiveSellOffer](#)

to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Operation object that represents this *Operation*.

Return type
Operation

Inflation

class stellar_sdk.operation.**Inflation**(source=None)

The *Inflation* object, which represents a Inflation operation on Stellar’s network.

This operation runs inflation.

Threshold: Low

Parameters

source (Union[*MuxedAccount*, str, None]) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction’s source account.

classmethod from_xdr_object(xdr_object)

Creates a *Inflation* object from an XDR Operation object.

Return type
Inflation

to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Operation object that represents this *Operation*.

Return type
Operation

LiquidityPoolDeposit

class stellar_sdk.operation.**LiquidityPoolDeposit**(liquidity_pool_id, max_amount_a, max_amount_b, min_price, max_price, source=None)

The *LiquidityPoolDeposit* object, which represents a LiquidityPoolDeposit operation on Stellar’s network.

Creates a liquidity pool deposit operation.

Threshold: Medium

See [Liquidity Pool Deposit](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **liquidity_pool_id** (str) – The liquidity pool ID.
- **max_amount_a** (Union[str, Decimal]) – Maximum amount of first asset to deposit.
- **max_amount_b** (Union[str, Decimal]) – Maximum amount of second asset to deposit.
- **min_price** (Union[str, Decimal, Price]) – Minimum deposit_a/deposit_b price.
- **max_price** (Union[str, Decimal, Price]) – Maximum deposit_a/deposit_b price.
- **source** (Union[*MuxedAccount*, str, None]) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction’s source account.

classmethod `from_xdr_object(xdr_object)`

Creates a [*LiquidityPoolDeposit*](#) object from an XDR Operation object.

Return type

[*LiquidityPoolDeposit*](#)

to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Operation object that represents this [*Operation*](#).

Return type

[*Operation*](#)

LiquidityPoolWithdraw

class `stellar_sdk.operation.LiquidityPoolWithdraw(liquidity_pool_id, amount, min_amount_a, min_amount_b, source=None)`

The [*LiquidityPoolWithdraw*](#) object, which represents a LiquidityPoolWithdraw operation on Stellar's network.

Creates a liquidity pool withdraw operation.

Threshold: Medium

See [Liquidity Pool Withdraw](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **liquidity_pool_id** (`str`) – The liquidity pool ID.
- **amount** (`Union[str, Decimal]`) – Amount of pool shares to withdraw.
- **min_amount_a** (`Union[str, Decimal]`) – Minimum amount of first asset to withdraw.
- **min_amount_b** (`Union[str, Decimal]`) – Minimum amount of second asset to withdraw.
- **source** (`Union[MuxedAccount, str, None]`) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

classmethod `from_xdr_object(xdr_object)`

Creates a [*LiquidityPoolWithdraw*](#) object from an XDR Operation object.

Return type

[*LiquidityPoolWithdraw*](#)

to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Operation object that represents this [*Operation*](#).

Return type

[*Operation*](#)

ManageBuyOffer

class stellar_sdk.operation.**ManageBuyOffer**(*selling, buying, amount, price, offer_id=0, source=None*)

The *ManageBuyOffer* object, which represents a ManageBuyOffer operation on Stellar’s network.

Creates, updates, or deletes an buy offer.

If you want to create a new offer set *offer_id* to 0.

If you want to update an existing offer set *offer_id* to existing offer ID.

If you want to delete an existing offer set *offer_id* to existing offer ID and set *amount* to 0.

Threshold: Medium

See [Manage Buy Offer](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **selling** (*Asset*) – What you’re selling.
- **buying** (*Asset*) – What you’re buying.
- **amount** (*Union[str, Decimal]*) – Amount being bought. if set to 0, delete the offer.
- **price** (*Union[Price, str, Decimal]*) – Price of thing being bought in terms of what you are selling.
- **offer_id** (*int*) – If 0, will create a new offer (default). Otherwise, edits an existing offer.
- **source** (*Union[MuxedAccount, str, None]*) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction’s source account.

classmethod **from_xdr_object**(*xdr_object*)

Creates a *ManageBuyOffer* object from an XDR Operation object.

Return type

ManageBuyOffer

to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Operation object that represents this *Operation*.

Return type

Operation

ManageData

class stellar_sdk.operation.**ManageData**(*data_name, data_value, source=None*)

The *ManageData* object, which represents a ManageData operation on Stellar’s network.

Allows you to set, modify or delete a Data Entry (name/value pair) that is attached to a particular account. An account can have an arbitrary amount of DataEntries attached to it. Each DataEntry increases the minimum balance needed to be held by the account.

DataEntries can be used for application specific things. They are not used by the core Stellar protocol.

Threshold: Medium

See [Manage Data](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **data_name** (*str*) – If this is a new Name it will add the given name/value pair to the account. If this Name is already present then the associated value will be modified. Up to 64 bytes long.
- **data_value** (*Union[str, bytes, None]*) – If not present then the existing *data_name* will be deleted. If present then this value will be set in the DataEntry. Up to 64 bytes long.
- **source** (*Union[MixedAccount, str, None]*) – The optional source account.

classmethod `from_xdr_object(xdr_object)`

Creates a *ManageData* object from an XDR Operation object.

Return type

ManageData

to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Operation object that represents this *Operation*.

Return type

Operation

ManageSellOffer

class `stellar_sdk.operation.ManageSellOffer(selling, buying, amount, price, offer_id=0, source=None)`

The *ManageSellOffer* object, which represents a ManageSellOffer operation on Stellar’s network.

Creates, updates, or deletes an sell offer.

If you want to create a new offer set *offer_id* to 0.

If you want to update an existing offer set *offer_id* to existing offer ID.

If you want to delete an existing offer set *offer_id* to existing offer ID and set *amount* to 0.

Threshold: Medium

See [Manage Sell Offer](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **selling** (*Asset*) – What you’re selling.
- **buying** (*Asset*) – What you’re buying.
- **amount** (*Union[str, Decimal]*) – The total amount you’re selling. If 0, deletes the offer.
- **price** (*Union[Price, str, Decimal]*) – Price of 1 unit of *selling* in terms of *buying*.
- **offer_id** (*int*) – If 0, will create a new offer (default). Otherwise, edits an existing offer.
- **source** (*Union[MixedAccount, str, None]*) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction’s source account.

classmethod `from_xdr_object(xdr_object)`

Creates a *ManageSellOffer* object from an XDR Operation object.

Return type

ManageSellOffer

to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Operation object that represents this *Operation*.

Return type

Operation

PathPaymentStrictReceive

```
class stellar_sdk.operation.PathPaymentStrictReceive(destination, send_asset, send_max, dest_asset,
                                                    dest_amount, path, source=None)
```

The *PathPaymentStrictReceive* object, which represents a PathPaymentStrictReceive operation on Stellar's network.

Sends an amount in a specific asset to a destination account through a path of offers. This allows the asset sent (e.g. 450 XLM) to be different from the asset received (e.g. 6 BTC).

Threshold: Medium

See [Path Payment Strict Receive](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **destination** ([Union](#)[*MixedAccount*, *str*]) – The destination account to send to.
- **send_asset** (*Asset*) – The *asset* to pay with.
- **send_max** ([Union](#)[*str*, *Decimal*]) – The maximum amount of *send_asset* to send.
- **dest_asset** (*Asset*) – The asset the *destination* will receive.
- **dest_amount** ([Union](#)[*str*, *Decimal*]) – The amount the *destination* receives.
- **path** ([Sequence](#)[*Asset*]) – A list of *Asset* objects to use as the path.
- **source** ([Union](#)[*MixedAccount*, *str*, *None*]) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

```
classmethod from_xdr_object(xdr_object)
```

Creates a *PathPaymentStrictReceive* object from an XDR Operation object.

Return type

PathPaymentStrictReceive

```
to_xdr_object()
```

Creates an XDR Operation object that represents this *Operation*.

Return type

Operation

PathPaymentStrictSend

```
class stellar_sdk.operation.PathPaymentStrictSend(destination, send_asset, send_amount, dest_asset,
                                                  dest_min, path, source=None)
```

The *PathPaymentStrictSend* object, which represents a PathPaymentStrictSend operation on Stellar's network.

Sends an amount in a specific asset to a destination account through a path of offers. This allows the asset sent (e.g. 450 XLM) to be different from the asset received (e.g. 6 BTC).

Threshold: Medium

See [Path Payment Strict Send](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **destination** ([Union](#)[*MixedAccount*, *str*]) – The destination account to send to.
- **send_asset** (*Asset*) – The *asset* to pay with.

- **send_amount** (`Union[str, Decimal]`) – Amount of *send_asset* to send.
- **dest_asset** (`Asset`) – The asset the *destination* will receive.
- **dest_min** (`Union[str, Decimal]`) – The minimum amount of *dest_asset* to be received.
- **path** (`Sequence[Asset]`) – A list of `Asset` objects to use as the path.
- **source** (`Union[MixedAccount, str, None]`) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

classmethod `from_xdr_object(xdr_object)`

Creates a `PathPaymentStrictSend` object from an XDR Operation object.

Return type

`PathPaymentStrictSend`

to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Operation object that represents this `Operation`.

Return type

`Operation`

Payment

class `stellar_sdk.operation.Payment(destination, asset, amount, source=None)`

The `Payment` object, which represents a Payment operation on Stellar's network.

Sends an amount in a specific asset to a destination account.

Threshold: Medium

See `Payment` for more information.

Parameters

- **destination** (`Union[MixedAccount, str]`) – The destination account ID.
- **asset** (`Asset`) – The asset to send.
- **amount** (`Union[str, Decimal]`) – The amount to send.
- **source** (`Union[MixedAccount, str, None]`) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

classmethod `from_xdr_object(xdr_object)`

Creates a `Payment` object from an XDR Operation object.

Return type

`Payment`

to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Operation object that represents this `Operation`.

Return type

`Operation`

SetOptions

```
class stellar_sdk.operation.SetOptions(inflation_dest=None, clear_flags=None, set_flags=None,
                                       master_weight=None, low_threshold=None,
                                       med_threshold=None, high_threshold=None, signer=None,
                                       home_domain=None, source=None)
```

The *SetOptions* object, which represents a SetOptions operation on Stellar's network.

This operation sets the options for an account.

For more information on the signing options, please refer to the [multi-sig doc](#).

When updating signers or other thresholds, the threshold of this operation is high.

Threshold: Medium or High

See [Set Options](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **inflation_dest** (*str*) – Account of the inflation destination.
- **clear_flags** (*Union[int, AuthorizationFlag]*) – Indicates which flags to clear. For details about the flags, please refer to the [Control Access to an Asset - Flag](#). The *bit mask* integer subtracts from the existing flags of the account. This allows for setting specific bits without knowledge of existing flags, you can also use *stellar_sdk.operation.set_options.AuthorizationFlag*
 - AUTHORIZATION_REQUIRED = 1
 - AUTHORIZATION_REVOCABLE = 2
 - AUTHORIZATION_IMMUTABLE = 4
 - AUTHORIZATION_CLAWBACK_ENABLED = 8
- **set_flags** (*Union[int, AuthorizationFlag]*) – Indicates which flags to set. For details about the flags, please refer to the [Control Access to an Asset - Flag](#). The *bit mask* integer adds onto the existing flags of the account. This allows for setting specific bits without knowledge of existing flags, you can also use *stellar_sdk.operation.set_options.AuthorizationFlag*
 - AUTHORIZATION_REQUIRED = 1
 - AUTHORIZATION_REVOCABLE = 2
 - AUTHORIZATION_IMMUTABLE = 4
 - AUTHORIZATION_CLAWBACK_ENABLED = 8
- **master_weight** (*int*) – A number from 0-255 (inclusive) representing the weight of the master key. If the weight of the master key is updated to 0, it is effectively disabled.
- **low_threshold** (*int*) – A number from 0-255 (inclusive) representing the threshold this account sets on all operations it performs that have a [low threshold](#).
- **med_threshold** (*int*) – A number from 0-255 (inclusive) representing the threshold this account sets on all operations it performs that have a [medium threshold](#).
- **high_threshold** (*int*) – A number from 0-255 (inclusive) representing the threshold this account sets on all operations it performs that have a [high threshold](#).
- **home_domain** (*str*) – sets the home domain used for reverse [federation](#) lookup.
- **signer** (*Signer*) – Add, update, or remove a signer from the account.

- **source** ([Union](#)[[MuxedAccount](#), [str](#), [None](#)]) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction’s source account.

classmethod [from_xdr_object](#)(*xdr_object*)

Creates a [SetOptions](#) object from an XDR Operation object.

Return type
[SetOptions](#)

to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Operation object that represents this [Operation](#).

Return type
[Operation](#)

class `stellar_sdk.operation.set_options.AuthorizationFlag`(*value, names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None*)

Indicates which flags to set. For details about the flags, please refer to the [Control Access to an Asset - Flag](#).

CreateClaimableBalance

class `stellar_sdk.operation.CreateClaimableBalance`(*asset, amount, claimants, source=None*)

The [CreateClaimableBalance](#) object, which represents a CreateClaimableBalance operation on Stellar’s network.

Creates a ClaimableBalanceEntry. See [Claimable Balance](#) for more information on parameters and usage.

Threshold: Medium

See [Create Claimable Balance](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **asset** ([Asset](#)) – The asset for the claimable balance.
- **amount** ([Union](#)[[str](#), [Decimal](#)]) – the amount of the asset.
- **claimants** ([Sequence](#)[[Claimant](#)]) – A list of Claimants.
- **source** ([Union](#)[[MuxedAccount](#), [str](#), [None](#)]) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction’s source account.

classmethod [from_xdr_object](#)(*xdr_object*)

Creates a [CreateClaimableBalance](#) object from an XDR Operation object.

Return type
[CreateClaimableBalance](#)

to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Operation object that represents this [Operation](#).

Return type
[Operation](#)

class `stellar_sdk.operation.Claimant`(*destination, predicate=None*)

The [Claimant](#) object represents a claimable balance claimant.

Parameters

- **destination** ([str](#)) – The destination account ID.

- **predicate** (*ClaimPredicate*) – The claim predicate. It is optional, it defaults to unconditional if none is specified.

class stellar_sdk.operation.ClaimPredicate(*claim_predicate_type, and_predicates, or_predicates, not_predicate, abs_before, rel_before*)

The *ClaimPredicate* object, which represents a ClaimPredicate on Stellar’s network.

We do not recommend that you build it through the constructor, please use the helper function.

Parameters

- **claim_predicate_type** (*ClaimPredicateType*) – Type of ClaimPredicate.
- **and_predicates** (*Optional[ClaimPredicateGroup]*) – The ClaimPredicates.
- **or_predicates** (*Optional[ClaimPredicateGroup]*) – The ClaimPredicates.
- **not_predicate** (*Optional[ClaimPredicate]*) – The ClaimPredicate.
- **abs_before** (*Optional[int]*) – Unix epoch.
- **rel_before** (*Optional[int]*) – seconds since closeTime of the ledger in which the ClaimableBalanceEntry was created.

classmethod predicate_and(*left, right*)

Returns an **and** claim predicate

Parameters

- **left** (*ClaimPredicate*) – a ClaimPredicate.
- **right** (*ClaimPredicate*) – a ClaimPredicate.

Return type

ClaimPredicate

Returns

an **and** claim predicate.

classmethod predicate_before_absolute_time(*abs_before*)

Returns a **before_absolute_time** claim predicate.

This predicate will be fulfilled if the closing time of the ledger that includes the *CreateClaimableBalance* operation is less than this (absolute) Unix timestamp.

Parameters

abs_before (*int*) – Unix epoch.

Return type

ClaimPredicate

Returns

a **before_absolute_time** claim predicate.

classmethod predicate_before_relative_time(*seconds*)

Returns a **before_relative_time** claim predicate.

This predicate will be fulfilled if the closing time of the ledger that includes the *CreateClaimableBalance* operation plus this relative time delta (in seconds) is less than the current time.

Parameters

seconds (*int*) – seconds since closeTime of the ledger in which the ClaimableBalanceEntry was created.

Return type*ClaimPredicate***Returns**a **before_relative_time** claim predicate.**classmethod** **predicate_not**(*predicate*)Returns a **not** claim predicate.**Parameters****predicate** (*ClaimPredicate*) – a ClaimPredicate.**Return type***ClaimPredicate***Returns**a **not** claim predicate.**classmethod** **predicate_or**(*left, right*)Returns an **or** claim predicate**Parameters**

- **left** (*ClaimPredicate*) – a ClaimPredicate.
- **right** (*ClaimPredicate*) – a ClaimPredicate.

Return type*ClaimPredicate***Returns**an **or** claim predicate.**classmethod** **predicate_unconditional**()Returns an **unconditional** claim predicate.**Return type***ClaimPredicate***Returns**an **unconditional** claim predicate.

```
class stellar_sdk.operation.create_claimable_balance.ClaimPredicateType(value, names=None,
                                                                    *, module=None,
                                                                    qualname=None,
                                                                    type=None, start=1,
                                                                    boundary=None)
```

Currently supported claim predicate types.

class stellar_sdk.operation.create_claimable_balance.**ClaimPredicateGroup**(*left, right*)Used to assemble the left and right values for **and_predicates** and **or_predicates**.**Parameters**

- **left** (*ClaimPredicate*) – The ClaimPredicate.
- **right** (*ClaimPredicate*) – The ClaimPredicate.

ClaimClaimableBalance

class stellar_sdk.operation.ClaimClaimableBalance(*balance_id*, *source=None*)

The *ClaimClaimableBalance* object, which represents a ClaimClaimableBalance operation on Stellar's network.

Claims a ClaimableBalanceEntry and adds the amount of asset on the entry to the source account.

Threshold: Low

See [Claim Claimable Balance](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **balance_id** (*str*) – The claimable balance id to be claimed.
- **source** (*Union[MixedAccount, str, None]*) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

classmethod from_xdr_object(*xdr_object*)

Creates a *ClaimClaimableBalance* object from an XDR Operation object.

Return type

ClaimClaimableBalance

to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Operation object that represents this *Operation*.

Return type

Operation

BeginSponsoringFutureReserves

class stellar_sdk.operation.BeginSponsoringFutureReserves(*sponsored_id*, *source=None*)

The *BeginSponsoringFutureReserves* object, which represents a BeginSponsoringFutureReserves operation on Stellar's network.

Establishes the is-sponsoring-future-reserves-for relationship between the source account and sponsoredID. See [Sponsored Reserves](#) for more information.

Threshold: Medium

See [Begin Sponsoring Future Reserves](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **sponsored_id** (*str*) – The sponsored account id.
- **source** (*Union[MixedAccount, str, None]*) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

classmethod from_xdr_object(*xdr_object*)

Creates a *BeginSponsoringFutureReserves* object from an XDR Operation object.

Return type

BeginSponsoringFutureReserves

to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Operation object that represents this *Operation*.

Return type

Operation

EndSponsoringFutureReserves

class stellar_sdk.operation.**EndSponsoringFutureReserves**(source=None)

The *EndSponsoringFutureReserves* object, which represents a EndSponsoringFutureReserves operation on Stellar's network.

Terminates the current is-sponsoring-future-reserves-for relationship in which the source account is sponsored. See [Sponsored Reserves](#) for more information.

Threshold: Medium

See [End Sponsoring Future Reserves](#).

Parameters

source (Union[*MuxedAccount*, str, None]) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

classmethod **from_xdr_object**(xdr_object)

Creates a *EndSponsoringFutureReserves* object from an XDR Operation object.

Return type

EndSponsoringFutureReserves

to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Operation object that represents this *Operation*.

Return type

Operation

RevokeSponsorship

class stellar_sdk.operation.**RevokeSponsorship**(revoke_sponsorship_type, account_id, trustline, offer, data, claimable_balance_id, signer, liquidity_pool_id, source=None)

The *RevokeSponsorship* object, which represents a RevokeSponsorship operation on Stellar's network.

The logic of this operation depends on the state of the source account.

If the source account is not sponsored or is sponsored by the owner of the specified entry or sub-entry, then attempt to revoke the sponsorship. If the source account is sponsored, the next step depends on whether the entry is sponsored or not. If it is sponsored, attempt to transfer the sponsorship to the sponsor of the source account. If the entry is not sponsored, then establish the sponsorship. See [Sponsored Reserves](#) for more information.

Threshold: Medium

See [Revoke Sponsorship](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **revoke_sponsorship_type** (*RevokeSponsorshipType*) – The sponsored account id.
- **account_id** (Optional[str]) – The sponsored account ID.
- **trustline** (Optional[*TrustLine*]) – The sponsored trustline.
- **offer** (Optional[*Offer*]) – The sponsored offer.
- **data** (Optional[*Data*]) – The sponsored data.
- **claimable_balance_id** (Optional[str]) – The sponsored claimable balance.
- **signer** (Optional[*Signer*]) – The sponsored signer.

- **source** ([Union](#)[[MuxedAccount](#), [str](#), [None](#)]) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction’s source account.

classmethod [from_xdr_object](#)(*xdr_object*)

Creates a [RevokeSponsorship](#) object from an XDR Operation object.

Return type

[RevokeSponsorship](#)

to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Operation object that represents this [Operation](#).

Return type

[Operation](#)

```
class stellar_sdk.operation.revoke_sponsorship.RevokeSponsorshipType(value, names=None, *,
                                                                    module=None,
                                                                    qualname=None,
                                                                    type=None, start=1,
                                                                    boundary=None)
```

Currently supported RevokeSponsorship types.

```
class stellar_sdk.operation.revoke_sponsorship.TrustLine(account_id, asset)
```

```
class stellar_sdk.operation.revoke_sponsorship.Offer(seller_id, offer_id)
```

```
class stellar_sdk.operation.revoke_sponsorship.Data(account_id, data_name)
```

```
class stellar_sdk.operation.revoke_sponsorship.Signer(account_id, signer_key)
```

Clawback

```
class stellar_sdk.operation.Clawback(asset, from_, amount, source=None)
```

The [Clawback](#) object, which represents a Clawback operation on Stellar’s network.

Claws back an amount of an asset from an account.

Threshold: Medium

See [Clawback](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **asset** ([Asset](#)) – The asset being clawed back.
- **from** – The public key of the account to claw back from.
- **amount** ([Union](#)[[str](#), [Decimal](#)]) – The amount of the asset to claw back.
- **source** ([Union](#)[[MuxedAccount](#), [str](#), [None](#)]) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction’s source account.

classmethod [from_xdr_object](#)(*xdr_object*)

Creates a [Clawback](#) object from an XDR Operation object.

Return type

[Clawback](#)

to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Operation object that represents this *Operation*.

Return type

Operation

ClawbackClaimableBalance

class stellar_sdk.operation.ClawbackClaimableBalance(*balance_id*, *source=None*)

The *ClawbackClaimableBalance* object, which represents a ClawbackClaimableBalance operation on Stellar's network.

Claws back a claimable balance

Threshold: Medium

See [Clawback Claimable Balance](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **balance_id** (*str*) – The claimable balance ID to be clawed back.
- **source** (*Union[MixedAccount, str, None]*) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

classmethod from_xdr_object(*xdr_object*)

Creates a *ClawbackClaimableBalance* object from an XDR Operation object.

Return type

ClawbackClaimableBalance

to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Operation object that represents this *Operation*.

Return type

Operation

SetTrustLineFlags

class stellar_sdk.operation.SetTrustLineFlags(*trustor*, *asset*, *clear_flags=None*, *set_flags=None*, *source=None*)

The *SetTrustLineFlags* object, which represents a SetTrustLineFlags operation on Stellar's network.

Updates the flags of an existing trust line. This is called by the issuer of the related asset.

Threshold: Low

See [Set Trustline Flags](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **trustor** (*str*) – The account whose trustline this is.
- **asset** (*Asset*) – The asset on the trustline.
- **clear_flags** (*TrustLineFlags*) – The flags to clear.
- **set_flags** (*TrustLineFlags*) – The flags to set.
- **source** (*Union[MixedAccount, str, None]*) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

classmethod `from_xdr_object(xdr_object)`

Creates a `SetTrustLineFlags` object from an XDR Operation object.

Return type

`SetTrustLineFlags`

to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Operation object that represents this `Operation`.

Return type

`Operation`

class `stellar_sdk.operation.set_trust_line_flags.TrustLineFlags(value, names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None)`

Indicates which flags to set. For details about the flags, please refer to the [CAP-0035](#).

- **AUTHORIZED_FLAG**: issuer has authorized account to perform transactions with its credit
- **AUTHORIZED_TO_MAINTAIN_LIABILITIES_FLAG**: issuer has authorized account to maintain and reduce liabilities for its credit
- **TRUSTLINE_CLAWBACK_ENABLED_FLAG**: issuer has specified that it may clawback its credit, and that claimable balances created with its credit may also be clawed back

InvokeHostFunction

class `stellar_sdk.operation.InvokeHostFunction(host_function, auth=None, source=None)`

The `InvokeHostFunction` object, which represents a `InvokeHostFunction` operation on Stellar's network.

Threshold: Medium

See [Interacting with Soroban via Stellar](#).

Parameters

- **host_function** (`HostFunction`) – The host function to invoke.
- **auth** (`Sequence[SorobanAuthorizationEntry]`) – The authorizations required to execute the host function.
- **source** (`Union[MuxedAccount, str, None]`) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

classmethod `from_xdr_object(xdr_object)`

Creates a `InvokeHostFunction` object from an XDR Operation object.

Return type

`InvokeHostFunction`

to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Operation object that represents this `Operation`.

Return type

`Operation`

ExtendFootprintTTL

class stellar_sdk.operation.**ExtendFootprintTTL**(*extend_to*, *source=None*)

The *ExtendFootprintTTL* object, which represents a ExtendFootprintTTL operation on Stellar’s network.

Threshold: Medium

See *ExtendFootprintTTL*Op.

Parameters

- **extend_to** (*int*) – The number of ledgers past the LCL (last closed ledger) by which to extend the validity of the ledger keys in this transaction.
- **source** (*Union[MixedAccount, str, None]*) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction’s source account.

classmethod **from_xdr_object**(*xdr_object*)

Creates a *ExtendFootprintTTL* object from an XDR Operation object.

Return type

ExtendFootprintTTL

to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Operation object that represents this *Operation*.

Return type

Operation

RestoreFootprint

class stellar_sdk.operation.**RestoreFootprint**(*source=None*)

The *RestoreFootprint* object, which represents a RestoreFootprint operation on Stellar’s network.

Threshold: Medium

See *RestoreFootprint*Op.

Parameters

- **source** (*Union[MixedAccount, str, None]*) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction’s source account.

classmethod **from_xdr_object**(*xdr_object*)

Creates a *RestoreFootprint* object from an XDR Operation object.

Return type

RestoreFootprint

to_xdr_object()

Creates an XDR Operation object that represents this *Operation*.

Return type

Operation

2.1.15 Price

class stellar_sdk.price.Price(*n*, *d*)

Create a new price. Price in Stellar is represented as a fraction.

An example:

```
from stellar_sdk import Price

price_a = Price(1, 2)
price_b = Price.from_raw_price("0.5")
```

Parameters

- **n** (`int`) – numerator
- **d** (`int`) – denominator

classmethod from_raw_price(*price*)

Create a [Price](#) from the given str or Decimal price.

Parameters

price (`Union[str, Decimal]`) – the str or Decimal price. (ex. "0.125")

Return type

[Price](#)

Returns

A new [Price](#) object from the given str or Decimal price.

Raises

[NoApproximationError](#): if the approximation could not not be found.

classmethod from_xdr_object(*xdr_object*)

Create a [Price](#) from an XDR Price object.

Parameters

xdr_object ([Price](#)) – The XDR Price object.

Return type

[Price](#)

Returns

A new [Price](#) object from the given XDR Price object.

to_xdr_object()

Returns the xdr object for this price object.

Return type

[Price](#)

Returns

XDR Price object

2.1.16 Server

class `stellar_sdk.server.Server`(*horizon_url*='https://horizon-testnet.stellar.org', *client*=None)

Server handles the network connection to a [Horizon](#) instance and exposes an interface for requests to that instance.

An example:

```
from stellar_sdk import Server

server = Server("https://horizon-testnet.stellar.org")
resp = server.transactions().limit(10).order(desc=True).call()
print(resp)
```

Parameters

- **horizon_url** (*str*) – Horizon Server URL (ex. "https://horizon-testnet.stellar.org" for test network, "https://horizon.stellar.org" for public network)
- **client** (*BaseSyncClient*) – Http client used to send the request

accounts()

Return type

AccountsCallBuilder

Returns

New *stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.AccountsCallBuilder* object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

assets()

Return type

AssetsCallBuilder

Returns

New *stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.AssetsCallBuilder* object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

claimable_balances()

Return type

ClaimableBalancesCallBuilder

Returns

New *stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.ClaimableBalancesCallBuilder* object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

close()

Close underlying connector, and release all acquired resources.

Return type

None

data(*account_id*, *data_name*)

Return type

DataCallBuilder

Returns

New `stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.DataCallBuilder` object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

effects()**Return type**

`EffectsCallBuilder`

Returns

New `stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.EffectsCallBuilder` object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

fee_stats()**Return type**

`FeeStatsCallBuilder`

Returns

New `stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.FeeStatsCallBuilder` object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

fetch_base_fee()

Fetch the base fee. Since this hits the server, if the server call fails, you might get an error. You should be prepared to use a default value if that happens.

Return type

`int`

Returns

the base fee

Raises

`ConnectionError` `NotFoundError` `BadRequestError` `BadResponseError`
`UnknownRequestError`

ledgers()**Return type**

`LedgersCallBuilder`

Returns

New `stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.LedgersCallBuilder` object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

liquidity_pools()**Return type**

`LiquidityPoolsBuilder`

Returns

New `stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.LiquidityPoolsBuilder` object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

load_account(account_id)

Fetches an account's most current base state (like sequence) in the ledger and then creates and returns an `stellar_sdk.account.Account` object.

If you want to get complete account information, please use `stellar_sdk.server.Server.accounts()`.

Parameters

account_id (`Union[MixedAccount, Keypair, str]`) – The account to load.

Return type

Account

Returns

an *stellar_sdk.account.Account* object.

Raises

ConnectionError *NotFoundError* *BadRequestError* *BadResponseError*
UnknownRequestError

offers()**Return type**

OffersCallBuilder

Returns

New *stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.OffersCallBuilder* object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

operations()**Return type**

OperationsCallBuilder

Returns

New *stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.OperationsCallBuilder* object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

orderbook(selling, buying)**Parameters**

- **selling** (*Asset*) – Asset being sold
- **buying** (*Asset*) – Asset being bought

Return type

OrderbookCallBuilder

Returns

New *stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.OrderbookCallBuilder* object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

payments()**Return type**

PaymentsCallBuilder

Returns

New *stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.PaymentsCallBuilder* object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

root()**Return type**

RootCallBuilder

Returns

New *stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.RootCallBuilder* object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

strict_receive_paths(*source, destination_asset, destination_amount*)

Parameters

- **source** (`Union[str, List[Asset]]`) – The sender’s account ID or a list of Assets. Any returned path must use a source that the sender can hold.
- **destination_asset** (`Asset`) – The destination asset.
- **destination_amount** (`Union[str, Decimal]`) – The amount, denominated in the destination asset, that any returned path should be able to satisfy.

Return type

`StrictReceivePathsCallBuilder`

Returns

New `stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.StrictReceivePathsCallBuilder` object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

strict_send_paths(*source_asset, source_amount, destination*)

Parameters

- **source_asset** (`Asset`) – The asset to be sent.
- **source_amount** (`Union[str, Decimal]`) – The amount, denominated in the source asset, that any returned path should be able to satisfy.
- **destination** (`Union[str, List[Asset]]`) – The destination account or the destination assets.

Return type

`StrictSendPathsCallBuilder`

Returns

New `stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.StrictReceivePathsCallBuilder` object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

submit_transaction(*transaction_envelope, skip_memo_required_check=False*)

Submits a transaction to the network.

Parameters

- **transaction_envelope** (`Union[TransactionEnvelope, FeeBumpTransactionEnvelope, str]`) – `stellar_sdk.transaction_envelope.TransactionEnvelope` object or base64 encoded xdr
- **skip_memo_required_check** (`bool`) – Allow skipping memo

Return type

`Dict[str, Any]`

Returns

the response from horizon

Raises

`ConnectionError` `NotFoundError` `BadRequestError` `BadResponseError`
`UnknownRequestError` `AccountRequiresMemoError`

trade_aggregations(*base, counter, resolution, start_time=None, end_time=None, offset=None*)

Parameters

- **base** (*Asset*) – base asset
- **counter** (*Asset*) – counter asset
- **resolution** (*int*) – segment duration as millis since epoch. *Supported values are 1 minute (60000), 5 minutes (300000), 15 minutes (900000), 1 hour (3600000), 1 day (86400000) and 1 week (604800000).*
- **start_time** (*int*) – lower time boundary represented as millis since epoch
- **end_time** (*int*) – upper time boundary represented as millis since epoch
- **offset** (*int*) – segments can be offset using this parameter. Expressed in milliseconds. *Can only be used if the resolution is greater than 1 hour. Value must be in whole hours, less than the provided resolution, and less than 24 hours.*

Return type*TradeAggregationsCallBuilder***Returns**

New *stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.TradeAggregationsCallBuilder* object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

trades()**Return type***TradesCallBuilder***Returns**

New *stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.TradesCallBuilder* object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

transactions()**Return type***TransactionsCallBuilder***Returns**

New *stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_sync.TransactionsCallBuilder* object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

2.1.17 ServerAsync

```
class stellar_sdk.server_async.ServerAsync(horizon_url='https://horizon-testnet.stellar.org/',
                                           client=None)
```

ServerAsync handles the network connection to a [Horizon](#) instance and exposes an interface for requests to that instance.

An example:

```
import asyncio
from stellar_sdk import ServerAsync

async def example():
    async with ServerAsync("https://horizon-testnet.stellar.org") as server:
        resp = await server.transactions().limit(10).order(desc=True).call()
        print(resp)
```

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```
asyncio.run(example())
```

Parameters

- **horizon_url** (*str*) – Horizon Server URL (ex. "https://horizon-testnet.stellar.org" for test network, "https://horizon.stellar.org" for public network)
- **client** (*BaseAsyncClient*) – Http client used to send the request

accounts()**Return type***AccountsCallBuilder***Returns**

New *stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.AccountsCallBuilder* object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

assets()**Return type***AssetsCallBuilder***Returns**

New *stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.AssetsCallBuilder* object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

claimable_balances()**Return type***ClaimableBalancesCallBuilder***Returns**

New *stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.ClaimableBalancesCallBuilder* object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

async close()

Close underlying connector, and release all acquired resources.

Return type*None***data(account_id, data_name)****Return type***DataCallBuilder***Returns**

New *stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.DataCallBuilder* object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

effects()**Return type***EffectsCallBuilder*

Returns

New `stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.EffectsCallBuilder` object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

fee_stats()**Return type**

`FeeStatsCallBuilder`

Returns

New `stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.FeeStatsCallBuilder` object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

async fetch_base_fee()

Fetch the base fee. Since this hits the server, if the server call fails, you might get an error. You should be prepared to use a default value if that happens.

Return type

`int`

Returns

the base fee

Raises

`ConnectionError` `NotFoundError` `BadRequestError` `BadResponseError`
`UnknownRequestError`

ledgers()**Return type**

`LedgersCallBuilder`

Returns

New `stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.LedgersCallBuilder` object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

liquidity_pools()**Return type**

`LiquidityPoolsBuilder`

Returns

New `stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.LiquidityPoolsBuilder` object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

async load_account(account_id)

Fetches an account's most current base state (like sequence) in the ledger and then creates and returns an `stellar_sdk.account.Account` object.

If you want to get complete account information, please use `stellar_sdk.server.Server.accounts()`.

Parameters

account_id (`Union[MixedAccount, Keypair, str]`) – The account to load.

Return type

`Account`

Returns

an `stellar_sdk.account.Account` object.

Raises

ConnectionError *NotFoundError* *BadRequestError* *BadResponseError*
UnknownRequestError

offers()**Return type**

OffersCallBuilder

Returns

New *stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.OffersCallBuilder* object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

operations()**Return type**

OperationsCallBuilder

Returns

New *stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.OperationsCallBuilder* object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

orderbook(*selling*, *buying*)**Parameters**

- **selling** (*Asset*) – Asset being sold
- **buying** (*Asset*) – Asset being bought

Return type

OrderbookCallBuilder

Returns

New *stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.OrderbookCallBuilder* object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

payments()**Return type**

PaymentsCallBuilder

Returns

New *stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.PaymentsCallBuilder* object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

root()**Return type**

RootCallBuilder

Returns

New *stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.RootCallBuilder* object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

strict_receive_paths(*source*, *destination_asset*, *destination_amount*)**Parameters**

- **source** (*Union[str, List[Asset]]*) – The sender’s account ID or a list of Assets. Any returned path must use a source that the sender can hold.
- **destination_asset** (*Asset*) – The destination asset.

- **destination_amount** (`Union[str, Decimal]`) – The amount, denominated in the destination asset, that any returned path should be able to satisfy.

Return type`StrictReceivePathsCallBuilder`**Returns**

New `stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.StrictReceivePathsCallBuilder` object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

strict_send_paths(*source_asset, source_amount, destination*)

Parameters

- **source_asset** (`Asset`) – The asset to be sent.
- **source_amount** (`Union[str, Decimal]`) – The amount, denominated in the source asset, that any returned path should be able to satisfy.
- **destination** (`Union[str, List[Asset]]`) – The destination account or the destination assets.

Return type`StrictSendPathsCallBuilder`**Returns**

New `stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.StrictReceivePathsCallBuilder` object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

async submit_transaction(*transaction_envelope, skip_memo_required_check=False*)

Submits a transaction to the network.

Parameters

- **transaction_envelope** (`Union[TransactionEnvelope, FeeBumpTransactionEnvelope, str]`) – `stellar_sdk.transaction_envelope.TransactionEnvelope` object or base64 encoded xdr
- **skip_memo_required_check** (`bool`) – Allow skipping memo

Return type`Dict[str, Any]`**Returns**

the response from horizon

Raises

`ConnectionError` `NotFoundError` `BadRequestError` `BadResponseError`
`UnknownRequestError` `AccountRequiresMemoError`

trade_aggregations(*base, counter, resolution, start_time=None, end_time=None, offset=None*)

Parameters

- **base** (`Asset`) – base asset
- **counter** (`Asset`) – counter asset
- **resolution** (`int`) – segment duration as millis since epoch. *Supported values are 1 minute (60000), 5 minutes (300000), 15 minutes (900000), 1 hour (3600000), 1 day (86400000) and 1 week (604800000).*

- **start_time** (`int`) – lower time boundary represented as millis since epoch
- **end_time** (`int`) – upper time boundary represented as millis since epoch
- **offset** (`int`) – segments can be offset using this parameter. Expressed in milliseconds. *Can only be used if the resolution is greater than 1 hour. Value must be in whole hours, less than the provided resolution, and less than 24 hours.*

Return type`TradeAggregationsCallBuilder`**Returns**

New `stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.TradeAggregationsCallBuilder` object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

trades()**Return type**`TradesCallBuilder`**Returns**

New `stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.TradesCallBuilder` object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

transactions()**Return type**`TransactionsCallBuilder`**Returns**

New `stellar_sdk.call_builder.call_builder_async.TransactionsCallBuilder` object configured by a current Horizon server configuration.

2.1.18 Signer

class `stellar_sdk.signer.Signer`(*signer_key, weight*)

The `Signer` object, which represents an account signer on Stellar's network.

An example:

```
from stellar_sdk import Signer

signer_ed25519 = Signer.ed25519_public_key("GCC3U63F5OJIG4VS6XCFUJGCQRRMNCVGASDGIZZEP3AZ242K4J")
1) signer_sha256_hash = Signer.sha256_hash("XCC3U63F5OJIG4VS6XCFUJGCQRRMNCVGASDGIZZEP3AZ242K4J")
2) signer_pre_auth_tx = Signer.pre_auth_tx("TCC3U63F5OJIG4VS6XCFUJGCQRRMNCVGASDGIZZEP3AZ242K4J")
3) print(f'signer_ed25519 account id: {signer_ed25519.signer_key.encoded_signer_key}')
print(f'signer_ed25519 weight: {signer_ed25519.weight}')
```

Parameters

- **signer_key** (`SignerKey`) – The signer object
- **weight** (`int`) – The weight of the key

classmethod `ed25519_public_key`(*account_id, weight*)

Create ED25519 PUBLIC KEY Signer from account id.

Parameters

- **account_id** (`Union[str, bytes]`) – account id (ex. "GDNA2V62PVEFBZ74CDJKTUHL4Y7PL5UAV2MAM4VWF6USFE3SH2354AD")
- **weight** (`int`) – The weight of the signer (0 to delete or 1-255)

Return type*Signer***Returns**

ED25519 PUBLIC KEY Signer

Raises*Ed25519PublicKeyInvalidError*: if account_id is not a valid ed25519 public key.**classmethod** `from_xdr_object(xdr_object)`Create a *Signer* from an XDR Signer object.**Parameters****xdr_object** (*Signer*) – The XDR Signer object.**Return type***Signer***Returns**A new *Signer* object from the given XDR Signer object.**classmethod** `pre_auth_tx(pre_auth_tx_hash, weight)`Create Pre AUTH TX Signer from the sha256 hash of a transaction, click [here](#) for more information.**Parameters**

- **pre_auth_tx_hash** (`Union[str, bytes]`) – The sha256 hash of a transaction (ex. "TDNA2V62PVEFBZ74CDJKTUHL4Y7PL5UAV2MAM4VWF6USFE3SH234BSS" or bytes)
- **weight** (`int`) – The weight of the signer (0 to delete or 1-255)

Return type*Signer***Returns**

Pre AUTH TX Signer

classmethod `sha256_hash(sha256_hash, weight)`Create SHA256 HASH Signer from a sha256 hash of a preimage, click [here](#) for more information.**Parameters**

- **sha256_hash** (`Union[str, bytes]`) – a sha256 hash of a preimage (ex. "XDNA2V62PVEFBZ74CDJKTUHL4Y7PL5UAV2MAM4VWF6USFE3SH235FXL" or bytes)
- **weight** (`int`) – The weight of the signer (0 to delete or 1-255)

Return type*Signer***Returns**

SHA256 HASH Signer

to_xdr_object()

Returns the xdr object for this Signer object.

Return type*Signer*

Returns

XDR Signer object

2.1.19 SignerKey

class stellar_sdk.signer_key.**SignerKey**(*signer_key*, *signer_key_type*)

The *SignerKey* object, which represents an account signer key on Stellar's network.

Parameters

- **signer_key** (*bytes*) – The signer key.
- **signer_key** – The signer key type.

classmethod **ed25519_public_key**(*account_id*)

Create ED25519 PUBLIC KEY Signer from account id.

Parameters

account_id (*Union[str, bytes]*) – account id

Return type

SignerKey

Returns

ED25519 PUBLIC KEY Signer

Raises

Ed25519PublicKeyInvalidError: if *account_id* is not a valid ed25519 public key.

classmethod **ed25519_signed_payload**(*ed25519_signed_payload*)

Create ed25519 signed payload Signer from an ed25519 signed payload, click [here](#) for more information.

Parameters

ed25519_signed_payload (*Union[str, bytes, SignedPayloadSigner]*) – a sha256 hash of a preimage

Return type

SignerKey

Returns

ed25519 signed payload signer

property **encoded_signer_key**: *str*

return: The signer key encoded in Strkey format.

classmethod **from_encoded_signer_key**(*encoded_signer_key*)

Parse the encoded signer key.

Parameters

encoded_signer_key (*str*) – The encoded signer key. (ex. GBJCHUKZMTFSL0MNC7P4TS4VJJBTCYL3XKSOLXAUJSD56C4LHND5TWUC)

Return type

SignerKey

Returns

The *SignerKey* object.

classmethod `from_xdr_object(xdr_object)`

Create a [SignerKey](#) from an XDR SignerKey object.

Parameters

xdr_object ([SignerKey](#)) – The XDR SignerKey object.

Return type

[SignerKey](#)

Returns

A new [SignerKey](#) object from the given XDR SignerKey object.

classmethod `pre_auth_tx(pre_auth_tx_hash)`

Create Pre AUTH TX Signer from the sha256 hash of a transaction, click [here](#) for more information.

Parameters

pre_auth_tx_hash ([Union\[str, bytes\]](#)) – The sha256 hash of a transaction.

Return type

[SignerKey](#)

Returns

Pre AUTH TX Signer

classmethod `sha256_hash(sha256_hash)`

Create SHA256 HASH Signer from a sha256 hash of a preimage, click [here](#) for more information.

Parameters

sha256_hash ([Union\[str, bytes\]](#)) – a sha256 hash of a preimage

Return type

[SignerKey](#)

Returns

SHA256 HASH Signer

to_xdr_object()

Returns the xdr object for this SignerKey object.

Return type

[SignerKey](#)

Returns

XDR Signer object

class `stellar_sdk.signer_key.SignerKeyType(value, names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None)`

2.1.20 StrKey

class `stellar_sdk.strkey.StrKey`

StrKey is a helper class that allows encoding and decoding strkey.

static `decode_contract(data)`

Decodes encoded contract strkey to raw data.

Parameters

data ([str](#)) – encoded contract strkey

Return type`bytes`**Returns**

raw bytes

Raises`ValueError`**static** `decode_ed25519_public_key(data)`

Decodes encoded ed25519 public key strkey to raw data.

Parameters**data** (`str`) – encoded ed25519 public key strkey**Return type**`bytes`**Returns**

raw bytes

Raises`Ed25519PublicKeyInvalidError`**static** `decode_ed25519_secret_seed(data)`

Decodes encoded ed25519 secret seed strkey to raw data.

Parameters**data** (`str`) – encoded ed25519 secret seed strkey**Return type**`bytes`**Returns**

raw bytes

Raises`Ed25519SecretSeedInvalidError`**static** `decode_ed25519_signed_payload(data)`

Decodes encoded ed25519 signed payload strkey to raw data.

Parameters**data** (`str`) – encoded ed25519 signed payload strkey**Return type**`bytes`**Returns**

raw bytes

Raises`ValueError`**static** `decode_muxed_account(data)`

Decodes encoded muxed account strkey to raw data.

Parameters**data** (`str`) – encoded muxed account strkey**Return type**`MuxedAccount`

Returns

raw bytes

Raises

ValueError

static `decode_pre_auth_tx(data)`

Decodes encoded pre auth tx strkey to raw data.

Parameters

data (`str`) – encoded pre auth tx strkey

Return type

`bytes`

Returns

raw bytes

Raises

ValueError

static `decode_sha256_hash(data)`

Decodes encoded sha256 hash strkey to raw data.

Parameters

data (`str`) – encoded sha256 hash strkey

Return type

`bytes`

Returns

raw bytes

Raises

ValueError

static `encode_contract(data)`

Encodes data to encoded contract strkey.

Parameters

data (`bytes`) – data to encode

Return type

`str`

Returns

encoded contract strkey

Raises

ValueError

static `encode_ed25519_public_key(data)`

Encodes data to encoded ed25519 public key strkey.

Parameters

data (`bytes`) – data to encode

Return type

`str`

Returns

encoded ed25519 public key strkey

Raises

ValueError

static `encode_ed25519_secret_seed(data)`

Encodes data to encoded ed25519 secret seed strkey.

Parameters

data (`bytes`) – data to encode

Return type

`str`

Returns

encoded ed25519 secret seed strkey

Raises

ValueError

static `encode_ed25519_signed_payload(data)`

Encodes data to encoded ed25519 signed payload strkey.

Parameters

data (`bytes`) – data to encode

Return type

`str`

Returns

encoded ed25519 signed payload strkey

Raises

ValueError

static `encode_muxed_account(data)`

Encodes data to encoded muxed account strkey.

Parameters

data (`MixedAccount`) – data to encode

Return type

`str`

Returns

encoded muxed account strkey

Raises

ValueError

static `encode_pre_auth_tx(data)`

Encodes data to encoded pre auth tx strkey.

Parameters

data (`bytes`) – data to encode

Return type

`str`

Returns

encoded pre auth tx strkey

Raises

ValueError

static `encode_sha256_hash(data)`

Encodes data to encoded sha256 hash strkey.

Parameters

data (`bytes`) – data to encode

Return type

`str`

Returns

encoded sha256 hash strkey

Raises

`ValueError`

static `is_valid_contract(contract)`

Returns True if the given *contract* is a valid encoded contract strkey.

Parameters

pre_auth_tx – encoded contract strkey

Return type

`bool`

Returns

True if the given key is valid

static `is_valid_ed25519_public_key(public_key)`

Returns True if the given *seed* is a valid ed25519 public key strkey.

Parameters

public_key (`str`) – encoded ed25519 public key strkey

Return type

`bool`

Returns

True if the given key is valid

static `is_valid_ed25519_secret_seed(seed)`

Returns True if the given *seed* is a valid ed25519 secret seed strkey.

Parameters

seed (`str`) – encoded ed25519 secret seed strkey

Return type

`bool`

Returns

True if the given key is valid

static `is_valid_ed25519_signed_payload(ed25519_signed_payload)`

Returns True if the given *ed25519_signed_payload* is a valid encoded ed25519 signed payload strkey.

Parameters

ed25519_signed_payload (`str`) – encoded ed25519 signed payload strkey

Return type

`bool`

Returns

True if the given key is valid

static `is_valid_pre_auth_tx(pre_auth_tx)`

Returns True if the given *pre_auth_tx* is a valid encoded pre auth tx strkey.

Parameters

pre_auth_tx (*str*) – encoded pre auth tx strkey

Return type

bool

Returns

True if the given key is valid

static `is_valid_sha256_hash(sha256_hash)`

Returns True if the given *sha256_hash* is a valid encoded sha256 hash(HashX) strkey.

Parameters

sha256_hash (*str*) – encoded sha256 hash(HashX) strkey

Return type

bool

Returns

True if the given key is valid

2.1.21 TimeBounds

class `stellar_sdk.time_bounds.TimeBounds(min_time, max_time)`

TimeBounds represents the time interval that a transaction is valid.

The UNIX timestamp (in seconds), determined by ledger time, of a lower and upper bound of when this transaction will be valid. If a transaction is submitted too early or too late, it will fail to make it into the transaction set. *max_time* equal 0 means that it's not set.

See [Stellar's documentation on Transactions](#) for more information on how TimeBounds are used within transactions.

Parameters

- **min_time** (*int*) – the UNIX timestamp (in seconds)
- **max_time** (*int*) – the UNIX timestamp (in seconds)

Raises

ValueError: if *max_time* less than *min_time*.

classmethod `from_xdr_object(xdr_object)`

Create a *TimeBounds* from an XDR TimeBounds object.

Parameters

xdr_object (*TimeBounds*) – The XDR TimeBounds object.

Return type

TimeBounds

Returns

A new *TimeBounds* object from the given XDR TimeBounds object.

to_xdr_object()

Returns the xdr object for this TimeBounds object.

Return type*TimeBounds***Returns**

XDR TimeBounds object

2.1.22 DecoratedSignature

class stellar_sdk.decorated_signature.**DecoratedSignature**(*signature_hint, signature*)**classmethod** **from_xdr_object**(*xdr_object*)Create a *DecoratedSignature* from an XDR DecoratedSignature object.**Parameters****xdr_object** (*DecoratedSignature*) – The XDR DecoratedSignature object.**Return type***DecoratedSignature***Returns**A new *DecoratedSignature* object from the given XDR DecoratedSignature object.**to_xdr_object**()

Returns the xdr object for this DecoratedSignature object.

Return type*DecoratedSignature***Returns**

XDR DecoratedSignature object

2.1.23 Transaction

class stellar_sdk.transaction.**Transaction**(*source, sequence, fee, operations, memo=None, preconditions=None, soroban_data=None, v1=True*)The *Transaction* object, which represents a transaction(Transaction or TransactionV0) on Stellar's network.

A transaction contains a list of operations, which are all executed in order as one ACID transaction, along with an associated source account, fee, account sequence number, list of signatures, both an optional memo and an optional TimeBounds. Typically a *Transaction* is placed in a *TransactionEnvelope* which is then signed before being sent over the network.

For more information on Transactions in Stellar, see [Stellar's guide on transactions](#).

Parameters

- **source** (*Union[MixedAccount, Keypair, str]*) – the source account for the transaction.
- **sequence** (*int*) – The sequence number for the transaction.
- **fee** (*int*) – The max fee amount for the transaction, which should equal FEE (currently least 100 stroops) multiplied by the number of operations in the transaction. See [Stellar's latest documentation on fees](#) for more information.
- **operations** (*Sequence[Operation]*) – A list of operations objects (typically its subclasses as defined in *stellar_sdk.operation.Operation*).
- **preconditions** (*Preconditions*) – The preconditions for the validity of this transaction.

- **memo** (*Memo*) – The memo being sent with the transaction, being represented as one of the subclasses of the *Memo* object.
- **soroban_data** (*SorobanTransactionData*) – The soroban data being sent with the transaction, being represented as *SorobanTransactionData*.
- **v1** (*bool*) – When this value is set to *True*, V1 transactions will be generated, otherwise V0 transactions will be generated. See [CAP-0015](#) for more information.

classmethod `from_xdr(xdr, v1=True)`

Create a new *Transaction* from an XDR string.

Parameters

- **xdr** (*str*) – The XDR string that represents a transaction.
- **v1** (*bool*) – Temporary feature flag to allow alpha testing of Stellar Protocol 13 transactions. We will remove this once all transactions are supposed to be v1. See [CAP-0015](#) for more information.

Return type

Transaction

Returns

A new *Transaction* object from the given XDR Transaction base64 string object.

classmethod `from_xdr_object(xdr_object, v1=True)`

Create a new *Transaction* from an XDR object.

Parameters

- **xdr_object** (*Union[Transaction, TransactionV0]*) – The XDR object that represents a transaction.
- **v1** (*bool*) – Temporary feature flag to allow alpha testing of Stellar Protocol 13 transactions. We will remove this once all transactions are supposed to be v1. See [CAP-0015](#) for more information.

Return type

Transaction

Returns

A new *Transaction* object from the given XDR Transaction object.

get_claimable_balance_id(operation_index)

Calculate the claimable balance ID for an operation within the transaction.

Parameters

operation_index (*int*) – the index of the *CreateClaimableBalance* operation.

Return type

str

Returns

a hex string representing the claimable balance ID.

Raises

IndexError: if *operation_index* is invalid.

TypeError: if operation at *operation_index* is not *FeeBumpTransactionEnvelope*.

to_xdr_object()

Get an XDR object representation of this *Transaction*.

Return type

`Union[Transaction, TransactionV0]`

Returns

XDR Transaction object

2.1.24 TransactionEnvelope

class stellar_sdk.transaction_envelope.TransactionEnvelope(*transaction, network_passphrase, signatures=None*)

The *TransactionEnvelope* object, which represents a transaction envelope ready to sign and submit to send over the network.

When a transaction is ready to be prepared for sending over the network, it must be put into a *TransactionEnvelope*, which includes additional metadata such as the signers for a given transaction. Ultimately, this class handles signing and conversion to and from XDR for usage on Stellar's network.

Parameters

- **transaction** (*Transaction*) – The transaction that is encapsulated in this envelope.
- **signatures** (*list*) – which contains a list of signatures that have already been created.
- **network_passphrase** (*str*) – The network to connect to for verifying and retrieving additional attributes from.

classmethod from_xdr(*xdr, network_passphrase*)

Create a new BaseTransactionEnvelope from an XDR string.

Parameters

- **xdr** (*str*) – The XDR string that represents a transaction envelope.
- **network_passphrase** (*str*) – which network this transaction envelope is associated with.

Return type

`TypeVar(T)`

Returns

A new BaseTransactionEnvelope object from the given XDR TransactionEnvelope base64 string object.

classmethod from_xdr_object(*xdr_object, network_passphrase*)

Create a new *TransactionEnvelope* from an XDR object.

Parameters

- **xdr_object** (*TransactionEnvelope*) – The XDR object that represents a transaction envelope.
- **network_passphrase** (*str*) – The network to connect to for verifying and retrieving additional attributes from.

Return type

TransactionEnvelope

Returns

A new *TransactionEnvelope* object from the given XDR TransactionEnvelope object.

hash()

Get the XDR Hash of the signature base.

This hash is ultimately what is signed before transactions are sent over the network. See [signature_base\(\)](#) for more details about this process.

Return type

`bytes`

Returns

The XDR Hash of this transaction envelope's signature base.

hash_hex()

Return a hex encoded hash for this transaction envelope.

Return type

`str`

Returns

A hex encoded hash for this transaction envelope.

sign(signer)

Sign this transaction envelope with a given keypair.

Note that the signature must not already be in this instance's list of signatures.

Parameters

signer (`Union[Keypair, str]`) – The keypair or secret to use for signing this transaction envelope.

Raise

`SignatureExistError`: if this signature already exists.

Return type

`None`

sign_extra_signers_payload(signer)

Sign this extra signers' payload with a given keypair.

Note that the signature must not already be in this instance's list of signatures.

Parameters

signer (`Union[Keypair, str]`) – The keypair or secret to use for signing this extra signers' payload.

Raise

`SignatureExistError`: if this signature already exists.

Return type

`None`

sign_hashx(preimage)

Sign this transaction envelope with a Hash(x) signature.

See Stellar's documentation on [Multi-Sig](#) for more details on Hash(x) signatures.

Parameters

preimage (`Union[bytes, str]`) – Preimage of hash used as signer, byte hash or hex encoded string

Return type

`None`

signature_base()

Get the signature base of this transaction envelope.

Return the “signature base” of this transaction, which is the value that, when hashed, should be signed to create a signature that validators on the Stellar Network will accept.

It is composed of a 4 prefix bytes followed by the xdr-encoded form of this transaction.

Return type

`bytes`

Returns

The signature base of this transaction envelope.

to_transaction_envelope_v1()

Create a new *TransactionEnvelope*, if the internal tx is not v1, we will convert it to v1.

Return type

TransactionEnvelope

to_xdr()

Get the base64 encoded XDR string representing this *BaseTransactionEnvelope*.

Return type

`str`

Returns

XDR *TransactionEnvelope* base64 string object

to_xdr_object()

Get an XDR object representation of this *TransactionEnvelope*.

Return type

TransactionEnvelope

Returns

XDR *TransactionEnvelope* object

2.1.25 FeeBumpTransaction

class stellar_sdk.fee_bump_transaction.**FeeBumpTransaction**(*fee_source*, *base_fee*,
inner_transaction_envelope)

The *FeeBumpTransaction* object, which represents a fee bump transaction on Stellar’s network.

See [Fee-Bump Transactions](#) for more information. See [CAP-0015](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **fee_source** (`Union[MixedAccount, Keypair, str]`) – The account paying for the transaction.
- **base_fee** (`int`) – The max fee willing to pay per operation in inner transaction (**in stroops**).
- **inner_transaction_envelope** (*TransactionEnvelope*) – The *TransactionEnvelope* to be bumped by the fee bump transaction.

classmethod **from_xdr**(*xdr*, *network_passphrase*)

Create a new *FeeBumpTransaction* from an XDR string.

Parameters

- **xdr** (*str*) – The XDR string that represents a transaction.
- **network_passphrase** (*str*) – The network to connect to for verifying and retrieving additional attributes from.

Return type*FeeBumpTransaction***Returns**

A new *FeeBumpTransaction* object from the given XDR FeeBumpTransaction base64 string object.

classmethod **from_xdr_object**(*xdr_object*, *network_passphrase*)

Create a new *FeeBumpTransaction* from an XDR object.

Parameters

- **xdr_object** (*FeeBumpTransaction*) – The XDR object that represents a fee bump transaction.
- **network_passphrase** (*str*) – The network to connect to for verifying and retrieving additional attributes from.

Return type*FeeBumpTransaction***Returns**

A new *FeeBumpTransaction* object from the given XDR Transaction object.

to_xdr_object()

Get an XDR object representation of this *FeeBumpTransaction*.

Return type*FeeBumpTransaction***Returns**

XDR Transaction object

2.1.26 FeeBumpTransactionEnvelope

class stellar_sdk.fee_bump_transaction_envelope.**FeeBumpTransactionEnvelope**(*transaction*, *network_passphrase*, *signatures=None*)

The *FeeBumpTransactionEnvelope* object, which represents a fee bump transaction envelope ready to sign and submit to send over the network.

When a fee bump transaction is ready to be prepared for sending over the network, it must be put into a *FeeBumpTransactionEnvelope*, which includes additional metadata such as the signers for a given transaction. Ultimately, this class handles signing and conversion to and from XDR for usage on Stellar's network.

See [Fee-Bump Transactions](#) for more information. See [CAP-0015](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **transaction** (*FeeBumpTransaction*) – The fee bump transaction that is encapsulated in this envelope.
- **signatures** (*Sequence[DecoratedSignature]*) – which contains a list of signatures that have already been created.

- **network_passphrase** (`str`) – The network to connect to for verifying and retrieving additional attributes from.

classmethod `from_xdr(xdr, network_passphrase)`

Create a new `BaseTransactionEnvelope` from an XDR string.

Parameters

- **xdr** (`str`) – The XDR string that represents a transaction envelope.
- **network_passphrase** (`str`) – which network this transaction envelope is associated with.

Return type

`TypeVar(T)`

Returns

A new `BaseTransactionEnvelope` object from the given XDR `TransactionEnvelope` base64 string object.

classmethod `from_xdr_object(xdr_object, network_passphrase)`

Create a new `FeeBumpTransactionEnvelope` from an XDR object.

Parameters

- **xdr_object** (`TransactionEnvelope`) – The XDR object that represents a fee bump transaction envelope.
- **network_passphrase** (`str`) – The network to connect to for verifying and retrieving additional attributes from.

Return type

`FeeBumpTransactionEnvelope`

Returns

A new `FeeBumpTransactionEnvelope` object from the given XDR `TransactionEnvelope` object.

hash()

Get the XDR Hash of the signature base.

This hash is ultimately what is signed before transactions are sent over the network. See [signature_base\(\)](#) for more details about this process.

Return type

`bytes`

Returns

The XDR Hash of this transaction envelope's signature base.

hash_hex()

Return a hex encoded hash for this transaction envelope.

Return type

`str`

Returns

A hex encoded hash for this transaction envelope.

sign(signer)

Sign this transaction envelope with a given keypair.

Note that the signature must not already be in this instance's list of signatures.

Parameters

signer (`Union[Keypair, str]`) – The keypair or secret to use for signing this transaction envelope.

Raise

`SignatureExistError`: if this signature already exists.

Return type

`None`

sign_hashx(*preimage*)

Sign this transaction envelope with a Hash(x) signature.

See Stellar’s documentation on [Multi-Sig](#) for more details on Hash(x) signatures.

Parameters

preimage (`Union[bytes, str]`) – Preimage of hash used as signer, byte hash or hex encoded string

Return type

`None`

signature_base()

Get the signature base of this transaction envelope.

Return the “signature base” of this transaction, which is the value that, when hashed, should be signed to create a signature that validators on the Stellar Network will accept.

It is composed of a 4 prefix bytes followed by the xdr-encoded form of this transaction.

Return type

`bytes`

Returns

The signature base of this transaction envelope.

to_xdr()

Get the base64 encoded XDR string representing this `BaseTransactionEnvelope`.

Return type

`str`

Returns

XDR `TransactionEnvelope` base64 string object

to_xdr_object()

Get an XDR object representation of this `TransactionEnvelope`.

Return type

`TransactionEnvelope`

Returns

XDR `TransactionEnvelope` object

2.1.27 TransactionBuilder

```
class stellar_sdk.transaction_builder.TransactionBuilder(source_account,
                                                         network_passphrase='Test SDF Network ;
                                                         September 2015', base_fee=100,
                                                         v1=True)
```

Transaction builder helps constructs a new *TransactionEnvelope* using the given *Account* as the transaction's "source account". The transaction will use the current sequence number of the given account as its sequence number and increment the given account's sequence number by one.

Operations can be added to the transaction via their corresponding builder methods, and each returns the *TransactionEnvelope* object, so they can be chained together. After adding the desired operations, call the *build()* method on the TransactionBuilder to return a fully constructed *TransactionEnvelope* that can be signed.

Be careful about **unsubmitted transactions**! When you build a transaction, stellar-sdk automatically increments the source account's sequence number. If you end up not submitting this transaction and submitting another one instead, it'll fail due to the sequence number being wrong. So if you decide not to use a built transaction, make sure to update the source account's sequence number with *stellar_sdk.server.Server.load_account()* or *stellar_sdk.server_async.ServerAsync.load_account()* before creating another transaction.

The following code example creates a new transaction with *CreateAccount* and *Payment* operations. The Transaction's source account(alice) first funds *bob*, then sends a payment to *bob*. The built transaction is then signed by *alice_keypair*:

```
# Alice funds Bob with 5 XLM and then pays Bob 10.25 XLM
from stellar_sdk import Server, Asset, Keypair, TransactionBuilder, Network

alice_keypair = Keypair.from_secret(
    ↪ "SBFZCHU5645DOKRWYBXVOXY2ELGJKFRX6VGGPRYUWHQ7PMXXJNDZFMKD")
bob_address = "GA7YNBW5CBTJZ3ZZOWX3ZNBKD60E7A7IHUQVWMY62W2ZBG2SGZVOOPVH"

server = Server("https://horizon-testnet.stellar.org")
alice_account = server.load_account(alice_keypair.public_key)
network_passphrase = Network.TESTNET_NETWORK_PASSPHRASE
base_fee = 100
transaction = (
    TransactionBuilder(
        source_account=alice_account,
        network_passphrase=network_passphrase,
        base_fee=base_fee,
    )
    .add_text_memo("Hello, Stellar!")
    .append_create_account_op(bob_address, "5")
    .append_payment_op(bob_address, Asset.native(), "10.25")
    .set_timeout(30)
    .build()
)
transaction.sign(alice_keypair)
response = server.submit_transaction(transaction)
print(response)
```

Parameters

- **source_account** (*Account*) – The source account for this transaction.

- **network_passphrase** (*str*) – The network to connect to for verifying and retrieving additional attributes from. Defaults to `Test SDF Network ; September 2015`.
- **base_fee** (*int*) – Max fee you’re willing to pay per operation in this transaction (**in stroops**).
- **v1** (*bool*) – When this value is set to `True`, V1 transactions will be generated, otherwise V0 transactions will be generated. See [CAP-0015](#) for more information.

add_extra_signer(*signer_key*)

For the transaction to be valid, there must be a signature corresponding to every Signer in this array, even if the signature is not otherwise required by the source account or operations. Internally this will set the `SignerKey` precondition.

Parameters

signer_key (*Union[SignerKey, SignedPayloadSigner, str]*) – The signer key

Return type

TransactionBuilder

Returns

This builder instance.

add_hash_memo(*memo_hash*)

Set the memo for the transaction to a new *HashMemo*.

Parameters

memo_hash (*Union[bytes, str]*) – A 32 byte hash or hex encoded string to use as the memo.

Return type

TransactionBuilder

Returns

This builder instance.

Raises

MemoInvalidException: if *memo_hash* is not a valid hash memo.

add_id_memo(*memo_id*)

Set the memo for the transaction to a new *IdMemo*.

Parameters

memo_id (*int*) – A 64 bit unsigned integer to set as the memo.

Return type

TransactionBuilder

Returns

This builder instance.

Raises

MemoInvalidException: if *memo_id* is not a valid id memo.

add_memo(*memo*)

Set the memo for the transaction build by this Builder.

Parameters

memo (*Memo*) – A memo to add to this transaction.

Return type

TransactionBuilder

Returns

This builder instance.

add_return_hash_memo(*memo_return*)

Set the memo for the transaction to a new *RetHashMemo*.

Parameters

memo_return (*Union[bytes, str]*) – A 32 byte hash or hex encoded string intended to be interpreted as the hash of the transaction the sender is refunding.

Return type

TransactionBuilder

Returns

This builder instance.

Raises

MemoInvalidException: if *memo_return* is not a valid return hash memo.

add_text_memo(*memo_text*)

Set the memo for the transaction to a new *TextMemo*.

Parameters

memo_text (*Union[str, bytes]*) – The text for the memo to add.

Return type

TransactionBuilder

Returns

This builder instance.

Raises

MemoInvalidException: if *memo_text* is not a valid text memo.

add_time_bounds(*min_time*, *max_time*)

Sets a timeout precondition on the transaction.

Because of the distributed nature of the Stellar network it is possible that the status of your transaction will be determined after a long time if the network is highly congested. If you want to be sure to receive the status of the transaction within a given period you should set the *TimeBounds* with *max_time* on the transaction (this is what *set_timeout()* does internally).

Please note that Horizon may still return **504 Gateway Timeout** error, even for short timeouts. In such case you need to resubmit the same transaction again without making any changes to receive a status. This method is using the machine system time (UTC), make sure it is set correctly.

Add a UNIX timestamp, determined by ledger time, of a lower and upper bound of when this transaction will be valid. If a transaction is submitted too early or too late, it will fail to make it into the transaction set. *max_time* equal 0 means that it's not set.

Parameters

- **min_time** (*int*) – the UNIX timestamp (in seconds)
- **max_time** (*int*) – the UNIX timestamp (in seconds)

Return type

TransactionBuilder

Returns

This builder instance.

append_account_merge_op(*destination*, *source=None*)

Append a *AccountMerge* operation to the list of operations.

Parameters

- **destination** (`Union[MixedAccount, str]`) – The ID of the offer. 0 for new offer. Set to existing offer ID to update or delete.
- **source** (`Union[MixedAccount, str, None]`) – The source address that is being merged into the destination account.

Return type

TransactionBuilder

Returns

This builder instance.

append_allow_trust_op(*trustor, asset_code, authorize, source=None*)

Append an *AllowTrust* operation to the list of operations.

Parameters

- **trustor** (`str`) – The account of the recipient of the trustline.
- **asset_code** (`str`) – The asset of the trustline the source account is authorizing. For example, if an anchor wants to allow another account to hold its USD credit, the type is USD:anchor.
- **authorize** (`Union[TrustLineEntryFlag, bool]`) – *True* to authorize the line, *False* to deauthorize if you need further control, you can also use *stellar_sdk.operation.allow_trust.TrustLineEntryFlag*.
- **source** (`Union[MixedAccount, str, None]`) – The source address that is establishing the trust in the allow trust operation.

Return type

TransactionBuilder

Returns

This builder instance.

append_begin_sponsoring_future_reserves_op(*sponsored_id, source=None*)

Append a *BeginSponsoringFutureReserves* operation to the list of operations.

Parameters

- **sponsored_id** (`str`) – The sponsored account id.
- **source** (`Union[MixedAccount, str, None]`) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

Return type

TransactionBuilder

Returns

This builder instance.

append_bump_sequence_op(*bump_to, source=None*)

Append a *BumpSequence* operation to the list of operations.

Parameters

- **bump_to** (`int`) – Sequence number to bump to.
- **source** (`Union[MixedAccount, str, None]`) – The source address that is running the inflation operation.

Return type

TransactionBuilder

Returns

This builder instance.

append_change_trust_op(*asset*, *limit=None*, *source=None*)

Append a [*ChangeTrust*](#) operation to the list of operations.

Parameters

- **asset** ([*Union\[Asset, LiquidityPoolAsset\]*](#)) – The asset for the trust line.
- **limit** ([*Union\[str, Decimal\]*](#)) – The limit for the asset, defaults to max int64(922337203685.4775807). If the limit is set to "0" it deletes the trustline.
- **source** ([*Union\[MuxedAccount, str, None\]*](#)) – The source address to add the trustline to.

Return type

[*TransactionBuilder*](#)

Returns

This builder instance.

append_claim_claimable_balance_op(*balance_id*, *source=None*)

Append a [*ClaimClaimableBalance*](#) operation to the list of operations.

Parameters

- **balance_id** ([*str*](#)) – The claimable balance id to be claimed.
- **source** ([*Union\[MuxedAccount, str, None\]*](#)) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

Return type

[*TransactionBuilder*](#)

append_clawback_claimable_balance_op(*balance_id*, *source=None*)

Append an [*ClawbackClaimableBalance*](#) operation to the list of operations.

Parameters

- **balance_id** ([*str*](#)) – The claimable balance ID to be clawed back.
- **source** ([*Union\[MuxedAccount, str, None\]*](#)) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

Return type

[*TransactionBuilder*](#)

Returns

This builder instance.

append_clawback_op(*asset*, *from_*, *amount*, *source=None*)

Append an [*Clawback*](#) operation to the list of operations.

Parameters

- **asset** ([*Asset*](#)) – The asset being clawed back.
- **from_** – The public key of the account to claw back from.
- **amount** ([*Union\[str, Decimal\]*](#)) – The amount of the asset to claw back.
- **source** ([*Union\[MuxedAccount, str, None\]*](#)) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

Return type

[*TransactionBuilder*](#)

append_create_account_op(*destination, starting_balance, source=None*)

Append a [CreateAccount](#) operation to the list of operations.

Parameters

- **destination** ([str](#)) – Account address that is created and funded.
- **starting_balance** ([Union\[str, Decimal\]](#)) – Amount of XLM to send to the newly created account. This XLM comes from the source account.
- **source** ([Union\[MixedAccount, str, None\]](#)) – The source address to deduct funds from to fund the new account.

Return type

[TransactionBuilder](#)

Returns

This builder instance.

append_create_claimable_balance_op(*asset, amount, claimants, source=None*)

Append a [CreateClaimableBalance](#) operation to the list of operations.

Parameters

- **asset** ([Asset](#)) – The asset for the claimable balance.
- **amount** ([Union\[str, Decimal\]](#)) – the amount of the asset.
- **claimants** ([Sequence\[Claimant\]](#)) – A list of Claimants.
- **source** ([Union\[MixedAccount, str, None\]](#)) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

Return type

[TransactionBuilder](#)

append_create_contract_op(*wasm_id, address, salt=None, auth=None, source=None*)

Append an [InvokeHostFunction](#) operation to the list of operations.

You can use this method to create a contract.

Parameters

- **wasm_id** ([Union\[bytes, str\]](#)) – The ID of the contract code to install.
- **address** ([Union\[str, Address\]](#)) – The address using to derive the contract ID.
- **salt** ([Optional\[bytes\]](#)) – The 32-byte salt to use to derive the contract ID.
- **auth** ([Sequence\[SorobanAuthorizationEntry\]](#)) – The authorizations required to execute the host function.
- **source** ([Union\[MixedAccount, str, None\]](#)) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

Return type

[TransactionBuilder](#)

Returns

This builder instance.

append_create_passive_sell_offer_op(*selling, buying, amount, price, source=None*)

Append a [CreatePassiveSellOffer](#) operation to the list of operations.

Parameters

- **selling** (*Asset*) – What you’re selling.
- **buying** (*Asset*) – What you’re buying.
- **amount** (*Union[str, Decimal]*) – The total amount you’re selling.
- **price** (*Union[Price, str, Decimal]*) – Price of 1 unit of *selling* in terms of *buying*.
- **source** (*Union[MuxedAccount, str, None]*) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction’s source account.

Return type*TransactionBuilder***Returns**

This builder instance.

append_create_stellar_asset_contract_from_address_op(*address*, *salt=None*, *auth=None*, *source=None*)

Append an *InvokeHostFunction* operation to the list of operations.

You can use this method to create a new Soroban token contract.

I do not recommend using this method, please check [the documentation](#) for more information.

Parameters

- **address** (*Union[str, Address]*) – The address using to derive the contract ID.
- **salt** (*Optional[bytes]*) – The 32-byte salt to use to derive the contract ID.
- **auth** (*Sequence[SorobanAuthorizationEntry]*) – The authorizations required to execute the host function.
- **source** (*Union[MuxedAccount, str, None]*) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction’s source account.

Return type*TransactionBuilder***Returns**

This builder instance.

append_create_stellar_asset_contract_from_asset_op(*asset*, *source=None*)

Append an *InvokeHostFunction* operation to the list of operations.

You can use this method to deploy a contract that wraps a classic asset.

Parameters

- **asset** (*Asset*) – The asset to wrap.
- **source** (*Union[MuxedAccount, str, None]*) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction’s source account.

Return type*TransactionBuilder***Returns**

This builder instance.

append_ed25519_public_key_signer(*account_id*, *weight*, *source=None*)

Add a ed25519 public key signer to an account via a *SetOptions* <*stellar_sdk.operation.SetOptions*> operation. This is a helper function for [append_set_options_op\(\)](#).

Parameters

- **account_id** (`str`) – The account id of the new `ed25519_public_key` signer. (ex. "GDNA2V62PVEFBZ74CDJKTUHL4Y7PL5UAV2MAM4VWF6USFE3SH2354AD")
- **weight** (`int`) – The weight of the new signer.
- **source** (`Union[MixedAccount, str, None]`) – The source account that is adding a signer to its list of signers.

Return type

TransactionBuilder

Returns

This builder instance.

append_end_sponsoring_future_reserves_op(*source=None*)

Append a *EndSponsoringFutureReserves* operation to the list of operations.

Parameters

source (`Union[MixedAccount, str, None]`) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

Return type

TransactionBuilder

Returns

This builder instance.

append_extend_footprint_ttl_op(*extend_to, source=None*)

Append an *ExtendFootprintTTL* operation to the list of operations.

Parameters

- **extend_to** (`int`) – The number of ledgers past the LCL (last closed ledger) by which to extend the validity of the ledger keys in this transaction.
- **source** (`Union[MixedAccount, str, None]`) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

Return type

TransactionBuilder

Returns

This builder instance.

append_hashx_signer(*sha256_hash, weight, source=None*)

Add a sha256 hash(HashX) signer to an account via a `SetOptions <stellar_sdk.operation.SetOptions` operation. This is a helper function for *append_set_options_op()*.

Parameters

- **sha256_hash** (`Union[bytes, str]`) – The address of the new sha256 hash(hashX) signer, a 32 byte hash, hex encoded string or encode strkey. (ex. "XDNA2V62PVEFBZ74CDJKTUHL4Y7PL5UAV2MAM4VWF6USFE3SH235FXL", "da0d57da7d4850e7fc10d2a9d0ebc731f7afb40574c03395b17d49149b91f5be" or bytes)
- **weight** (`int`) – The weight of the new signer.
- **source** (`Union[MixedAccount, str, None]`) – The source account that is adding a signer to its list of signers.

Return type

TransactionBuilder

Returns

This builder instance.

append_inflation_op(*source=None*)

Append a *Inflation* operation to the list of operations.

Parameters

source (*Union[MixedAccount, str, None]*) – The source address that is running the inflation operation.

Return type

TransactionBuilder

Returns

This builder instance.

append_invoke_contract_function_op(*contract_id, function_name, parameters=None, auth=None, source=None*)

Append an *InvokeHostFunction* operation to the list of operations.

You can use this method to invoke a contract function.

Parameters

- **contract_id** (*str*) – The ID of the contract to invoke.
- **function_name** (*str*) – The name of the function to invoke.
- **parameters** (*Sequence[SCVal]*) – The parameters to pass to the method.
- **auth** (*Sequence[SorobanAuthorizationEntry]*) – The authorizations required to execute the host function.
- **source** (*Union[MixedAccount, str, None]*) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

Return type

TransactionBuilder

Returns

This builder instance.

append_liquidity_pool_deposit_op(*liquidity_pool_id, max_amount_a, max_amount_b, min_price, max_price, source=None*)

Append an *LiquidityPoolDeposit* operation to the list of operations.

Parameters

- **liquidity_pool_id** (*str*) – The liquidity pool ID.
- **max_amount_a** (*Union[str, Decimal]*) – Maximum amount of first asset to deposit.
- **max_amount_b** (*Union[str, Decimal]*) – Maximum amount of second asset to deposit.
- **min_price** (*Union[str, Decimal, Price]*) – Minimum deposit_a/deposit_b price.
- **max_price** (*Union[str, Decimal, Price]*) – Maximum deposit_a/deposit_b price.
- **source** (*Union[MixedAccount, str, None]*) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

Return type

TransactionBuilder

Returns

This builder instance.

append_liquidity_pool_withdraw_op(*liquidity_pool_id*, *amount*, *min_amount_a*, *min_amount_b*, *source=None*)

Append an *LiquidityPoolWithdraw* operation to the list of operations.

Parameters

- **liquidity_pool_id** (*str*) – The liquidity pool ID.
- **amount** (*Union[str, Decimal]*) – Amount of pool shares to withdraw.
- **min_amount_a** (*Union[str, Decimal]*) – Minimum amount of first asset to withdraw.
- **min_amount_b** (*Union[str, Decimal]*) – Minimum amount of second asset to withdraw.
- **source** (*Union[MuxedAccount, str, None]*) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

Return type

TransactionBuilder

Returns

This builder instance.

append_manage_buy_offer_op(*selling*, *buying*, *amount*, *price*, *offer_id=0*, *source=None*)

Append a *ManageBuyOffer* operation to the list of operations.

Parameters

- **selling** (*Asset*) – What you're selling.
- **buying** (*Asset*) – What you're buying.
- **amount** (*Union[str, Decimal]*) – Amount being bought. if set to 0, delete the offer.
- **price** (*Union[Price, str, Decimal]*) – Price of thing being bought in terms of what you are selling.
- **offer_id** (*int*) – If 0, will create a new offer (default). Otherwise, edits an existing offer.
- **source** (*Union[MuxedAccount, str, None]*) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

Return type

TransactionBuilder

Returns

This builder instance.

append_manage_data_op(*data_name*, *data_value*, *source=None*)

Append a *ManageData* operation to the list of operations.

Parameters

- **data_name** (*str*) – If this is a new Name it will add the given name/value pair to the account. If this Name is already present then the associated value will be modified. Up to 64 bytes long.
- **data_value** (*Union[str, bytes, None]*) – If not present then the existing *data_name* will be deleted. If present then this value will be set in the DataEntry. Up to 64 bytes long.
- **source** (*Union[MuxedAccount, str, None]*) – The source account on which data is being managed. operation.

Return type*TransactionBuilder***Returns**

This builder instance.

append_manage_sell_offer_op(*selling, buying, amount, price, offer_id=0, source=None*)Append a *ManageSellOffer* operation to the list of operations.**Parameters**

- **selling** (*Asset*) – What you’re selling.
- **buying** (*Asset*) – What you’re buying.
- **amount** (*Union[str, Decimal]*) – The total amount you’re selling. If 0, deletes the offer.
- **price** (*Union[Price, str, Decimal]*) – Price of 1 unit of *selling* in terms of *buying*.
- **offer_id** (*int*) – If 0, will create a new offer (default). Otherwise, edits an existing offer.
- **source** (*Union[MuxedAccount, str, None]*) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction’s source account.

Return type*TransactionBuilder***Returns**

This builder instance.

append_operation(*operation*)

Add an operation to the builder instance

Parameters**operation** (*Operation*) – an operation**Return type***TransactionBuilder***Returns**

This builder instance.

append_path_payment_strict_receive_op(*destination, send_asset, send_max, dest_asset, dest_amount, path, source=None*)Append a *PathPaymentStrictReceive* operation to the list of operations.**Parameters**

- **destination** (*Union[MuxedAccount, str]*) – The destination account to send to.
- **send_asset** (*Asset*) – The *asset* to pay with.
- **send_max** (*Union[str, Decimal]*) – The maximum amount of *send_asset* to send.
- **dest_asset** (*Asset*) – The asset the *destination* will receive.
- **dest_amount** (*Union[str, Decimal]*) – The amount the *destination* receives.
- **path** (*Sequence[Asset]*) – A list of *Asset* objects to use as the path.
- **source** (*Union[MuxedAccount, str, None]*) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction’s source account.

Return type*TransactionBuilder*

Returns

This builder instance.

append_path_payment_strict_send_op(*destination*, *send_asset*, *send_amount*, *dest_asset*, *dest_min*, *path*, *source=None*)

Append a [*PathPaymentStrictSend*](#) operation to the list of operations.

Parameters

- **destination** ([*Union*](#)[[*MuxedAccount*](#), *str*]) – The destination account to send to.
- **send_asset** ([*Asset*](#)) – The *asset* to pay with.
- **send_amount** ([*Union*](#)[*str*, [*Decimal*](#)]) – Amount of *send_asset* to send.
- **dest_asset** ([*Asset*](#)) – The asset the *destination* will receive.
- **dest_min** ([*Union*](#)[*str*, [*Decimal*](#)]) – The minimum amount of *dest_asset* to be received.
- **path** ([*Sequence*](#)[[*Asset*](#)]) – A list of *Asset* objects to use as the path.
- **source** ([*Union*](#)[[*MuxedAccount*](#), *str*, *None*]) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

Return type

[*TransactionBuilder*](#)

Returns

This builder instance.

append_payment_op(*destination*, *asset*, *amount*, *source=None*)

Append a [*Payment*](#) operation to the list of operations.

Parameters

- **destination** ([*Union*](#)[[*MuxedAccount*](#), *str*]) – The destination account ID.
- **asset** ([*Asset*](#)) – The asset to send.
- **amount** ([*Union*](#)[*str*, [*Decimal*](#)]) – The amount to send.
- **source** ([*Union*](#)[[*MuxedAccount*](#), *str*, *None*]) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

Return type

[*TransactionBuilder*](#)

Returns

This builder instance.

append_pre_auth_tx_signer(*pre_auth_tx_hash*, *weight*, *source=None*)

Add a PreAuthTx signer to an account via a `SetOptions` `<stellar_sdk.operation.SetOptions` operation. This is a helper function for [*append_set_options_op\(\)*](#).

Parameters

- **pre_auth_tx_hash** ([*Union*](#)[*str*, *bytes*]) – The address of the new preAuthTx signer - obtained by calling *hash* on the [*TransactionEnvelope*](#), a 32 byte hash, hex encoded string or encode strkey. (ex. "TDNA2V62PVEFBZ74CDJKTUHLY4Y7PL5UAV2MAM4VWF6USFE3SH234BSS", "da0d57da7d4850e7fc10d2a9d0ebc731f7afb40574c03395b17d49149b91f5be" or bytes)
- **weight** (*int*) – The weight of the new signer.

- **source** – The source account that is adding a signer to its list of signers.

Return type*TransactionBuilder***Returns**

This builder instance.

append_restore_footprint_op(*source=None*)Append an *RestoreFootprint* operation to the list of operations.**Parameters**

source (*Union[MixedAccount, str, None]*) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction’s source account.

Returns

This builder instance.

append_revoke_account_sponsorship_op(*account_id, source=None*)Append a *RevokeSponsorship* operation for an account to the list of operations.**Parameters**

- **account_id** (*str*) – The sponsored account ID.
- **source** (*Union[MixedAccount, str, None]*) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction’s source account.

Return type*TransactionBuilder***Returns**

This builder instance.

append_revoke_claimable_balance_sponsorship_op(*claimable_balance_id, source=None*)Append a *RevokeSponsorship* operation for a claimable to the list of operations.**Parameters**

- **claimable_balance_id** (*str*) – The sponsored claimable balance ID.
- **source** (*Union[MixedAccount, str, None]*) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction’s source account.

Return type*TransactionBuilder***Returns**

This builder instance.

append_revoke_data_sponsorship_op(*account_id, data_name, source=None*)Append a *RevokeSponsorship* operation for a data entry to the list of operations.**Parameters**

- **account_id** (*str*) – The account ID which owns the data entry.
- **data_name** (*str*) – The name of the data entry
- **source** (*Union[MixedAccount, str, None]*) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction’s source account.

Return type*TransactionBuilder*

Returns

This builder instance.

append_revoke_ed25519_public_key_signer_sponsorship_op(*account_id*, *signer_key*,
source=None)

Append a [*RevokeSponsorship*](#) operation for an ed25519_public_key signer to the list of operations.

Parameters

- **account_id** (*str*) – The account ID where the signer sponsorship is being removed from.
- **signer_key** (*str*) – The account id of the ed25519_public_key signer. (ex. "GDNA2V62PVEFBZ74CDJKTUHLY4Y7PL5UAV2MAM4VWF6USFE3SH2354AD")
- **source** (*Union[MuxedAccount, str, None]*) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

Return type

[*TransactionBuilder*](#)

Returns

This builder instance.

append_revoke_hashx_signer_sponsorship_op(*account_id*, *signer_key*, *source=None*)

Append a [*RevokeSponsorship*](#) operation for a hashx signer to the list of operations.

Parameters

- **account_id** (*str*) – The account ID where the signer sponsorship is being removed from.
- **signer_key** (*Union[bytes, str]*) – The account id of the hashx signer. (ex. "XDNA2V62PVEFBZ74CDJKTUHLY4Y7PL5UAV2MAM4VWF6USFE3SH235FXL", "da0d57da7d4850e7fc10d2a9d0ebc731f7afb40574c03395b17d49149b91f5be" or bytes)
- **source** (*Union[MuxedAccount, str, None]*) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

Return type

[*TransactionBuilder*](#)

Returns

This builder instance.

append_revoke_liquidity_pool_sponsorship_op(*liquidity_pool_id*, *source=None*)

Append a [*RevokeSponsorship*](#) operation for a claimable to the list of operations.

Parameters

- **liquidity_pool_id** (*str*) – The sponsored liquidity pool ID in hex string.
- **source** (*Union[MuxedAccount, str, None]*) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

Return type

[*TransactionBuilder*](#)

Returns

This builder instance.

append_revoke_offer_sponsorship_op(*seller_id*, *offer_id*, *source=None*)

Append a [*RevokeSponsorship*](#) operation for an offer to the list of operations.

Parameters

- **seller_id** (*str*) – The account ID which created the offer.
- **offer_id** (*int*) – The offer ID.
- **source** (*Union[MixedAccount, str, None]*) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

Return type*TransactionBuilder***Returns**

This builder instance.

append_revoke_pre_auth_tx_signer_sponsorship_op(*account_id, signer_key, source=None*)

Append a *RevokeSponsorship* operation for a pre_auth_tx signer to the list of operations.

Parameters

- **account_id** (*str*) – The account ID where the signer sponsorship is being removed from.
- **signer_key** (*Union[bytes, str]*) – The account id of the pre_auth_tx signer. (ex. "TDNA2V62PVEFBZ74CDJKTUHLY4Y7PL5UAV2MAM4VWF6USFE3SH234BSS", "da0d57da7d4850e7fc10d2a9d0ebc731f7afb40574c03395b17d49149b91f5be" or bytes)
- **source** (*Union[MixedAccount, str, None]*) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

Return type*TransactionBuilder***Returns**

This builder instance.

append_revoke_trustline_sponsorship_op(*account_id, asset, source=None*)

Append a *RevokeSponsorship* operation for a trustline to the list of operations.

Parameters

- **account_id** (*str*) – The account ID which owns the trustline.
- **asset** (*Union[Asset, LiquidityPoolId]*) – The asset in the trustline.
- **source** (*Union[MixedAccount, str, None]*) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

Return type*TransactionBuilder***Returns**

This builder instance.

append_set_options_op(*inflation_dest=None, clear_flags=None, set_flags=None, master_weight=None, low_threshold=None, med_threshold=None, high_threshold=None, home_domain=None, signer=None, source=None*)

Append a *SetOptions* operation to the list of operations.

Parameters

- **inflation_dest** (*str*) – Account of the inflation destination.
- **clear_flags** (*Union[int, AuthorizationFlag]*) – Indicates which flags to clear. For details about the flags, please refer to the [Control Access to an Asset - Flag](#). The bit mask integer subtracts from the existing flags of the account. This allows for setting specific

bits without knowledge of existing flags, you can also use `stellar_sdk.operation.set_options.AuthorizationFlag`

- `AUTHORIZATION_REQUIRED` = 1
- `AUTHORIZATION_REVOCABLE` = 2
- `AUTHORIZATION_IMMUTABLE` = 4
- `AUTHORIZATION_CLAWBACK_ENABLED` = 8

- **set_flags** (`Union[int, AuthorizationFlag]`) – Indicates which flags to set. For details about the flags, please refer to the [Control Access to an Asset - Flag](#). The bit mask integer adds onto the existing flags of the account. This allows for setting specific bits without knowledge of existing flags, you can also use `stellar_sdk.operation.set_options.AuthorizationFlag`

- `AUTHORIZATION_REQUIRED` = 1
- `AUTHORIZATION_REVOCABLE` = 2
- `AUTHORIZATION_IMMUTABLE` = 4
- `AUTHORIZATION_CLAWBACK_ENABLED` = 8

- **master_weight** (`int`) – A number from 0-255 (inclusive) representing the weight of the master key. If the weight of the master key is updated to 0, it is effectively disabled.
- **low_threshold** (`int`) – A number from 0-255 (inclusive) representing the threshold this account sets on all operations it performs that have a [low threshold](#).
- **med_threshold** (`int`) – A number from 0-255 (inclusive) representing the threshold this account sets on all operations it performs that have a [medium threshold](#).
- **high_threshold** (`int`) – A number from 0-255 (inclusive) representing the threshold this account sets on all operations it performs that have a [high threshold](#).
- **home_domain** (`str`) – sets the home domain used for reverse [federation](#) lookup.
- **signer** (`Signer`) – Add, update, or remove a signer from the account.
- **source** (`Union[MuxedAccount, str, None]`) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

Return type

`TransactionBuilder`

Returns

This builder instance.

append_set_trust_line_flags_op(`trustor, asset, clear_flags=None, set_flags=None, source=None`)

Append an [SetTrustLineFlags](#) operation to the list of operations.

Parameters

- **trustor** (`str`) – The account whose trustline this is.
- **asset** (`Asset`) – The asset on the trustline.
- **clear_flags** (`TrustLineFlags`) – The flags to clear.
- **set_flags** (`TrustLineFlags`) – The flags to set.
- **source** (`Union[MuxedAccount, str, None]`) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

Return type*TransactionBuilder***Returns**

This builder instance.

append_upload_contract_wasm_op(*contract*, *source=None*)Append an *InvokeHostFunction* operation to the list of operations.

You can use this method to install a contract code, and then use *append_create_contract_op()* to create a contract.

Parameters

- **contract** (*Union[bytes, str]*) – The contract code to install, path to a file or bytes.
- **source** (*Union[MuxedAccount, str, None]*) – The source account for the operation. Defaults to the transaction's source account.

Return type*TransactionBuilder***Returns**

This builder instance.

build()

This will build the transaction envelope. It will also increment the source account's sequence number by 1.

Return type*TransactionEnvelope***Returns**

New transaction envelope.

static build_fee_bump_transaction(*fee_source*, *base_fee*, *inner_transaction_envelope*,
network_passphrase="Test SDF Network ; September 2015")

Create a *FeeBumpTransactionEnvelope* object.See *CAP-0015* for more information.**Parameters**

- **fee_source** (*Union[MuxedAccount, Keypair, str]*) – The account paying for the transaction.
- **base_fee** (*int*) – The max fee willing to pay per operation in inner transaction (*in stroops*).
- **inner_transaction_envelope** (*TransactionEnvelope*) – The *TransactionEnvelope* to be bumped by the fee bump transaction.
- **network_passphrase** (*str*) – The network to connect to for verifying and retrieving additional attributes from.

Return type*FeeBumpTransactionEnvelope***Returns**a *TransactionBuilder* via the XDR object.**static from_xdr**(*xdr*, *network_passphrase*)Create a *TransactionBuilder* or *FeeBumpTransactionEnvelope* via an XDR object.

Warning: I don't recommend you to use this function, because it loses its signature when constructing `TransactionBuilder`. Please use `stellar_sdk.helpers.parse_transaction_envelope_from_xdr()` instead.

In addition, if `xdr` is not of `TransactionEnvelope`, it sets the fields of this builder (the transaction envelope, transaction, operations, source, etc.) to all of the fields in the provided XDR transaction envelope, but the signature will not be added to it.

Parameters

- **xdr** (`str`) – The XDR object representing the transaction envelope to which this builder is setting its state to.
- **network_passphrase** (`str`) – The network to connect to for verifying and retrieving additional attributes from.

Return type

`Union[TransactionBuilder, FeeBumpTransactionEnvelope]`

Returns

a `TransactionBuilder` or `FeeBumpTransactionEnvelope` via the XDR object.

`set_ledger_bounds(min_ledger, max_ledger)`

If you want to prepare a transaction which will only be valid within some range of ledgers, you can set a `ledger_bounds` precondition. Internally this will set the `LedgerBounds` preconditions.

Parameters

- **min_ledger** (`int`) – The minimum ledger this transaction is valid at, or after. Cannot be negative. If the value is `0`, the transaction is valid immediately.
- **max_ledger** (`int`) – The maximum ledger this transaction is valid before. Cannot be negative. If the value is `0`, the transaction is valid indefinitely.

Return type

`TransactionBuilder`

Returns

This builder instance.

`set_min_sequence_age(min_sequence_age)`

For the transaction to be valid, the current ledger time must be at least `min_sequence_age` greater than source account's `sequence_time`. Internally this will set the `min_sequence_age` precondition.

Parameters

- **min_sequence_age** (`int`) – The minimum amount of time between source account sequence time and the ledger time when this transaction will become valid. If the value is `0` or `None`, the transaction is unrestricted by the account sequence age. Cannot be negative.

Return type

`TransactionBuilder`

Returns

This builder instance.

`set_min_sequence_ledger_gap(min_sequence_ledger_gap)`

For the transaction to be valid, the current ledger number must be at least `min_sequence_ledger_gap` greater than source account's ledger sequence. Internally this will set the `min_sequence_ledger_gap` precondition.

Parameters

min_sequence_ledger_gap (*int*) – The minimum number of ledgers between source account sequence and the ledger number when this transaction will become valid. If the value is 0 or None, the transaction is unrestricted by the account sequence ledger. Cannot be negative.

Return type

TransactionBuilder

Returns

This builder instance.

set_min_sequence_number(*min_sequence_number*)

If you want to prepare a transaction which will be valid only while the account sequence number is **min_sequence_number** <= **source_account_sequence_number** < **tx.sequence**.

Note that after execution the account's sequence number is always raised to *tx.sequence*. Internally this will set the *min_sequence_number* precondition.

Parameters

min_sequence_number (*int*) – The minimum source account sequence number this transaction is valid for. If the value is None the transaction is valid when **source account's sequence number** == **tx.sequence - 1**.

Return type

TransactionBuilder

Returns

This builder instance.

set_soroban_data(*soroban_data*)

Set the SorobanTransactionData. For non-contract(non-Soroban) transactions, this setting has no effect.

In the case of Soroban transactions, set to an instance of SorobanTransactionData. This can typically be obtained from the simulation response based on a transaction with a InvokeHostFunctionOp. It provides necessary resource estimations for contract invocation.

Parameters

soroban_data (*Union[SorobanTransactionData, str]*) – The SorobanTransactionData as XDR object or base64 encoded string.

Return type

TransactionBuilder

Returns

This builder instance.

set_timeout(*timeout*)

Set timeout for the transaction, actually set a TimeBounds.

Parameters

timeout (*int*) – timeout in second.

Return type

TransactionBuilder

Returns

This builder instance.

Raises

ValueError: if *time_bound* is already set.

2.1.28 SorobanDataBuilder

class stellar_sdk.SorobanDataBuilder

Supports building Memo structures with various items set to specific values.

This is recommended for when you are building *RestoreFootprint*, *ExtendFootprintTTL* operations to avoid (re)building the entire data structure from scratch.

By default, an empty instance will be created.

build()

Returns

a copy of the final data structure.

classmethod **from_xdr**(soroban_data)

Create a new *SorobanDataBuilder* object from an XDR object.

Parameters

soroban_data (*Union*[*str*, *SorobanTransactionData*]) – The XDR object that represents a SorobanTransactionData.

Return type

SorobanDataBuilder

Returns

This builder.

set_read_only(read_only)

Sets the read-only portion of the storage access footprint to be a certain set of ledger keys.

Parameters

read_only (*List*[*LedgerKey*]) – The read-only ledger keys to set.

Return type

SorobanDataBuilder

Returns

This builder.

set_read_write(read_write)

Sets the read-write portion of the storage access footprint to be a certain set of ledger keys.

Parameters

read_write (*List*[*LedgerKey*]) – The read-write ledger keys to set.

Return type

SorobanDataBuilder

Returns

This builder.

set_resource_fee(fee)

Sets the “resource” fee portion of the Soroban data.

Parameters

fee (*int*) – The resource fee to set (int64)

Return type

SorobanDataBuilder

Returns

This builder.

set_resources(*instructions*, *read_bytes*, *write_bytes*)

Sets up the resource metrics.

You should almost NEVER need this, as its often generated / provided to you by transaction simulation/preflight from a Soroban RPC server.

Parameters

- **instructions** (*int*) – Number of CPU instructions (uint32)
- **read_bytes** (*int*) – Number of bytes being read (uint32)
- **write_bytes** (*int*) – Number of bytes being written (uint32)

Return type

SorobanDataBuilder

Returns

This builder.

2.1.29 SorobanServer

class `stellar_sdk.SorobanServer`(*server_url*='https://soroban-testnet.stellar.org:443', *client*=None)

Server handles the network connection to a Soroban RPC instance and exposes an interface for requests to that instance.

Parameters

- **server_url** (*str*) – Soroban RPC server URL. (ex. `https://soroban-testnet.stellar.org:443`)
- **client** (*Optional*[*BaseSyncClient*]) – A client instance that will be used to make requests.

close()

Close underlying connector, and release all acquired resources.

Return type

None

get_contract_data(*contract_id*, *key*, *durability*=*Durability.PERSISTENT*)

Reads the current value of contract data ledger entries directly.

Parameters

- **contract_id** (*str*) – The contract ID containing the data to load. Encoded as Stellar Contract Address, for example: `"CCJZ5DGASBWQXR5MPFCJXMBI333XE5U3FSJTNQU7RIKE3P5GN2K2WYD5"`
- **key** (*SCVal*) – The key of the contract data to load.
- **durability** (*Durability*) – The “durability keyspace” that this ledger key belongs to, which is either *Durability.TEMPORARY* or *Durability.PERSISTENT*. Defaults to *Durability.PERSISTENT*.

Return type

Optional[*LedgerEntryResult*]

Returns

A [*LedgerEntryResult*](#) object contains the ledger entry result or `None` if not found.

Raises

[*SorobanRpcErrorResponse*](#) - If the Soroban-RPC instance returns an error response.

get_events(*start_ledger*, *filters=None*, *cursor=None*, *limit=None*)

Fetch a list of events that occurred in the ledger range.

See [Soroban Documentation - getEvents](#)

Parameters

- **start_ledger** (*int*) – The first ledger to include in the results.
- **filters** (*Sequence*[[*EventFilter*](#)]) – A list of filters to apply to the results.
- **cursor** (*str*) – A cursor value for use in pagination.
- **limit** (*int*) – The maximum number of records to return.

Return type

[*GetEventsResponse*](#)

Returns

A [*GetEventsResponse*](#) object.

Raises

[*SorobanRpcErrorResponse*](#) - If the Soroban-RPC instance returns an error response.

get_health()

General node health check.

See [Soroban Documentation - getHealth](#)

Return type

[*GetHealthResponse*](#)

Returns

A [*GetHealthResponse*](#) object.

Raises

[*SorobanRpcErrorResponse*](#) - If the Soroban-RPC instance returns an error response.

get_latest_ledger()

Fetches the latest ledger meta info from network which Soroban-RPC is connected to.

Return type

[*GetLatestLedgerResponse*](#)

Returns

A [*GetLatestLedgerResponse*](#) object.

Raises

[*SorobanRpcErrorResponse*](#) - If the Soroban-RPC instance returns an error response.

get_ledger_entries(*keys*)

For reading the current value of ledger entries directly.

Allows you to directly inspect the current state of a contract, a contract's code, or any other ledger entry. This is a backup way to access your contract data which may not be available via events or `simulateTransaction`.

See [Soroban Documentation - getLedgerEntries](#)

Parameters

keys ([List](#)[[LedgerKey](#)]) – The ledger keys to fetch.

Return type

[GetLedgerEntriesResponse](#)

Returns

A [GetLedgerEntriesResponse](#) object.

Raises

[SorobanRpcErrorResponse](#) - If the Soroban-RPC instance returns an error response.

get_network()

General info about the currently configured network.

Return type

[GetNetworkResponse](#)

Returns

A [GetNetworkResponse](#) object.

Raises

[SorobanRpcErrorResponse](#) - If the Soroban-RPC instance returns an error response.

get_transaction(transaction_hash)

Fetch the specified transaction.

See [Soroban Documentation - getTransaction](#)

Parameters

transaction_hash ([str](#)) – The hash of the transaction to fetch.

Return type

[GetTransactionResponse](#)

Returns

A [GetTransactionResponse](#) object.

Raises

[SorobanRpcErrorResponse](#) - If the Soroban-RPC instance returns an error response.

load_account(account_id)

Load an account from the server, you can use the returned account object as source account for transactions.

Parameters

account_id ([str](#)) – The account ID.

Return type

[Account](#)

Returns

An [Account](#) object.

Raises

[AccountNotFoundException](#) - If the account is not found on the network.

Raises

[SorobanRpcErrorResponse](#) - If the Soroban-RPC instance returns an error response.

prepare_transaction(transaction_envelope, simulate_transaction_response=None)

Submit a trial contract invocation, first run a simulation of the contract invocation as defined on the incoming transaction, and apply the results to a new copy of the transaction which is then returned. Setting the ledger footprint and authorization, so the resulting transaction is ready for signing and sending.

The returned transaction will also have an updated fee that is the sum of fee set on incoming transaction with the contract resource fees estimated from simulation. It is advisable to check the fee on returned transaction and validate or take appropriate measures for interaction with user to confirm it is acceptable.

You can call the `simulate_transaction()` method directly first if you want to inspect estimated fees for a given transaction in detail first if that is of importance.

Parameters

- **transaction_envelope** (*TransactionEnvelope*) – The transaction to prepare. It should include exactly one operation, which must be one of *RestoreFootprint*, *ExtendFootprintTTL*, or *InvokeHostFunction*. Any provided footprint will be ignored. You can use `stellar_sdk.Transaction.is_soroban_transaction()` to check if a transaction is a Soroban transaction. Any provided footprint will be overwritten. However, if your operation has existing auth entries, they will be preferred over ALL auth entries from the simulation. In other words, if you include auth entries, you don't care about the auth returned from the simulation. Other fields (footprint, etc.) will be filled as normal.
- **simulate_transaction_response** (*SimulateTransactionResponse*) – The response of the simulation of the transaction, typically you don't need to pass this parameter, it will be automatically called if you don't pass it.

Return type

TransactionEnvelope

Returns

A copy of the *TransactionEnvelope*, with the expected authorizations (in the case of invocation) and ledger footprint added. The transaction fee will also automatically be padded with the contract's minimum resource fees discovered from the simulation.

send_transaction(*transaction_envelope*)

Submit a real transaction to the Stellar network. This is the only way to make changes “on-chain”.

See [Soroban Documentation - sendTransaction](#)

Parameters

transaction_envelope (*Union[TransactionEnvelope, str]*) – The transaction to send.

Return type

SendTransactionResponse

Returns

A *SendTransactionResponse* object.

Raises

SorobanRpcErrorResponse - If the Soroban-RPC instance returns an error response.

simulate_transaction(*transaction_envelope*, *addl_resources=None*)

Submit a trial contract invocation to get back return values, expected ledger footprint, and expected costs.

See [Soroban Documentation - simulateTransaction](#)

Parameters

- **transaction_envelope** (*TransactionEnvelope*) – The transaction to simulate. It should include exactly one operation, which must be one of *RestoreFootprint*, *InvokeHostFunction* or *ExtendFootprintTTL* operation. Any provided footprint will be ignored.
- **addl_resources** (*Optional[ResourceLeeway]*) – Additional resource include in the simulation.

Return type*SimulateTransactionResponse***Returns**

A *SimulateTransactionResponse* object contains the cost, footprint, result/auth requirements (if applicable), and error of the transaction.

2.1.30 SorobanServer

class stellar_sdk.SorobanServerAsync(*server_url*='https://soroban-testnet.stellar.org:443', *client*=None)

Server handles the network connection to a Soroban RPC instance and exposes an interface for requests to that instance.

Parameters

- **server_url** (*str*) – Soroban RPC server URL. (ex. https://soroban-testnet.stellar.org:443)
- **client** (*Optional*[*BaseAsyncClient*]) – A client instance that will be used to make requests.

async close()

Close underlying connector, and release all acquired resources.

Return type*None*

async get_contract_data(*contract_id*, *key*, *durability*=*Durability.PERSISTENT*)

Reads the current value of contract data ledger entries directly.

Parameters

- **contract_id** (*str*) – The contract ID containing the data to load. Encoded as Stellar Contract Address, for example: "CCJZ5DGASBWQXR5MPFCJXMBI333XE5U3FSJTNQU7RIKE3P5GN2K2WYD5"
- **key** (*SCVal*) – The key of the contract data to load.
- **durability** (*Durability*) – The “durability keyspace” that this ledger key belongs to, which is either *Durability.TEMPORARY* or *Durability.PERSISTENT*. Defaults to *Durability.PERSISTENT*.

Return type*Optional*[*LedgerEntryResult*]**Returns**

A *LedgerEntryResult* object contains the ledger entry result or *None* if not found.

Raises

SorobanRpcErrorResponse - If the Soroban-RPC instance returns an error response.

async get_events(*start_ledger*, *filters*=None, *cursor*=None, *limit*=None)

Fetch a list of events that occurred in the ledger range.

See [Soroban Documentation - getEvents](#)

Parameters

- **start_ledger** (*int*) – The first ledger to include in the results.
- **filters** (*Sequence*[*EventFilter*]) – A list of filters to apply to the results.

- **cursor** (*str*) – A cursor value for use in pagination.
- **limit** (*int*) – The maximum number of records to return.

Return type*GetEventsResponse***Returns**A *GetEventsResponse* object.**Raises**

SorobanRpcErrorResponse - If the Soroban-RPC instance returns an error response.

async get_health()

General node health check.

See [Soroban Documentation - getHealth](#)**Return type***GetHealthResponse***Returns**A *GetHealthResponse* object.**Raises**

SorobanRpcErrorResponse - If the Soroban-RPC instance returns an error response.

async get_latest_ledger()

Fetches the latest ledger meta info from network which Soroban-RPC is connected to.

Return type*GetLatestLedgerResponse***Returns**A *GetLatestLedgerResponse* object.**Raises**

SorobanRpcErrorResponse - If the Soroban-RPC instance returns an error response.

async get_ledger_entries(keys)

For reading the current value of ledger entries directly.

Allows you to directly inspect the current state of a contract, a contract's code, or any other ledger entry. This is a backup way to access your contract data which may not be available via events or simulateTransaction.

See [Soroban Documentation - getLedgerEntries](#)**Parameters****keys** (*List[LedgerKey]*) – The ledger keys to fetch.**Return type***GetLedgerEntriesResponse***Returns**A *GetLedgerEntriesResponse* object.**Raises**

SorobanRpcErrorResponse - If the Soroban-RPC instance returns an error response.

async get_network()

General info about the currently configured network.

Return type*GetNetworkResponse*

Returns

A [GetNetworkResponse](#) object.

Raises

[SorobanRpcErrorResponse](#) - If the Soroban-RPC instance returns an error response.

async get_transaction(*transaction_hash*)

Fetch the specified transaction.

See [Soroban Documentation - getTransaction](#)

Parameters

transaction_hash (*str*) – The hash of the transaction to fetch.

Return type

[GetTransactionResponse](#)

Returns

A [GetTransactionResponse](#) object.

Raises

[SorobanRpcErrorResponse](#) - If the Soroban-RPC instance returns an error response.

async load_account(*account_id*)

Load an account from the server, you can use the returned account object as source account for transactions.

Parameters

account_id (*str*) – The account ID.

Return type

[Account](#)

Returns

An [Account](#) object.

Raises

[AccountNotFoundException](#) - If the account is not found on the network.

Raises

[SorobanRpcErrorResponse](#) - If the Soroban-RPC instance returns an error response.

async prepare_transaction(*transaction_envelope*, *simulate_transaction_response=None*)

Submit a trial contract invocation, first run a simulation of the contract invocation as defined on the incoming transaction, and apply the results to a new copy of the transaction which is then returned. Setting the ledger footprint and authorization, so the resulting transaction is ready for signing and sending.

The returned transaction will also have an updated fee that is the sum of fee set on incoming transaction with the contract resource fees estimated from simulation. It is advisable to check the fee on returned transaction and validate or take appropriate measures for interaction with user to confirm it is acceptable.

You can call the [simulate_transaction\(\)](#) method directly first if you want to inspect estimated fees for a given transaction in detail first if that is of importance.

Parameters

- **transaction_envelope** ([TransactionEnvelope](#)) – The transaction to prepare. It should include exactly one operation, which must be one of [RestoreFootprint](#), [ExtendFootprintTTL](#), or [InvokeHostFunction](#). Any provided footprint will be ignored. You can use `stellar_sdk.Transaction.is_soroban_transaction()` to check if a transaction is a Soroban transaction. Any provided footprint will be overwritten. However, if your operation has existing auth entries, they will be preferred over ALL auth entries from the simulation. In other words, if you include auth entries, you don't care

about the auth returned from the simulation. Other fields (footprint, etc.) will be filled as normal.

- **simulate_transaction_response** (*SimulateTransactionResponse*) – The response of the simulation of the transaction, typically you don't need to pass this parameter, it will be automatically called if you don't pass it.

Return type

TransactionEnvelope

Returns

A copy of the *TransactionEnvelope*, with the expected authorizations (in the case of invocation) and ledger footprint added. The transaction fee will also automatically be padded with the contract's minimum resource fees discovered from the simulation.

async send_transaction(*transaction_envelope*)

Submit a real transaction to the Stellar network. This is the only way to make changes “on-chain”.

See [Soroban Documentation - sendTransaction](#)

Parameters

transaction_envelope (*Union[TransactionEnvelope, str]*) – The transaction to send.

Return type

SendTransactionResponse

Returns

A *SendTransactionResponse* object.

Raises

SorobanRpcErrorResponse - If the Soroban-RPC instance returns an error response.

async simulate_transaction(*transaction_envelope, addl_resources=None*)

Submit a trial contract invocation to get back return values, expected ledger footprint, and expected costs.

See [Soroban Documentation - simulateTransaction](#)

Parameters

- **transaction_envelope** (*TransactionEnvelope*) – The transaction to simulate. It should include exactly one operation, which must be one of *RestoreFootprint*, *InvokeHostFunction* or *ExtendFootprintTTL* operation. Any provided footprint will be ignored.
- **addl_resources** (*Optional[ResourceLeeway]*) – Additional resource include in the simulation.

Return type

SimulateTransactionResponse

Returns

A *SimulateTransactionResponse* object contains the cost, footprint, result/auth requirements (if applicable), and error of the transaction.

2.1.31 Soroban RPC Definitions

pydantic model stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.Error

```
{
  "title": "Error",
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "code": {
      "title": "Code",
      "type": "integer"
    },
    "message": {
      "anyOf": [
        {
          "type": "string"
        },
        {
          "type": "null"
        }
      ],
      "default": null,
      "title": "Message"
    },
    "data": {
      "anyOf": [
        {
          "type": "string"
        },
        {
          "type": "null"
        }
      ],
      "default": null,
      "title": "Data"
    }
  },
  "required": [
    "code"
  ]
}
```

Fields

- *code* (*int*)
- *data* (*str* | *None*)
- *message* (*str* | *None*)

field code: `int` [Required]

field data: `Optional[str]` = None

```
field message: Optional[str] = None
```

```
pydantic model stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.EventFilter
```

```
{
  "title": "EventFilter",
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "type": {
      "anyOf": [
        {
          "$ref": "#/defs/EventFilterType"
        },
        {
          "type": "null"
        }
      ],
      "default": null
    },
    "contractIds": {
      "anyOf": [
        {
          "items": {
            "type": "string"
          },
          "type": "array"
        },
        {
          "type": "null"
        }
      ],
      "default": null,
      "title": "Contractids"
    },
    "topics": {
      "anyOf": [
        {
          "items": {
            "items": {
              "type": "string"
            },
            "type": "array"
          },
          "type": "array"
        },
        {
          "type": "null"
        }
      ],
      "default": null,
      "title": "Topics"
    }
  },
}
```

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```

"$defs": {
  "EventFilterType": {
    "enum": [
      "system",
      "contract",
      "diagnostic"
    ],
    "title": "EventFilterType",
    "type": "string"
  }
}

```

Config

- `populate_by_name`: *bool = True*

Fields

- `contract_ids` (*Sequence[str] | None*)
- `event_type` (*stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.EventFilterType | None*)
- `topics` (*Sequence[Sequence[str]] | None*)

`field contract_ids: Optional[Sequence[str]] = None (alias 'contractIds')`

`field event_type: Optional[EventFilterType] = None (alias 'type')`

`field topics: Optional[Sequence[Sequence[str]]] = None`

```
class stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.EventFilterType(value, names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None,
                                             type=None, start=1, boundary=None)
```

pydantic model `stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.EventInfo`

```

{
  "title": "EventInfo",
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "type": {
      "title": "Type",
      "type": "string"
    },
    "ledger": {
      "title": "Ledger",
      "type": "integer"
    },
    "ledgerClosedAt": {
      "format": "date-time",
      "title": "Ledgerclosedat",
      "type": "string"
    },
    "contractId": {
      "title": "Contractid",

```

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```

        "type": "string"
    },
    "id": {
        "title": "Id",
        "type": "string"
    },
    "pagingToken": {
        "title": "Pagingtoken",
        "type": "string"
    },
    "topic": {
        "items": {
            "type": "string"
        },
        "title": "Topic",
        "type": "array"
    },
    "value": {
        "title": "Value",
        "type": "string"
    },
    "inSuccessfulContractCall": {
        "title": "Insuccessfulcontractcall",
        "type": "boolean"
    }
},
"required": [
    "type",
    "ledger",
    "ledgerClosedAt",
    "contractId",
    "id",
    "pagingToken",
    "topic",
    "value",
    "inSuccessfulContractCall"
]
}

```

Fields

- *contract_id* (*str*)
- *event_type* (*str*)
- *id* (*str*)
- *in_successful_contract_call* (*bool*)
- *ledger* (*int*)
- *ledger_close_at* (*datetime.datetime*)
- *paging_token* (*str*)
- *topic* (*List[str]*)

- `value (str)`

field `contract_id`: `str` [Required] (alias 'contractId')

field `event_type`: `str` [Required] (alias 'type')

field `id`: `str` [Required]

field `in_successful_contract_call`: `bool` [Required] (alias 'inSuccessfulContractCall')

field `ledger`: `int` [Required]

field `ledger_close_at`: `datetime` [Required] (alias 'ledgerClosedAt')

field `paging_token`: `str` [Required] (alias 'pagingToken')

field `topic`: `List[str]` [Required]

field `value`: `str` [Required]

pydantic model `stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.GetEventsRequest`

Response for JSON-RPC method `getEvents`.

See [getEvents documentation](#) for more information.

```
{
  "title": "GetEventsRequest",
  "description": "Response for JSON-RPC method getEvents.\n\nSee `getEvents`  

→ documentation <https://soroban.stellar.org/api/methods/getEvents#parameters>` ____  

→ for\nmore information.",
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "startLedger": {
      "title": "Startledger",
      "type": "integer"
    },
    "filters": {
      "anyOf": [
        {
          "items": {
            "$ref": "#/$defs/EventFilter"
          },
          "type": "array"
        },
        {
          "type": "null"
        }
      ],
      "default": null,
      "title": "Filters"
    },
    "pagination": {
      "anyOf": [
        {
          "$ref": "#/$defs/PaginationOptions"
```

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```

        },
        {
            "type": "null"
        }
    ],
    "default": null
},
"$defs": {
    "EventFilter": {
        "properties": {
            "type": {
                "anyOf": [
                    {
                        "$ref": "#/$defs/EventFilterType"
                    },
                    {
                        "type": "null"
                    }
                ],
                "default": null
            },
            "contractIds": {
                "anyOf": [
                    {
                        "items": {
                            "type": "string"
                        },
                        "type": "array"
                    },
                    {
                        "type": "null"
                    }
                ],
                "default": null,
                "title": "Contractids"
            },
            "topics": {
                "anyOf": [
                    {
                        "items": {
                            "items": {
                                "type": "string"
                            },
                            "type": "array"
                        },
                        "type": "array"
                    },
                    {
                        "type": "null"
                    }
                ],

```

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```

        "default": null,
        "title": "Topics"
    }
},
"title": "EventFilter",
"type": "object"
},
"EventFilterType": {
    "enum": [
        "system",
        "contract",
        "diagnostic"
    ],
    "title": "EventFilterType",
    "type": "string"
},
"PaginationOptions": {
    "properties": {
        "cursor": {
            "anyOf": [
                {
                    "type": "string"
                },
                {
                    "type": "null"
                }
            ],
            "default": null,
            "title": "Cursor"
        },
        "limit": {
            "anyOf": [
                {
                    "type": "integer"
                },
                {
                    "type": "null"
                }
            ],
            "default": null,
            "title": "Limit"
        }
    },
    "title": "PaginationOptions",
    "type": "object"
}
},
"required": [
    "startLedger"
]
}

```

Fields

- *filters* (*Sequence*[*stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.EventFilter*] | *None*)
- *pagination* (*stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.PaginationOptions* | *None*)
- *start_ledger* (*int*)

field filters: `Optional[Sequence[EventFilter]] = None`

field pagination: `Optional[PaginationOptions] = None`

field start_ledger: `int [Required] (alias 'startLedger')`

pydantic model `stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.GetEventsResponse`

Response for JSON-RPC method `getEvents`.

See [getEvents documentation](#) for more information.

```
{
  "title": "GetEventsResponse",
  "description": "Response for JSON-RPC method getEvents.\n\nSee `getEvents`  

→ documentation <https://soroban.stellar.org/api/methods/getEvents#returns>`__ for`\n
→ more information.",
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "events": {
      "items": {
        "$ref": "#/$defs/EventInfo"
      },
      "title": "Events",
      "type": "array"
    },
    "latestLedger": {
      "title": "Latestledger",
      "type": "integer"
    }
  },
  "$defs": {
    "EventInfo": {
      "properties": {
        "type": {
          "title": "Type",
          "type": "string"
        },
        "ledger": {
          "title": "Ledger",
          "type": "integer"
        },
        "ledgerClosedAt": {
          "format": "date-time",
          "title": "Ledgerclosedat",
          "type": "string"
        },
        "contractId": {
          "title": "Contractid",
```

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```

        "type": "string"
    },
    "id": {
        "title": "Id",
        "type": "string"
    },
    "pagingToken": {
        "title": "Pagingtoken",
        "type": "string"
    },
    "topic": {
        "items": {
            "type": "string"
        },
        "title": "Topic",
        "type": "array"
    },
    "value": {
        "title": "Value",
        "type": "string"
    },
    "inSuccessfulContractCall": {
        "title": "Insuccessfulcontractcall",
        "type": "boolean"
    }
},
"required": [
    "type",
    "ledger",
    "ledgerClosedAt",
    "contractId",
    "id",
    "pagingToken",
    "topic",
    "value",
    "inSuccessfulContractCall"
],
"title": "EventInfo",
"type": "object"
}
},
"required": [
    "events",
    "latestLedger"
]
}

```

Fields

- *events* (*List[stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.EventInfo]*)
- *latest_ledger* (*int*)

field events: `List[EventInfo]` [Required]

field latest_ledger: `int` [Required] (alias 'latestLedger')

pydantic model `stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.GetHealthResponse`

Response for JSON-RPC method `getHealth`.

See [getHealth documentation](#) for more information.

```
{
  "title": "GetHealthResponse",
  "description": "Response for JSON-RPC method getHealth.\n\nSee `getHealth_\n↪documentation <https://soroban.stellar.org/api/methods/getHealth#returns>`__ for\nc↪more information.",
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "status": {
      "title": "Status",
      "type": "string"
    }
  },
  "required": [
    "status"
  ]
}
```

Fields

- `status (str)`

field status: `str` [Required]

pydantic model `stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.GetLatestLedgerResponse`

Response for JSON-RPC method `getLatestLedger`.

See [getLatestLedger documentation](#) for more information.

```
{
  "title": "GetLatestLedgerResponse",
  "description": "Response for JSON-RPC method getLatestLedger.\n\nSee_\n↪`getLatestLedger documentation <https://soroban.stellar.org/api/methods/\nc↪getLatestLedger#returns>`__ for\nmore information.",
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "id": {
      "title": "Id",
      "type": "string"
    },
    "protocolVersion": {
      "title": "Protocolversion",
      "type": "integer"
    },
    "sequence": {
      "title": "Sequence",
      "type": "integer"
    }
  }
}
```

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```

    }
  },
  "required": [
    "id",
    "protocolVersion",
    "sequence"
  ]
}

```

Fields

- *id* (*str*)
- *protocol_version* (*int*)
- *sequence* (*int*)

field *id*: *str* [Required]

field *protocol_version*: *int* [Required] (alias 'protocolVersion')

field *sequence*: *int* [Required]

pydantic model `stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.GetLedgerEntriesRequest`

Response for JSON-RPC method `getLedgerEntries`.

See `getLedgerEntries` documentation for more information.

```

{
  "title": "GetLedgerEntriesRequest",
  "description": "Response for JSON-RPC method getLedgerEntries.\n\nSee_\n↪`getLedgerEntries` documentation <https://soroban.stellar.org/api/methods/\n↪getLedgerEntries#parameters>`__` for\nmore information.",
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "keys": {
      "items": {
        "type": "string"
      },
      "title": "Keys",
      "type": "array"
    }
  },
  "required": [
    "keys"
  ]
}

```

Fields

- *keys* (*Sequence[str]*)

field *keys*: *Sequence[str]* [Required]

pydantic model stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.GetLedgerEntriesResponse

Response for JSON-RPC method getLedgerEntries.

See `getLedgerEntries` documentation for more information.

```
{
  "title": "GetLedgerEntriesResponse",
  "description": "Response for JSON-RPC method getLedgerEntries.\n\nSee_\n↪`getLedgerEntries` documentation <https://soroban.stellar.org/api/methods/\n↪getLedgerEntries#return>`__` for\nmore information.",
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "entries": {
      "anyOf": [
        {
          "items": {
            "$ref": "#/$defs/LedgerEntryResult"
          },
          "type": "array"
        },
        {
          "type": "null"
        }
      ],
      "default": null,
      "title": "Entries"
    },
    "latestLedger": {
      "title": "Latestledger",
      "type": "integer"
    }
  },
  "$defs": {
    "LedgerEntryResult": {
      "properties": {
        "key": {
          "title": "Key",
          "type": "string"
        },
        "xdr": {
          "title": "Xdr",
          "type": "string"
        },
        "lastModifiedLedgerSeq": {
          "title": "Lastmodifiedledgerseq",
          "type": "integer"
        },
        "liveUntilLedgerSeq": {
          "anyOf": [
            {
              "type": "integer"
            },
            {
              "type": "null"
            }
          ]
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

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```

        }
    ],
    "default": null,
    "title": "Liveuntillledgerseq"
}
},
"required": [
    "key",
    "xdr",
    "lastModifiedLedgerSeq"
],
"title": "LedgerEntryResult",
"type": "object"
}
},
"required": [
    "latestLedger"
]
}

```

Fields

- *entries* (*List[stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.LedgerEntryResult]* | *None*)
- *latest_ledger* (*int*)

field entries: `Optional[List[LedgerEntryResult]] = None`

field latest_ledger: `int [Required] (alias 'latestLedger')`

pydantic model `stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.GetNetworkResponse`

Response for JSON-RPC method `getNetwork`.

See [getNetwork documentation](#) for more information.

```

{
    "title": "GetNetworkResponse",
    "description": "Response for JSON-RPC method getNetwork.\n\nSee `getNetwork`  

↪documentation <https://soroban.stellar.org/api/methods/getNetwork#returns>`__ for`\n
↪more information.",
    "type": "object",
    "properties": {
        "friendbotUrl": {
            "anyOf": [
                {
                    "type": "string"
                },
                {
                    "type": "null"
                }
            ],
            "default": null,
            "title": "Friendboturl"
        }
    }
}

```

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```

    },
    "passphrase": {
        "title": "Passphrase",
        "type": "string"
    },
    "protocolVersion": {
        "title": "Protocolversion",
        "type": "integer"
    }
},
"required": [
    "passphrase",
    "protocolVersion"
]
}

```

Fields

- *friendbot_url* (*str* | *None*)
- *passphrase* (*str*)
- *protocol_version* (*int*)

field friendbot_url: `Optional[str] = None` (alias 'friendbotUrl')

field passphrase: `str` [Required]

field protocol_version: `int` [Required] (alias 'protocolVersion')

pydantic model stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.GetTransactionRequest

Response for JSON-RPC method getTransaction.

See [getTransaction](#) documentation for more information.

```

{
    "title": "GetTransactionRequest",
    "description": "Response for JSON-RPC method getTransaction.\n\nSee_\n↪`getTransaction` documentation <https://soroban.stellar.org/api/methods/\n↪getTransaction#parameters>`__` for\nmore information.",
    "type": "object",
    "properties": {
        "hash": {
            "title": "Hash",
            "type": "string"
        }
    },
    "required": [
        "hash"
    ]
}

```

Fields

- *hash* (*str*)

field hash: `str` [Required]

pydantic model `stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.GetTransactionResponse`

Response for JSON-RPC method `getTransaction`.

See `getTransaction` documentation for more information.

```
{
  "title": "GetTransactionResponse",
  "description": "Response for JSON-RPC method getTransaction.\n\nSee_\n↪`getTransaction` documentation <https://soroban.stellar.org/api/methods/\n↪getTransaction#returns>`__` for\nmore information.",
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "status": {
      "$ref": "#/defs/GetTransactionStatus"
    },
    "latestLedger": {
      "title": "Latestledger",
      "type": "integer"
    },
    "latestLedgerCloseTime": {
      "title": "Latestledgerclosetime",
      "type": "integer"
    },
    "oldestLedger": {
      "title": "Oldestledger",
      "type": "integer"
    },
    "oldestLedgerCloseTime": {
      "title": "Oldestledgerclosetime",
      "type": "integer"
    },
    "applicationOrder": {
      "anyOf": [
        {
          "type": "integer"
        },
        {
          "type": "null"
        }
      ],
      "default": null,
      "title": "Applicationorder"
    },
    "feeBump": {
      "anyOf": [
        {
          "type": "boolean"
        },
        {
          "type": "null"
        }
      ]
    }
  },
}
```

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```

    "default": null,
    "title": "Feebump"
  },
  "envelopeXdr": {
    "anyOf": [
      {
        "type": "string"
      },
      {
        "type": "null"
      }
    ],
    "default": null,
    "title": "Envelopexdr"
  },
  "resultXdr": {
    "anyOf": [
      {
        "type": "string"
      },
      {
        "type": "null"
      }
    ],
    "default": null,
    "title": "Resultxdr"
  },
  "resultMetaXdr": {
    "anyOf": [
      {
        "type": "string"
      },
      {
        "type": "null"
      }
    ],
    "default": null,
    "title": "Resultmetaxdr"
  },
  "ledger": {
    "anyOf": [
      {
        "type": "integer"
      },
      {
        "type": "null"
      }
    ],
    "default": null,
    "title": "Ledger"
  },
  "createdAt": {

```

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```

    "anyOf": [
        {
            "type": "integer"
        },
        {
            "type": "null"
        }
    ],
    "default": null,
    "title": "Createdat"
},
"$defs": {
    "GetTransactionStatus": {
        "enum": [
            "SUCCESS",
            "NOT_FOUND",
            "FAILED"
        ],
        "title": "GetTransactionStatus",
        "type": "string"
    }
},
"required": [
    "status",
    "latestLedger",
    "latestLedgerCloseTime",
    "oldestLedger",
    "oldestLedgerCloseTime"
]
}

```

Fields

- *application_order* (*int* | *None*)
- *create_at* (*int* | *None*)
- *envelope_xdr* (*str* | *None*)
- *fee_bump* (*bool* | *None*)
- *latest_ledger* (*int*)
- *latest_ledger_close_time* (*int*)
- *ledger* (*int* | *None*)
- *oldest_ledger* (*int*)
- *oldest_ledger_close_time* (*int*)
- *result_meta_xdr* (*str* | *None*)
- *result_xdr* (*str* | *None*)
- *status* (*stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.GetTransactionStatus*)

```
field application_order: Optional[int] = None (alias 'applicationOrder')
field create_at: Optional[int] = None (alias 'createdAt')
field envelope_xdr: Optional[str] = None (alias 'envelopeXdr')
field fee_bump: Optional[bool] = None (alias 'feeBump')
field latest_ledger: int [Required] (alias 'latestLedger')
field latest_ledger_close_time: int [Required] (alias 'latestLedgerCloseTime')
field ledger: Optional[int] = None
field oldest_ledger: int [Required] (alias 'oldestLedger')
field oldest_ledger_close_time: int [Required] (alias 'oldestLedgerCloseTime')
field result_meta_xdr: Optional[str] = None (alias 'resultMetaXdr')
field result_xdr: Optional[str] = None (alias 'resultXdr')
field status: GetTransactionStatus [Required]
```

class stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.GetTransactionStatus(*value, names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None*)

FAILED = 'FAILED'

TransactionStatusFailed indicates the transaction was included in the ledger and it was executed with an error.

NOT_FOUND = 'NOT_FOUND'

indicates the transaction was not found in Soroban-RPC's transaction store.

SUCCESS = 'SUCCESS'

indicates the transaction was included in the ledger and it was executed without errors.

pydantic model stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.LedgerEntryResult

```
{
  "title": "LedgerEntryResult",
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "key": {
      "title": "Key",
      "type": "string"
    },
    "xdr": {
      "title": "Xdr",
      "type": "string"
    },
    "lastModifiedLedgerSeq": {
      "title": "Lastmodifiedledgerseq",
      "type": "integer"
    },
    "liveUntilLedgerSeq": {
```

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```

    "anyOf": [
        {
            "type": "integer"
        },
        {
            "type": "null"
        }
    ],
    "default": null,
    "title": "Liveuntillledgerseq"
}
},
"required": [
    "key",
    "xdr",
    "lastModifiedLedgerSeq"
]
}

```

Fields

- *key* (*str*)
- *last_modified_ledger* (*int*)
- *live_until_ledger* (*int* | *None*)
- *xdr* (*str*)

field *key*: *str* [Required]

field *last_modified_ledger*: *int* [Required] (alias 'lastModifiedLedgerSeq')

field *live_until_ledger*: *Optional[int]* = *None* (alias 'liveUntilLedgerSeq')

field *xdr*: *str* [Required]

pydantic model `stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.PaginationOptions`

```

{
    "title": "PaginationOptions",
    "type": "object",
    "properties": {
        "cursor": {
            "anyOf": [
                {
                    "type": "string"
                },
                {
                    "type": "null"
                }
            ],
            "default": null,
            "title": "Cursor"
        }
    }
}

```

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```

    },
    "limit": {
      "anyOf": [
        {
          "type": "integer"
        },
        {
          "type": "null"
        }
      ],
      "default": null,
      "title": "Limit"
    }
  }
}

```

Fields

- *cursor* (*str* | *None*)
- *limit* (*int* | *None*)

field cursor: `Optional[str] = None`

field limit: `Optional[int] = None`

pydantic model `stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.Request`

Represent the request sent to Soroban-RPC.

See [JSON-RPC 2.0 Specification - Request object](https://www.jsonrpc.org/specification#request_object) for more information.

```

{
  "title": "Request",
  "description": "Represent the request sent to Soroban-RPC.\n\nSee `JSON-RPC 2.0_↵\n↵Specification - Request object <https://www.jsonrpc.org/specification#request_↵\n↵object>`__ for more information.",
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "jsonrpc": {
      "default": "2.0",
      "title": "Jsonrpc",
      "type": "string"
    },
    "id": {
      "anyOf": [
        {
          "type": "string"
        },
        {
          "type": "integer"
        }
      ],
      "title": "Id"
    }
  }
}

```

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```

    },
    "method": {
        "title": "Method",
        "type": "string"
    },
    "params": {
        "anyOf": [
            {},
            {
                "type": "null"
            }
        ],
        "default": null,
        "title": "Params"
    }
},
"required": [
    "id",
    "method"
]
}

```

Fields

- *id* (*str* | *int*)
- *jsonrpc* (*str*)
- *method* (*str*)
- *params* (*stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.T* | *None*)

field *id*: `Union[str, int]` [Required]

field *jsonrpc*: `str` = '2.0'

field *method*: `str` [Required]

field *params*: `Optional[TypeVar(T)]` = `None`

pydantic model `stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.ResourceConfig`

`ResourceConfig` represents the additional resource leeways for transaction simulation.

```

{
    "title": "ResourceConfig",
    "description": "ResourceConfig represents the additional resource leeways for_
↳ transaction simulation.",
    "type": "object",
    "properties": {
        "instructionLeeway": {
            "title": "Instructionleeway",
            "type": "integer"
        }
    }
},

```

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```

    "required": [
        "instructionLeeway"
    ]
}

```

Config

- `populate_by_name`: *bool = True*

Fields

- `instruction_lee_way` (*int*)

field `instruction_lee_way`: `int` [Required] (alias 'instructionLeeway')

pydantic model `stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.Response`

Represent the response returned from Soroban-RPC.

See [JSON-RPC 2.0 Specification - Response object](https://www.jsonrpc.org/specification) for more information.

```

{
    "title": "Response",
    "description": "Represent the response returned from Soroban-RPC.\n\nSee `JSON-  

    ↳RPC 2.0 Specification - Response object <https://www.jsonrpc.org/specification  

    ↳#response_object>`__ for more information.",
    "type": "object",
    "properties": {
        "jsonrpc": {
            "title": "Jsonrpc",
            "type": "string"
        },
        "id": {
            "anyOf": [
                {
                    "type": "string"
                },
                {
                    "type": "integer"
                }
            ],
            "title": "Id"
        },
        "result": {
            "anyOf": [
                {},
                {
                    "type": "null"
                }
            ],
            "default": null,
            "title": "Result"
        },
        "error": {
            "anyOf": [

```

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```

        {
            "$ref": "#/$defs/Error"
        },
        {
            "type": "null"
        }
    ],
    "default": null
},
"$defs": {
    "Error": {
        "properties": {
            "code": {
                "title": "Code",
                "type": "integer"
            },
            "message": {
                "anyOf": [
                    {
                        "type": "string"
                    },
                    {
                        "type": "null"
                    }
                ],
                "default": null,
                "title": "Message"
            }
        },
        "data": {
            "anyOf": [
                {
                    "type": "string"
                },
                {
                    "type": "null"
                }
            ],
            "default": null,
            "title": "Data"
        }
    },
    "required": [
        "code"
    ],
    "title": "Error",
    "type": "object"
},
"required": [
    "jsonrpc",
    "id"
]

```

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```
]
}
```

Fields

- *error* (*stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.Error* | *None*)
- *id* (*str* | *int*)
- *jsonrpc* (*str*)
- *result* (*stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.T* | *None*)

```
field error: Optional[Error] = None
```

```
field id: Union[str, int] [Required]
```

```
field jsonrpc: str [Required]
```

```
field result: Optional[TypeVar(T)] = None
```

pydantic model `stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.RestorePreamble`

```
{
  "title": "RestorePreamble",
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "transactionData": {
      "title": "Transactiondata",
      "type": "string"
    },
    "minResourceFee": {
      "title": "Minresourcefee",
      "type": "integer"
    }
  },
  "required": [
    "transactionData",
    "minResourceFee"
  ]
}
```

Fields

- *min_resource_fee* (*int*)
- *transaction_data* (*str*)

```
field min_resource_fee: int [Required] (alias 'minResourceFee')
```

```
field transaction_data: str [Required] (alias 'transactionData')
```

pydantic model `stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.SendTransactionRequest`

Response for JSON-RPC method `sendTransaction`.

See [sendTransaction documentation](#) for more information.


```
{
  "title": "SendTransactionRequest",
  "description": "Response for JSON-RPC method sendTransaction.\n\nSee ↪
↪`sendTransaction documentation <https://soroban.stellar.org/api/methods/
↪sendTransaction#parameters>`__ for\nmore information.",
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "transaction": {
      "title": "Transaction",
      "type": "string"
    }
  },
  "required": [
    "transaction"
  ]
}
```

Fields

- *transaction* (*str*)

field transaction: **str** [Required]

pydantic model stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.SendTransactionResponse

Response for JSON-RPC method sendTransaction.

See [sendTransaction documentation](#) for more information.

```
{
  "title": "SendTransactionResponse",
  "description": "Response for JSON-RPC method sendTransaction.\n\nSee ↪
↪`sendTransaction documentation <https://soroban.stellar.org/api/methods/
↪sendTransaction#returns>`__ for\nmore information.",
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "errorResultXdr": {
      "anyOf": [
        {
          "type": "string"
        },
        {
          "type": "null"
        }
      ],
      "default": null,
      "title": "Errorresultxdr"
    },
    "status": {
      "$ref": "#/$defs/SendTransactionStatus"
    },
    "hash": {
      "title": "Hash",
      "type": "string"
    }
  }
}
```

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```

    },
    "latestLedger": {
        "title": "Latestledger",
        "type": "integer"
    },
    "latestLedgerCloseTime": {
        "title": "Latestledgerclosetime",
        "type": "integer"
    }
},
"$defs": {
    "SendTransactionStatus": {
        "enum": [
            "ERROR",
            "PENDING",
            "DUPLICATE",
            "TRY_AGAIN_LATER"
        ],
        "title": "SendTransactionStatus",
        "type": "string"
    }
},
"required": [
    "status",
    "hash",
    "latestLedger",
    "latestLedgerCloseTime"
]
}

```

Fields

- *error_result_xdr* (*str* | *None*)
- *hash* (*str*)
- *latest_ledger* (*int*)
- *latest_ledger_close_time* (*int*)
- *status* (*stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.SendTransactionStatus*)

field *error_result_xdr*: *Optional*[*str*] = *None* (alias 'errorResultXdr')

field *hash*: *str* [Required]

field *latest_ledger*: *int* [Required] (alias 'latestLedger')

field *latest_ledger_close_time*: *int* [Required] (alias 'latestLedgerCloseTime')

field *status*: *SendTransactionStatus* [Required]

```

class stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.SendTransactionStatus(value, names=None, *, module=None,
                                                    qualname=None, type=None, start=1,
                                                    boundary=None)

```

DUPLICATE = 'DUPLICATE'

represents the status value returned by stellar-core when a submitted transaction is a duplicate

ERROR = 'ERROR'

represents the status value returned by stellar-core when an error occurred from submitting a transaction

PENDING = 'PENDING'

represents the status value returned by stellar-core when a transaction has been accepted for processing

TRY_AGAIN_LATER = 'TRY_AGAIN_LATER'

represents the status value returned by stellar-core when a submitted transaction was not included in the previous 4 ledgers and get banned for being added in the next few ledgers.

pydantic model stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.SimulateHostFunctionResult

```
{
  "title": "SimulateHostFunctionResult",
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "auth": {
      "anyOf": [
        {
          "items": {
            "type": "string"
          },
          "type": "array"
        },
        {
          "type": "null"
        }
      ],
      "default": null,
      "title": "Auth"
    },
    "xdr": {
      "title": "Xdr",
      "type": "string"
    }
  },
  "required": [
    "xdr"
  ]
}
```

Fields

- *auth* (*List[str]* | *None*)
- *xdr* (*str*)

field *auth*: *Optional[List[str]]* = *None*

field *xdr*: *str* [Required]

pydantic model stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.SimulateTransactionCost

```
{
  "title": "SimulateTransactionCost",
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "cpuInsns": {
      "title": "Cpuinsns",
      "type": "integer"
    },
    "memBytes": {
      "title": "Membytes",
      "type": "integer"
    }
  },
  "required": [
    "cpuInsns",
    "memBytes"
  ]
}
```

Fields

- *cpu_insns* (*int*)
- *mem_bytes* (*int*)

field *cpu_insns*: **int** [Required] (alias 'cpuInsns')

field *mem_bytes*: **int** [Required] (alias 'memBytes')

pydantic model stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.SimulateTransactionRequest

Response for JSON-RPC method simulateTransaction.

Note: The simulation response will have different model representations with different members present or absent depending on type of response that it is conveying. For example, the simulation response for invoke host function, could be one of three types: error, success, or restore operation needed.

See [simulateTransaction](#) documentation for more information.

```
{
  "title": "SimulateTransactionRequest",
  "description": "Response for JSON-RPC method simulateTransaction.\n\n.. note::\n    ↳ The simulation response will have different model representations with\n    ↳ different\n    ↳ members present or absent depending on type of response that it is\n    ↳ conveying. For example, the\n    ↳ simulation response for invoke host function,\n    ↳ could be one of three types: error, success, or\n    ↳ restore operation needed.\n    ↳ See `simulateTransaction documentation <https://soroban.stellar.org/api/methods/\n    ↳ simulateTransaction#parameters>`__ for\n    ↳ more information.",
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "transaction": {
      "title": "Transaction",
```

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```

        "type": "string"
    },
    "resourceConfig": {
        "anyOf": [
            {
                "$ref": "#/$defs/ResourceConfig"
            },
            {
                "type": "null"
            }
        ],
        "default": null
    }
},
"$defs": {
    "ResourceConfig": {
        "description": "ResourceConfig represents the additional resource leeways_
↪for transaction simulation.",
        "properties": {
            "instructionLeeway": {
                "title": "Instructionleeway",
                "type": "integer"
            }
        },
        "required": [
            "instructionLeeway"
        ],
        "title": "ResourceConfig",
        "type": "object"
    }
},
"required": [
    "transaction"
]
}

```

Config

- `populate_by_name`: *bool = True*

Fields

- `resource_config` (*stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.ResourceConfig | None*)
- `transaction` (*str*)

field `resource_config`: `Optional[ResourceConfig] = None` (alias 'resourceConfig')

field `transaction`: `str [Required]`

pydantic model `stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.SimulateTransactionResponse`

Response for JSON-RPC method `simulateTransaction`.

See [simulateTransaction documentation](#) for more information.

```
{
  "title": "SimulateTransactionResponse",
  "description": "Response for JSON-RPC method simulateTransaction.\n\nSee ↪  
↪`simulateTransaction` documentation <https://soroban.stellar.org/api/methods/  
↪simulateTransaction#returns>`__` for\nmore information.",
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "error": {
      "anyOf": [
        {
          "type": "string"
        },
        {
          "type": "null"
        }
      ],
      "default": null,
      "title": "Error"
    },
    "transactionData": {
      "anyOf": [
        {
          "type": "string"
        },
        {
          "type": "null"
        }
      ],
      "default": null,
      "title": "Transactiondata"
    },
    "minResourceFee": {
      "anyOf": [
        {
          "type": "integer"
        },
        {
          "type": "null"
        }
      ],
      "default": null,
      "title": "Minresourcefee"
    },
    "events": {
      "anyOf": [
        {
          "items": {
            "type": "string"
          },
          "type": "array"
        },
        {
          "type": "null"
        }
      ]
    }
  }
}
```

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```

        }
    ],
    "default": null,
    "title": "Events"
},
"results": {
    "anyOf": [
        {
            "items": {
                "$ref": "#/$defs/SimulateHostFunctionResult"
            },
            "type": "array"
        },
        {
            "type": "null"
        }
    ],
    "default": null,
    "title": "Results"
},
"cost": {
    "anyOf": [
        {
            "$ref": "#/$defs/SimulateTransactionCost"
        },
        {
            "type": "null"
        }
    ],
    "default": null
},
"restorePreamble": {
    "anyOf": [
        {
            "$ref": "#/$defs/RestorePreamble"
        },
        {
            "type": "null"
        }
    ],
    "default": null
},
"latestLedger": {
    "title": "Latestledger",
    "type": "integer"
}
},
"$defs": {
    "RestorePreamble": {
        "properties": {
            "transactionData": {
                "title": "Transactiondata",

```

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```

        "type": "string"
    },
    "minResourceFee": {
        "title": "Minresourcefee",
        "type": "integer"
    }
},
"required": [
    "transactionData",
    "minResourceFee"
],
"title": "RestorePreamble",
"type": "object"
},
"SimulateHostFunctionResult": {
    "properties": {
        "auth": {
            "anyOf": [
                {
                    "items": {
                        "type": "string"
                    },
                    "type": "array"
                },
                {
                    "type": "null"
                }
            ],
            "default": null,
            "title": "Auth"
        },
        "xdr": {
            "title": "Xdr",
            "type": "string"
        }
    },
    "required": [
        "xdr"
    ],
    "title": "SimulateHostFunctionResult",
    "type": "object"
},
"SimulateTransactionCost": {
    "properties": {
        "cpuInsns": {
            "title": "Cpuinsns",
            "type": "integer"
        },
        "memBytes": {
            "title": "Membytes",
            "type": "integer"
        }
    }
}

```

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```

    },
    "required": [
        "cpuInsns",
        "memBytes"
    ],
    "title": "SimulateTransactionCost",
    "type": "object"
  }
},
"required": [
    "latestLedger"
]
}

```

Fields

- *cost* (*stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.SimulateTransactionCost* | *None*)
- *error* (*str* | *None*)
- *events* (*List[str]* | *None*)
- *latest_ledger* (*int*)
- *min_resource_fee* (*int* | *None*)
- *restore_preamble* (*stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.RestorePreamble* | *None*)
- *results* (*List[stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.SimulateHostFunctionResult]* | *None*)
- *transaction_data* (*str* | *None*)

field cost: `Optional[SimulateTransactionCost] = None`

field error: `Optional[str] = None`

field events: `Optional[List[str]] = None`

field latest_ledger: `int [Required] (alias 'latestLedger')`

field min_resource_fee: `Optional[int] = None (alias 'minResourceFee')`

field restore_preamble: `Optional[RestorePreamble] = None (alias 'restorePreamble')`

field results: `Optional[List[SimulateHostFunctionResult]] = None`

field transaction_data: `Optional[str] = None (alias 'transactionData')`

pydantic model `stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.SimulateTransactionResult`

```

{
  "title": "SimulateTransactionResult",
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "auth": {
      "anyOf": [

```

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```

        {
            "items": {
                "type": "string"
            },
            "type": "array"
        },
        {
            "type": "null"
        }
    ],
    "default": null,
    "title": "Auth"
},
"events": {
    "anyOf": [
        {
            "items": {
                "type": "string"
            },
            "type": "array"
        },
        {
            "type": "null"
        }
    ],
    "default": null,
    "title": "Events"
},
"footprint": {
    "title": "Footprint",
    "type": "string"
},
"xdr": {
    "title": "Xdr",
    "type": "string"
}
},
"required": [
    "footprint",
    "xdr"
]
}

```

Fields

- *auth* (*List[str] | None*)
- *events* (*List[str] | None*)
- *footprint* (*str*)
- *xdr* (*str*)

field auth: `Optional[List[str]] = None`

```
field events: Optional[List[str]] = None
```

```
field footprint: str [Required]
```

```
field xdr: str [Required]
```

```
pydantic model stellar_sdk.soroban_rpc.TransactionResponseError
```

```
{
  "title": "TransactionResponseError",
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "code": {
      "title": "Code",
      "type": "string"
    },
    "message": {
      "title": "Message",
      "type": "string"
    },
    "data": {
      "title": "Data",
      "type": "object"
    }
  },
  "required": [
    "code",
    "message",
    "data"
  ]
}
```

Fields

- *code* (*str*)
- *data* (*Dict[str, Any]*)
- *message* (*str*)

```
field code: str [Required]
```

```
field data: Dict[str, Any] [Required]
```

```
field message: str [Required]
```

2.1.32 scval

`stellar_sdk.scval.to_address(data)`

Creates a new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object from an `stellar_sdk.address.Address` object.

Parameters

data (`Union[Address, str]`) – The `stellar_sdk.address.Address` object to convert.

Return type

`SCVal`

Returns

A new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object with type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_ADDRESS`.

`stellar_sdk.scval.from_address(sc_val)`

Creates an `stellar_sdk.address.Address` object from a `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object.

Parameters

sc_val (`SCVal`) – The `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object to convert.

Return type

`Address`

Returns

An `stellar_sdk.address.Address` object.

Raises

`ValueError` if `sc_val` is not of type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_ADDRESS`.

`stellar_sdk.scval.to_bool(data)`

Creates a new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object from a bool value.

Parameters

data (`bool`) – The bool value to convert.

Return type

`SCVal`

Returns

A new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object with type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_BOOL`.

`stellar_sdk.scval.from_bool(sc_val)`

Creates a bool value from a `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object.

Parameters

sc_val (`SCVal`) – The `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object to convert.

Return type

`bool`

Returns

A bool value.

Raises

`ValueError` if `sc_val` is not of type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_BOOL`.

`stellar_sdk.scval.to_bytes(data)`

Creates a new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object from a bytes value.

Parameters

data (*bytes*) – The bytes value to convert.

Return type

SCVal

Returns

A new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object with type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_BYTES`.

`stellar_sdk.scval.from_bytes(sc_val)`

Creates a bytes value from a `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object.

Parameters

sc_val (*SCVal*) – The `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object to convert.

Return type

bytes

Returns

A bytes value.

Raises

ValueError if `sc_val` is not of type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_BYTES`.

`stellar_sdk.scval.to_duration(data)`

Creates a new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object from an int value.

Parameters

data (*int*) – The duration. (uint64)

Return type

SCVal

Returns

A new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object with type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_DURATION`.

Raises

ValueError if value is out of uint64 range.

`stellar_sdk.scval.from_duration(sc_val)`

Creates an int value from a `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object.

Parameters

sc_val (*SCVal*) – The `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object to convert.

Return type

int

Returns

The duration. (uint64)

Raises

ValueError if `sc_val` is not of type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_DURATION`.

`stellar_sdk.scval.to_int32(data)`

Creates a new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object from an int value.

Parameters

data (*int*) – The int to convert. (int32)

Return type`SCVal`**Returns**

A new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object with type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_I32`.

Raises

`ValueError` if value is out of int32 range.

`stellar_sdk.scval.from_int32(sc_val)`

Creates an int value from a `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object.

Parameters

sc_val (`SCVal`) – The `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object to convert.

Return type`int`**Returns**

An int value. (int32)

Raises

`ValueError` if `sc_val` is not of type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_I32`.

`stellar_sdk.scval.to_int64(data)`

Creates a new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object from an int value.

Parameters

data (`int`) – The int to convert. (int64)

Return type`SCVal`**Returns**

A new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object with type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_I64`.

Raises

`ValueError` if value is out of int64 range.

`stellar_sdk.scval.from_int64(sc_val)`

Creates an int value from a `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object.

Parameters

sc_val (`SCVal`) – The `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object to convert.

Return type`int`**Returns**

An int value. (int64)

Raises

`ValueError` if `sc_val` is not of type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_I64`.

`stellar_sdk.scval.to_int128(data)`

Creates a new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object from an int value.

Parameters

data (`int`) – The int to convert. (int128)

Return type`SCVal`**Returns**

A new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object with type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_I128`.

Raises

`ValueError` if value is out of int128 range.

`stellar_sdk.scval.from_int128(sc_val)`

Creates an int value from a `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object.

Parameters

sc_val (`SCVal`) – The `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object to convert.

Return type`int`**Returns**

An int value. (int128)

Raises

`ValueError` if `sc_val` is not of type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_I128`.

`stellar_sdk.scval.to_int256(data)`

Creates a new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object from an int value.

Parameters

data (`int`) – The int to convert. (int256)

Return type`SCVal`**Returns**

A new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object with type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_I256`.

Raises

`ValueError` if value is out of int256 range.

`stellar_sdk.scval.from_int256(sc_val)`

Creates an int value from a `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object.

Parameters

sc_val (`SCVal`) – The `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object to convert.

Return type`int`**Returns**

An int value. (int256)

Raises

`ValueError` if `sc_val` is not of type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_I256`.

`stellar_sdk.scval.to_map(data)`

Creates a new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object from an `OrderedDict` value.

Parameters

data (`Dict[SCVal, SCVal]`) – The dict value to convert.

Return type`SCVal`**Returns**

A new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object with type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_MAP`.

`stellar_sdk.scval.from_map(sc_val)`

Creates a dict value from a `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object.

Parameters

sc_val (`SCVal`) – The `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object to convert.

Return type`Dict[SCVal, SCVal]`**Returns**

The map value.

Raises

`ValueError` if `sc_val` is not of type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_MAP`.

`stellar_sdk.scval.to_string(data)`

Creates a new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object from a string value.

Parameters

data (`Union[str, bytes]`) – The string value to convert.

Return type`SCVal`**Returns**

A new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object with type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_STRING`.

`stellar_sdk.scval.from_string(sc_val)`

Creates a string value from a `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object.

Parameters

sc_val (`SCVal`) – The `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object to convert.

Return type`bytes`**Returns**

A string value in bytes.

Raises

`ValueError` if `sc_val` is not of type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_STRING`.

`stellar_sdk.scval.to_symbol(data)`

Creates a new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object from a symbol value.

Parameters

data (`str`) – The symbol value to convert.

Return type`SCVal`**Returns**

A new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object with type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_SYMBOL`.

`stellar_sdk.scval.from_symbol(sc_val)`

Creates a symbol value from a `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object.

Parameters

sc_val (*SCVal*) – The `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object to convert.

Return type

str

Returns

A symbol value.

Raises

ValueError if `sc_val` is not of type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_SYMBOL`.

`stellar_sdk.scval.to_timepoint(data)`

Creates a new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object from an int value.

Parameters

data (*int*) – The time point. (uint64)

Return type

SCVal

Returns

A new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object with type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_TIME_POINT`.

Raises

ValueError if value is out of uint64 range.

`stellar_sdk.scval.from_timepoint(sc_val)`

Creates an int value from a `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object.

Parameters

sc_val (*SCVal*) – The `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object to convert.

Return type

int

Returns

The time point. (uint64)

Raises

ValueError if `sc_val` is not of type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_TIMEPOINT`.

`stellar_sdk.scval.to_uint32(data)`

Creates a new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object from an int value.

Parameters

data (*int*) – The int to convert. (uint32)

Return type

SCVal

Returns

A new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object with type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_U32`.

Raises

ValueError if value is out of uint32 range.

`stellar_sdk.scval.from_uint32(sc_val)`

Creates an int value from a `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object.

Parameters

sc_val (*SCVal*) – The `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object to convert.

Return type

int

Returns

An int value. (uint32)

Raises

ValueError if `sc_val` is not of type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_U32`.

`stellar_sdk.scval.to_uint64(data)`

Creates a new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object from an int value.

Parameters

data (*int*) – The int to convert. (uint64)

Return type

SCVal

Returns

A new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object with type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_U64`.

Raises

ValueError if value is out of uint64 range.

`stellar_sdk.scval.from_uint64(sc_val)`

Creates an int value from a `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object.

Parameters

sc_val (*SCVal*) – The `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object to convert.

Return type

int

Returns

An int value. (uint64)

Raises

ValueError if `sc_val` is not of type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_U64`.

`stellar_sdk.scval.to_uint128(data)`

Creates a new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object from an int value.

Parameters

data (*int*) – The int to convert. (uint128)

Return type

SCVal

Returns

A new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object with type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_U128`.

Raises

ValueError if value is out of uint128 range.

`stellar_sdk.scval.from_uint128(sc_val)`

Creates an int value from a `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object.

Parameters

sc_val (*SCVal*) – The `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object to convert.

Return type

int

Returns

An int value. (uint128)

Raises

ValueError if `sc_val` is not of type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_U128`.

`stellar_sdk.scval.to_uint256(data)`

Creates a new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object from an int value.

Parameters

data (*int*) – The int to convert. (uint256)

Return type

SCVal

Returns

A new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object with type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_U256`.

Raises

ValueError if value is out of uint256 range.

`stellar_sdk.scval.from_uint256(sc_val)`

Creates an int value from a `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object.

Parameters

sc_val (*SCVal*) – The `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object to convert.

Return type

int

Returns

The value. (uint256)

Raises

ValueError if `sc_val` is not of type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_U256`.

`stellar_sdk.scval.to_vec(data)`

Creates a new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object from a list of `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR objects.

Parameters

data (*Sequence[SCVal]*) – The list of `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR objects.

Return type

SCVal

Returns

A new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object with type `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_VEC`.

`stellar_sdk.scval.from_vec(sc_val)`

Creates a list of `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR objects from a `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object.

Parameters

sc_val (*SCVal*) – The stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal XDR object to convert.

Return type

List[*SCVal*]

Returns

The list of stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal XDR objects.

Raises

ValueError if sc_val is not of type stellar_sdk.xdr.SCValType.SCV_VEC.

stellar_sdk.scval.to_enum(key, data)

Creates a stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal XDR object corresponding to the Enum in the Rust SDK.

Warning: Please note that this API is experimental and may be removed at any time. I recommend using the *from_vec()* to implement it.

Parameters

- **key** (*str*) – The key of the Enum.
- **data** (*Optional[SCVal]*) – The data of the Enum.

Return type

SCVal

Returns

A new stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal XDR object.

stellar_sdk.scval.from_enum(sc_val)

Creates a tuple corresponding to the Enum in the Rust SDK.

Warning: Please note that this API is experimental and may be removed at any time. I recommend using the *from_vec()* and *from_symbol()* to implement it.

Parameters

sc_val (*SCVal*) – The stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal XDR object to convert.

Return type

Tuple[*str*, *Optional[SCVal]*]

Returns

A tuple corresponding to the Enum in the Rust SDK.

stellar_sdk.scval.to_tuple_struct(data)

Creates a new stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal XDR object corresponding to the Tuple Struct in the Rust SDK.

Warning: Please note that this API is experimental and may be removed at any time. I recommend using the *to_vec()* to implement it.

Parameters

data (*Sequence[SCVal]*) – The fields of the Tuple Struct.

Return type`SCVal`**Returns**A new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object.`stellar_sdk.scval.from_tuple_struct(sc_val)`

Creates a list corresponding to the Tuple Struct in the Rust SDK.

Warning: Please note that this API is experimental and may be removed at any time. I recommend using the `from_vec()` to implement it.

Parameters`sc_val` (`SCVal`) – The `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object to convert.**Return type**`List[SCVal]`**Returns**

A list corresponding to the Tuple Struct in the Rust SDK.

`stellar_sdk.scval.to_struct(data)`Creates a new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object corresponding to the Struct in the Rust SDK.

Warning: Please note that this API is experimental and may be removed at any time. I recommend using the `to_map()` and `to_symbol()` to implement it.

Parameters`data` (`Dict[str, SCVal]`) – The dict value to convert.**Return type**`SCVal`**Returns**A new `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object.`stellar_sdk.scval.from_struct(sc_val)`

Creates a dict corresponding to the Struct in the Rust SDK.

Warning: Please note that this API is experimental and may be removed at any time. I recommend using the `from_map()` and `from_symbol()` to implement it.

Parameters`sc_val` (`SCVal`) – The `stellar_sdk.xdr.SCVal` XDR object to convert.**Return type**`Dict[str, SCVal]`**Returns**

A dict corresponding to the Struct in the Rust SDK.

2.1.33 Auth

`stellar_sdk.auth.authorize_entry(entry, signer, valid_until_ledger_sequence, network_passphrase)`

Actually authorizes an existing authorization entry using the given the credentials and expiration details, returning a signed copy.

This “fills out” the authorization entry with a signature, indicating to the `stellar_sdk.InvokeHostFunction` it’s attached to that:

- a particular identity (i.e. signing `stellar_sdk.Keypair` or other signer)
- **approving the execution of an invocation tree (i.e. a**
simulation-acquired `stellar_xdr.SorobanAuthorizedInvocation` or otherwise built)
- on a particular network (uniquely identified by its passphrase, see `stellar_sdk.Network`)
- until a particular ledger sequence is reached.

Parameters

- **entry** (`Union[SorobanAuthorizationEntry, str]`) – an unsigned Soroban authorization entry.
- **signer** (`Union[Keypair, Callable[[HashIDPreimage], bytes]]`) – either a `Keypair` or a function which takes a payload (a `stellar_xdr.HashIDPreimage` instance) input and returns a bytes signature, the signing key should correspond to the address in the *entry*.
- **valid_until_ledger_sequence** (`int`) – the (exclusive) future ledger sequence number until which this authorization entry should be valid (if `currentLedgerSeq==validUntil`, this is expired)
- **network_passphrase** (`str`) – the network passphrase is incorporated into the signature (see `stellar_sdk.Network` for options)

Return type

`SorobanAuthorizationEntry`

Returns

a signed Soroban authorization entry.

`stellar_sdk.auth.authorize_invocation(signer, public_key, valid_until_ledger_sequence, invocation, network_passphrase)`

This builds an entry from scratch, allowing you to express authorization as a function of:

- a particular identity (i.e. signing `stellar_sdk.Keypair` or other signer)
- **approving the execution of an invocation tree (i.e. a**
simulation-acquired `stellar_xdr.SorobanAuthorizedInvocation` or otherwise built)
- on a particular network (uniquely identified by its passphrase, see `stellar_sdk.Network`)
- until a particular ledger sequence is reached.

This is in contrast to `authorize_entry()`, which signs an existing entry “in place”.

Parameters

- **signer** (`Union[Keypair, Callable[[HashIDPreimage], bytes]]`) – either a `Keypair` or a function which takes a payload (a `stellar_xdr.HashIDPreimage` instance) input and returns a bytes signature, the signing key should correspond to the address in the *entry*.
- **public_key** (`Optional[str]`) – the public identity of the signer (when providing a `Keypair` to *signer*, this can be omitted, as it just uses the public key of the keypair)

- **valid_until_ledger_sequence** (`int`) – the (exclusive) future ledger sequence number until which this authorization entry should be valid (if `currentLedgerSeq==validUntil`, this is expired)
- **invocation** (`SorobanAuthorizedInvocation`) – invocation the invocation tree that we’re authorizing (likely, this comes from transaction simulation)
- **network_passphrase** (`str`) – the network passphrase is incorporated into the signature (see `stellar_sdk.Network` for options)

Returns

a signed Soroban authorization entry.

2.1.34 Helpers

`stellar_sdk.helpers.parse_transaction_envelope_from_xdr(xdr, network_passphrase)`

When you are not sure whether your XDR belongs to `TransactionEnvelope` or `FeeBumpTransactionEnvelope`, you can use this helper function.

An example:

```
from stellar_sdk import Network
from stellar_sdk.helpers import parse_transaction_envelope_from_xdr

xdr = "AAAAAgAAAADHJNEDn33/C1uDkDfzDfKVq/
↪4XE9IxDfGiLCfoV7riZQAAA+gCI4TVABpRPgAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAQAAAAAAAAADAAAAAUxpcmEAAAAAabIaDgm0ypyJpsVfEj
↪kEB2Z4UL20y536evnwmmSc4c2FnxlVUcPZl5jgWHcNwY8LTpFhdrUN9TZWciCRp/JCZYa0SJh8cYB"
te = parse_transaction_envelope_from_xdr(xdr, Network.PUBLIC_NETWORK_PASSPHRASE)
print(te)
```

Parameters

- **xdr** (`str`) – Transaction envelope XDR
- **network_passphrase** (`str`) – The network to connect to for verifying and retrieving additional attributes from. (ex. "Public Global Stellar Network ; September 2015")

Raises

`ValueError` - XDR is neither `TransactionEnvelope` nor `FeeBumpTransactionEnvelope`

Return type

`Union[TransactionEnvelope, FeeBumpTransactionEnvelope]`

2.1.35 Stellar Ecosystem Proposals

SEP 0001: stellar.toml

`stellar_sdk.sep.stellar_toml.fetch_stellar_toml(domain, client=None, use_http=False)`

Retrieve the stellar.toml file from a given domain.

Retrieve the stellar.toml file for information about interacting with Stellar’s federation protocol for a given Stellar Anchor (specified by a domain).

Parameters

- **domain** (`str`) – The domain the .toml file is hosted at.

- **use_http** (*bool*) – Specifies whether the request should go over plain HTTP vs HTTPS. Note it is recommended that you **always** use HTTPS.
- **client** (*BaseSyncClient*) – Http Client used to send the request.

Return type

MutableMapping[*str*, *Any*]

Returns

The stellar.toml file as an object via `toml.loads()`.

Raises

StellarTomlNotFoundError: if the Stellar toml file could not be found.

```
async stellar_sdk.sep.stellar_toml.fetch_stellar_toml_async(domain, client=None,
                                                           use_http=False)
```

Retrieve the stellar.toml file from a given domain.

Retrieve the stellar.toml file for information about interacting with Stellar's federation protocol for a given Stellar Anchor (specified by a domain).

Parameters

- **domain** (*str*) – The domain the .toml file is hosted at.
- **use_http** (*bool*) – Specifies whether the request should go over plain HTTP vs HTTPS. Note it is recommended that you **always** use HTTPS.
- **client** (*BaseAsyncClient*) – Http Client used to send the request.

Return type

MutableMapping[*str*, *Any*]

Returns

The stellar.toml file as an object via `toml.loads()`.

Raises

StellarTomlNotFoundError: if the Stellar toml file could not be found.

SEP 0002: Federation protocol

```
stellar_sdk.sep.federation.resolve_stellar_address(stellar_address, client=None,
                                                    federation_url=None, use_http=False)
```

Get the federation record if the user was found for a given Stellar address.

Parameters

- **stellar_address** (*str*) – address Stellar address (ex. "bob*stellar.org").
- **client** (*BaseSyncClient*) – Http Client used to send the request.
- **federation_url** (*str*) – The federation server URL (ex. "https://stellar.org/federation"), if you don't set this value, we will try to get it from *stellar_address*.
- **use_http** (*bool*) – Specifies whether the request should go over plain HTTP vs HTTPS. Note it is recommended that you **always** use HTTPS.

Return type

FederationRecord

Returns

Federation record.


```
async stellar_sdk.sep.federation.resolve_stellar_address_async(stellar_address, client=None,
                                                              federation_url=None,
                                                              use_http=False)
```

Get the federation record if the user was found for a given Stellar address.

Parameters

- **stellar_address** (`str`) – address Stellar address (ex. "bob*stellar.org").
- **client** (`BaseAsyncClient`) – Http Client used to send the request.
- **federation_url** (`str`) – The federation server URL (ex. "https://stellar.org/federation"), if you don't set this value, we will try to get it from *stellar_address*.
- **use_http** (`bool`) – Specifies whether the request should go over plain HTTP vs HTTPS. Note it is recommended that you **always** use HTTPS.

Return type

`FederationRecord`

Returns

Federation record.

```
async stellar_sdk.sep.federation.resolve_account_id_async(account_id, domain=None,
                                                         federation_url=None, client=None,
                                                         use_http=False)
```

Given an account ID, get their federation record if the user was found

Parameters

- **account_id** (`str`) – Account ID (ex. "GBYNR2QJXLBCBTRN44MRORCMI4Y07FZPFBCNOKTOBCAAFC7KC3LNPRYS").
- **domain** (`str`) – Get *federation_url* from the domain, you don't need to set this value if *federation_url* is set.
- **federation_url** (`str`) – The federation server URL (ex. "https://stellar.org/federation").
- **client** (`BaseAsyncClient`) – Http Client used to send the request.
- **use_http** (`bool`) – Specifies whether the request should go over plain HTTP vs HTTPS. Note it is recommended that you **always** use HTTPS.

Return type

`FederationRecord`

Returns

Federation record.

```
stellar_sdk.sep.federation.resolve_account_id(account_id, domain=None, federation_url=None,
                                              client=None, use_http=False)
```

Given an account ID, get their federation record if the user was found

Parameters

- **account_id** (`str`) – Account ID (ex. "GBYNR2QJXLBCBTRN44MRORCMI4Y07FZPFBCNOKTOBCAAFC7KC3LNPRYS").
- **domain** (`str`) – Get *federation_url* from the domain, you don't need to set this value if *federation_url* is set.
- **federation_url** (`str`) – The federation server URL (ex. "https://stellar.org/federation").
- **client** (`BaseSyncClient`) – Http Client used to send the request.

- **use_http** (*bool*) – Specifies whether the request should go over plain HTTP vs HTTPS. Note it is recommended that you **always** use HTTPS.

Return type*FederationRecord***Returns**

Federation record.

```
class stellar_sdk.sep.federation.FederationRecord(account_id, stellar_address, memo_type, memo)
```

SEP 0005: Key Derivation Methods for Stellar Accounts

```
class stellar_sdk.sep.mnemonic.StellarMnemonic(language=Language.ENGLISH)
```

Please use `stellar_sdk.keypair.Keypair.generate_mnemonic_phrase()` and `stellar_sdk.keypair.Keypair.from_mnemonic_phrase()`

```
class stellar_sdk.sep.mnemonic.Language(value, names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None,
                                         type=None, start=1, boundary=None)
```

The type of language supported by the mnemonic.

```
CHINESE_SIMPLIFIED = 'chinese_simplified'
```

```
CHINESE_TRADITIONAL = 'chinese_traditional'
```

```
ENGLISH = 'english'
```

```
FRENCH = 'french'
```

```
ITALIAN = 'italian'
```

```
JAPANESE = 'japanese'
```

```
KOREAN = 'korean'
```

```
SPANISH = 'spanish'
```

SEP 0007: URI Scheme to facilitate delegated signing

```
class stellar_sdk.sep.stellar_uri.PayStellarUri(destination, amount=None, asset=None,
                                                memo=None, callback=None, message=None,
                                                network_passphrase=None, origin_domain=None,
                                                signature=None)
```

A request for a payment to be signed.

See [SEP-0007](#)

Parameters

- **destination** (*str*) – A valid account ID or payment address.
- **amount** (*Union[str, Decimal, None]*) – Amount that destination will receive.
- **asset** (*Optional[Asset]*) – Asset destination will receive.
- **memo** (*Optional[Memo]*) – A memo to attach to the transaction.
- **callback** (*Optional[str]*) – The uri to post the transaction to after signing.
- **message** (*Optional[str]*) – An message for displaying to the user.

- **network_passphrase** (*Optional[str]*) – The passphrase of the target network.
- **origin_domain** (*Optional[str]*) – A fully qualified domain name that specifies the originating domain of the URI request.
- **signature** (*Optional[str]*) – A base64 encode signature of the hash of the URI request.

classmethod `from_uri(uri)`

Parse Stellar Pay URI and generate *PayStellarUri* object.

Parameters

uri (*str*) – Stellar Pay URI.

Return type

PayStellarUri

Returns

PayStellarUri object from uri.

sign(signer)

Sign the URI.

Parameters

signer (*Union[Keypair, str]*) – The account used to sign this transaction, it should be the secret key of *URI_REQUEST_SIGNING_KEY*.

Return type

None

to_uri()

Generate the request URI.

Return type

str

Returns

Stellar Pay URI.

```
class stellar_sdk.sep.stellar_uri.TransactionStellarUri(transaction_envelope, replace=None,
                                                         callback=None, pubkey=None,
                                                         message=None,
                                                         network_passphrase=None,
                                                         origin_domain=None, signature=None)
```

A request for a transaction to be signed.

See [SEP-0007](#)

Parameters

- **transaction_envelope** (*Union[TransactionEnvelope, FeeBumpTransactionEnvelope]*) – Transaction waiting to be signed.
- **replace** (*Optional[List[Replacement]]*) – A value that identifies the fields to be replaced in the xdr using the Txrep (SEP-0011) representation.
- **callback** (*Optional[str]*) – The uri to post the transaction to after signing.
- **pubkey** (*Optional[str]*) – Specify which public key you want the URI handler to sign for.
- **message** (*Optional[str]*) – An message for displaying to the user.
- **network_passphrase** (*Optional[str]*) – The passphrase of the target network.

- **origin_domain** (`Optional[str]`) – A fully qualified domain name that specifies the originating domain of the URI request.
- **signature** (`Optional[str]`) – A base64 encode signature of the hash of the URI request.

classmethod `from_uri(uri, network_passphrase)`

Parse Stellar Transaction URI and generate *TransactionStellarUri* object.

Parameters

- **uri** (`str`) – Stellar Transaction URI.
- **network_passphrase** (`Optional[str]`) – The network to connect to for verifying and retrieving xdr, If it is set to *None*, the *network_passphrase* in the uri will not be verified.

Return type

TransactionStellarUri

Returns

TransactionStellarUri object from uri.

sign(*signer*)

Sign the URI.

Parameters

signer (`Union[Keypair, str]`) – The account used to sign this transaction, it should be the secret key of *URI_REQUEST_SIGNING_KEY*.

Return type

None

to_uri()

Generate the request URI.

Return type

str

Returns

Stellar Transaction URI.

class `stellar_sdk.sep.stellar_uri.Replacement(txrep_tx_field_name, reference_identifier, hint)`

Used to represent a single replacement.

An example:

```
r1 = Replacement("sourceAccount", "X", "account on which to create the trustline")
r2 = Replacement("seqNum", "Y", "sequence for sourceAccount")
replacements = [r1, r2]
```

See [SEP-0007](#)

Parameters

- **txrep_tx_field_name** (`str`) – Txrep tx field name.
- **reference_identifier** (`str`) – Reference identifier.
- **hint** (`str`) – A brief and clear explanation of the context for the *reference_identifier*.

SEP 0010: Stellar Web Authentication

```
stellar_sdk.sep.stellar_web_authentication.build_challenge_transaction(server_secret,
                                                                    client_account_id,
                                                                    home_domain,
                                                                    web_auth_domain,
                                                                    network_passphrase,
                                                                    timeout=900,
                                                                    client_domain=None,
                                                                    client_signing_key=None,
                                                                    memo=None)
```

Returns a valid [SEP0010](#) challenge transaction which you can use for Stellar Web Authentication.

Parameters

- **server_secret** (`str`) – secret key for server’s stellar.toml `SIGNING_KEY`.
- **client_account_id** (`str`) – The stellar account (G...) or muxed account (M...) that the wallet wishes to authenticate with the server.
- **home_domain** (`str`) – The [fully qualified domain name](#) of the service requiring authentication (ex. "example.com").
- **web_auth_domain** (`str`) – The fully qualified domain name of the service issuing the challenge.
- **network_passphrase** (`str`) – The network to connect to for verifying and retrieving additional attributes from. (ex. "Public Global Stellar Network ; September 2015")
- **timeout** (`int`) – Challenge duration in seconds (default to 15 minutes).
- **client_domain** (`Optional[str]`) – The domain of the client application requesting authentication
- **client_signing_key** (`Optional[str]`) – The stellar account listed as the `SIGNING_KEY` on the client domain’s TOML file
- **memo** (`Optional[int]`) – The ID memo to attach to the transaction. Not permitted if *client_account_id* is a muxed account

Return type

`str`

Returns

A base64 encoded string of the raw TransactionEnvelope xdr struct for the transaction.

```
stellar_sdk.sep.stellar_web_authentication.read_challenge_transaction(challenge_transaction,
                                                                    server_account_id,
                                                                    home_domains,
                                                                    web_auth_domain,
                                                                    network_passphrase)
```

Reads a SEP 10 challenge transaction and returns the decoded transaction envelope and client account ID contained within.

It also verifies that transaction is signed by the server.

It does not verify that the transaction has been signed by the client or that any signatures other than the servers on the transaction are valid. Use one of the following functions to completely verify the transaction:

- `stellar_sdk.sep.stellar_web_authentication.verify_challenge_transaction_threshold()`
- `stellar_sdk.sep.stellar_web_authentication.verify_challenge_transaction_signers()`

Parameters

- **challenge_transaction** (`str`) – SEP0010 transaction challenge transaction in base64.
- **server_account_id** (`str`) – public key for server’s account.
- **home_domains** (`Union[str, Iterable[str]]`) – The home domain that is expected to be included in the first Manage Data operation’s string key. If a list is provided, one of the domain names in the array must match.
- **web_auth_domain** (`str`) – The home domain that is expected to be included as the value of the Manage Data operation with the ‘web_auth_domain’ key. If no such operation is included, this parameter is not used.
- **network_passphrase** (`str`) – The network to connect to for verifying and retrieving additional attributes from. (ex. "Public Global Stellar Network ; September 2015")

Raises

InvalidSep10ChallengeError - if the validation fails, the exception will be thrown.

Return type

ChallengeTransaction

```
stellar_sdk.sep.stellar_web_authentication.verify_challenge_transaction_threshold(challenge_transaction,  
                                                                                server_account_id,  
                                                                                home_domains,  
                                                                                web_auth_domain,  
                                                                                net-  
                                                                                work_passphrase,  
                                                                                thresh-  
                                                                                old,  
                                                                                signers)
```

Verifies that for a SEP 10 challenge transaction all signatures on the transaction are accounted for and that the signatures meet a threshold on an account. A transaction is verified if it is signed by the server account, and all other signatures match a signer that has been provided as an argument, and those signatures meet a threshold on the account.

Parameters

- **challenge_transaction** (`str`) – SEP0010 transaction challenge transaction in base64.
- **server_account_id** (`str`) – public key for server’s account.
- **home_domains** (`Union[str, Iterable[str]]`) – The home domain that is expected to be included in the first Manage Data operation’s string key. If a list is provided, one of the domain names in the array must match.
- **web_auth_domain** (`str`) – The home domain that is expected to be included as the value of the Manage Data operation with the ‘web_auth_domain’ key. If no such operation is included, this parameter is not used.
- **network_passphrase** (`str`) – The network to connect to for verifying and retrieving additional attributes from. (ex. "Public Global Stellar Network ; September 2015")
- **threshold** (`int`) – The medThreshold on the client account.
- **signers** (`Sequence[Ed25519PublicKeySigner]`) – The signers of client account.

Raises

InvalidSep10ChallengeError: - The transaction is invalid according to *stellar_sdk.sep.stellar_web_authentication.read_challenge_transaction()*. - One or more

signatures in the transaction are not identifiable as the server account or one of the signers provided in the arguments. - The signatures are all valid but do not meet the threshold.

Return type

`List[Ed25519PublicKeySigner]`

`stellar_sdk.sep.stellar_web_authentication.verify_challenge_transaction_signed_by_client_master_key(challenge_transaction, server_account_id, home_domains, web_auth_domain, network_passphrase)`

An alias for `stellar_sdk.sep.stellar_web_authentication.verify_challenge_transaction()`.

Parameters

- **challenge_transaction** (`str`) – SEP0010 transaction challenge transaction in base64.
- **server_account_id** (`str`) – public key for server’s account.
- **home_domains** (`Union[str, Iterable[str]]`) – The home domain that is expected to be included in the first Manage Data operation’s string key. If a list is provided, one of the domain names in the array must match.
- **web_auth_domain** (`str`) – The home domain that is expected to be included as the value of the Manage Data operation with the ‘web_auth_domain’ key. If no such operation is included, this parameter is not used.
- **network_passphrase** (`str`) – The network to connect to for verifying and retrieving additional attributes from. (ex. "Public Global Stellar Network ; September 2015")

Raises

`InvalidSep10ChallengeError` - if the validation fails, the exception will be thrown.

Return type

`None`

`stellar_sdk.sep.stellar_web_authentication.verify_challenge_transaction_signers(challenge_transaction, server_account_id, home_domains, web_auth_domain, network_passphrase, signers)`

Verifies that for a SEP 10 challenge transaction all signatures on the transaction are accounted for. A transaction is verified if it is signed by the server account, and all other signatures match a signer that has been provided as an argument. Additional signers can be provided that do not have a signature, but all signatures must be matched to a signer for verification to succeed. If verification succeeds a list of signers that were found is returned, excluding the server account ID.

Parameters

- **challenge_transaction** (`str`) – SEP0010 transaction challenge transaction in base64.
- **server_account_id** (`str`) – public key for server’s account.
- **home_domains** (`Union[str, Iterable[str]]`) – The home domain that is expected to be included in the first Manage Data operation’s string key. If a list is provided, one of the domain names in the array must match.

- **web_auth_domain** (*str*) – The home domain that is expected to be included as the value of the Manage Data operation with the ‘web_auth_domain’ key, if present.
- **network_passphrase** (*str*) – The network to connect to for verifying and retrieving additional attributes from. (ex. "Public Global Stellar Network ; September 2015")
- **signers** (*Sequence*[*Ed25519PublicKeySigner*]) – The signers of client account.

Raises

InvalidSep10ChallengeError: - The transaction is invalid according to *stellar_sdk.sep.stellar_web_authentication.read_challenge_transaction()*. - One or more signatures in the transaction are not identifiable as the server account or one of the signers provided in the arguments.

Return type

List[*Ed25519PublicKeySigner*]

`stellar_sdk.sep.stellar_web_authentication.verify_challenge_transaction(challenge_transaction, server_account_id, home_domains, web_auth_domain, network_passphrase)`

Verifies if a transaction is a valid *SEP0010 v1.2* challenge transaction, if the validation fails, an exception will be thrown.

This function performs the following checks:

1. verify that transaction *sequenceNumber* is equal to zero;
2. verify that transaction source account is equal to the server’s signing key;
3. verify that transaction has time bounds set, and that current time is between the minimum and maximum bounds;
4. verify that transaction contains a single Manage Data operation and it’s source account is not null;
5. verify that transaction envelope has a correct signature by server’s signing key;
6. verify that transaction envelope has a correct signature by the operation’s source account;

Parameters

- **challenge_transaction** (*str*) – *SEP0010* transaction challenge transaction in base64.
- **server_account_id** (*str*) – public key for server’s account.
- **home_domains** (*Union*[*str*, *Iterable*[*str*]]) – The home domain that is expected to be included in the first Manage Data operation’s string key. If a list is provided, one of the domain names in the array must match.
- **web_auth_domain** (*str*) – The home domain that is expected to be included as the value of the Manage Data operation with the *web_auth_domain* key, if present.
- **network_passphrase** (*str*) – The network to connect to for verifying and retrieving additional attributes from. (ex. "Public Global Stellar Network ; September 2015")

Raises

InvalidSep10ChallengeError - if the validation fails, the exception will be thrown.

Return type

None


```
class stellar_sdk.sep.stellar_web_authentication.ChallengeTransaction(transaction,
                                                                    client_account_id,
                                                                    matched_home_domain,
                                                                    memo=None)
```

Used to store the results produced by `stellar_sdk.sep.stellar_web_authentication.read_challenge_transaction()`.

Parameters

- **transaction** (*TransactionEnvelope*) – The TransactionEnvelope parsed from challenge xdr.
- **client_account_id** (*str*) – The stellar account that the wallet wishes to authenticate with the server.
- **matched_home_domain** (*str*) – The domain name that has been matched.
- **memo** (*Optional[int]*) – The ID memo attached to the transaction

SEP 0011: Txrep: human-readable low-level representation of Stellar transactions

```
stellar_sdk.sep.txrep.to_txrep(transaction_envelope)
```

Generate a human-readable format for Stellar transactions.

MuxAccount is currently not supported.

Txrep is a human-readable representation of Stellar transactions that functions like an assembly language for XDR.

See [SEP-0011](#)

Parameters

transaction_envelope (*Union[TransactionEnvelope, FeeBumpTransactionEnvelope]*)
– Transaction envelope object.

Return type

str

Returns

A human-readable format for Stellar transactions.

```
stellar_sdk.sep.txrep.from_txrep(txrep, network_passphrase)
```

Parse txrep and generate transaction envelope object.

MuxAccount is currently not supported.

Txrep is a human-readable representation of Stellar transactions that functions like an assembly language for XDR.

See [SEP-0011](#)

Parameters

- **txrep** (*str*) – a human-readable format for Stellar transactions.
- **network_passphrase** (*str*) – The network to connect, you do not need to set this value at this time, it is reserved for future use.

Return type

Union[TransactionEnvelope, FeeBumpTransactionEnvelope]

Returns

A human-readable format for Stellar transactions.

SEP 0035: Operation IDs

class stellar_sdk.sep.toid.TOID(*ledger_sequence*, *transaction_order*, *operation_order*)

TOID represents the total order of Ledgers, Transactions and Operations. This is an implementation of SEP-35: <https://github.com/stellar/stellar-protocol/blob/master/ecosystem/sep-0035.md>

Operations within the stellar network have a total order, expressed by three pieces of information: the ledger sequence the operation was validated in, the order which the operation's containing transaction was applied in that ledger, and the index of the operation within that parent transaction.

Parameters

- **ledger_sequence** (*int*) – The ledger sequence the operation was validated in.
- **transaction_order** (*int*) – The order that the transaction was applied within the ledger where it was validated. The application order value starts at 1. The maximum supported number of transactions per operation is 1,048,575.
- **operation_order** (*int*) – The index of the operation within that parent transaction. The operation index value starts at 1. The maximum supported number of operations per transaction is 4095.

classmethod after_ledger(*ledger_sequence*)

Creates a new toid that represents the ledger time **after** any contents (e.g. transactions, operations) that occur within the specified ledger.

Parameters

- **ledger_sequence** (*int*) – The ledger sequence.

Return type

TOID

Returns

The TOID instance.

classmethod from_int64(*value*)

Converts a signed 64-bit integer to a TOID.

Parameters

- **value** (*int*) – The signed 64-bit integer to convert.

Return type

TOID

increment_operation_order()

Increments the operation order by 1, rolling over to the next ledger if overflow occurs. This allows queries to easily advance a cursor to the next operation.

Return type

None

Returns

The current TOID instance.

static ledger_range_inclusive(*start*, *end*)

The inclusive range representation between two ledgers inclusive. The second value points at the end+1 ledger so when using this value make sure < order is used.

Parameters

- **start** (*int*) – The start ledger sequence.

- **end** (*int*) – The end ledger sequence.

Return type`Tuple[int, int]`**Returns**

The inclusive range representation between two ledgers.

to_int64()

Converts the TOID to a signed 64-bit integer.

Return type`int`**Returns**

The signed 64-bit integer representation of the TOID.

Exceptions

class `stellar_sdk.sep.exceptions.StellarTomlNotFoundError`

If the SEP 0010 toml file not found, the exception will be thrown.

class `stellar_sdk.sep.exceptions.InvalidFederationAddress`

If the federation address is invalid, the exception will be thrown.

class `stellar_sdk.sep.exceptions.FederationServerNotFoundError`

If the federation address is invalid, the exception will be thrown.

class `stellar_sdk.sep.exceptions.BadFederationResponseError`(*response*)

If the federation address is invalid, the exception will be thrown.

Parameters**response** – client response**class** `stellar_sdk.sep.exceptions.InvalidSep10ChallengeError`

If the SEP 0010 validation fails, the exception will be thrown.

class `stellar_sdk.sep.exceptions.AccountRequiresMemoError`(*message*, *account_id*, *operation_index*)

AccountRequiresMemoError is raised when a transaction is trying to submit an operation to an account which requires a memo.

This error contains two attributes to help you identify the account requiring the memo and the operation where the account is the destination.

See [SEP-0029](#) for more information.

2.1.36 stellar_sdk.xdr

AccountEntry

class `stellar_sdk.xdr.account_entry.AccountEntry`(*account_id*, *balance*, *seq_num*, *num_sub_entries*, *inflation_dest*, *flags*, *home_domain*, *thresholds*, *signers*, *ext*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct AccountEntry
{
    AccountID accountID;    // master public key for this account
    int64 balance;          // in stroops
    SequenceNumber seqNum;  // last sequence number used for this account
    uint32 numSubEntries;   // number of sub-entries this account has
                           // drives the reserve
    AccountID* inflationDest; // Account to vote for during inflation
    uint32 flags;           // see AccountFlags

    string32 homeDomain; // can be used for reverse federation and memo lookup

    // fields used for signatures
    // thresholds stores unsigned bytes: [weight of master|low|medium|high]
    Thresholds thresholds;

    Signer signers<MAX_SIGNERS>; // possible signers for this account

    // reserved for future use
    union switch (int v)
    {
        case 0:
            void;
        case 1:
            AccountEntryExtensionV1 v1;
    }
    ext;
};
```

AccountEntryExt

class stellar_sdk.xdr.account_entry_ext.**AccountEntryExt**(v, v1=None)

XDR Source Code:

```
union switch (int v)
{
    case 0:
        void;
    case 1:
        AccountEntryExtensionV1 v1;
}
```

AccountEntryExtensionV1

class stellar_sdk.xdr.account_entry_extension_v1.**AccountEntryExtensionV1**(*liabilities*, *ext*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct AccountEntryExtensionV1
{
    Liabilities liabilities;

    union switch (int v)
    {
        case 0:
            void;
        case 2:
            AccountEntryExtensionV2 v2;
    }
    ext;
};
```

AccountEntryExtensionV1Ext

class stellar_sdk.xdr.account_entry_extension_v1_ext.**AccountEntryExtensionV1Ext**(*v*,
v2=None)

XDR Source Code:

```
union switch (int v)
{
    case 0:
        void;
    case 2:
        AccountEntryExtensionV2 v2;
}
```

AccountEntryExtensionV2

class stellar_sdk.xdr.account_entry_extension_v2.**AccountEntryExtensionV2**(*num_sponsored*,
num_sponsoring,
signer_sponsoring_ids,
ext)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct AccountEntryExtensionV2
{
    uint32 numSponsored;
    uint32 numSponsoring;
    SponsorshipDescriptor signerSponsoringIDs<MAX_SIGNERS>;

    union switch (int v)
    {
        case 0:
```

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```
        void;
    case 3:
        AccountEntryExtensionV3 v3;
    }
    ext;
};
```

AccountEntryExtensionV2Ext

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.account_entry_extension_v2_ext.AccountEntryExtensionV2Ext(v,
                                                                                   v3=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union switch (int v)
{
    case 0:
        void;
    case 3:
        AccountEntryExtensionV3 v3;
}
```

AccountEntryExtensionV3

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.account_entry_extension_v3.AccountEntryExtensionV3(ext, seq_ledger,
                                                                              seq_time)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct AccountEntryExtensionV3
{
    // We can use this to add more fields, or because it is first, to
    // change AccountEntryExtensionV3 into a union.
    ExtensionPoint ext;

    // Ledger number at which `seqNum` took on its present value.
    uint32 seqLedger;

    // Time at which `seqNum` took on its present value.
    TimePoint seqTime;
};
```

AccountFlags

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.account_flags.AccountFlags(value, names=None, *, module=None,
                                                qualname=None, type=None, start=1,
                                                boundary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum AccountFlags
{ // masks for each flag

    // Flags set on issuer accounts
    // TrustLines are created with authorized set to "false" requiring
    // the issuer to set it for each TrustLine
    AUTH_REQUIRED_FLAG = 0x1,
    // If set, the authorized flag in TrustLines can be cleared
    // otherwise, authorization cannot be revoked
    AUTH_REVOCABLE_FLAG = 0x2,
    // Once set, causes all AUTH_* flags to be read-only
    AUTH_IMMUTABLE_FLAG = 0x4,
    // Trustlines are created with clawback enabled set to "true",
    // and claimable balances created from those trustlines are created
    // with clawback enabled set to "true"
    AUTH_CLAWBACK_ENABLED_FLAG = 0x8
};
```

AccountID

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.account_id.AccountID(account_id)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
typedef PublicKey AccountID;
```

AccountMergeResult

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.account_merge_result.AccountMergeResult(code,
                                                                source_account_balance=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union AccountMergeResult switch (AccountMergeResultCode code)
{
    case ACCOUNT_MERGE_SUCCESS:
        int64 sourceAccountBalance; // how much got transferred from source account
    case ACCOUNT_MERGE_MALFORMED:
    case ACCOUNT_MERGE_NO_ACCOUNT:
    case ACCOUNT_MERGE_IMMUTABLE_SET:
    case ACCOUNT_MERGE_HAS_SUB_ENTRIES:
    case ACCOUNT_MERGE_SEQNUM_TOO_FAR:
    case ACCOUNT_MERGE_DEST_FULL:
    case ACCOUNT_MERGE_IS_SPONSOR:
        void;
};
```

AccountMergeResultCode

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.account_merge_result_code.AccountMergeResultCode(value, names=None, *,
                                                                    module=None,
                                                                    qualname=None,
                                                                    type=None, start=1,
                                                                    boundary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum AccountMergeResultCode
{
    // codes considered as "success" for the operation
    ACCOUNT_MERGE_SUCCESS = 0,
    // codes considered as "failure" for the operation
    ACCOUNT_MERGE_MALFORMED = -1,    // can't merge onto itself
    ACCOUNT_MERGE_NO_ACCOUNT = -2,   // destination does not exist
    ACCOUNT_MERGE_IMMUTABLE_SET = -3, // source account has AUTH_IMMUTABLE set
    ACCOUNT_MERGE_HAS_SUB_ENTRIES = -4, // account has trust lines/offers
    ACCOUNT_MERGE_SEQNUM_TOO_FAR = -5, // sequence number is over max allowed
    ACCOUNT_MERGE_DEST_FULL = -6,    // can't add source balance to
                                     // destination balance
    ACCOUNT_MERGE_IS_SPONSOR = -7    // can't merge account that is a sponsor
};
```

AllowTrustOp

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.allow_trust_op.AllowTrustOp(trustor, asset, authorize)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct AllowTrustOp
{
    AccountID trustor;
    AssetCode asset;

    // One of 0, AUTHORIZED_FLAG, or AUTHORIZED_TO_MAINTAIN_LIABILITIES_FLAG
    uint32 authorize;
};
```

AllowTrustResult

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.allow_trust_result.AllowTrustResult(code)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union AllowTrustResult switch (AllowTrustResultCode code)
{
    case ALLOW_TRUST_SUCCESS:
        void;
    case ALLOW_TRUST_MALFORMED:
    case ALLOW_TRUST_NO_TRUST_LINE:
    case ALLOW_TRUST_TRUST_NOT_REQUIRED:
    case ALLOW_TRUST_CANT_REVOKE:
```

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```

case ALLOW_TRUST_SELF_NOT_ALLOWED:
case ALLOW_TRUST_LOW_RESERVE:
    void;
};

```

AllowTrustResultCode

```

class stellar_sdk.xdr.allow_trust_result_code.AllowTrustResultCode(value, names=None, *,
                                                                    module=None,
                                                                    qualname=None,
                                                                    type=None, start=1,
                                                                    boundary=None)

```

XDR Source Code:

```

enum AllowTrustResultCode
{
    // codes considered as "success" for the operation
    ALLOW_TRUST_SUCCESS = 0,
    // codes considered as "failure" for the operation
    ALLOW_TRUST_MALFORMED = -1,    // asset is not ASSET_TYPE_ALPHANUM
    ALLOW_TRUST_NO_TRUST_LINE = -2, // trustor does not have a trustline
                                    // source account does not require trust
    ALLOW_TRUST_TRUST_NOT_REQUIRED = -3,
    ALLOW_TRUST_CANT_REVOKE = -4,  // source account can't revoke trust,
    ALLOW_TRUST_SELF_NOT_ALLOWED = -5, // trusting self is not allowed
    ALLOW_TRUST_LOW_RESERVE = -6    // claimable balances can't be created
                                    // on revoke due to low reserves
};

```

AlphaNum12

```

class stellar_sdk.xdr.alpha_num12.AlphaNum12(asset_code, issuer)

```

XDR Source Code:

```

struct AlphaNum12
{
    AssetCode12 assetCode;
    AccountID issuer;
};

```

AlphaNum4

class stellar_sdk.xdr.alpha_num4.**AlphaNum4**(*asset_code*, *issuer*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct AlphaNum4
{
    AssetCode4 assetCode;
    AccountID issuer;
};
```

Asset

class stellar_sdk.xdr.asset.**Asset**(*type*, *alpha_num4=None*, *alpha_num12=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union Asset switch (AssetType type)
{
    case ASSET_TYPE_NATIVE: // Not credit
        void;

    case ASSET_TYPE_CREDIT_ALPHANUM4:
        AlphaNum4 alphaNum4;

    case ASSET_TYPE_CREDIT_ALPHANUM12:
        AlphaNum12 alphaNum12;

    // add other asset types here in the future
};
```

AssetCode

class stellar_sdk.xdr.asset_code.**AssetCode**(*type*, *asset_code4=None*, *asset_code12=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union AssetCode switch (AssetType type)
{
    case ASSET_TYPE_CREDIT_ALPHANUM4:
        AssetCode4 assetCode4;

    case ASSET_TYPE_CREDIT_ALPHANUM12:
        AssetCode12 assetCode12;

    // add other asset types here in the future
};
```

AssetCode12

class stellar_sdk.xdr.asset_code12.**AssetCode12**(*asset_code12*)

XDR Source Code:

```
typedef opaque AssetCode12[12];
```

AssetCode4

class stellar_sdk.xdr.asset_code4.**AssetCode4**(*asset_code4*)

XDR Source Code:

```
typedef opaque AssetCode4[4];
```

AssetType

class stellar_sdk.xdr.asset_type.**AssetType**(*value, names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
enum AssetType
{
    ASSET_TYPE_NATIVE = 0,
    ASSET_TYPE_CREDIT_ALPHANUM4 = 1,
    ASSET_TYPE_CREDIT_ALPHANUM12 = 2,
    ASSET_TYPE_POOL_SHARE = 3
};
```

Auth

class stellar_sdk.xdr.auth.**Auth**(*flags*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct Auth
{
    int flags;
};
```

AuthCert

class stellar_sdk.xdr.auth_cert.**AuthCert**(*pubkey, expiration, sig*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct AuthCert
{
    Curve25519Public pubkey;
    uint64 expiration;
    Signature sig;
};
```

AuthenticatedMessage

class stellar_sdk.xdr.authenticated_message.**AuthenticatedMessage**(*v*, *v0=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union AuthenticatedMessage switch (uint32 v)
{
    case 0:
        struct
        {
            uint64 sequence;
            StellarMessage message;
            HmacSha256Mac mac;
        } v0;
};
```

AuthenticatedMessageV0

class stellar_sdk.xdr.authenticated_message_v0.**AuthenticatedMessageV0**(*sequence*, *message*, *mac*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct
{
    uint64 sequence;
    StellarMessage message;
    HmacSha256Mac mac;
}
```

BeginSponsoringFutureReservesOp

class stellar_sdk.xdr.begin_sponsoring_future_reserves_op.**BeginSponsoringFutureReservesOp**(*sponsored_id*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct BeginSponsoringFutureReservesOp
{
    AccountID sponsoredID;
};
```

BeginSponsoringFutureReservesResult

class stellar_sdk.xdr.begin_sponsoring_future_reserves_result.**BeginSponsoringFutureReservesResult**(*code*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union BeginSponsoringFutureReservesResult switch (
    BeginSponsoringFutureReservesResultCode code)
{
    case BEGIN_SPONSORING_FUTURE_RESERVES_SUCCESS:
        void;
    case BEGIN_SPONSORING_FUTURE_RESERVES_MALFORMED:
```

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```

case BEGIN_SPONSORING_FUTURE_RESERVES_ALREADY_SPONSORED:
case BEGIN_SPONSORING_FUTURE_RESERVES_RECURSIVE:
    void;
};

```

BeginSponsoringFutureReservesResultCode

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.begin_sponsoring_future_reserves_result_code.BeginSponsoringFutureReservesResultC
```

XDR Source Code:

```

enum BeginSponsoringFutureReservesResultCode
{
    // codes considered as "success" for the operation
    BEGIN_SPONSORING_FUTURE_RESERVES_SUCCESS = 0,

    // codes considered as "failure" for the operation
    BEGIN_SPONSORING_FUTURE_RESERVES_MALFORMED = -1,
    BEGIN_SPONSORING_FUTURE_RESERVES_ALREADY_SPONSORED = -2,
    BEGIN_SPONSORING_FUTURE_RESERVES_RECURSIVE = -3
};

```

Boolean

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.base.Boolean(value)
```

BucketEntry

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.bucket_entry.BucketEntry(type, live_entry=None, dead_entry=None,
                                                meta_entry=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```

union BucketEntry switch (BucketEntryType type)
{
case LIVEENTRY:
case INITENTRY:
    LedgerEntry liveEntry;

case DEADENTRY:

```

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```
LedgerKey deadEntry;
case METAENTRY:
    BucketMetadata metaEntry;
};
```

BucketEntryType

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.bucket_entry_type.BucketEntryType(value, names=None, *, module=None,
                                                         qualname=None, type=None, start=1,
                                                         boundary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum BucketEntryType
{
    METAENTRY =
        -1, // At-and-after protocol 11: bucket metadata, should come first.
    LIVEENTRY = 0, // Before protocol 11: created-or-updated;
                  // At-and-after protocol 11: only updated.
    DEADENTRY = 1,
    INITENTRY = 2 // At-and-after protocol 11: only created.
};
```

BucketMetadata

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.bucket_metadata.BucketMetadata(ledger_version, ext)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct BucketMetadata
{
    // Indicates the protocol version used to create / merge this bucket.
    uint32 ledgerVersion;

    // reserved for future use
    union switch (int v)
    {
        case 0:
            void;
    }
    ext;
};
```

BucketMetadataExt

class stellar_sdk.xdr.bucket_metadata_ext.**BucketMetadataExt**(v)

XDR Source Code:

```

union switch (int v)
{
    case 0:
        void;
}

```

BumpSequenceOp

class stellar_sdk.xdr.bump_sequence_op.**BumpSequenceOp**(bump_to)

XDR Source Code:

```

struct BumpSequenceOp
{
    SequenceNumber bumpTo;
};

```

BumpSequenceResult

class stellar_sdk.xdr.bump_sequence_result.**BumpSequenceResult**(code)

XDR Source Code:

```

union BumpSequenceResult switch (BumpSequenceResultCode code)
{
    case BUMP_SEQUENCE_SUCCESS:
        void;
    case BUMP_SEQUENCE_BAD_SEQ:
        void;
};

```

BumpSequenceResultCode

class stellar_sdk.xdr.bump_sequence_result_code.**BumpSequenceResultCode**(value, names=None, *,
module=None,
qualname=None,
type=None, start=1,
boundary=None)

XDR Source Code:

```

enum BumpSequenceResultCode
{
    // codes considered as "success" for the operation
    BUMP_SEQUENCE_SUCCESS = 0,
    // codes considered as "failure" for the operation
    BUMP_SEQUENCE_BAD_SEQ = -1 // `bumpTo` is not within bounds
};

```

ChangeTrustAsset

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.change_trust_asset.ChangeTrustAsset(type, alpha_num4=None,  
                                                         alpha_num12=None,  
                                                         liquidity_pool=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union ChangeTrustAsset switch (AssetType type)  
{  
  case ASSET_TYPE_NATIVE: // Not credit  
    void;  
  
  case ASSET_TYPE_CREDIT_ALPHANUM4:  
    AlphaNum4 alphaNum4;  
  
  case ASSET_TYPE_CREDIT_ALPHANUM12:  
    AlphaNum12 alphaNum12;  
  
  case ASSET_TYPE_POOL_SHARE:  
    LiquidityPoolParameters liquidityPool;  
  
    // add other asset types here in the future  
};
```

ChangeTrustOp

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.change_trust_op.ChangeTrustOp(line, limit)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct ChangeTrustOp  
{  
    ChangeTrustAsset line;  
  
    // if limit is set to 0, deletes the trust line  
    int64 limit;  
};
```

ChangeTrustResult

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.change_trust_result.ChangeTrustResult(code)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union ChangeTrustResult switch (ChangeTrustResultCode code)  
{  
  case CHANGE_TRUST_SUCCESS:  
    void;  
  case CHANGE_TRUST_MALFORMED:  
  case CHANGE_TRUST_NO_ISSUER:  
  case CHANGE_TRUST_INVALID_LIMIT:  
  case CHANGE_TRUST_LOW_RESERVE:  
  case CHANGE_TRUST_SELF_NOT_ALLOWED:
```

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```

case CHANGE_TRUST_TRUST_LINE_MISSING:
case CHANGE_TRUST_CANNOT_DELETE:
case CHANGE_TRUST_NOT_AUTH_MAINTAIN_LIABILITIES:
    void;
};

```

ChangeTrustResultCode

```

class stellar_sdk.xdr.change_trust_result_code.ChangeTrustResultCode(value, names=None, *,
                                                                    module=None,
                                                                    qualname=None,
                                                                    type=None, start=1,
                                                                    boundary=None)

```

XDR Source Code:

```

enum ChangeTrustResultCode
{
    // codes considered as "success" for the operation
    CHANGE_TRUST_SUCCESS = 0,
    // codes considered as "failure" for the operation
    CHANGE_TRUST_MALFORMED = -1,    // bad input
    CHANGE_TRUST_NO_ISSUER = -2,    // could not find issuer
    CHANGE_TRUST_INVALID_LIMIT = -3, // cannot drop limit below balance
                                    // cannot create with a limit of 0
    CHANGE_TRUST_LOW_RESERVE =
        -4, // not enough funds to create a new trust line,
    CHANGE_TRUST_SELF_NOT_ALLOWED = -5, // trusting self is not allowed
    CHANGE_TRUST_TRUST_LINE_MISSING = -6, // Asset trustline is missing for pool
    CHANGE_TRUST_CANNOT_DELETE =
        -7, // Asset trustline is still referenced in a pool
    CHANGE_TRUST_NOT_AUTH_MAINTAIN_LIABILITIES =
        -8 // Asset trustline is deauthorized
};

```

ClaimAtom

```

class stellar_sdk.xdr.claim_atom.ClaimAtom(type, v0=None, order_book=None, liquidity_pool=None)

```

XDR Source Code:

```

union ClaimAtom switch (ClaimAtomType type)
{
    case CLAIM_ATOM_TYPE_V0:
        ClaimOfferAtomV0 v0;
    case CLAIM_ATOM_TYPE_ORDER_BOOK:
        ClaimOfferAtom orderBook;
    case CLAIM_ATOM_TYPE_LIQUIDITY_POOL:
        ClaimLiquidityAtom liquidityPool;
};

```

ClaimAtomType

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.claim_atom_type.ClaimAtomType(value, names=None, *, module=None,
                                                    qualname=None, type=None, start=1,
                                                    boundary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum ClaimAtomType
{
    CLAIM_ATOM_TYPE_V0 = 0,
    CLAIM_ATOM_TYPE_ORDER_BOOK = 1,
    CLAIM_ATOM_TYPE_LIQUIDITY_POOL = 2
};
```

ClaimClaimableBalanceOp

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.claim_claimable_balance_op.ClaimClaimableBalanceOp(balance_id)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct ClaimClaimableBalanceOp
{
    ClaimableBalanceID balanceID;
};
```

ClaimClaimableBalanceResult

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.claim_claimable_balance_result.ClaimClaimableBalanceResult(code)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union ClaimClaimableBalanceResult switch (ClaimClaimableBalanceResultCode code)
{
    case CLAIM_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_SUCCESS:
        void;
    case CLAIM_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_DOES_NOT_EXIST:
    case CLAIM_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_CANNOT_CLAIM:
    case CLAIM_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_LINE_FULL:
    case CLAIM_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_NO_TRUST:
    case CLAIM_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_NOT_AUTHORIZED:
        void;
};
```

ClaimClaimableBalanceResultCode

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.claim_claimable_balance_result_code.ClaimClaimableBalanceResultCode(value,
names=None,
*,
module=None,
qualified_name=None,
type=None,
start=1,
boundary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum ClaimClaimableBalanceResultCode
{
    CLAIM_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_SUCCESS = 0,
    CLAIM_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_DOES_NOT_EXIST = -1,
    CLAIM_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_CANNOT_CLAIM = -2,
    CLAIM_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_LINE_FULL = -3,
    CLAIM_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_NO_TRUST = -4,
    CLAIM_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_NOT_AUTHORIZED = -5
};
```

ClaimLiquidityAtom

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.claim_liquidity_atom.ClaimLiquidityAtom(liquidity_pool_id, asset_sold,
amount_sold, asset_bought,
amount_bought)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct ClaimLiquidityAtom
{
    PoolID liquidityPoolID;

    // amount and asset taken from the pool
    Asset assetSold;
    int64 amountSold;

    // amount and asset sent to the pool
    Asset assetBought;
    int64 amountBought;
};
```

ClaimOfferAtom

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.claim_offer_atom.ClaimOfferAtom(seller_id, offer_id, asset_sold, amount_sold,  
                                                       asset_bought, amount_bought)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct ClaimOfferAtom  
{  
    // emitted to identify the offer  
    AccountID sellerID; // Account that owns the offer  
    int64 offerID;  
  
    // amount and asset taken from the owner  
    Asset assetSold;  
    int64 amountSold;  
  
    // amount and asset sent to the owner  
    Asset assetBought;  
    int64 amountBought;  
};
```

ClaimOfferAtomV0

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.claim_offer_atom_v0.ClaimOfferAtomV0(seller_ed25519, offer_id, asset_sold,  
                                                             amount_sold, asset_bought,  
                                                             amount_bought)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct ClaimOfferAtomV0  
{  
    // emitted to identify the offer  
    uint256 sellerEd25519; // Account that owns the offer  
    int64 offerID;  
  
    // amount and asset taken from the owner  
    Asset assetSold;  
    int64 amountSold;  
  
    // amount and asset sent to the owner  
    Asset assetBought;  
    int64 amountBought;  
};
```

ClaimPredicate

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.claim_predicate.ClaimPredicate(type, and_predicates=None,
                                                    or_predicates=None, not_predicate=None,
                                                    abs_before=None, rel_before=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union ClaimPredicate switch (ClaimPredicateType type)
{
case CLAIM_PREDICATE_UNCONDITIONAL:
    void;
case CLAIM_PREDICATE_AND:
    ClaimPredicate andPredicates<2>;
case CLAIM_PREDICATE_OR:
    ClaimPredicate orPredicates<2>;
case CLAIM_PREDICATE_NOT:
    ClaimPredicate* notPredicate;
case CLAIM_PREDICATE_BEFORE_ABSOLUTE_TIME:
    int64 absBefore; // Predicate will be true if closeTime < absBefore
case CLAIM_PREDICATE_BEFORE_RELATIVE_TIME:
    int64 relBefore; // Seconds since closeTime of the ledger in which the
                    // ClaimableBalanceEntry was created
};
```

ClaimPredicateType

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.claim_predicate_type.ClaimPredicateType(value, names=None, *,
                                                             module=None, qualname=None,
                                                             type=None, start=1,
                                                             boundary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum ClaimPredicateType
{
    CLAIM_PREDICATE_UNCONDITIONAL = 0,
    CLAIM_PREDICATE_AND = 1,
    CLAIM_PREDICATE_OR = 2,
    CLAIM_PREDICATE_NOT = 3,
    CLAIM_PREDICATE_BEFORE_ABSOLUTE_TIME = 4,
    CLAIM_PREDICATE_BEFORE_RELATIVE_TIME = 5
};
```

ClaimableBalanceEntry

class stellar_sdk.xdr.claimable_balance_entry.ClaimableBalanceEntry(*balance_id, claimants, asset, amount, ext*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct ClaimableBalanceEntry
{
    // Unique identifier for this ClaimableBalanceEntry
    ClaimableBalanceID balanceID;

    // List of claimants with associated predicate
    Claimant claimants<10>;

    // Any asset including native
    Asset asset;

    // Amount of asset
    int64 amount;

    // reserved for future use
    union switch (int v)
    {
        case 0:
            void;
        case 1:
            ClaimableBalanceEntryExtensionV1 v1;
    }
    ext;
};
```

ClaimableBalanceEntryExt

class stellar_sdk.xdr.claimable_balance_entry_ext.ClaimableBalanceEntryExt(*v, v1=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union switch (int v)
{
    case 0:
        void;
    case 1:
        ClaimableBalanceEntryExtensionV1 v1;
}
```

ClaimableBalanceEntryExtensionV1

class stellar_sdk.xdr.claimable_balance_entry_extension_v1.ClaimableBalanceEntryExtensionV1(*ext*, *flags*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct ClaimableBalanceEntryExtensionV1
{
    union switch (int v)
    {
        case 0:
            void;
    }
    ext;

    uint32 flags; // see ClaimableBalanceFlags
};
```

ClaimableBalanceEntryExtensionV1Ext

class stellar_sdk.xdr.claimable_balance_entry_extension_v1_ext.ClaimableBalanceEntryExtensionV1Ext(*v*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union switch (int v)
{
    case 0:
        void;
}
```

ClaimableBalanceFlags

class stellar_sdk.xdr.claimable_balance_flags.ClaimableBalanceFlags(*value*, *names=None*, *, *module=None*, *qualname=None*, *type=None*, *start=1*, *boundary=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
enum ClaimableBalanceFlags
{
    // If set, the issuer account of the asset held by the claimable balance may
    // clawback the claimable balance
    CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_CLAWBACK_ENABLED_FLAG = 0x1
};
```

ClaimableBalanceID

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.claimable_balance_id.ClaimableBalanceID(type, v0=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union ClaimableBalanceID switch (ClaimableBalanceIDType type)
{
    case CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_ID_TYPE_V0:
        Hash v0;
};
```

ClaimableBalanceIDType

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.claimable_balance_id_type.ClaimableBalanceIDType(value, names=None, *,
                                                                    module=None,
                                                                    qualname=None,
                                                                    type=None, start=1,
                                                                    boundary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum ClaimableBalanceIDType
{
    CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_ID_TYPE_V0 = 0
};
```

Claimant

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.claimant.Claimant(type, v0=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union Claimant switch (ClaimantType type)
{
    case CLAIMANT_TYPE_V0:
        struct
        {
            AccountID destination; // The account that can use this condition
            ClaimPredicate predicate; // Claimable if predicate is true
        } v0;
};
```

ClaimantType

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.claimant_type.ClaimantType(value, names=None, *, module=None,
                                                                    qualname=None, type=None, start=1,
                                                                    boundary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum ClaimantType
{
```

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```
CLAIMANT_TYPE_V0 = 0
};
```

ClaimantV0

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.claimant_v0.ClaimantV0(destination, predicate)`

XDR Source Code:

```
struct
{
    AccountID destination;    // The account that can use this condition
    ClaimPredicate predicate; // Claimable if predicate is true
}
```

ClawbackClaimableBalanceOp

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.clawback_claimable_balance_op.ClawbackClaimableBalanceOp(balance_id)`

XDR Source Code:

```
struct ClawbackClaimableBalanceOp
{
    ClaimableBalanceID balanceID;
};
```

ClawbackClaimableBalanceResult

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.clawback_claimable_balance_result.ClawbackClaimableBalanceResult(code)`

XDR Source Code:

```
union ClawbackClaimableBalanceResult switch (
    ClawbackClaimableBalanceResultCode code)
{
    case CLAWBACK_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_SUCCESS:
        void;
    case CLAWBACK_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_DOES_NOT_EXIST:
    case CLAWBACK_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_NOT_ISSUER:
    case CLAWBACK_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_NOT_CLAWBACK_ENABLED:
        void;
};
```

ClawbackClaimableBalanceResultCode

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.clawback_claimable_balance_result_code.ClawbackClaimableBalanceResultCode(value,
names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum ClawbackClaimableBalanceResultCode
{
    // codes considered as "success" for the operation
    CLAWBACK_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_SUCCESS = 0,

    // codes considered as "failure" for the operation
    CLAWBACK_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_DOES_NOT_EXIST = -1,
    CLAWBACK_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_NOT_ISSUER = -2,
    CLAWBACK_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_NOT_CLAWBACK_ENABLED = -3
};
```

ClawbackOp

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.clawback_op.ClawbackOp(asset, from_, amount)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct ClawbackOp
{
    Asset asset;
    MuxedAccount from_;
    int64 amount;
};
```

ClawbackResult

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.clawback_result.ClawbackResult(code)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union ClawbackResult switch (ClawbackResultCode code)
{
    case CLAWBACK_SUCCESS:
        void;
    case CLAWBACK_MALFORMED:
    case CLAWBACK_NOT_CLAWBACK_ENABLED:
    case CLAWBACK_NO_TRUST:
    case CLAWBACK_UNDERFUNDED:
```

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```
void;
};
```

ClawbackResultCode

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.clawback_result_code.ClawbackResultCode(value, names=None, *,
                                                             module=None, qualname=None,
                                                             type=None, start=1,
                                                             boundary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum ClawbackResultCode
{
    // codes considered as "success" for the operation
    CLAWBACK_SUCCESS = 0,

    // codes considered as "failure" for the operation
    CLAWBACK_MALFORMED = -1,
    CLAWBACK_NOT_CLAWBACK_ENABLED = -2,
    CLAWBACK_NO_TRUST = -3,
    CLAWBACK_UNDERFUNDED = -4
};
```

ConfigSettingContractBandwidthV0

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.config_setting_contract_bandwidth_v0.ConfigSettingContractBandwidthV0(ledger_max_tx_size_bytes, tx_max_size_bytes, fee_tx_size_1_kb)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct ConfigSettingContractBandwidthV0
{
    // Maximum sum of all transaction sizes in the ledger in bytes
    uint32 ledgerMaxTxSizeBytes;
    // Maximum size in bytes for a transaction
    uint32 txMaxSizeBytes;

    // Fee for 1 KB of transaction size
    int64 feeTxSize1KB;
};
```

ConfigSettingContractComputeV0

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.config_setting_contract_compute_v0.ConfigSettingContractComputeV0(ledger_max_instructions, tx_max_instructions, fee_rate_per_instruction, tx_memory_limit)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct ConfigSettingContractComputeV0
{
    // Maximum instructions per ledger
    int64 ledgerMaxInstructions;
    // Maximum instructions per transaction
    int64 txMaxInstructions;
    // Cost of 10000 instructions
    int64 feeRatePerInstructionsIncrement;

    // Memory limit per transaction. Unlike instructions, there is no fee
    // for memory, just the limit.
    uint32 txMemoryLimit;
};
```

ConfigSettingContractEventsV0

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.config_setting_contract_events_v0.ConfigSettingContractEventsV0(tx_max_contract_events_size_bytes, fee_contract_events1_kb)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct ConfigSettingContractEventsV0
{
    // Maximum size of events that a contract call can emit.
    uint32 txMaxContractEventsSizeBytes;
    // Fee for generating 1KB of contract events.
    int64 feeContractEvents1KB;
};
```

ConfigSettingContractExecutionLanesV0

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.config_setting_contract_execution_lanes_v0.ConfigSettingContractExecutionLanesV0(ledger_max_tx_count)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct ConfigSettingContractExecutionLanesV0
{
    // maximum number of Soroban transactions per ledger
    uint32 ledgerMaxTxCount;
};
```

ConfigSettingContractHistoricalDataV0

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.config_setting_contract_historical_data_v0.ConfigSettingContractHistoricalDataV0()`

XDR Source Code:

```
struct ConfigSettingContractHistoricalDataV0
{
    int64 feeHistorical1KB; // Fee for storing 1KB in archives
};
```

ConfigSettingContractLedgerCostV0

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.config_setting_contract_ledger_cost_v0.ConfigSettingContractLedgerCostV0(ledger_max_read_ledger_entries,`

`ledger_max_read_bytes,`
`ledger_max_write_ledger_entries,`
`ledger_max_write_bytes,`
`tx_max_read_ledger_entries,`
`tx_max_read_bytes,`
`tx_max_write_ledger_entries,`
`tx_max_write_bytes,`
`fee_read_ledger_entry,`
`fee_write_ledger_entry,`
`fee_read_transaction,`
`bucket_list_max_size,`
`write_fee_ledger_entry,`
`write_fee_transaction,`
`bucket_list_max_size,`

XDR Source Code:

```
struct ConfigSettingContractLedgerCostV0
{
    // Maximum number of ledger entry read operations per ledger
    uint32 ledgerMaxReadLedgerEntries;
    // Maximum number of bytes that can be read per ledger
    uint32 ledgerMaxReadBytes;
    // Maximum number of ledger entry write operations per ledger
    uint32 ledgerMaxWriteLedgerEntries;
    // Maximum number of bytes that can be written per ledger
    uint32 ledgerMaxWriteBytes;

    // Maximum number of ledger entry read operations per transaction
    uint32 txMaxReadLedgerEntries;
    // Maximum number of bytes that can be read per transaction
    uint32 txMaxReadBytes;
    // Maximum number of ledger entry write operations per transaction
    uint32 txMaxWriteLedgerEntries;
    // Maximum number of bytes that can be written per transaction
    uint32 txMaxWriteBytes;

    int64 feeReadLedgerEntry; // Fee per ledger entry read
    int64 feeWriteLedgerEntry; // Fee per ledger entry write
```

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```

int64 feeRead1KB; // Fee for reading 1KB

// The following parameters determine the write fee per 1KB.
// Write fee grows linearly until bucket list reaches this size
int64 bucketListTargetSizeBytes;
// Fee per 1KB write when the bucket list is empty
int64 writeFee1KBBucketListLow;
// Fee per 1KB write when the bucket list has reached
↪ `bucketListTargetSizeBytes`
int64 writeFee1KBBucketListHigh;
// Write fee multiplier for any additional data past the first
↪ `bucketListTargetSizeBytes`
uint32 bucketListWriteFeeGrowthFactor;
};

```

ConfigSettingEntry

```

class stellar_sdk.xdr.config_setting_entry.ConfigSettingEntry(config_setting_id,
                                                             contract_max_size_bytes=None,
                                                             contract_compute=None,
                                                             contract_ledger_cost=None,
                                                             contract_historical_data=None,
                                                             contract_events=None,
                                                             contract_bandwidth=None, contract_cost_params_cpu_insns=None,
                                                             contract_cost_params_mem_bytes=None,
                                                             contract_data_key_size_bytes=None,
                                                             contract_data_entry_size_bytes=None,
                                                             state_archival_settings=None,
                                                             contract_execution_lanes=None,
                                                             bucket_list_size_window=None,
                                                             eviction_iterator=None)

```

XDR Source Code:

```

union ConfigSettingEntry switch (ConfigSettingID configSettingID)
{
case CONFIG_SETTING_CONTRACT_MAX_SIZE_BYTES:
    uint32 contractMaxSizeBytes;
case CONFIG_SETTING_CONTRACT_COMPUTE_V0:
    ConfigSettingContractComputeV0 contractCompute;
case CONFIG_SETTING_CONTRACT_LEDGER_COST_V0:
    ConfigSettingContractLedgerCostV0 contractLedgerCost;
case CONFIG_SETTING_CONTRACT_HISTORICAL_DATA_V0:
    ConfigSettingContractHistoricalDataV0 contractHistoricalData;
case CONFIG_SETTING_CONTRACT_EVENTS_V0:
    ConfigSettingContractEventsV0 contractEvents;
case CONFIG_SETTING_CONTRACT_BANDWIDTH_V0:
    ConfigSettingContractBandwidthV0 contractBandwidth;

```

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```

case CONFIG_SETTING_CONTRACT_COST_PARAMS_CPU_INSTRUCTIONS:
    ContractCostParams contractCostParamsCpuInsns;
case CONFIG_SETTING_CONTRACT_COST_PARAMS_MEMORY_BYTES:
    ContractCostParams contractCostParamsMemBytes;
case CONFIG_SETTING_CONTRACT_DATA_KEY_SIZE_BYTES:
    uint32 contractDataKeySizeBytes;
case CONFIG_SETTING_CONTRACT_DATA_ENTRY_SIZE_BYTES:
    uint32 contractDataEntrySizeBytes;
case CONFIG_SETTING_STATE_ARCHIVAL:
    StateArchivalSettings stateArchivalSettings;
case CONFIG_SETTING_CONTRACT_EXECUTION_LANES:
    ConfigSettingContractExecutionLanesV0 contractExecutionLanes;
case CONFIG_SETTING_BUCKETLIST_SIZE_WINDOW:
    uint64 bucketListSizeWindow<>;
case CONFIG_SETTING_EVICTION_ITERATOR:
    EvictionIterator evictionIterator;
};

```

ConfigSettingID

```

class stellar_sdk.xdr.config_setting_id.ConfigSettingID(value, names=None, *, module=None,
                                                         qualname=None, type=None, start=1,
                                                         boundary=None)

```

XDR Source Code:

```

enum ConfigSettingID
{
    CONFIG_SETTING_CONTRACT_MAX_SIZE_BYTES = 0,
    CONFIG_SETTING_CONTRACT_COMPUTE_V0 = 1,
    CONFIG_SETTING_CONTRACT_LEDGER_COST_V0 = 2,
    CONFIG_SETTING_CONTRACT_HISTORICAL_DATA_V0 = 3,
    CONFIG_SETTING_CONTRACT_EVENTS_V0 = 4,
    CONFIG_SETTING_CONTRACT_BANDWIDTH_V0 = 5,
    CONFIG_SETTING_CONTRACT_COST_PARAMS_CPU_INSTRUCTIONS = 6,
    CONFIG_SETTING_CONTRACT_COST_PARAMS_MEMORY_BYTES = 7,
    CONFIG_SETTING_CONTRACT_DATA_KEY_SIZE_BYTES = 8,
    CONFIG_SETTING_CONTRACT_DATA_ENTRY_SIZE_BYTES = 9,
    CONFIG_SETTING_STATE_ARCHIVAL = 10,
    CONFIG_SETTING_CONTRACT_EXECUTION_LANES = 11,
    CONFIG_SETTING_BUCKETLIST_SIZE_WINDOW = 12,
    CONFIG_SETTING_EVICTION_ITERATOR = 13
};

```

ConfigUpgradeSet

class stellar_sdk.xdr.config_upgrade_set.**ConfigUpgradeSet**(*updated_entry*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct ConfigUpgradeSet {
    ConfigSettingEntry updatedEntry<>;
};
```

ConfigUpgradeSetKey

class stellar_sdk.xdr.config_upgrade_set_key.**ConfigUpgradeSetKey**(*contract_id*, *content_hash*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct ConfigUpgradeSetKey {
    Hash contractID;
    Hash contentHash;
};
```

ContractCodeEntry

class stellar_sdk.xdr.contract_code_entry.**ContractCodeEntry**(*ext*, *hash*, *code*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct ContractCodeEntry {
    ExtensionPoint ext;

    Hash hash;
    opaque code<>;
};
```

ContractCostParamEntry

class stellar_sdk.xdr.contract_cost_param_entry.**ContractCostParamEntry**(*ext*, *const_term*,
linear_term)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct ContractCostParamEntry {
    // use `ext` to add more terms (e.g. higher order polynomials) in the future
    ExtensionPoint ext;

    int64 constTerm;
    int64 linearTerm;
};
```


ContractCostParams

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.contract_cost_params.ContractCostParams(contract_cost_params)`

XDR Source Code:

```
typedef ContractCostParamEntry ContractCostParams<CONTRACT_COST_COUNT_LIMIT>;
```

ContractCostType

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.contract_cost_type.ContractCostType(value, names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None)`

XDR Source Code:

```
enum ContractCostType {
    // Cost of running 1 wasm instruction
    WasmInsnExec = 0,
    // Cost of allocating a slice of memory (in bytes)
    MemAlloc = 1,
    // Cost of copying a slice of bytes into a pre-allocated memory
    MemCpy = 2,
    // Cost of comparing two slices of memory
    MemCmp = 3,
    // Cost of a host function dispatch, not including the actual work done by
    // the function nor the cost of VM invocation machinery
    DispatchHostFunction = 4,
    // Cost of visiting a host object from the host object storage. Exists to
    // make sure some baseline cost coverage, i.e. repeatedly visiting objects
    // by the guest will always incur some charges.
    VisitObject = 5,
    // Cost of serializing an xdr object to bytes
    ValSer = 6,
    // Cost of deserializing an xdr object from bytes
    ValDeser = 7,
    // Cost of computing the sha256 hash from bytes
    ComputeSha256Hash = 8,
    // Cost of computing the ed25519 pubkey from bytes
    ComputeEd25519PubKey = 9,
    // Cost of verifying ed25519 signature of a payload.
    VerifyEd25519Sig = 10,
    // Cost of instantiation a VM from wasm bytes code.
    VmInstantiation = 11,
    // Cost of instantiation a VM from a cached state.
    VmCachedInstantiation = 12,
    // Cost of invoking a function on the VM. If the function is a host function,
    // additional cost will be covered by `DispatchHostFunction`.
    InvokeVmFunction = 13,
    // Cost of computing a keccak256 hash from bytes.
    ComputeKeccak256Hash = 14,
    // Cost of computing an ECDSA secp256k1 signature from bytes.
    ComputeEcdsaSecp256k1Sig = 15,
    // Cost of recovering an ECDSA secp256k1 key from a signature.
```

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```
RecoverEcdsaSecp256k1Key = 16,  
// Cost of int256 addition (`+`) and subtraction (`-`) operations  
Int256AddSub = 17,  
// Cost of int256 multiplication (`*`) operation  
Int256Mul = 18,  
// Cost of int256 division (`/`) operation  
Int256Div = 19,  
// Cost of int256 power (`exp`) operation  
Int256Pow = 20,  
// Cost of int256 shift (`shl`, `shr`) operation  
Int256Shift = 21,  
// Cost of drawing random bytes using a ChaCha20 PRNG  
ChaCha20DrawBytes = 22  
};
```

ContractDataDurability

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.contract_data_durability.ContractDataDurability(value, names=None, *,  
                                                                    module=None,  
                                                                    qualname=None,  
                                                                    type=None, start=1,  
                                                                    boundary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum ContractDataDurability {  
    TEMPORARY = 0,  
    PERSISTENT = 1  
};
```

ContractDataEntry

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.contract_data_entry.ContractDataEntry(ext, contract, key, durability, val)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct ContractDataEntry {  
    ExtensionPoint ext;  
  
    SCAddress contract;  
    SCVal key;  
    ContractDataDurability durability;  
    SCVal val;  
};
```

ContractEvent

class stellar_sdk.xdr.contract_event.ContractEvent(*ext, contract_id, type, body*)

XDR Source Code:

```

struct ContractEvent
{
    // We can use this to add more fields, or because it
    // is first, to change ContractEvent into a union.
    ExtensionPoint ext;

    Hash* contractID;
    ContractEventType type;

    union switch (int v)
    {
        case 0:
            struct
            {
                SCVal topics<>;
                SCVal data;
            } v0;
    }
    body;
};

```

ContractEventBody

class stellar_sdk.xdr.contract_event_body.ContractEventBody(*v, v0=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```

union switch (int v)
{
    case 0:
        struct
        {
            SCVal topics<>;
            SCVal data;
        } v0;
}

```

ContractEventType

class stellar_sdk.xdr.contract_event_type.ContractEventType(*value, names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```

enum ContractEventType
{
    SYSTEM = 0,

```

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```
CONTRACT = 1,  
DIAGNOSTIC = 2  
};
```

ContractEventV0

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.contract_event_v0.ContractEventV0(topics, data)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct  
{  
    SCVal topics<>;  
    SCVal data;  
}
```

ContractExecutable

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.contract_executable.ContractExecutable(type, wasm_hash=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union ContractExecutable switch (ContractExecutableType type)  
{  
    case CONTRACT_EXECUTABLE_WASM:  
        Hash wasm_hash;  
    case CONTRACT_EXECUTABLE_STELLAR_ASSET:  
        void;  
};
```

ContractExecutableType

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.contract_executable_type.ContractExecutableType(value, names=None, *,  
                                                                    module=None,  
                                                                    qualname=None,  
                                                                    type=None, start=1,  
                                                                    boundary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum ContractExecutableType  
{  
    CONTRACT_EXECUTABLE_WASM = 0,  
    CONTRACT_EXECUTABLE_STELLAR_ASSET = 1  
};
```

ContractIDPreimage

class stellar_sdk.xdr.contract_id_preimage.ContractIDPreimage(*type*, *from_address=None*, *from_asset=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union ContractIDPreimage switch (ContractIDPreimageType type)
{
  case CONTRACT_ID_PREIMAGE_FROM_ADDRESS:
    struct
    {
      SCAddress address;
      uint256 salt;
    } fromAddress;
  case CONTRACT_ID_PREIMAGE_FROM_ASSET:
    Asset fromAsset;
};
```

ContractIDPreimageFromAddress

class stellar_sdk.xdr.contract_id_preimage_from_address.ContractIDPreimageFromAddress(*address*, *salt*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct
{
  SCAddress address;
  uint256 salt;
}
```

ContractIDPreimageType

class stellar_sdk.xdr.contract_id_preimage_type.ContractIDPreimageType(*value*, *names=None*, *, *module=None*, *qualname=None*, *type=None*, *start=1*, *boundary=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
enum ContractIDPreimageType
{
  CONTRACT_ID_PREIMAGE_FROM_ADDRESS = 0,
  CONTRACT_ID_PREIMAGE_FROM_ASSET = 1
};
```

CreateAccountOp

class stellar_sdk.xdr.create_account_op.**CreateAccountOp**(*destination, starting_balance*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct CreateAccountOp
{
    AccountID destination; // account to create
    int64 startingBalance; // amount they end up with
};
```

CreateAccountResult

class stellar_sdk.xdr.create_account_result.**CreateAccountResult**(*code*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union CreateAccountResult switch (CreateAccountResultCode code)
{
    case CREATE_ACCOUNT_SUCCESS:
        void;
    case CREATE_ACCOUNT_MALFORMED:
    case CREATE_ACCOUNT_UNDERFUNDED:
    case CREATE_ACCOUNT_LOW_RESERVE:
    case CREATE_ACCOUNT_ALREADY_EXIST:
        void;
};
```

CreateAccountResultCode

class stellar_sdk.xdr.create_account_result_code.**CreateAccountResultCode**(*value, names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
enum CreateAccountResultCode
{
    // codes considered as "success" for the operation
    CREATE_ACCOUNT_SUCCESS = 0, // account was created

    // codes considered as "failure" for the operation
    CREATE_ACCOUNT_MALFORMED = -1, // invalid destination
    CREATE_ACCOUNT_UNDERFUNDED = -2, // not enough funds in source account
    CREATE_ACCOUNT_LOW_RESERVE =
        -3, // would create an account below the min reserve
    CREATE_ACCOUNT_ALREADY_EXIST = -4 // account already exists
};
```

CreateClaimableBalanceOp

class stellar_sdk.xdr.create_claimable_balance_op.**CreateClaimableBalanceOp**(*asset, amount, claimants*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct CreateClaimableBalanceOp
{
    Asset asset;
    int64 amount;
    Claimant claimants<10>;
};
```

CreateClaimableBalanceResult

class stellar_sdk.xdr.create_claimable_balance_result.**CreateClaimableBalanceResult**(*code, balance_id=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union CreateClaimableBalanceResult switch (
    CreateClaimableBalanceResultCode code)
{
    case CREATE_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_SUCCESS:
        ClaimableBalanceID balanceID;
    case CREATE_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_MALFORMED:
    case CREATE_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_LOW_RESERVE:
    case CREATE_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_NO_TRUST:
    case CREATE_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_NOT_AUTHORIZED:
    case CREATE_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_UNDERFUNDED:
        void;
};
```

CreateClaimableBalanceResultCode

class stellar_sdk.xdr.create_claimable_balance_result_code.**CreateClaimableBalanceResultCode**(*value, names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
enum CreateClaimableBalanceResultCode
{
```

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```

CREATE_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_SUCCESS = 0,
CREATE_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_MALFORMED = -1,
CREATE_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_LOW_RESERVE = -2,
CREATE_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_NO_TRUST = -3,
CREATE_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_NOT_AUTHORIZED = -4,
CREATE_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_UNDERFUNDED = -5
};

```

CreateContractArgs

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.create_contract_args.CreateContractArgs(contract_id_preimage, executable)`

XDR Source Code:

```

struct CreateContractArgs
{
    ContractIDPreimage contractIDPreimage;
    ContractExecutable executable;
};

```

CreatePassiveSellOfferOp

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.create_passive_sell_offer_op.CreatePassiveSellOfferOp(selling, buying, amount, price)`

XDR Source Code:

```

struct CreatePassiveSellOfferOp
{
    Asset selling; // A
    Asset buying; // B
    int64 amount; // amount taker gets
    Price price; // cost of A in terms of B
};

```

CryptoKeyType

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.crypto_key_type.CryptoKeyType(value, names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None)`

XDR Source Code:

```

enum CryptoKeyType
{
    KEY_TYPE_ED25519 = 0,
    KEY_TYPE_PRE_AUTH_TX = 1,
    KEY_TYPE_HASH_X = 2,
    KEY_TYPE_ED25519_SIGNED_PAYLOAD = 3,
    // MUXED enum values for supported type are derived from the enum values
    // above by ORing them with 0x100
};

```

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```
KEY_TYPE_MUXED_ED25519 = 0x100
};
```

Curve25519Public

class stellar_sdk.xdr.curve25519_public.Curve25519Public(*key*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct Curve25519Public
{
    opaque key[32];
};
```

Curve25519Secret

class stellar_sdk.xdr.curve25519_secret.Curve25519Secret(*key*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct Curve25519Secret
{
    opaque key[32];
};
```

DataEntry

class stellar_sdk.xdr.data_entry.DataEntry(*account_id*, *data_name*, *data_value*, *ext*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct DataEntry
{
    AccountID accountID; // account this data belongs to
    string64 dataName;
    DataValue dataValue;

    // reserved for future use
    union switch (int v)
    {
        case 0:
            void;
    }
    ext;
};
```

DataEntryExt

class stellar_sdk.xdr.data_entry_ext.**DataEntryExt**(*v*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union switch (int v)
{
    case 0:
        void;
}
```

DataValue

class stellar_sdk.xdr.data_value.**DataValue**(*data_value*)

XDR Source Code:

```
typedef opaque DataValue<64>;
```

DecoratedSignature

class stellar_sdk.xdr.decorated_signature.**DecoratedSignature**(*hint, signature*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct DecoratedSignature
{
    SignatureHint hint; // last 4 bytes of the public key, used as a hint
    Signature signature; // actual signature
};
```

DiagnosticEvent

class stellar_sdk.xdr.diagnostic_event.**DiagnosticEvent**(*in_successful_contract_call, event*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct DiagnosticEvent
{
    bool inSuccessfulContractCall;
    ContractEvent event;
};
```

DontHave

class stellar_sdk.xdr.dont_have.**DontHave**(*type*, *req_hash*)

XDR Source Code:

```

struct DontHave
{
    MessageType type;
    uint256 reqHash;
};

```

Double

class stellar_sdk.xdr.base.**Double**(*value*)

Duration

class stellar_sdk.xdr.duration.**Duration**(*duration*)

XDR Source Code:

```

typedef uint64 Duration;

```

EncryptedBody

class stellar_sdk.xdr.encrypted_body.**EncryptedBody**(*encrypted_body*)

XDR Source Code:

```

typedef opaque EncryptedBody<64000>;

```

EndSponsoringFutureReservesResult

class stellar_sdk.xdr.end_sponsoring_future_reserves_result.**EndSponsoringFutureReservesResult**(*code*)

XDR Source Code:

```

union EndSponsoringFutureReservesResult switch (
    EndSponsoringFutureReservesResultCode code)
{
    case END_SPONSORING_FUTURE_RESERVES_SUCCESS:
        void;
    case END_SPONSORING_FUTURE_RESERVES_NOT_SPONSORED:
        void;
};

```

EndSponsoringFutureReservesResultCode

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.end_sponsoring_future_reserves_result_code.EndSponsoringFutureReservesResultCode(
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum EndSponsoringFutureReservesResultCode
{
    // codes considered as "success" for the operation
    END_SPONSORING_FUTURE_RESERVES_SUCCESS = 0,

    // codes considered as "failure" for the operation
    END_SPONSORING_FUTURE_RESERVES_NOT_SPONSORED = -1
};
```

EnvelopeType

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.envelope_type.EnvelopeType(value, names=None, *, module=None,
                                                  qualname=None, type=None, start=1,
                                                  boundary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum EnvelopeType
{
    ENVELOPE_TYPE_TX_V0 = 0,
    ENVELOPE_TYPE_SCP = 1,
    ENVELOPE_TYPE_TX = 2,
    ENVELOPE_TYPE_AUTH = 3,
    ENVELOPE_TYPE_SCPVALUE = 4,
    ENVELOPE_TYPE_TX_FEE_BUMP = 5,
    ENVELOPE_TYPE_OP_ID = 6,
    ENVELOPE_TYPE_POOL_REVOKE_OP_ID = 7,
    ENVELOPE_TYPE_CONTRACT_ID = 8,
    ENVELOPE_TYPE_SOROBAN_AUTHORIZATION = 9
};
```

Error

class stellar_sdk.xdr.error.**Error**(code, msg)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct Error
{
    ErrorCode code;
    string msg<100>;
};
```

ErrorCode

class stellar_sdk.xdr.error_code.**ErrorCode**(value, names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None)

XDR Source Code:

```
enum ErrorCode
{
    ERR_MISC = 0, // Unspecific error
    ERR_DATA = 1, // Malformed data
    ERR_CONF = 2, // Misconfiguration error
    ERR_AUTH = 3, // Authentication failure
    ERR_LOAD = 4 // System overloaded
};
```

EvictionIterator

class stellar_sdk.xdr.eviction_iterator.**EvictionIterator**(bucket_list_level, is_curr_bucket, bucket_file_offset)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct EvictionIterator {
    uint32 bucketListLevel;
    bool isCurrBucket;
    uint64 bucketFileOffset;
};
```

ExtendFootprintTTLOp

class stellar_sdk.xdr.extend_footprint_ttl_op.**ExtendFootprintTTLOp**(ext, extend_to)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct ExtendFootprintTTLOp
{
    ExtensionPoint ext;
    uint32 extendTo;
};
```

ExtendFootprintTTLResult

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.extend_footprint_ttl_result.ExtendFootprintTTLResult(code)`

XDR Source Code:

```
union ExtendFootprintTTLResult switch (ExtendFootprintTTLResultCode code)
{
    case EXTEND_FOOTPRINT_TTL_SUCCESS:
        void;
    case EXTEND_FOOTPRINT_TTL_MALFORMED:
    case EXTEND_FOOTPRINT_TTL_RESOURCE_LIMIT_EXCEEDED:
    case EXTEND_FOOTPRINT_TTL_INSUFFICIENT_REFUNDABLE_FEE:
        void;
};
```

ExtendFootprintTTLResultCode

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.extend_footprint_ttl_result_code.ExtendFootprintTTLResultCode(value, names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None)`

XDR Source Code:

```
enum ExtendFootprintTTLResultCode
{
    // codes considered as "success" for the operation
    EXTEND_FOOTPRINT_TTL_SUCCESS = 0,

    // codes considered as "failure" for the operation
    EXTEND_FOOTPRINT_TTL_MALFORMED = -1,
    EXTEND_FOOTPRINT_TTL_RESOURCE_LIMIT_EXCEEDED = -2,
    EXTEND_FOOTPRINT_TTL_INSUFFICIENT_REFUNDABLE_FEE = -3
};
```

ExtensionPoint

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.extension_point.ExtensionPoint(v)`

XDR Source Code:

```
union ExtensionPoint switch (int v)
{
    case 0:
        void;
};
```

FeeBumpTransaction

class stellar_sdk.xdr.fee_bump_transaction.FeeBumpTransaction(*fee_source*, *fee*, *inner_tx*, *ext*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct FeeBumpTransaction
{
    MuxedAccount feeSource;
    int64 fee;
    union switch (EnvelopeType type)
    {
        case ENVELOPE_TYPE_TX:
            TransactionV1Envelope v1;
    }
    innerTx;
    union switch (int v)
    {
        case 0:
            void;
    }
    ext;
};
```

FeeBumpTransactionEnvelope

class stellar_sdk.xdr.fee_bump_transaction_envelope.FeeBumpTransactionEnvelope(*tx*,
signatures)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct FeeBumpTransactionEnvelope
{
    FeeBumpTransaction tx;
    /* Each decorated signature is a signature over the SHA256 hash of
     * a TransactionSignaturePayload */
    DecoratedSignature signatures<20>;
};
```

FeeBumpTransactionExt

class stellar_sdk.xdr.fee_bump_transaction_ext.FeeBumpTransactionExt(*v*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union switch (int v)
{
    case 0:
        void;
}
```

FeeBumpTransactionInnerTx

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.fee_bump_transaction_inner_tx.FeeBumpTransactionInnerTx(type,  
                                                                              v1=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union switch (EnvelopeType type)  
{  
    case ENVELOPE_TYPE_TX:  
        TransactionV1Envelope v1;  
}
```

Float

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.base.Float(value)
```

FloodAdvert

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.flood_advert.FloodAdvert(tx_hashes)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct FloodAdvert  
{  
    TxAdvertVector txHashes;  
};
```

FloodDemand

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.flood_demand.FloodDemand(tx_hashes)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct FloodDemand  
{  
    TxDemandVector txHashes;  
};
```

GeneralizedTransactionSet

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.generalized_transaction_set.GeneralizedTransactionSet(v,  
                                                                              v1_tx_set=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union GeneralizedTransactionSet switch (int v)  
{  
    // We consider the legacy TransactionSet to be v0.  
    case 1:  
        TransactionSetV1 v1TxSet;  
};
```


Hash

class stellar_sdk.xdr.hash.Hash(*hash*)

XDR Source Code:

```
typedef opaque Hash[32];
```

HashIDPreimage

class stellar_sdk.xdr.hash_id_preimage.HashIDPreimage(*type*, *operation_id=None*, *revoke_id=None*, *contract_id=None*, *soroban_authorization=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union HashIDPreimage switch (EnvelopeType type)
{
  case ENVELOPE_TYPE_OP_ID:
    struct
    {
      AccountID sourceAccount;
      SequenceNumber seqNum;
      uint32 opNum;
    } operationID;
  case ENVELOPE_TYPE_POOL_REVOKE_OP_ID:
    struct
    {
      AccountID sourceAccount;
      SequenceNumber seqNum;
      uint32 opNum;
      PoolID liquidityPoolID;
      Asset asset;
    } revokeID;
  case ENVELOPE_TYPE_CONTRACT_ID:
    struct
    {
      Hash networkID;
      ContractIDPreimage contractIDPreimage;
    } contractID;
  case ENVELOPE_TYPE_SOROBAN_AUTHORIZATION:
    struct
    {
      Hash networkID;
      int64 nonce;
      uint32 signatureExpirationLedger;
      SorobanAuthorizedInvocation invocation;
    } sorobanAuthorization;
};
```

HashIDPreimageContractID

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.hash_id_preimage_contract_id.HashIDPreimageContractID(network_id, contract_id_preimage)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct
{
    Hash networkID;
    ContractIDPreimage contractIDPreimage;
}
```

HashIDPreimageOperationID

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.hash_id_preimage_operation_id.HashIDPreimageOperationID(source_account, seq_num, op_num)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct
{
    AccountID sourceAccount;
    SequenceNumber seqNum;
    uint32 opNum;
}
```

HashIDPreimageRevokeID

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.hash_id_preimage_revoke_id.HashIDPreimageRevokeID(source_account, seq_num, op_num, liquidity_pool_id, asset)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct
{
    AccountID sourceAccount;
    SequenceNumber seqNum;
    uint32 opNum;
    PoolID liquidityPoolID;
    Asset asset;
}
```

HashIDPreimageSorobanAuthorization

class stellar_sdk.xdr.hash_id_preimage_soroban_authorization.**HashIDPreimageSorobanAuthorization**(*network_id, nonce, signature, expiration_ledger, invocation*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct
{
    Hash networkID;
    int64 nonce;
    uint32 signatureExpirationLedger;
    SorobanAuthorizedInvocation invocation;
}
```

Hello

class stellar_sdk.xdr.hello.**Hello**(*ledger_version, overlay_version, overlay_min_version, network_id, version_str, listening_port, peer_id, cert, nonce*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct Hello
{
    uint32 ledgerVersion;
    uint32 overlayVersion;
    uint32 overlayMinVersion;
    Hash networkID;
    string versionStr<100>;
    int listeningPort;
    NodeID peerID;
    AuthCert cert;
    uint256 nonce;
};
```

HmacSha256Key

class stellar_sdk.xdr.hmac_sha256_key.**HmacSha256Key**(*key*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct HmacSha256Key
{
    opaque key[32];
};
```

HmacSha256Mac

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.hmac_sha256_mac.HmacSha256Mac(mac)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct HmacSha256Mac
{
    opaque mac[32];
};
```

HostFunction

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.host_function.HostFunction(type, invoke_contract=None, create_contract=None,
                                                  wasm=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union HostFunction switch (HostFunctionType type)
{
    case HOST_FUNCTION_TYPE_INVOKE_CONTRACT:
        InvokeContractArgs invokeContract;
    case HOST_FUNCTION_TYPE_CREATE_CONTRACT:
        CreateContractArgs createContract;
    case HOST_FUNCTION_TYPE_UPLOAD_CONTRACT_WASM:
        opaque wasm<>;
};
```

HostFunctionType

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.host_function_type.HostFunctionType(value, names=None, *, module=None,
                                                           qualname=None, type=None, start=1,
                                                           boundary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum HostFunctionType
{
    HOST_FUNCTION_TYPE_INVOKE_CONTRACT = 0,
    HOST_FUNCTION_TYPE_CREATE_CONTRACT = 1,
    HOST_FUNCTION_TYPE_UPLOAD_CONTRACT_WASM = 2
};
```

Hyper

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.base.Hyper(value)
```

IPAddrType

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.ip_addr_type.IPAddrType(value, names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None,
                                             type=None, start=1, boundary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum IPAddrType
{
    IPv4 = 0,
    IPv6 = 1
};
```

InflationPayout

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.inflation_payout.InflationPayout(destination, amount)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct InflationPayout // or use PaymentResultAtom to limit types?
{
    AccountID destination;
    int64 amount;
};
```

InflationResult

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.inflation_result.InflationResult(code, payouts=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union InflationResult switch (InflationResultCode code)
{
    case INFLATION_SUCCESS:
        InflationPayout payouts<>;
    case INFLATION_NOT_TIME:
        void;
};
```

InflationResultCode

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.inflation_result_code.InflationResultCode(value, names=None, *,
                                                                module=None, qualname=None,
                                                                type=None, start=1,
                                                                boundary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum InflationResultCode
{
    // codes considered as "success" for the operation
    INFLATION_SUCCESS = 0,
    // codes considered as "failure" for the operation
```

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```
INFLATION_NOT_TIME = -1
};
```

InnerTransactionResult

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.inner_transaction_result.InnerTransactionResult(fee_charged, result, ext)`

XDR Source Code:

```
struct InnerTransactionResult
{
    // Always 0. Here for binary compatibility.
    int64 feeCharged;

    union switch (TransactionResultCode code)
    {
        // txFEE_BUMP_INNER_SUCCESS is not included
        case txSUCCESS:
        case txFAILED:
            OperationResult results<>;
        case txTOO_EARLY:
        case txTOO_LATE:
        case txMISSING_OPERATION:
        case txBAD_SEQ:
        case txBAD_AUTH:
        case txINSUFFICIENT_BALANCE:
        case txNO_ACCOUNT:
        case txINSUFFICIENT_FEE:
        case txBAD_AUTH_EXTRA:
        case txINTERNAL_ERROR:
        case txNOT_SUPPORTED:
        // txFEE_BUMP_INNER_FAILED is not included
        case txBAD_SPONSORSHIP:
        case txBAD_MIN_SEQ_AGE_OR_GAP:
        case txMALFORMED:
        case txSOROBAN_INVALID:
            void;
    }
    result;

    // reserved for future use
    union switch (int v)
    {
        case 0:
            void;
    }
    ext;
};
```

InnerTransactionResultExt

class stellar_sdk.xdr.inner_transaction_result_ext.InnerTransactionResultExt(*v*)

XDR Source Code:

```

union switch (int v)
{
    case 0:
        void;
}

```

InnerTransactionResultPair

class stellar_sdk.xdr.inner_transaction_result_pair.InnerTransactionResultPair(*transaction_hash*,
result)

XDR Source Code:

```

struct InnerTransactionResultPair
{
    Hash transactionHash;          // hash of the inner transaction
    InnerTransactionResult result; // result for the inner transaction
};

```

InnerTransactionResultResult

class stellar_sdk.xdr.inner_transaction_result_result.InnerTransactionResultResult(*code*,
re-
sults=None)

XDR Source Code:

```

union switch (TransactionResultCode code)
{
    // txFEE_BUMP_INNER_SUCCESS is not included
    case txSUCCESS:
    case txFAILED:
        OperationResult results<>;
    case txTOO_EARLY:
    case txTOO_LATE:
    case txMISSING_OPERATION:
    case txBAD_SEQ:
    case txBAD_AUTH:
    case txINSUFFICIENT_BALANCE:
    case txNO_ACCOUNT:
    case txINSUFFICIENT_FEE:
    case txBAD_AUTH_EXTRA:
    case txINTERNAL_ERROR:
    case txNOT_SUPPORTED:
    // txFEE_BUMP_INNER_FAILED is not included
    case txBAD_SPONSORSHIP:
    case txBAD_MIN_SEQ_AGE_OR_GAP:

```

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```
case txMALFORMED:
case txSOROBAN_INVALID:
    void;
}
```

Int128Parts

class stellar_sdk.xdr.int128_parts.**Int128Parts**(*hi, lo*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct Int128Parts {
    int64 hi;
    uint64 lo;
};
```

Int256Parts

class stellar_sdk.xdr.int256_parts.**Int256Parts**(*hi_hi, hi_lo, lo_hi, lo_lo*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct Int256Parts {
    int64 hi_hi;
    uint64 hi_lo;
    uint64 lo_hi;
    uint64 lo_lo;
};
```

Int32

class stellar_sdk.xdr.int32.**Int32**(*int32*)

XDR Source Code:

```
typedef int int32;
```

Int64

class stellar_sdk.xdr.int64.**Int64**(*int64*)

XDR Source Code:

```
typedef hyper int64;
```


Integer

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.base.Integer(value)
```

InvokeContractArgs

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.invoke_contract_args.InvokeContractArgs(contract_address, function_name,
                                                                args)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct InvokeContractArgs {
    SCAddress contractAddress;
    SCSymbol functionName;
    SCVal args<>;
};
```

InvokeHostFunctionOp

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.invoke_host_function_op.InvokeHostFunctionOp(host_function, auth)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct InvokeHostFunctionOp
{
    // Host function to invoke.
    HostFunction hostFunction;
    // Per-address authorizations for this host function.
    SorobanAuthorizationEntry auth<>;
};
```

InvokeHostFunctionResult

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.invoke_host_function_result.InvokeHostFunctionResult(code,
                                                                              success=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union InvokeHostFunctionResult switch (InvokeHostFunctionResultCode code)
{
    case INVOKE_HOST_FUNCTION_SUCCESS:
        Hash success; // sha256(InvokeHostFunctionSuccessPreImage)
    case INVOKE_HOST_FUNCTION_MALFORMED:
    case INVOKE_HOST_FUNCTION_TRAPPED:
    case INVOKE_HOST_FUNCTION_RESOURCE_LIMIT_EXCEEDED:
    case INVOKE_HOST_FUNCTION_ENTRY_ARCHIVED:
    case INVOKE_HOST_FUNCTION_INSUFFICIENT_REFUNDABLE_FEE:
        void;
};
```

InvokeHostFunctionResultCode

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.invoke_host_function_result_code.InvokeHostFunctionResultCode(value,
                                                                                       names=None,
                                                                                       *,
                                                                                       mod-
                                                                                       ule=None,
                                                                                       qual-
                                                                                       name=None,
                                                                                       type=None,
                                                                                       start=1,
                                                                                       bound-
                                                                                       ary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum InvokeHostFunctionResultCode
{
    // codes considered as "success" for the operation
    INVOKE_HOST_FUNCTION_SUCCESS = 0,

    // codes considered as "failure" for the operation
    INVOKE_HOST_FUNCTION_MALFORMED = -1,
    INVOKE_HOST_FUNCTION_TRAPPED = -2,
    INVOKE_HOST_FUNCTION_RESOURCE_LIMIT_EXCEEDED = -3,
    INVOKE_HOST_FUNCTION_ENTRY_ARCHIVED = -4,
    INVOKE_HOST_FUNCTION_INSUFFICIENT_REFUNDABLE_FEE = -5
};
```

InvokeHostFunctionSuccessPreImage

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.invoke_host_function_success_pre_image.InvokeHostFunctionSuccessPreImage(return_value,
                                                                                               events)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct InvokeHostFunctionSuccessPreImage
{
    SCVal returnValue;
    ContractEvent events<>;
};
```

LedgerBounds

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_bounds.LedgerBounds(min_ledger, max_ledger)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct LedgerBounds
{
    uint32 minLedger;
    uint32 maxLedger; // 0 here means no maxLedger
};
```

LedgerCloseMeta

class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_close_meta.LedgerCloseMeta(*v*, *v0=None*, *v1=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union LedgerCloseMeta switch (int v)
{
    case 0:
        LedgerCloseMetaV0 v0;
    case 1:
        LedgerCloseMetaV1 v1;
};
```

LedgerCloseMetaV0

class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_close_meta_v0.LedgerCloseMetaV0(*ledger_header*, *tx_set*, *tx_processing*, *upgrades_processing*, *scp_info*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct LedgerCloseMetaV0
{
    LedgerHeaderHistoryEntry ledgerHeader;
    // NB: txSet is sorted in "Hash order"
    TransactionSet txSet;

    // NB: transactions are sorted in apply order here
    // fees for all transactions are processed first
    // followed by applying transactions
    TransactionResultMeta txProcessing<>;

    // upgrades are applied last
    UpgradeEntryMeta upgradesProcessing<>;

    // other misc information attached to the ledger close
    SCPHistoryEntry scpInfo<>;
};
```

LedgerCloseMetaV1

class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_close_meta_v1.LedgerCloseMetaV1(*ext*, *ledger_header*, *tx_set*, *tx_processing*, *upgrades_processing*, *scp_info*, *total_byte_size_of_bucket_list*, *evicted_temporary_ledger_keys*, *evicted_persistent_ledger_entries*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct LedgerCloseMetaV1
{
    // We forgot to add an ExtensionPoint in v0 but at least
```

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```
// we can add one now in v1.
ExtensionPoint ext;

LedgerHeaderHistoryEntry ledgerHeader;

GeneralizedTransactionSet txSet;

// NB: transactions are sorted in apply order here
// fees for all transactions are processed first
// followed by applying transactions
TransactionResultMeta txProcessing<>;

// upgrades are applied last
UpgradeEntryMeta upgradesProcessing<>;

// other misc information attached to the ledger close
SCPHistoryEntry scpInfo<>;

// Size in bytes of BucketList, to support downstream
// systems calculating storage fees correctly.
uint64 totalByteSizeOfBucketList;

// Temp keys that are being evicted at this ledger.
LedgerKey evictedTemporaryLedgerKeys<>;

// Archived restorable ledger entries that are being
// evicted at this ledger.
LedgerEntry evictedPersistentLedgerEntries<>;
};
```

LedgerCloseValueSignature

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_close_value_signature.LedgerCloseValueSignature(node_id,  
                                                                           signature)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct LedgerCloseValueSignature
{
    NodeID nodeID;           // which node introduced the value
    Signature signature;     // nodeID's signature
};
```

LedgerEntry

class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_entry.LedgerEntry(*last_modified_ledger_seq, data, ext*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct LedgerEntry
{
    uint32 lastModifiedLedgerSeq; // ledger the LedgerEntry was last changed

    union switch (LedgerEntryType type)
    {
        case ACCOUNT:
            AccountEntry account;
        case TRUSTLINE:
            TrustLineEntry trustLine;
        case OFFER:
            OfferEntry offer;
        case DATA:
            DataEntry data;
        case CLAIMABLE_BALANCE:
            ClaimableBalanceEntry claimableBalance;
        case LIQUIDITY_POOL:
            LiquidityPoolEntry liquidityPool;
        case CONTRACT_DATA:
            ContractDataEntry contractData;
        case CONTRACT_CODE:
            ContractCodeEntry contractCode;
        case CONFIG_SETTING:
            ConfigSettingEntry configSetting;
        case TTL:
            TTLEntry ttl;
    }
    data;

    // reserved for future use
    union switch (int v)
    {
        case 0:
            void;
        case 1:
            LedgerEntryExtensionV1 v1;
    }
    ext;
};
```

LedgerEntryChange

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_entry_change.LedgerEntryChange(type, created=None, updated=None, removed=None, state=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union LedgerEntryChange switch (LedgerEntryChangeType type)
{
  case LEDGER_ENTRY_CREATED:
    LedgerEntry created;
  case LEDGER_ENTRY_UPDATED:
    LedgerEntry updated;
  case LEDGER_ENTRY_REMOVED:
    LedgerKey removed;
  case LEDGER_ENTRY_STATE:
    LedgerEntry state;
};
```

LedgerEntryChangeType

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_entry_change_type.LedgerEntryChangeType(value, names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum LedgerEntryChangeType
{
  LEDGER_ENTRY_CREATED = 0, // entry was added to the ledger
  LEDGER_ENTRY_UPDATED = 1, // entry was modified in the ledger
  LEDGER_ENTRY_REMOVED = 2, // entry was removed from the ledger
  LEDGER_ENTRY_STATE = 3    // value of the entry
};
```

LedgerEntryChanges

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_entry_changes.LedgerEntryChanges(ledger_entry_changes)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
typedef LedgerEntryChange LedgerEntryChanges<>;
```

LedgerEntryData

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_entry_data.LedgerEntryData(type, account=None, trust_line=None,
                                                         offer=None, data=None,
                                                         claimable_balance=None,
                                                         liquidity_pool=None, contract_data=None,
                                                         contract_code=None, config_setting=None,
                                                         ttl=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union switch (LedgerEntryType type)
{
    case ACCOUNT:
        AccountEntry account;
    case TRUSTLINE:
        TrustLineEntry trustLine;
    case OFFER:
        OfferEntry offer;
    case DATA:
        DataEntry data;
    case CLAIMABLE_BALANCE:
        ClaimableBalanceEntry claimableBalance;
    case LIQUIDITY_POOL:
        LiquidityPoolEntry liquidityPool;
    case CONTRACT_DATA:
        ContractDataEntry contractData;
    case CONTRACT_CODE:
        ContractCodeEntry contractCode;
    case CONFIG_SETTING:
        ConfigSettingEntry configSetting;
    case TTL:
        TTLEntry ttl;
}
```

LedgerEntryExt

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_entry_ext.LedgerEntryExt(v, v1=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union switch (int v)
{
    case 0:
        void;
    case 1:
        LedgerEntryExtensionV1 v1;
}
```

LedgerEntryExtensionV1

class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_entry_extension_v1.LedgerEntryExtensionV1(*sponsoring_id*, *ext*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct LedgerEntryExtensionV1
{
    SponsorshipDescriptor sponsoringID;

    union switch (int v)
    {
        case 0:
            void;
    }
    ext;
};
```

LedgerEntryExtensionV1Ext

class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_entry_extension_v1_ext.LedgerEntryExtensionV1Ext(*v*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union switch (int v)
{
    case 0:
        void;
}
```

LedgerEntryType

class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_entry_type.LedgerEntryType(*value*, *names=None*, *, *module=None*, *qualname=None*, *type=None*, *start=1*, *boundary=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
enum LedgerEntryType
{
    ACCOUNT = 0,
    TRUSTLINE = 1,
    OFFER = 2,
    DATA = 3,
    CLAIMABLE_BALANCE = 4,
    LIQUIDITY_POOL = 5,
    CONTRACT_DATA = 6,
    CONTRACT_CODE = 7,
    CONFIG_SETTING = 8,
    TTL = 9
};
```


LedgerFootprint

class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_footprint.LedgerFootprint(*read_only, read_write*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct LedgerFootprint
{
    LedgerKey readOnly<>;
    LedgerKey readWrite<>;
};
```

LedgerHeader

class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_header.LedgerHeader(*ledger_version, previous_ledger_hash, scp_value, tx_set_result_hash, bucket_list_hash, ledger_seq, total_coins, fee_pool, inflation_seq, id_pool, base_fee, base_reserve, max_tx_set_size, skip_list, ext*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct LedgerHeader
{
    uint32 ledgerVersion;    // the protocol version of the ledger
    Hash previousLedgerHash; // hash of the previous ledger header
    StellarValue scpValue;   // what consensus agreed to
    Hash txSetResultHash;    // the TransactionResultSet that led to this ledger
    Hash bucketListHash;     // hash of the ledger state

    uint32 ledgerSeq; // sequence number of this ledger

    int64 totalCoins; // total number of stroops in existence.
                    // 10,000,000 stroops in 1 XLM

    int64 feePool;        // fees burned since last inflation run
    uint32 inflationSeq; // inflation sequence number

    uint64 idPool; // last used global ID, used for generating objects

    uint32 baseFee;      // base fee per operation in stroops
    uint32 baseReserve; // account base reserve in stroops

    uint32 maxTxSetSize; // maximum size a transaction set can be

    Hash skipList[4]; // hashes of ledgers in the past. allows you to jump back
                    // in time without walking the chain back ledger by ledger
                    // each slot contains the oldest ledger that is mod of
                    // either 50 5000 50000 or 500000 depending on index
                    // skipList[0] mod(50), skipList[1] mod(5000), etc

    // reserved for future use
    union switch (int v)
    {
```

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```
    case 0:
        void;
    case 1:
        LedgerHeaderExtensionV1 v1;
    }
    ext;
};
```

LedgerHeaderExt

class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_header_ext.LedgerHeaderExt(*v, v1=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union switch (int v)
{
    case 0:
        void;
    case 1:
        LedgerHeaderExtensionV1 v1;
}
```

LedgerHeaderExtensionV1

class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_header_extension_v1.LedgerHeaderExtensionV1(*flags, ext*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct LedgerHeaderExtensionV1
{
    uint32 flags; // LedgerHeaderFlags

    union switch (int v)
    {
        case 0:
            void;
        }
    ext;
};
```

LedgerHeaderExtensionV1Ext

class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_header_extension_v1_ext.LedgerHeaderExtensionV1Ext(*v*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union switch (int v)
{
    case 0:
        void;
}
```

LedgerHeaderFlags

class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_header_flags.LedgerHeaderFlags(*value, names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
enum LedgerHeaderFlags
{
    DISABLE_LIQUIDITY_POOL_TRADING_FLAG = 0x1,
    DISABLE_LIQUIDITY_POOL_DEPOSIT_FLAG = 0x2,
    DISABLE_LIQUIDITY_POOL_WITHDRAWAL_FLAG = 0x4
};
```

LedgerHeaderHistoryEntry

class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_header_history_entry.LedgerHeaderHistoryEntry(*hash, header, ext*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct LedgerHeaderHistoryEntry
{
    Hash hash;
    LedgerHeader header;

    // reserved for future use
    union switch (int v)
    {
        case 0:
            void;
    }
    ext;
};
```

LedgerHeaderHistoryEntryExt

class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_header_history_entry_ext.LedgerHeaderHistoryEntryExt(*v*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union switch (int v)
{
    case 0:
        void;
}
```

LedgerKey

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_key.LedgerKey(type, account=None, trust_line=None, offer=None,
data=None, claimable_balance=None,
liquidity_pool=None, contract_data=None,
contract_code=None, config_setting=None, ttl=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union LedgerKey switch (LedgerEntryType type)
{
case ACCOUNT:
    struct
    {
        AccountID accountID;
    } account;

case TRUSTLINE:
    struct
    {
        AccountID accountID;
        TrustLineAsset asset;
    } trustLine;

case OFFER:
    struct
    {
        AccountID sellerID;
        int64 offerID;
    } offer;

case DATA:
    struct
    {
        AccountID accountID;
        string64 dataName;
    } data;

case CLAIMABLE_BALANCE:
    struct
    {
        ClaimableBalanceID balanceID;
    } claimableBalance;

case LIQUIDITY_POOL:
    struct
    {
        PoolID liquidityPoolID;
    } liquidityPool;
case CONTRACT_DATA:
    struct
    {
        SCAddress contract;
        SCVal key;
```

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```

        ContractDataDurability durability;
    } contractData;
case CONTRACT_CODE:
    struct
    {
        Hash hash;
    } contractCode;
case CONFIG_SETTING:
    struct
    {
        ConfigSettingID configSettingID;
    } configSetting;
case TTL:
    struct
    {
        // Hash of the LedgerKey that is associated with this TTLEntry
        Hash keyHash;
    } ttl;
};

```

LedgerKeyAccount

class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_key_account.LedgerKeyAccount(*account_id*)

XDR Source Code:

```

struct
{
    AccountID accountID;
}

```

LedgerKeyClaimableBalance

class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_key_claimable_balance.LedgerKeyClaimableBalance(*balance_id*)

XDR Source Code:

```

struct
{
    ClaimableBalanceID balanceID;
}

```

LedgerKeyConfigSetting

class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_key_config_setting.LedgerKeyConfigSetting(*config_setting_id*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct
{
    ConfigSettingID configSettingID;
}
```

LedgerKeyContractCode

class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_key_contract_code.LedgerKeyContractCode(*hash*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct
{
    Hash hash;
}
```

LedgerKeyContractData

class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_key_contract_data.LedgerKeyContractData(*contract, key, durability*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct
{
    SCAddress contract;
    SCVal key;
    ContractDataDurability durability;
}
```

LedgerKeyData

class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_key_data.LedgerKeyData(*account_id, data_name*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct
{
    AccountID accountID;
    string64 dataName;
}
```

LedgerKeyLiquidityPool

class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_key_liquidity_pool.**LedgerKeyLiquidityPool**(*liquidity_pool_id*)

XDR Source Code:

```

struct
{
    PoolID liquidityPoolID;
}

```

LedgerKeyOffer

class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_key_offer.**LedgerKeyOffer**(*seller_id*, *offer_id*)

XDR Source Code:

```

struct
{
    AccountID sellerID;
    int64 offerID;
}

```

LedgerKeyTrustLine

class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_key_trust_line.**LedgerKeyTrustLine**(*account_id*, *asset*)

XDR Source Code:

```

struct
{
    AccountID accountID;
    TrustLineAsset asset;
}

```

LedgerKeyTtl

class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_key_ttl.**LedgerKeyTtl**(*key_hash*)

XDR Source Code:

```

struct
{
    // Hash of the LedgerKey that is associated with this TTLEntry
    Hash keyHash;
}

```

LedgerSCPMessages

class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_scp_messages.**LedgerSCPMessages**(*ledger_seq, messages*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct LedgerSCPMessages
{
    uint32 ledgerSeq;
    SCPEnvelope messages<>;
};
```

LedgerUpgrade

class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_upgrade.**LedgerUpgrade**(*type, new_ledger_version=None, new_base_fee=None, new_max_tx_set_size=None, new_base_reserve=None, new_flags=None, new_config=None, new_max_soroban_tx_set_size=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union LedgerUpgrade switch (LedgerUpgradeType type)
{
case LEDGER_UPGRADE_VERSION:
    uint32 newLedgerVersion; // update ledgerVersion
case LEDGER_UPGRADE_BASE_FEE:
    uint32 newBaseFee; // update baseFee
case LEDGER_UPGRADE_MAX_TX_SET_SIZE:
    uint32 newMaxTxSetSize; // update maxTxSetSize
case LEDGER_UPGRADE_BASE_RESERVE:
    uint32 newBaseReserve; // update baseReserve
case LEDGER_UPGRADE_FLAGS:
    uint32 newFlags; // update flags
case LEDGER_UPGRADE_CONFIG:
    // Update arbitrary `ConfigSetting` entries identified by the key.
    ConfigUpgradeSetKey newConfig;
case LEDGER_UPGRADE_MAX_SOROBAN_TX_SET_SIZE:
    // Update ConfigSettingContractExecutionLanesV0.ledgerMaxTxCount without
    // using `LEDGER_UPGRADE_CONFIG`.
    uint32 newMaxSorobanTxSetSize;
};
```


LedgerUpgradeType

class stellar_sdk.xdr.ledger_upgrade_type.LedgerUpgradeType(*value, names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
enum LedgerUpgradeType
{
    LEDGER_UPGRADE_VERSION = 1,
    LEDGER_UPGRADE_BASE_FEE = 2,
    LEDGER_UPGRADE_MAX_TX_SET_SIZE = 3,
    LEDGER_UPGRADE_BASE_RESERVE = 4,
    LEDGER_UPGRADE_FLAGS = 5,
    LEDGER_UPGRADE_CONFIG = 6,
    LEDGER_UPGRADE_MAX_SOROBAN_TX_SET_SIZE = 7
};
```

Liabilities

class stellar_sdk.xdr.liabilities.Liabilities(*buying, selling*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct Liabilities
{
    int64 buying;
    int64 selling;
};
```

LiquidityPoolConstantProductParameters

class stellar_sdk.xdr.liquidity_pool_constant_product_parameters.LiquidityPoolConstantProductParameters

XDR Source Code:

```
struct LiquidityPoolConstantProductParameters
{
    Asset assetA; // assetA < assetB
    Asset assetB;
    int32 fee; // Fee is in basis points, so the actual rate is (fee/100)%
};
```

LiquidityPoolDepositOp

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.liquidity_pool_deposit_op.LiquidityPoolDepositOp(liquidity_pool_id,  
                                                                           max_amount_a,  
                                                                           max_amount_b,  
                                                                           min_price, max_price)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct LiquidityPoolDepositOp  
{  
    PoolID liquidityPoolID;  
    int64 maxAmountA; // maximum amount of first asset to deposit  
    int64 maxAmountB; // maximum amount of second asset to deposit  
    Price minPrice;   // minimum depositA/depositB  
    Price maxPrice;   // maximum depositA/depositB  
};
```

LiquidityPoolDepositResult

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.liquidity_pool_deposit_result.LiquidityPoolDepositResult(code)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union LiquidityPoolDepositResult switch (LiquidityPoolDepositResultCode code)  
{  
    case LIQUIDITY_POOL_DEPOSIT_SUCCESS:  
        void;  
    case LIQUIDITY_POOL_DEPOSIT_MALFORMED:  
    case LIQUIDITY_POOL_DEPOSIT_NO_TRUST:  
    case LIQUIDITY_POOL_DEPOSIT_NOT_AUTHORIZED:  
    case LIQUIDITY_POOL_DEPOSIT_UNDERFUNDED:  
    case LIQUIDITY_POOL_DEPOSIT_LINE_FULL:  
    case LIQUIDITY_POOL_DEPOSIT_BAD_PRICE:  
    case LIQUIDITY_POOL_DEPOSIT_POOL_FULL:  
        void;  
};
```

LiquidityPoolDepositResultCode

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.liquidity_pool_deposit_result_code.LiquidityPoolDepositResultCode(value,  
                                                                                           names=None,  
                                                                                           *,  
                                                                                           mod-  
ule=None,  
qual-  
name=None,  
type=None,  
start=1,  
bound-  
ary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum LiquidityPoolDepositResultCode
{
    // codes considered as "success" for the operation
    LIQUIDITY_POOL_DEPOSIT_SUCCESS = 0,

    // codes considered as "failure" for the operation
    LIQUIDITY_POOL_DEPOSIT_MALFORMED = -1,    // bad input
    LIQUIDITY_POOL_DEPOSIT_NO_TRUST = -2,     // no trust line for one of the
                                                // assets
    LIQUIDITY_POOL_DEPOSIT_NOT_AUTHORIZED = -3, // not authorized for one of the
                                                // assets
    LIQUIDITY_POOL_DEPOSIT_UNDERFUNDED = -4,   // not enough balance for one of
                                                // the assets
    LIQUIDITY_POOL_DEPOSIT_LINE_FULL = -5,     // pool share trust line doesn't
                                                // have sufficient limit
    LIQUIDITY_POOL_DEPOSIT_BAD_PRICE = -6,     // deposit price outside bounds
    LIQUIDITY_POOL_DEPOSIT_POOL_FULL = -7      // pool reserves are full
};
```

LiquidityPoolEntry

class stellar_sdk.xdr.liquidity_pool_entry.LiquidityPoolEntry(liquidity_pool_id, body)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct LiquidityPoolEntry
{
    PoolID liquidityPoolID;

    union switch (LiquidityPoolType type)
    {
        case LIQUIDITY_POOL_CONSTANT_PRODUCT:
            struct
            {
                LiquidityPoolConstantProductParameters params;

                int64 reserveA;    // amount of A in the pool
                int64 reserveB;    // amount of B in the pool
                int64 totalPoolShares; // total number of pool shares issued
                int64 poolSharesTrustLineCount; // number of trust lines for the
                                                // associated pool shares
            } constantProduct;
    }
    body;
};
```

LiquidityPoolEntryBody

class stellar_sdk.xdr.liquidity_pool_entry_body.**LiquidityPoolEntryBody**(*type, constant_product=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union switch (LiquidityPoolType type)
{
    case LIQUIDITY_POOL_CONSTANT_PRODUCT:
        struct
        {
            LiquidityPoolConstantProductParameters params;

            int64 reserveA;           // amount of A in the pool
            int64 reserveB;           // amount of B in the pool
            int64 totalPoolShares;    // total number of pool shares issued
            int64 poolSharesTrustLineCount; // number of trust lines for the
                                         // associated pool shares
        } constantProduct;
}
```

LiquidityPoolEntryConstantProduct

class stellar_sdk.xdr.liquidity_pool_entry_constant_product.**LiquidityPoolEntryConstantProduct**(*params, reserve_a, reserve_b, total_pool_shares*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct
{
    LiquidityPoolConstantProductParameters params;

    int64 reserveA;           // amount of A in the pool
    int64 reserveB;           // amount of B in the pool
    int64 totalPoolShares;    // total number of pool shares issued
    int64 poolSharesTrustLineCount; // number of trust lines for the
                                         // associated pool shares
}
```

LiquidityPoolParameters

class stellar_sdk.xdr.liquidity_pool_parameters.**LiquidityPoolParameters**(*type, constant_product=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union LiquidityPoolParameters switch (LiquidityPoolType type)
{
    case LIQUIDITY_POOL_CONSTANT_PRODUCT:
        LiquidityPoolConstantProductParameters constantProduct;
};
```

LiquidityPoolType

class stellar_sdk.xdr.liquidity_pool_type.**LiquidityPoolType**(*value, names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
enum LiquidityPoolType
{
    LIQUIDITY_POOL_CONSTANT_PRODUCT = 0
};
```

LiquidityPoolWithdrawOp

class stellar_sdk.xdr.liquidity_pool_withdraw_op.**LiquidityPoolWithdrawOp**(*liquidity_pool_id, amount, min_amount_a, min_amount_b*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct LiquidityPoolWithdrawOp
{
    PoolID liquidityPoolID;
    int64 amount; // amount of pool shares to withdraw
    int64 minAmountA; // minimum amount of first asset to withdraw
    int64 minAmountB; // minimum amount of second asset to withdraw
};
```

LiquidityPoolWithdrawResult

class stellar_sdk.xdr.liquidity_pool_withdraw_result.**LiquidityPoolWithdrawResult**(*code*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union LiquidityPoolWithdrawResult switch (LiquidityPoolWithdrawResultCode code)
{
    case LIQUIDITY_POOL_WITHDRAW_SUCCESS:
        void;
```

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```

case LIQUIDITY_POOL_WITHDRAW_MALFORMED:
case LIQUIDITY_POOL_WITHDRAW_NO_TRUST:
case LIQUIDITY_POOL_WITHDRAW_UNDERFUNDED:
case LIQUIDITY_POOL_WITHDRAW_LINE_FULL:
case LIQUIDITY_POOL_WITHDRAW_UNDER_MINIMUM:
    void;
};

```

LiquidityPoolWithdrawResultCode

```

class stellar_sdk.xdr.liquidity_pool_withdraw_result_code.LiquidityPoolWithdrawResultCode(value,
                                                                 names=None,
                                                                 *
                                                                 mod-
                                                                 ule=None,
                                                                 qual-
                                                                 name=None,
                                                                 type=None,
                                                                 start=1,
                                                                 bound-
                                                                 ary=None)

```

XDR Source Code:

```

enum LiquidityPoolWithdrawResultCode
{
    // codes considered as "success" for the operation
    LIQUIDITY_POOL_WITHDRAW_SUCCESS = 0,

    // codes considered as "failure" for the operation
    LIQUIDITY_POOL_WITHDRAW_MALFORMED = -1,    // bad input
    LIQUIDITY_POOL_WITHDRAW_NO_TRUST = -2,     // no trust line for one of the
                                                // assets
    LIQUIDITY_POOL_WITHDRAW_UNDERFUNDED = -3,  // not enough balance of the
                                                // pool share
    LIQUIDITY_POOL_WITHDRAW_LINE_FULL = -4,    // would go above limit for one
                                                // of the assets
    LIQUIDITY_POOL_WITHDRAW_UNDER_MINIMUM = -5 // didn't withdraw enough
};

```

ManageBuyOfferOp

```

class stellar_sdk.xdr.manage_buy_offer_op.ManageBuyOfferOp(selling, buying, buy_amount, price,
                                                           offer_id)

```

XDR Source Code:

```

struct ManageBuyOfferOp
{
    Asset selling;
    Asset buying;

```

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```

int64 buyAmount; // amount being bought. if set to 0, delete the offer
Price price;     // price of thing being bought in terms of what you are
                  // selling

// 0=create a new offer, otherwise edit an existing offer
int64 offerID;

};

```

ManageBuyOfferResult

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.manage_buy_offer_result.ManageBuyOfferResult(code, success=None)`

XDR Source Code:

```

union ManageBuyOfferResult switch (ManageBuyOfferResultCode code)
{
case MANAGE_BUY_OFFER_SUCCESS:
    ManageOfferSuccessResult success;
case MANAGE_BUY_OFFER_MALFORMED:
case MANAGE_BUY_OFFER_SELL_NO_TRUST:
case MANAGE_BUY_OFFER_BUY_NO_TRUST:
case MANAGE_BUY_OFFER_SELL_NOT_AUTHORIZED:
case MANAGE_BUY_OFFER_BUY_NOT_AUTHORIZED:
case MANAGE_BUY_OFFER_LINE_FULL:
case MANAGE_BUY_OFFER_UNDERFUNDED:
case MANAGE_BUY_OFFER_CROSS_SELF:
case MANAGE_BUY_OFFER_SELL_NO_ISSUER:
case MANAGE_BUY_OFFER_BUY_NO_ISSUER:
case MANAGE_BUY_OFFER_NOT_FOUND:
case MANAGE_BUY_OFFER_LOW_RESERVE:
    void;
};

```

ManageBuyOfferResultCode

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.manage_buy_offer_result_code.ManageBuyOfferResultCode(value, names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None)`

XDR Source Code:

```

enum ManageBuyOfferResultCode
{
    // codes considered as "success" for the operation
    MANAGE_BUY_OFFER_SUCCESS = 0,

    // codes considered as "failure" for the operation

```

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```

MANAGE_BUY_OFFER_MALFORMED = -1,    // generated offer would be invalid
MANAGE_BUY_OFFER_SELL_NO_TRUST = -2, // no trust line for what we're selling
MANAGE_BUY_OFFER_BUY_NO_TRUST = -3,  // no trust line for what we're buying
MANAGE_BUY_OFFER_SELL_NOT_AUTHORIZED = -4, // not authorized to sell
MANAGE_BUY_OFFER_BUY_NOT_AUTHORIZED = -5, // not authorized to buy
MANAGE_BUY_OFFER_LINE_FULL = -6,     // can't receive more of what it's buying
MANAGE_BUY_OFFER_UNDERFUNDED = -7,   // doesn't hold what it's trying to sell
MANAGE_BUY_OFFER_CROSS_SELF = -8,    // would cross an offer from the same user
MANAGE_BUY_OFFER_SELL_NO_ISSUER = -9, // no issuer for what we're selling
MANAGE_BUY_OFFER_BUY_NO_ISSUER = -10, // no issuer for what we're buying

// update errors
MANAGE_BUY_OFFER_NOT_FOUND =
    -11, // offerID does not match an existing offer

MANAGE_BUY_OFFER_LOW_RESERVE = -12 // not enough funds to create a new Offer
};

```

ManageDataOp

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.manage_data_op.ManageDataOp(data_name, data_value)`

XDR Source Code:

```

struct ManageDataOp
{
    string64 dataName;
    DataValue* dataValue; // set to null to clear
};

```

ManageDataResult

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.manage_data_result.ManageDataResult(code)`

XDR Source Code:

```

union ManageDataResult switch (ManageDataResultCode code)
{
    case MANAGE_DATA_SUCCESS:
        void;
    case MANAGE_DATA_NOT_SUPPORTED_YET:
    case MANAGE_DATA_NAME_NOT_FOUND:
    case MANAGE_DATA_LOW_RESERVE:
    case MANAGE_DATA_INVALID_NAME:
        void;
};

```


ManageDataResultCode

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.manage_data_result_code.ManageDataResultCode(value, names=None, *,
                                                                    module=None,
                                                                    qualname=None,
                                                                    type=None, start=1,
                                                                    boundary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum ManageDataResultCode
{
    // codes considered as "success" for the operation
    MANAGE_DATA_SUCCESS = 0,
    // codes considered as "failure" for the operation
    MANAGE_DATA_NOT_SUPPORTED_YET =
        -1, // The network hasn't moved to this protocol change yet
    MANAGE_DATA_NAME_NOT_FOUND =
        -2, // Trying to remove a Data Entry that isn't there
    MANAGE_DATA_LOW_RESERVE = -3, // not enough funds to create a new Data Entry
    MANAGE_DATA_INVALID_NAME = -4 // Name not a valid string
};
```

ManageOfferEffect

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.manage_offer_effect.ManageOfferEffect(value, names=None, *, module=None,
                                                            qualname=None, type=None, start=1,
                                                            boundary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum ManageOfferEffect
{
    MANAGE_OFFER_CREATED = 0,
    MANAGE_OFFER_UPDATED = 1,
    MANAGE_OFFER_DELETED = 2
};
```

ManageOfferSuccessResult

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.manage_offer_success_result.ManageOfferSuccessResult(offers_claimed,
                                                                              offer)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct ManageOfferSuccessResult
{
    // offers that got claimed while creating this offer
    ClaimAtom offersClaimed<>;

    union switch (ManageOfferEffect effect)
    {
        case MANAGE_OFFER_CREATED:
```

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```
    case MANAGE_OFFER_UPDATED:
        OfferEntry offer;
    case MANAGE_OFFER_DELETED:
        void;
}
offer;
};
```

ManageOfferSuccessResultOffer

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.manage_offer_success_result_offer.ManageOfferSuccessResultOffer(effect,  
                                                                                   of-  
                                                                                   fer=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union switch (ManageOfferEffect effect)
{
    case MANAGE_OFFER_CREATED:
    case MANAGE_OFFER_UPDATED:
        OfferEntry offer;
    case MANAGE_OFFER_DELETED:
        void;
}
```

ManageSellOfferOp

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.manage_sell_offer_op.ManageSellOfferOp(selling, buying, amount, price,  
                                                                offer_id)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct ManageSellOfferOp
{
    Asset selling;
    Asset buying;
    int64 amount; // amount being sold. if set to 0, delete the offer
    Price price;  // price of thing being sold in terms of what you are buying

    // 0=create a new offer, otherwise edit an existing offer
    int64 offerID;
};
```

ManageSellOfferResult

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.manage_sell_offer_result.ManageSellOfferResult(code, success=None)`

XDR Source Code:

```
union ManageSellOfferResult switch (ManageSellOfferResultCode code)
{
case MANAGE_SELL_OFFER_SUCCESS:
    ManageOfferSuccessResult success;
case MANAGE_SELL_OFFER_MALFORMED:
case MANAGE_SELL_OFFER_SELL_NO_TRUST:
case MANAGE_SELL_OFFER_BUY_NO_TRUST:
case MANAGE_SELL_OFFER_SELL_NOT_AUTHORIZED:
case MANAGE_SELL_OFFER_BUY_NOT_AUTHORIZED:
case MANAGE_SELL_OFFER_LINE_FULL:
case MANAGE_SELL_OFFER_UNDERFUNDED:
case MANAGE_SELL_OFFER_CROSS_SELF:
case MANAGE_SELL_OFFER_SELL_NO_ISSUER:
case MANAGE_SELL_OFFER_BUY_NO_ISSUER:
case MANAGE_SELL_OFFER_NOT_FOUND:
case MANAGE_SELL_OFFER_LOW_RESERVE:
    void;
};
```

ManageSellOfferResultCode

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.manage_sell_offer_result_code.ManageSellOfferResultCode(value, names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None)`

XDR Source Code:

```
enum ManageSellOfferResultCode
{
    // codes considered as "success" for the operation
    MANAGE_SELL_OFFER_SUCCESS = 0,

    // codes considered as "failure" for the operation
    MANAGE_SELL_OFFER_MALFORMED = -1, // generated offer would be invalid
    MANAGE_SELL_OFFER_SELL_NO_TRUST =
        -2, // no trust line for what we're selling
    MANAGE_SELL_OFFER_BUY_NO_TRUST = -3, // no trust line for what we're buying
    MANAGE_SELL_OFFER_SELL_NOT_AUTHORIZED = -4, // not authorized to sell
    MANAGE_SELL_OFFER_BUY_NOT_AUTHORIZED = -5, // not authorized to buy
    MANAGE_SELL_OFFER_LINE_FULL = -6, // can't receive more of what it's buying
    MANAGE_SELL_OFFER_UNDERFUNDED = -7, // doesn't hold what it's trying to sell
}
```

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```

MANAGE_SELL_OFFER_CROSS_SELF =
    -8, // would cross an offer from the same user
MANAGE_SELL_OFFER_SELL_NO_ISSUER = -9, // no issuer for what we're selling
MANAGE_SELL_OFFER_BUY_NO_ISSUER = -10, // no issuer for what we're buying

// update errors
MANAGE_SELL_OFFER_NOT_FOUND =
    -11, // offerID does not match an existing offer

MANAGE_SELL_OFFER_LOW_RESERVE =
    -12 // not enough funds to create a new Offer
};

```

Memo

class stellar_sdk.xdr.memo.Memo(*type, text=None, id=None, hash=None, ret_hash=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```

union Memo switch (MemoType type)
{
case MEMO_NONE:
    void;
case MEMO_TEXT:
    string text<28>;
case MEMO_ID:
    uint64 id;
case MEMO_HASH:
    Hash hash; // the hash of what to pull from the content server
case MEMO_RETURN:
    Hash retHash; // the hash of the tx you are rejecting
};

```

MemoType

class stellar_sdk.xdr.memo_type.MemoType(*value, names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```

enum MemoType
{
    MEMO_NONE = 0,
    MEMO_TEXT = 1,
    MEMO_ID = 2,
    MEMO_HASH = 3,
    MEMO_RETURN = 4
};

```

MessageType

class stellar_sdk.xdr.message_type.**MessageType**(*value, names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
enum MessageType
{
    ERROR_MSG = 0,
    AUTH = 2,
    DONT_HAVE = 3,

    GET_PEERS = 4, // gets a list of peers this guy knows about
    PEERS = 5,

    GET_TX_SET = 6, // gets a particular txset by hash
    TX_SET = 7,
    GENERALIZED_TX_SET = 17,

    TRANSACTION = 8, // pass on a tx you have heard about

    // SCP
    GET_SCP_QUORUMSET = 9,
    SCP_QUORUMSET = 10,
    SCP_MESSAGE = 11,
    GET_SCP_STATE = 12,

    // new messages
    HELLO = 13,

    SURVEY_REQUEST = 14,
    SURVEY_RESPONSE = 15,

    SEND_MORE = 16,
    SEND_MORE_EXTENDED = 20,

    FLOOD_ADVERT = 18,
    FLOOD_DEMAND = 19
};
```

MuxedAccount

class stellar_sdk.xdr.muxed_account.**MuxedAccount**(*type, ed25519=None, med25519=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union MuxedAccount switch (CryptoKeyType type)
{
    case KEY_TYPE_ED25519:
        uint256 ed25519;
    case KEY_TYPE_MUXED_ED25519:
        struct
```

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```
{
    uint64 id;
    uint256 ed25519;
} med25519;
};
```

MuxedAccountMed25519

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.muxed_account_med25519.MuxedAccountMed25519(id, ed25519)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct
{
    uint64 id;
    uint256 ed25519;
}
```

NodeID

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.node_id.NodeID(node_id)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
typedef PublicKey NodeID;
```

OfferEntry

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.offer_entry.OfferEntry(seller_id, offer_id, selling, buying, amount, price, flags,
                                              ext)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct OfferEntry
{
    AccountID sellerID;
    int64 offerID;
    Asset selling; // A
    Asset buying;  // B
    int64 amount;  // amount of A

    /* price for this offer:
       price of A in terms of B
       price=AmountB/AmountA=priceNumerator/priceDenominator
       price is after fees
    */
    Price price;
    uint32 flags; // see OfferEntryFlags

    // reserved for future use
    union switch (int v)
```

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```

{
    case 0:
        void;
}
ext;
};

```

OfferEntryExt

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.offer_entry_ext.OfferEntryExt(v)`

XDR Source Code:

```

union switch (int v)
{
    case 0:
        void;
}

```

OfferEntryFlags

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.offer_entry_flags.OfferEntryFlags(value, names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None)`

XDR Source Code:

```

enum OfferEntryFlags
{
    // an offer with this flag will not act on and take a reverse offer of equal
    // price
    PASSIVE_FLAG = 1
};

```

Opaque

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.base.Opaque(value, size, fixed)`

Operation

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.operation.Operation(source_account, body)`

XDR Source Code:

```

struct Operation
{
    // sourceAccount is the account used to run the operation
    // if not set, the runtime defaults to "sourceAccount" specified at
    // the transaction level
    MuxedAccount* sourceAccount;
}

```

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```

union switch (OperationType type)
{
case CREATE_ACCOUNT:
    CreateAccountOp createAccountOp;
case PAYMENT:
    PaymentOp paymentOp;
case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_RECEIVE:
    PathPaymentStrictReceiveOp pathPaymentStrictReceiveOp;
case MANAGE_SELL_OFFER:
    ManageSellOfferOp manageSellOfferOp;
case CREATE_PASSIVE_SELL_OFFER:
    CreatePassiveSellOfferOp createPassiveSellOfferOp;
case SET_OPTIONS:
    SetOptionsOp setOptionsOp;
case CHANGE_TRUST:
    ChangeTrustOp changeTrustOp;
case ALLOW_TRUST:
    AllowTrustOp allowTrustOp;
case ACCOUNT_MERGE:
    MuxedAccount destination;
case INFLATION:
    void;
case MANAGE_DATA:
    ManageDataOp manageDataOp;
case BUMP_SEQUENCE:
    BumpSequenceOp bumpSequenceOp;
case MANAGE_BUY_OFFER:
    ManageBuyOfferOp manageBuyOfferOp;
case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_SEND:
    PathPaymentStrictSendOp pathPaymentStrictSendOp;
case CREATE_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE:
    CreateClaimableBalanceOp createClaimableBalanceOp;
case CLAIM_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE:
    ClaimClaimableBalanceOp claimClaimableBalanceOp;
case BEGIN_SPONSORING_FUTURE_RESERVES:
    BeginSponsoringFutureReservesOp beginSponsoringFutureReservesOp;
case END_SPONSORING_FUTURE_RESERVES:
    void;
case REVOKE_SPONSORSHIP:
    RevokeSponsorshipOp revokeSponsorshipOp;
case CLAWBACK:
    ClawbackOp clawbackOp;
case CLAWBACK_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE:
    ClawbackClaimableBalanceOp clawbackClaimableBalanceOp;
case SET_TRUST_LINE_FLAGS:
    SetTrustLineFlagsOp setTrustLineFlagsOp;
case LIQUIDITY_POOL_DEPOSIT:
    LiquidityPoolDepositOp liquidityPoolDepositOp;
case LIQUIDITY_POOL_WITHDRAW:
    LiquidityPoolWithdrawOp liquidityPoolWithdrawOp;
case INVOKE_HOST_FUNCTION:

```

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```

        InvokeHostFunctionOp invokeHostFunctionOp;
    case EXTEND_FOOTPRINT_TTL:
        ExtendFootprintTTLOp extendFootprintTTLOp;
    case RESTORE_FOOTPRINT:
        RestoreFootprintOp restoreFootprintOp;
    }
    body;
};

```

OperationBody

```

class stellar_sdk.xdr.operation_body.OperationBody(type, create_account_op=None,
                                                    payment_op=None,
                                                    path_payment_strict_receive_op=None,
                                                    manage_sell_offer_op=None,
                                                    create_passive_sell_offer_op=None,
                                                    set_options_op=None, change_trust_op=None,
                                                    allow_trust_op=None, destination=None,
                                                    manage_data_op=None,
                                                    bump_sequence_op=None,
                                                    manage_buy_offer_op=None,
                                                    path_payment_strict_send_op=None,
                                                    create_claimable_balance_op=None,
                                                    claim_claimable_balance_op=None,
                                                    begin_sponsoring_future_reserves_op=None,
                                                    revoke_sponsorship_op=None,
                                                    clawback_op=None,
                                                    clawback_claimable_balance_op=None,
                                                    set_trust_line_flags_op=None,
                                                    liquidity_pool_deposit_op=None,
                                                    liquidity_pool_withdraw_op=None,
                                                    invoke_host_function_op=None,
                                                    extend_footprint_ttl_op=None,
                                                    restore_footprint_op=None)

```

XDR Source Code:

```

union switch (OperationType type)
{
    case CREATE_ACCOUNT:
        CreateAccountOp createAccountOp;
    case PAYMENT:
        PaymentOp paymentOp;
    case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_RECEIVE:
        PathPaymentStrictReceiveOp pathPaymentStrictReceiveOp;
    case MANAGE_SELL_OFFER:
        ManageSellOfferOp manageSellOfferOp;
    case CREATE_PASSIVE_SELL_OFFER:
        CreatePassiveSellOfferOp createPassiveSellOfferOp;
    case SET_OPTIONS:
        SetOptionsOp setOptionsOp;
    case CHANGE_TRUST:

```

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```

        ChangeTrustOp changeTrustOp;
    case ALLOW_TRUST:
        AllowTrustOp allowTrustOp;
    case ACCOUNT_MERGE:
        MuxedAccount destination;
    case INFLATION:
        void;
    case MANAGE_DATA:
        ManageDataOp manageDataOp;
    case BUMP_SEQUENCE:
        BumpSequenceOp bumpSequenceOp;
    case MANAGE_BUY_OFFER:
        ManageBuyOfferOp manageBuyOfferOp;
    case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_SEND:
        PathPaymentStrictSendOp pathPaymentStrictSendOp;
    case CREATE_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE:
        CreateClaimableBalanceOp createClaimableBalanceOp;
    case CLAIM_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE:
        ClaimClaimableBalanceOp claimClaimableBalanceOp;
    case BEGIN_SPONSORING_FUTURE_RESERVES:
        BeginSponsoringFutureReservesOp beginSponsoringFutureReservesOp;
    case END_SPONSORING_FUTURE_RESERVES:
        void;
    case REVOKE_SPONSORSHIP:
        RevokeSponsorshipOp revokeSponsorshipOp;
    case CLAWBACK:
        ClawbackOp clawbackOp;
    case CLAWBACK_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE:
        ClawbackClaimableBalanceOp clawbackClaimableBalanceOp;
    case SET_TRUST_LINE_FLAGS:
        SetTrustLineFlagsOp setTrustLineFlagsOp;
    case LIQUIDITY_POOL_DEPOSIT:
        LiquidityPoolDepositOp liquidityPoolDepositOp;
    case LIQUIDITY_POOL_WITHDRAW:
        LiquidityPoolWithdrawOp liquidityPoolWithdrawOp;
    case INVOKE_HOST_FUNCTION:
        InvokeHostFunctionOp invokeHostFunctionOp;
    case EXTEND_FOOTPRINT_TTL:
        ExtendFootprintTTLOp extendFootprintTTLOp;
    case RESTORE_FOOTPRINT:
        RestoreFootprintOp restoreFootprintOp;
}

```

OperationMeta

class stellar_sdk.xdr.operation_meta.**OperationMeta**(changes)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct OperationMeta
{
    LedgerEntryChanges changes;
};
```

OperationResult

class stellar_sdk.xdr.operation_result.**OperationResult**(code, tr=None)

XDR Source Code:

```
union OperationResult switch (OperationResultCode code)
{
    case opINNER:
        union switch (OperationType type)
        {
            case CREATE_ACCOUNT:
                CreateAccountResult createAccountResult;
            case PAYMENT:
                PaymentResult paymentResult;
            case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_RECEIVE:
                PathPaymentStrictReceiveResult pathPaymentStrictReceiveResult;
            case MANAGE_SELL_OFFER:
                ManageSellOfferResult manageSellOfferResult;
            case CREATE_PASSIVE_SELL_OFFER:
                ManageSellOfferResult createPassiveSellOfferResult;
            case SET_OPTIONS:
                SetOptionsResult setOptionsResult;
            case CHANGE_TRUST:
                ChangeTrustResult changeTrustResult;
            case ALLOW_TRUST:
                AllowTrustResult allowTrustResult;
            case ACCOUNT_MERGE:
                AccountMergeResult accountMergeResult;
            case INFLATION:
                InflationResult inflationResult;
            case MANAGE_DATA:
                ManageDataResult manageDataResult;
            case BUMP_SEQUENCE:
                BumpSequenceResult bumpSeqResult;
            case MANAGE_BUY_OFFER:
                ManageBuyOfferResult manageBuyOfferResult;
            case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_SEND:
                PathPaymentStrictSendResult pathPaymentStrictSendResult;
            case CREATE_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE:
                CreateClaimableBalanceResult createClaimableBalanceResult;
            case CLAIM_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE:
                ClaimClaimableBalanceResult claimClaimableBalanceResult;
```

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```

    case BEGIN_SPONSORING_FUTURE_RESERVES:
        BeginSponsoringFutureReservesResult beginSponsoringFutureReservesResult;
    case END_SPONSORING_FUTURE_RESERVES:
        EndSponsoringFutureReservesResult endSponsoringFutureReservesResult;
    case REVOKE_SPONSORSHIP:
        RevokeSponsorshipResult revokeSponsorshipResult;
    case CLAWBACK:
        ClawbackResult clawbackResult;
    case CLAWBACK_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE:
        ClawbackClaimableBalanceResult clawbackClaimableBalanceResult;
    case SET_TRUST_LINE_FLAGS:
        SetTrustLineFlagsResult setTrustLineFlagsResult;
    case LIQUIDITY_POOL_DEPOSIT:
        LiquidityPoolDepositResult liquidityPoolDepositResult;
    case LIQUIDITY_POOL_WITHDRAW:
        LiquidityPoolWithdrawResult liquidityPoolWithdrawResult;
    case INVOKE_HOST_FUNCTION:
        InvokeHostFunctionResult invokeHostFunctionResult;
    case EXTEND_FOOTPRINT_TTL:
        ExtendFootprintTTLResult extendFootprintTTLResult;
    case RESTORE_FOOTPRINT:
        RestoreFootprintResult restoreFootprintResult;
}
tr;
case opBAD_AUTH:
case opNO_ACCOUNT:
case opNOT_SUPPORTED:
case opTOO_MANY_SUBENTRIES:
case opEXCEEDED_WORK_LIMIT:
case opTOO_MANY_SPONSORING:
    void;
};

```

OperationResultCode

```

class stellar_sdk.xdr.operation_result_code.OperationResultCode(value, names=None, *,
                                                                module=None, qualname=None,
                                                                type=None, start=1,
                                                                boundary=None)

```

XDR Source Code:

```

enum OperationResultCode
{
    opINNER = 0, // inner object result is valid

    opBAD_AUTH = -1,           // too few valid signatures / wrong network
    opNO_ACCOUNT = -2,         // source account was not found
    opNOT_SUPPORTED = -3,      // operation not supported at this time
    opTOO_MANY_SUBENTRIES = -4, // max number of subentries already reached
    opEXCEEDED_WORK_LIMIT = -5, // operation did too much work

```

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```

opTOO_MANY_SPONSORING = -6 // account is sponsoring too many entries
};

```

OperationResultTr

```

class stellar_sdk.xdr.operation_result_tr.OperationResultTr(
    type, create_account_result=None,
    payment_result=None,
    path_payment_strict_receive_result=None,
    manage_sell_offer_result=None, create_passive_sell_offer_result=None,
    set_options_result=None,
    change_trust_result=None,
    allow_trust_result=None,
    account_merge_result=None,
    inflation_result=None,
    manage_data_result=None,
    bump_seq_result=None,
    manage_buy_offer_result=None,
    path_payment_strict_send_result=None,
    create_claimable_balance_result=None,
    claim_claimable_balance_result=None,
    begin_sponsoring_future_reserves_result=None,
    end_sponsoring_future_reserves_result=None,
    revoke_sponsorship_result=None,
    clawback_result=None, clawback_claimable_balance_result=None,
    set_trust_line_flags_result=None,
    liquidity_pool_deposit_result=None,
    liquidity_pool_withdraw_result=None,
    invoke_host_function_result=None,
    extend_footprint_ttl_result=None,
    restore_footprint_result=None)

```

XDR Source Code:

```

union switch (OperationType type)
{
    case CREATE_ACCOUNT:
        CreateAccountResult createAccountResult;
    case PAYMENT:
        PaymentResult paymentResult;
    case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_RECEIVE:
        PathPaymentStrictReceiveResult pathPaymentStrictReceiveResult;
    case MANAGE_SELL_OFFER:
        ManageSellOfferResult manageSellOfferResult;
    case CREATE_PASSIVE_SELL_OFFER:
        ManageSellOfferResult createPassiveSellOfferResult;
    case SET_OPTIONS:
        SetOptionsResult setOptionsResult;
}

```

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```
case CHANGE_TRUST:
    ChangeTrustResult changeTrustResult;
case ALLOW_TRUST:
    AllowTrustResult allowTrustResult;
case ACCOUNT_MERGE:
    AccountMergeResult accountMergeResult;
case INFLATION:
    InflationResult inflationResult;
case MANAGE_DATA:
    ManageDataResult manageDataResult;
case BUMP_SEQUENCE:
    BumpSequenceResult bumpSeqResult;
case MANAGE_BUY_OFFER:
    ManageBuyOfferResult manageBuyOfferResult;
case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_SEND:
    PathPaymentStrictSendResult pathPaymentStrictSendResult;
case CREATE_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE:
    CreateClaimableBalanceResult createClaimableBalanceResult;
case CLAIM_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE:
    ClaimClaimableBalanceResult claimClaimableBalanceResult;
case BEGIN_SPONSORING_FUTURE_RESERVES:
    BeginSponsoringFutureReservesResult beginSponsoringFutureReservesResult;
case END_SPONSORING_FUTURE_RESERVES:
    EndSponsoringFutureReservesResult endSponsoringFutureReservesResult;
case REVOKE_SPONSORSHIP:
    RevokeSponsorshipResult revokeSponsorshipResult;
case CLAWBACK:
    ClawbackResult clawbackResult;
case CLAWBACK_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE:
    ClawbackClaimableBalanceResult clawbackClaimableBalanceResult;
case SET_TRUST_LINE_FLAGS:
    SetTrustLineFlagsResult setTrustLineFlagsResult;
case LIQUIDITY_POOL_DEPOSIT:
    LiquidityPoolDepositResult liquidityPoolDepositResult;
case LIQUIDITY_POOL_WITHDRAW:
    LiquidityPoolWithdrawResult liquidityPoolWithdrawResult;
case INVOKE_HOST_FUNCTION:
    InvokeHostFunctionResult invokeHostFunctionResult;
case EXTEND_FOOTPRINT_TTL:
    ExtendFootprintTTLResult extendFootprintTTLResult;
case RESTORE_FOOTPRINT:
    RestoreFootprintResult restoreFootprintResult;
}
```

OperationType

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.operation_type.OperationType(value, names=None, *, module=None,
                                                    qualname=None, type=None, start=1,
                                                    boundary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum OperationType
{
    CREATE_ACCOUNT = 0,
    PAYMENT = 1,
    PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_RECEIVE = 2,
    MANAGE_SELL_OFFER = 3,
    CREATE_PASSIVE_SELL_OFFER = 4,
    SET_OPTIONS = 5,
    CHANGE_TRUST = 6,
    ALLOW_TRUST = 7,
    ACCOUNT_MERGE = 8,
    INFLATION = 9,
    MANAGE_DATA = 10,
    BUMP_SEQUENCE = 11,
    MANAGE_BUY_OFFER = 12,
    PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_SEND = 13,
    CREATE_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE = 14,
    CLAIM_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE = 15,
    BEGIN_SPONSORING_FUTURE_RESERVES = 16,
    END_SPONSORING_FUTURE_RESERVES = 17,
    REVOKE_SPONSORSHIP = 18,
    CLAWBACK = 19,
    CLAWBACK_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE = 20,
    SET_TRUST_LINE_FLAGS = 21,
    LIQUIDITY_POOL_DEPOSIT = 22,
    LIQUIDITY_POOL_WITHDRAW = 23,
    INVOKE_HOST_FUNCTION = 24,
    EXTEND_FOOTPRINT_TTL = 25,
    RESTORE_FOOTPRINT = 26
};
```

PathPaymentStrictReceiveOp

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.path_payment_strict_receive_op.PathPaymentStrictReceiveOp(send_asset,
                                                                                   send_max,
                                                                                   destination,
                                                                                   dest_asset,
                                                                                   dest_amount,
                                                                                   path)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct PathPaymentStrictReceiveOp
{
    Asset sendAsset; // asset we pay with
    int64 sendMax;   // the maximum amount of sendAsset to
```

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```

        // send (excluding fees).
        // The operation will fail if can't be met

    MuxedAccount destination; // recipient of the payment
    Asset destAsset;          // what they end up with
    int64 destAmount;         // amount they end up with

    Asset path<5>; // additional hops it must go through to get there
};

```

PathPaymentStrictReceiveResult

```

class stellar_sdk.xdr.path_payment_strict_receive_result.PathPaymentStrictReceiveResult(code,
                                                                                       success=None,
                                                                                       no_issuer=None)

```

XDR Source Code:

```

union PathPaymentStrictReceiveResult switch (
    PathPaymentStrictReceiveResultCode code)
{
    case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_RECEIVE_SUCCESS:
        struct
        {
            ClaimAtom offers<>;
            SimplePaymentResult last;
        } success;
    case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_RECEIVE_MALFORMED:
    case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_RECEIVE_UNDERFUNDED:
    case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_RECEIVE_SRC_NO_TRUST:
    case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_RECEIVE_SRC_NOT_AUTHORIZED:
    case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_RECEIVE_NO_DESTINATION:
    case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_RECEIVE_NO_TRUST:
    case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_RECEIVE_NOT_AUTHORIZED:
    case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_RECEIVE_LINE_FULL:
        void;
    case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_RECEIVE_NO_ISSUER:
        Asset noIssuer; // the asset that caused the error
    case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_RECEIVE_TOO_FEW_OFFERS:
    case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_RECEIVE_OFFER_CROSS_SELF:
    case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_RECEIVE_OVER_SENDFEE:
        void;
};

```


PathPaymentStrictReceiveResultCode

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.path_payment_strict_receive_result_code.PathPaymentStrictReceiveResultCode(value,
names=
*,
mod-
ule=None,
qual-
name=None,
type=None,
start=1,
bound-
ary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum PathPaymentStrictReceiveResultCode
{
    // codes considered as "success" for the operation
    PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_RECEIVE_SUCCESS = 0, // success

    // codes considered as "failure" for the operation
    PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_RECEIVE_MALFORMED = -1, // bad input
    PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_RECEIVE_UNDERFUNDED =
        -2, // not enough funds in source account
    PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_RECEIVE_SRC_NO_TRUST =
        -3, // no trust line on source account
    PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_RECEIVE_SRC_NOT_AUTHORIZED =
        -4, // source not authorized to transfer
    PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_RECEIVE_NO_DESTINATION =
        -5, // destination account does not exist
    PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_RECEIVE_NO_TRUST =
        -6, // dest missing a trust line for asset
    PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_RECEIVE_NOT_AUTHORIZED =
        -7, // dest not authorized to hold asset
    PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_RECEIVE_LINE_FULL =
        -8, // dest would go above their limit
    PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_RECEIVE_NO_ISSUER = -9, // missing issuer on one asset
    PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_RECEIVE_TOO_FEW_OFFERS =
        -10, // not enough offers to satisfy path
    PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_RECEIVE_OFFER_CROSS_SELF =
        -11, // would cross one of its own offers
    PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_RECEIVE_OVER_SENDBY = -12 // could not satisfy sendmax
};
```

PathPaymentStrictReceiveResultSuccess

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.path_payment_strict_receive_result_success.PathPaymentStrictReceiveResultSuccess(
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct
{
    ClaimAtom offers<>;
    SimplePaymentResult last;
}
```

PathPaymentStrictSendOp

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.path_payment_strict_send_op.PathPaymentStrictSendOp(send_asset,
                                                                            send_amount,
                                                                            destination,
                                                                            dest_asset,
                                                                            dest_min, path)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct PathPaymentStrictSendOp
{
    Asset sendAsset; // asset we pay with
    int64 sendAmount; // amount of sendAsset to send (excluding fees)

    MuxedAccount destination; // recipient of the payment
    Asset destAsset;           // what they end up with
    int64 destMin;             // the minimum amount of dest asset to
                                // be received
                                // The operation will fail if it can't be met

    Asset path<5>; // additional hops it must go through to get there
};
```

PathPaymentStrictSendResult

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.path_payment_strict_send_result.PathPaymentStrictSendResult(code,
                                                                                    suc-
                                                                                    cess=None,
                                                                                    no_issuer=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union PathPaymentStrictSendResult switch (PathPaymentStrictSendResultCode code)
{
    case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_SEND_SUCCESS:
        struct
        {
            ClaimAtom offers<>;
            SimplePaymentResult last;
        }
}
```

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```

    } success;
case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_SEND_MALFORMED:
case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_SEND_UNDERFUNDED:
case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_SEND_SRC_NO_TRUST:
case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_SEND_SRC_NOT_AUTHORIZED:
case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_SEND_NO_DESTINATION:
case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_SEND_NO_TRUST:
case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_SEND_NOT_AUTHORIZED:
case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_SEND_LINE_FULL:
    void;
case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_SEND_NO_ISSUER:
    Asset noIssuer; // the asset that caused the error
case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_SEND_TOO_FEW_OFFERS:
case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_SEND_OFFER_CROSS_SELF:
case PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_SEND_UNDER_DESTMIN:
    void;
};

```

PathPaymentStrictSendResultCode

```

class stellar_sdk.xdr.path_payment_strict_send_result_code.PathPaymentStrictSendResultCode(value,
                                                                 names=None,
                                                                 *,
                                                                 mod-
                                                                 ule=None,
                                                                 qual-
                                                                 name=None,
                                                                 type=None,
                                                                 start=1,
                                                                 bound-
                                                                 ary=None)

```

XDR Source Code:

```

enum PathPaymentStrictSendResultCode
{
    // codes considered as "success" for the operation
    PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_SEND_SUCCESS = 0, // success

    // codes considered as "failure" for the operation
    PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_SEND_MALFORMED = -1, // bad input
    PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_SEND_UNDERFUNDED =
        -2, // not enough funds in source account
    PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_SEND_SRC_NO_TRUST =
        -3, // no trust line on source account
    PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_SEND_SRC_NOT_AUTHORIZED =
        -4, // source not authorized to transfer
    PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_SEND_NO_DESTINATION =
        -5, // destination account does not exist
    PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_SEND_NO_TRUST =
        -6, // dest missing a trust line for asset
    PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_SEND_NOT_AUTHORIZED =

```

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```

    -7, // dest not authorized to hold asset
    PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_SEND_LINE_FULL = -8, // dest would go above their limit
    PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_SEND_NO_ISSUER = -9, // missing issuer on one asset
    PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_SEND_TOO_FEW_OFFERS =
        -10, // not enough offers to satisfy path
    PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_SEND_OFFER_CROSS_SELF =
        -11, // would cross one of its own offers
    PATH_PAYMENT_STRICT_SEND_UNDER_DESTMIN = -12 // could not satisfy destMin
};

```

PathPaymentStrictSendResultSuccess

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.path_payment_strict_send_result_success.PathPaymentStrictSendResultSuccess`(*offers*, *last*)

XDR Source Code:

```

struct
{
    ClaimAtom offers<>;
    SimplePaymentResult last;
}

```

PaymentOp

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.payment_op.PaymentOp`(*destination*, *asset*, *amount*)

XDR Source Code:

```

struct PaymentOp
{
    MuxedAccount destination; // recipient of the payment
    Asset asset;              // what they end up with
    int64 amount;             // amount they end up with
};

```

PaymentResult

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.payment_result.PaymentResult`(*code*)

XDR Source Code:

```

union PaymentResult switch (PaymentResultCode code)
{
    case PAYMENT_SUCCESS:
        void;
    case PAYMENT_MALFORMED:
    case PAYMENT_UNDERFUNDED:
    case PAYMENT_SRC_NO_TRUST:
    case PAYMENT_SRC_NOT_AUTHORIZED:
    case PAYMENT_NO_DESTINATION:

```

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```

case PAYMENT_NO_TRUST:
case PAYMENT_NOT_AUTHORIZED:
case PAYMENT_LINE_FULL:
case PAYMENT_NO_ISSUER:
    void;
};

```

PaymentResultCode

```

class stellar_sdk.xdr.payment_result_code.PaymentResultCode(value, names=None, *, module=None,
    qualname=None, type=None, start=1,
    boundary=None)

```

XDR Source Code:

```

enum PaymentResultCode
{
    // codes considered as "success" for the operation
    PAYMENT_SUCCESS = 0, // payment successfully completed

    // codes considered as "failure" for the operation
    PAYMENT_MALFORMED = -1, // bad input
    PAYMENT_UNDERFUNDED = -2, // not enough funds in source account
    PAYMENT_SRC_NO_TRUST = -3, // no trust line on source account
    PAYMENT_SRC_NOT_AUTHORIZED = -4, // source not authorized to transfer
    PAYMENT_NO_DESTINATION = -5, // destination account does not exist
    PAYMENT_NO_TRUST = -6, // destination missing a trust line for asset
    PAYMENT_NOT_AUTHORIZED = -7, // destination not authorized to hold asset
    PAYMENT_LINE_FULL = -8, // destination would go above their limit
    PAYMENT_NO_ISSUER = -9 // missing issuer on asset
};

```

PeerAddress

```

class stellar_sdk.xdr.peer_address.PeerAddress(ip, port, num_failures)

```

XDR Source Code:

```

struct PeerAddress
{
    union switch (IPAddrType type)
    {
        case IPv4:
            opaque ipv4[4];
        case IPv6:
            opaque ipv6[16];
    }
    ip;
    uint32 port;
    uint32 numFailures;
};

```

PeerAddressIp

class stellar_sdk.xdr.peer_address_ip.**PeerAddressIp**(*type*, *ipv4=None*, *ipv6=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union switch (IPAddrType type)
{
    case IPv4:
        opaque ipv4[4];
    case IPv6:
        opaque ipv6[16];
}
```

PeerStatList

class stellar_sdk.xdr.peer_stat_list.**PeerStatList**(*peer_stat_list*)

XDR Source Code:

```
typedef PeerStats PeerStatList<25>;
```

PeerStats

class stellar_sdk.xdr.peer_stats.**PeerStats**(*id*, *version_str*, *messages_read*, *messages_written*,
bytes_read, *bytes_written*, *seconds_connected*,
unique_flood_bytes_recv, *duplicate_flood_bytes_recv*,
unique_fetch_bytes_recv, *duplicate_fetch_bytes_recv*,
unique_flood_message_recv, *duplicate_flood_message_recv*,
unique_fetch_message_recv, *duplicate_fetch_message_recv*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct PeerStats
{
    NodeID id;
    string versionStr<100>;
    uint64 messagesRead;
    uint64 messagesWritten;
    uint64 bytesRead;
    uint64 bytesWritten;
    uint64 secondsConnected;

    uint64 uniqueFloodBytesRecv;
    uint64 duplicateFloodBytesRecv;
    uint64 uniqueFetchBytesRecv;
    uint64 duplicateFetchBytesRecv;

    uint64 uniqueFloodMessageRecv;
    uint64 duplicateFloodMessageRecv;
    uint64 uniqueFetchMessageRecv;
    uint64 duplicateFetchMessageRecv;
};
```

PersistedSCPState

class stellar_sdk.xdr.persisted_scp_state.**PersistedSCPState**(*v*, *v0=None*, *v1=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union PersistedSCPState switch (int v)
{
    case 0:
        PersistedSCPStateV0 v0;
    case 1:
        PersistedSCPStateV1 v1;
};
```

PersistedSCPStateV0

class stellar_sdk.xdr.persisted_scp_state_v0.**PersistedSCPStateV0**(*scp_envelopes*, *quorum_sets*, *tx_sets*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct PersistedSCPStateV0
{
    SCPEnvelope scpEnvelopes<>;
    SCPQuorumSet quorumSets<>;
    StoredTransactionSet txSets<>;
};
```

PersistedSCPStateV1

class stellar_sdk.xdr.persisted_scp_state_v1.**PersistedSCPStateV1**(*scp_envelopes*, *quorum_sets*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct PersistedSCPStateV1
{
    // Tx sets are saved separately
    SCPEnvelope scpEnvelopes<>;
    SCPQuorumSet quorumSets<>;
};
```

PoolID

class stellar_sdk.xdr.pool_id.**PoolID**(*pool_id*)

XDR Source Code:

```
typedef Hash PoolID;
```

PreconditionType

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.precondition_type.PreconditionType(value, names=None, *, module=None,
                                                         qualname=None, type=None, start=1,
                                                         boundary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum PreconditionType
{
    PRECOND_NONE = 0,
    PRECOND_TIME = 1,
    PRECOND_V2 = 2
};
```

Preconditions

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.preconditions.Preconditions(type, time_bounds=None, v2=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union Preconditions switch (PreconditionType type)
{
    case PRECOND_NONE:
        void;
    case PRECOND_TIME:
        TimeBounds timeBounds;
    case PRECOND_V2:
        PreconditionsV2 v2;
};
```

PreconditionsV2

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.preconditions_v2.PreconditionsV2(time_bounds, ledger_bounds, min_seq_num,
                                                         min_seq_age, min_seq_ledger_gap,
                                                         extra_signers)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct PreconditionsV2
{
    TimeBounds* timeBounds;

    // Transaction only valid for ledger numbers n such that
    // minLedger <= n < maxLedger (if maxLedger == 0, then
    // only minLedger is checked)
    LedgerBounds* ledgerBounds;

    // If NULL, only valid when sourceAccount's sequence number
    // is seqNum - 1. Otherwise, valid when sourceAccount's
    // sequence number n satisfies minSeqNum <= n < tx.seqNum.
    // Note that after execution the account's sequence number
    // is always raised to tx.seqNum, and a transaction is not
```

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```

// valid if tx.seqNum is too high to ensure replay protection.
SequenceNumber* minSeqNum;

// For the transaction to be valid, the current ledger time must
// be at least minSeqAge greater than sourceAccount's seqTime.
Duration minSeqAge;

// For the transaction to be valid, the current ledger number
// must be at least minSeqLedgerGap greater than sourceAccount's
// seqLedger.
uint32 minSeqLedgerGap;

// For the transaction to be valid, there must be a signature
// corresponding to every Signer in this array, even if the
// signature is not otherwise required by the sourceAccount or
// operations.
SignerKey extraSigners<2>;
};

```

Price

class stellar_sdk.xdr.price.**Price**(*n*, *d*)

XDR Source Code:

```

struct Price
{
    int32 n; // numerator
    int32 d; // denominator
};

```

PublicKey

class stellar_sdk.xdr.public_key.**PublicKey**(*type*, *ed25519*=None)

XDR Source Code:

```

union PublicKey switch (PublicKeyType type)
{
    case PUBLIC_KEY_TYPE_ED25519:
        uint256 ed25519;
};

```

PublicKeyType

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.public_key_type.PublicKeyType(value, names=None, *, module=None,
                                                    qualname=None, type=None, start=1,
                                                    boundary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum PublicKeyType
{
    PUBLIC_KEY_TYPE_ED25519 = KEY_TYPE_ED25519
};
```

RestoreFootprintOp

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.restore_footprint_op.RestoreFootprintOp(ext)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct RestoreFootprintOp
{
    ExtensionPoint ext;
};
```

RestoreFootprintResult

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.restore_footprint_result.RestoreFootprintResult(code)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union RestoreFootprintResult switch (RestoreFootprintResultCode code)
{
    case RESTORE_FOOTPRINT_SUCCESS:
        void;
    case RESTORE_FOOTPRINT_MALFORMED:
    case RESTORE_FOOTPRINT_RESOURCE_LIMIT_EXCEEDED:
    case RESTORE_FOOTPRINT_INSUFFICIENT_REFUNDABLE_FEE:
        void;
};
```

RestoreFootprintResultCode

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.restore_footprint_result_code.RestoreFootprintResultCode(value,
                                                                                   names=None,
                                                                                   *, module=None,
                                                                                   qual-
                                                                                   name=None,
                                                                                   type=None,
                                                                                   start=1,
                                                                                   bound-
                                                                                   ary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum RestoreFootprintResultCode
{
    // codes considered as "success" for the operation
    RESTORE_FOOTPRINT_SUCCESS = 0,

    // codes considered as "failure" for the operation
    RESTORE_FOOTPRINT_MALFORMED = -1,
    RESTORE_FOOTPRINT_RESOURCE_LIMIT_EXCEEDED = -2,
    RESTORE_FOOTPRINT_INSUFFICIENT_REFUNDABLE_FEE = -3
};
```

RevokeSponsorshipOp

class stellar_sdk.xdr.revoke_sponsorship_op.**RevokeSponsorshipOp**(*type*, *ledger_key=None*, *signer=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union RevokeSponsorshipOp switch (RevokeSponsorshipType type)
{
    case REVOKE_SPONSORSHIP_LEDGER_ENTRY:
        LedgerKey ledgerKey;
    case REVOKE_SPONSORSHIP_SIGNER:
        struct
        {
            AccountID accountID;
            SignerKey signerKey;
        } signer;
};
```

RevokeSponsorshipOpSigner

class stellar_sdk.xdr.revoke_sponsorship_op_signer.**RevokeSponsorshipOpSigner**(*account_id*, *signer_key*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct
{
    AccountID accountID;
    SignerKey signerKey;
}
```

RevokeSponsorshipResult

class stellar_sdk.xdr.revoke_sponsorship_result.RevokeSponsorshipResult(*code*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union RevokeSponsorshipResult switch (RevokeSponsorshipResultCode code)
{
    case REVOKE_SPONSORSHIP_SUCCESS:
        void;
    case REVOKE_SPONSORSHIP_DOES_NOT_EXIST:
    case REVOKE_SPONSORSHIP_NOT_SPONSOR:
    case REVOKE_SPONSORSHIP_LOW_RESERVE:
    case REVOKE_SPONSORSHIP_ONLY_TRANSFERABLE:
    case REVOKE_SPONSORSHIP_MALFORMED:
        void;
};
```

RevokeSponsorshipResultCode

class stellar_sdk.xdr.revoke_sponsorship_result_code.RevokeSponsorshipResultCode(*value*,
names=None,
**, module=None*,
quality=None,
name=None,
type=None,
start=1,
boundary=None)

XDR Source Code:

```
enum RevokeSponsorshipResultCode
{
    // codes considered as "success" for the operation
    REVOKE_SPONSORSHIP_SUCCESS = 0,

    // codes considered as "failure" for the operation
    REVOKE_SPONSORSHIP_DOES_NOT_EXIST = -1,
    REVOKE_SPONSORSHIP_NOT_SPONSOR = -2,
    REVOKE_SPONSORSHIP_LOW_RESERVE = -3,
    REVOKE_SPONSORSHIP_ONLY_TRANSFERABLE = -4,
    REVOKE_SPONSORSHIP_MALFORMED = -5
};
```

RevokeSponsorshipType

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.revoke_sponsorship_type.RevokeSponsorshipType(value, names=None, *,
                                                                    module=None,
                                                                    qualname=None,
                                                                    type=None, start=1,
                                                                    boundary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum RevokeSponsorshipType
{
    REVOKE_SPONSORSHIP_LEDGER_ENTRY = 0,
    REVOKE_SPONSORSHIP_SIGNER = 1
};
```

SCAddress

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_address.SCAddress(type, account_id=None, contract_id=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union SCAddress switch (SCAddressType type)
{
    case SC_ADDRESS_TYPE_ACCOUNT:
        AccountID accountId;
    case SC_ADDRESS_TYPE_CONTRACT:
        Hash contractId;
};
```

SCAddressType

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_address_type.SCAddressType(value, names=None, *, module=None,
                                                    qualname=None, type=None, start=1,
                                                    boundary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum SCAddressType
{
    SC_ADDRESS_TYPE_ACCOUNT = 0,
    SC_ADDRESS_TYPE_CONTRACT = 1
};
```

SCBytes

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_bytes.**SCBytes**(*sc_bytes*)

XDR Source Code:

```
typedef opaque SCBytes<>;
```

SCContractInstance

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_contract_instance.**SCContractInstance**(*executable, storage*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SCContractInstance {
    ContractExecutable executable;
    SMap* storage;
};
```

SEnvMetaEntry

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_env_meta_entry.**SEnvMetaEntry**(*kind, interface_version=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union SEnvMetaEntry switch (SEnvMetaKind kind)
{
    case SC_ENV_META_KIND_INTERFACE_VERSION:
        uint64 interfaceVersion;
};
```

SEnvMetaKind

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_env_meta_kind.**SEnvMetaKind**(*value, names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
enum SEnvMetaKind
{
    SC_ENV_META_KIND_INTERFACE_VERSION = 0
};
```

SCError

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_error.SCError(*type*, *contract_code*=None, *code*=None)

XDR Source Code:

```
union SCError switch (SCErrorType type)
{
  case SCE_CONTRACT:
    uint32 contractCode;
  case SCE_WASM_VM:
  case SCE_CONTEXT:
  case SCE_STORAGE:
  case SCE_OBJECT:
  case SCE_CRYPT0:
  case SCE_EVENTS:
  case SCE_BUDGET:
  case SCE_VALUE:
  case SCE_AUTH:
    SCErrorCode code;
};
```

SCErrorCode

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_error_code.SCErrorCode(*value*, *names*=None, *, *module*=None, *qualname*=None, *type*=None, *start*=1, *boundary*=None)

XDR Source Code:

```
enum SCErrorCode
{
  SCEC_ARITH_DOMAIN = 0,      // Some arithmetic was undefined (overflow, divide-
  ↪by-zero).
  SCEC_INDEX_BOUNDS = 1,     // Something was indexed beyond its bounds.
  SCEC_INVALID_INPUT = 2,    // User provided some otherwise-bad data.
  SCEC_MISSING_VALUE = 3,    // Some value was required but not provided.
  SCEC_EXISTING_VALUE = 4,   // Some value was provided where not allowed.
  SCEC_EXCEEDED_LIMIT = 5,   // Some arbitrary limit -- gas or otherwise -- was_
  ↪hit.
  SCEC_INVALID_ACTION = 6,   // Data was valid but action requested was not.
  SCEC_INTERNAL_ERROR = 7,   // The host detected an error in its own logic.
  SCEC_UNEXPECTED_TYPE = 8,  // Some type wasn't as expected.
  SCEC_UNEXPECTED_SIZE = 9   // Something's size wasn't as expected.
};
```

SCErrorType

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_error_type.SCErrorType(value, names=None, *, module=None,
                                                qualname=None, type=None, start=1,
                                                boundary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum SCErrorType
{
    SCE_CONTRACT = 0,           // Contract-specific, user-defined codes.
    SCE_WASM_VM = 1,            // Errors while interpreting WASM bytecode.
    SCE_CONTEXT = 2,            // Errors in the contract's host context.
    SCE_STORAGE = 3,            // Errors accessing host storage.
    SCE_OBJECT = 4,             // Errors working with host objects.
    SCE_CRYPT0 = 5,             // Errors in cryptographic operations.
    SCE_EVENTS = 6,             // Errors while emitting events.
    SCE_BUDGET = 7,             // Errors relating to budget limits.
    SCE_VALUE = 8,              // Errors working with host values or SCVals.
    SCE_AUTH = 9                // Errors from the authentication subsystem.
};
```

SCMap

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_map.SCMap(sc_map)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
typedef SCMapEntry SCMap<>;
```

SCMapEntry

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_map_entry.SCMapEntry(key, val)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SCMapEntry
{
    SCVal key;
    SCVal val;
};
```

SCMetaEntry

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_meta_entry.SCMetaEntry(kind, v0=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union SCMetaEntry switch (SCMetaKind kind)
{
    case SC_META_V0:
        SCMetaV0 v0;
};
```


SCMetaKind

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_meta_kind.**SCMetaKind**(*value, names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
enum SCSMetaKind
{
    SC_META_V0 = 0
};
```

SCMetaV0

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_meta_v0.**SCMetaV0**(*key, val*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SCSMetaV0
{
    string key<>;
    string val<>;
};
```

SCNonceKey

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_nonce_key.**SCNonceKey**(*nonce*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SCNonceKey {
    int64 nonce;
};
```

SCPBallot

class stellar_sdk.xdr.scp_ballot.**SCPBallot**(*counter, value*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SCPBallot
{
    uint32 counter; // n
    Value value;    // x
};
```

SCPEnvelope

class stellar_sdk.xdr.scp_envelope.**SCPEnvelope**(*statement, signature*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SCPEnvelope
{
    SCPStatement statement;
    Signature signature;
};
```

SCPHistoryEntry

class stellar_sdk.xdr.scp_history_entry.**SCPHistoryEntry**(*v, v0=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union SCPHistoryEntry switch (int v)
{
    case 0:
        SCPHistoryEntryV0 v0;
};
```

SCPHistoryEntryV0

class stellar_sdk.xdr.scp_history_entry_v0.**SCPHistoryEntryV0**(*quorum_sets, ledger_messages*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SCPHistoryEntryV0
{
    SCPQuorumSet quorumSets<>; // additional quorum sets used by ledgerMessages
    LedgerSCPMessages ledgerMessages;
};
```

SCPNomination

class stellar_sdk.xdr.scp_nomination.**SCPNomination**(*quorum_set_hash, votes, accepted*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SCPNomination
{
    Hash quorumSetHash; // D
    Value votes<>;      // X
    Value accepted<>;   // Y
};
```

SCPQuorumSet

class stellar_sdk.xdr.scp_quorum_set.**SCPQuorumSet**(*threshold, validators, inner_sets*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SCPQuorumSet
{
    uint32 threshold;
    NodeID validators<>;
    SCPQuorumSet innerSets<>;
};
```

SCPStatement

class stellar_sdk.xdr.scp_statement.**SCPStatement**(*node_id, slot_index, pledges*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SCPStatement
{
    NodeID nodeID;    // v
    uint64 slotIndex; // i

    union switch (SCPStatementType type)
    {
        case SCP_ST_PREPARE:
            struct
            {
                Hash quorumSetHash;    // D
                SCPBallot ballot;      // b
                SCPBallot* prepared;   // p
                SCPBallot* preparedPrime; // p'
                uint32 nC;              // c.n
                uint32 nH;              // h.n
            } prepare;
        case SCP_ST_CONFIRM:
            struct
            {
                SCPBallot ballot;    // b
                uint32 nPrepared;    // p.n
                uint32 nCommit;      // c.n
                uint32 nH;           // h.n
                Hash quorumSetHash; // D
            } confirm;
        case SCP_ST_EXTERNALIZE:
            struct
            {
                SCPBallot commit;    // c
                uint32 nH;            // h.n
                Hash commitQuorumSetHash; // D used before EXTERNALIZE
            } externalize;
        case SCP_ST_NOMINATE:
            SCPNomination nominate;
```

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```
    }
    pledges;
};
```

SCPStatementConfirm

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.scp_statement_confirm.SCPStatementConfirm(ballot, n_prepared, n_commit,
                                                                n_h, quorum_set_hash)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct
{
    SCPBallot ballot;    // b
    uint32 nPrepared;    // p.n
    uint32 nCommit;      // c.n
    uint32 nH;           // h.n
    Hash quorumSetHash;  // D
}
```

SCPStatementExternalize

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.scp_statement_externalize.SCPStatementExternalize(commit, n_h, com-
                                                                mit_quorum_set_hash)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct
{
    SCPBallot commit;    // c
    uint32 nH;           // h.n
    Hash commitQuorumSetHash; // D used before EXTERNALIZE
}
```

SCPStatementPledges

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.scp_statement_pledges.SCPStatementPledges(type, prepare=None,
                                                                confirm=None,
                                                                externalize=None,
                                                                nominate=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union switch (SCPStatementType type)
{
    case SCP_ST_PREPARE:
        struct
        {
            Hash quorumSetHash;    // D
            SCPBallot ballot;      // b
            SCPBallot* prepared;    // p
        }
```

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```

        SCPBallot* preparedPrime; // p'
        uint32 nC;                // c.n
        uint32 nH;                // h.n
    } prepare;
case SCP_ST_CONFIRM:
    struct
    {
        SCPBallot ballot; // b
        uint32 nPrepared; // p.n
        uint32 nCommit;   // c.n
        uint32 nH;        // h.n
        Hash quorumSetHash; // D
    } confirm;
case SCP_ST_EXTERNALIZE:
    struct
    {
        SCPBallot commit; // c
        uint32 nH;        // h.n
        Hash commitQuorumSetHash; // D used before EXTERNALIZE
    } externalize;
case SCP_ST_NOMINATE:
    SCPNomination nominate;
}

```

SCPStatementPrepare

class stellar_sdk.xdr.scp_statement_prepare.**SCPStatementPrepare**(*quorum_set_hash*, *ballot*, *prepared*, *prepared_prime*, *n_c*, *n_h*)

XDR Source Code:

```

struct
{
    Hash quorumSetHash; // D
    SCPBallot ballot;   // b
    SCPBallot* prepared; // p
    SCPBallot* preparedPrime; // p'
    uint32 nC;          // c.n
    uint32 nH;          // h.n
}

```

SCPStatementType

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.scp_statement_type.SCPStatementType(value, names=None, *, module=None,
                                                         qualname=None, type=None, start=1,
                                                         boundary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum SCPStatementType
{
    SCP_ST_PREPARE = 0,
    SCP_ST_CONFIRM = 1,
    SCP_ST_EXTERNALIZE = 2,
    SCP_ST_NOMINATE = 3
};
```

SCSpecEntry

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_spec_entry.SCSpecEntry(kind, function_v0=None, udt_struct_v0=None,
                                                udt_union_v0=None, udt_enum_v0=None,
                                                udt_error_enum_v0=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union SCSpecEntry switch (SCSpecEntryKind kind)
{
    case SC_SPEC_ENTRY_FUNCTION_V0:
        SCSpecFunctionV0 functionV0;
    case SC_SPEC_ENTRY_UDT_STRUCT_V0:
        SCSpecUDTStructV0 udtStructV0;
    case SC_SPEC_ENTRY_UDT_UNION_V0:
        SCSpecUDTUnionV0 udtUnionV0;
    case SC_SPEC_ENTRY_UDT_ENUM_V0:
        SCSpecUDTEnumV0 udtEnumV0;
    case SC_SPEC_ENTRY_UDT_ERROR_ENUM_V0:
        SCSpecUDTErrorEnumV0 udtErrorEnumV0;
};
```

SCSpecEntryKind

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_spec_entry_kind.SCSpecEntryKind(value, names=None, *, module=None,
                                                         qualname=None, type=None, start=1,
                                                         boundary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum SCSpecEntryKind
{
    SC_SPEC_ENTRY_FUNCTION_V0 = 0,
    SC_SPEC_ENTRY_UDT_STRUCT_V0 = 1,
    SC_SPEC_ENTRY_UDT_UNION_V0 = 2,
    SC_SPEC_ENTRY_UDT_ENUM_V0 = 3,
    SC_SPEC_ENTRY_UDT_ERROR_ENUM_V0 = 4
};
```

SCSpecFunctionInputV0

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_spec_function_input_v0.SCSpecFunctionInputV0(*doc, name, type*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SCSpecFunctionInputV0
{
    string doc<SC_SPEC_DOC_LIMIT>;
    string name<30>;
    SCSpecTypeDef type;
};
```

SCSpecFunctionV0

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_spec_function_v0.SCSpecFunctionV0(*doc, name, inputs, outputs*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SCSpecFunctionV0
{
    string doc<SC_SPEC_DOC_LIMIT>;
    SCSymbol name;
    SCSpecFunctionInputV0 inputs<10>;
    SCSpecTypeDef outputs<1>;
};
```

SCSpecType

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_spec_type.SCSpecType(*value, names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
enum SCSpecType
{
    SC_SPEC_TYPE_VAL = 0,

    // Types with no parameters.
    SC_SPEC_TYPE_BOOL = 1,
    SC_SPEC_TYPE_VOID = 2,
    SC_SPEC_TYPE_ERROR = 3,
    SC_SPEC_TYPE_U32 = 4,
    SC_SPEC_TYPE_I32 = 5,
    SC_SPEC_TYPE_U64 = 6,
    SC_SPEC_TYPE_I64 = 7,
    SC_SPEC_TYPE_TIMEPOINT = 8,
    SC_SPEC_TYPE_DURATION = 9,
    SC_SPEC_TYPE_U128 = 10,
    SC_SPEC_TYPE_I128 = 11,
    SC_SPEC_TYPE_U256 = 12,
    SC_SPEC_TYPE_I256 = 13,
    SC_SPEC_TYPE_BYTES = 14,
    SC_SPEC_TYPE_STRING = 16,
```

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```

SC_SPEC_TYPE_SYMBOL = 17,
SC_SPEC_TYPE_ADDRESS = 19,

// Types with parameters.
SC_SPEC_TYPE_OPTION = 1000,
SC_SPEC_TYPE_RESULT = 1001,
SC_SPEC_TYPE_VEC = 1002,
SC_SPEC_TYPE_MAP = 1004,
SC_SPEC_TYPE_TUPLE = 1005,
SC_SPEC_TYPE_BYTES_N = 1006,

// User defined types.
SC_SPEC_TYPE_UDT = 2000
};

```

SCSpecTypeBytesN

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_spec_type_bytes_n.**SCSpecTypeBytesN**(*n*)

XDR Source Code:

```

struct SCSpecTypeBytesN
{
    uint32 n;
};

```

SCSpecTypeDef

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_spec_type_def.**SCSpecTypeDef**(*type*, *option=None*, *result=None*, *vec=None*, *map=None*, *tuple=None*, *bytes_n=None*, *udt=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```

union SCSpecTypeDef switch (SCSpecType type)
{
    case SC_SPEC_TYPE_VAL:
    case SC_SPEC_TYPE_BOOL:
    case SC_SPEC_TYPE_VOID:
    case SC_SPEC_TYPE_ERROR:
    case SC_SPEC_TYPE_U32:
    case SC_SPEC_TYPE_I32:
    case SC_SPEC_TYPE_U64:
    case SC_SPEC_TYPE_I64:
    case SC_SPEC_TYPE_TIMEPOINT:
    case SC_SPEC_TYPE_DURATION:
    case SC_SPEC_TYPE_U128:
    case SC_SPEC_TYPE_I128:
    case SC_SPEC_TYPE_U256:
    case SC_SPEC_TYPE_I256:
    case SC_SPEC_TYPE_BYTES:

```

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```

case SC_SPEC_TYPE_STRING:
case SC_SPEC_TYPE_SYMBOL:
case SC_SPEC_TYPE_ADDRESS:
    void;
case SC_SPEC_TYPE_OPTION:
    SCSpecTypeOption option;
case SC_SPEC_TYPE_RESULT:
    SCSpecTypeResult result;
case SC_SPEC_TYPE_VEC:
    SCSpecTypeVec vec;
case SC_SPEC_TYPE_MAP:
    SCSpecTypeMap map;
case SC_SPEC_TYPE_TUPLE:
    SCSpecTypeTuple tuple;
case SC_SPEC_TYPE_BYTES_N:
    SCSpecTypeBytesN bytesN;
case SC_SPEC_TYPE_UDT:
    SCSpecTypeUDT udt;
};

```

SCSpecTypeMap

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_spec_type_map.**SCSpecTypeMap**(*key_type*, *value_type*)

XDR Source Code:

```

struct SCSpecTypeMap
{
    SCSpecTypeDef keyType;
    SCSpecTypeDef valueType;
};

```

SCSpecTypeOption

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_spec_type_option.**SCSpecTypeOption**(*value_type*)

XDR Source Code:

```

struct SCSpecTypeOption
{
    SCSpecTypeDef valueType;
};

```

SCSpecTypeResult

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_spec_type_result.**SCSpecTypeResult**(*ok_type*, *error_type*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SCSpecTypeResult
{
    SCSpecTypeDef okType;
    SCSpecTypeDef errorType;
};
```

SCSpecTypeTuple

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_spec_type_tuple.**SCSpecTypeTuple**(*value_types*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SCSpecTypeTuple
{
    SCSpecTypeDef valueTypes<12>;
};
```

SCSpecTypeUDT

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_spec_type_udt.**SCSpecTypeUDT**(*name*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SCSpecTypeUDT
{
    string name<60>;
};
```

SCSpecTypeVec

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_spec_type_vec.**SCSpecTypeVec**(*element_type*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SCSpecTypeVec
{
    SCSpecTypeDef elementType;
};
```

SCSpecUDTEnumCaseV0

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_spec_udt_enum_case_v0.SCSpecUDTEnumCaseV0(*doc, name, value*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SCSpecUDTEnumCaseV0
{
    string doc<SC_SPEC_DOC_LIMIT>;
    string name<60>;
    uint32 value;
};
```

SCSpecUDTEnumV0

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_spec_udt_enum_v0.SCSpecUDTEnumV0(*doc, lib, name, cases*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SCSpecUDTEnumV0
{
    string doc<SC_SPEC_DOC_LIMIT>;
    string lib<80>;
    string name<60>;
    SCSpecUDTEnumCaseV0 cases<50>;
};
```

SCSpecUDTErrorEnumCaseV0

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_spec_udt_error_enum_case_v0.SCSpecUDTErrorEnumCaseV0(*doc, name, value*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SCSpecUDTErrorEnumCaseV0
{
    string doc<SC_SPEC_DOC_LIMIT>;
    string name<60>;
    uint32 value;
};
```

SCSpecUDTErrorEnumV0

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_spec_udt_error_enum_v0.SCSpecUDTErrorEnumV0(*doc, lib, name, cases*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SCSpecUDTErrorEnumV0
{
    string doc<SC_SPEC_DOC_LIMIT>;
    string lib<80>;
    string name<60>;
    SCSpecUDTErrorEnumCaseV0 cases<50>;
};
```

SCSpecUDTStructFieldV0

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_spec_udt_struct_field_v0.**SCSpecUDTStructFieldV0**(*doc, name, type*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SCSpecUDTStructFieldV0
{
    string doc<SC_SPEC_DOC_LIMIT>;
    string name<30>;
    SCSpecTypeDef type;
};
```

SCSpecUDTStructV0

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_spec_udt_struct_v0.**SCSpecUDTStructV0**(*doc, lib, name, fields*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SCSpecUDTStructV0
{
    string doc<SC_SPEC_DOC_LIMIT>;
    string lib<80>;
    string name<60>;
    SCSpecUDTStructFieldV0 fields<40>;
};
```

SCSpecUDTUnionCaseTupleV0

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_spec_udt_union_case_tuple_v0.**SCSpecUDTUnionCaseTupleV0**(*doc, name, type*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SCSpecUDTUnionCaseTupleV0
{
    string doc<SC_SPEC_DOC_LIMIT>;
    string name<60>;
    SCSpecTypeDef type<12>;
};
```

SCSpecUDTUnionCaseV0

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_spec_udt_union_case_v0.**SCSpecUDTUnionCaseV0**(*kind, void_case=None, tuple_case=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union SCSpecUDTUnionCaseV0 switch (SCSpecUDTUnionCaseV0Kind kind)
{
    case SC_SPEC_UDT_UNION_CASE_VOID_V0:
        SCSpecUDTUnionCaseVoidV0 voidCase;
    case SC_SPEC_UDT_UNION_CASE_TUPLE_V0:
```

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```
SCSpecUDTUnionCaseTupleV0 tupleCase;
};
```

SCSpecUDTUnionCaseV0Kind

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_spec_udt_union_case_v0_kind.SCSpecUDTUnionCaseV0Kind(value,
                                                                              names=None,
                                                                              *,
                                                                              module=None,
                                                                              qual-
                                                                              name=None,
                                                                              type=None,
                                                                              start=1,
                                                                              bound-
                                                                              ary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum SCSpecUDTUnionCaseV0Kind
{
    SC_SPEC_UDT_UNION_CASE_VOID_V0 = 0,
    SC_SPEC_UDT_UNION_CASE_TUPLE_V0 = 1
};
```

SCSpecUDTUnionCaseVoidV0

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_spec_udt_union_case_void_v0.SCSpecUDTUnionCaseVoidV0(doc, name)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SCSpecUDTUnionCaseVoidV0
{
    string doc<SC_SPEC_DOC_LIMIT>;
    string name<60>;
};
```

SCSpecUDTUnionV0

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_spec_udt_union_v0.SCSpecUDTUnionV0(doc, lib, name, cases)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SCSpecUDTUnionV0
{
    string doc<SC_SPEC_DOC_LIMIT>;
    string lib<80>;
    string name<60>;
    SCSpecUDTUnionCaseV0 cases<50>;
};
```

SCString

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_string.**SCString**(*sc_string*)

XDR Source Code:

```
typedef string SCString<>;
```

SCSymbol

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_symbol.**SCSymbol**(*sc_symbol*)

XDR Source Code:

```
typedef string SCSymbol<SCSYMBOL_LIMIT>;
```

SCVal

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_val.**SCVal**(*type, b=None, error=None, u32=None, i32=None, u64=None, i64=None, timepoint=None, duration=None, u128=None, i128=None, u256=None, i256=None, bytes=None, str=None, sym=None, vec=None, map=None, address=None, nonce_key=None, instance=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union SCVal switch (SCValType type)
{

case SCV_BOOL:
    bool b;
case SCV_VOID:
    void;
case SCV_ERROR:
    SError error;

case SCV_U32:
    uint32 u32;
case SCV_I32:
    int32 i32;

case SCV_U64:
    uint64 u64;
case SCV_I64:
    int64 i64;
case SCV_TIMEPOINT:
    TimePoint timepoint;
case SCV_DURATION:
    Duration duration;

case SCV_U128:
    UInt128Parts u128;
case SCV_I128:
    Int128Parts i128;
```

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```

case SCV_U256:
    UInt256Parts u256;
case SCV_I256:
    Int256Parts i256;

case SCV_BYTES:
    SCBytes bytes;
case SCV_STRING:
    SCString str;
case SCV_SYMBOL:
    SCSymbol sym;

// Vec and Map are recursive so need to live
// behind an option, due to xdrpp limitations.
case SCV_VEC:
    SCVec *vec;
case SCV_MAP:
    SMap *map;

case SCV_ADDRESS:
    SCAddress address;

// Special SCVals reserved for system-constructed contract-data
// ledger keys, not generally usable elsewhere.
case SCV_LEDGER_KEY_CONTRACT_INSTANCE:
    void;
case SCV_LEDGER_KEY_NONCE:
    SCNonceKey nonce_key;

case SCV_CONTRACT_INSTANCE:
    SCContractInstance instance;
};

```

SCValType

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_val_type.**SCValType**(value, names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None)

XDR Source Code:

```

enum SCValType
{
    SCV_BOOL = 0,
    SCV_VOID = 1,
    SCV_ERROR = 2,

    // 32 bits is the smallest type in WASM or XDR; no need for u8/u16.
    SCV_U32 = 3,
    SCV_I32 = 4,

    // 64 bits is naturally supported by both WASM and XDR also.

```

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```
SCV_U64 = 5,
SCV_I64 = 6,

// Time-related u64 subtypes with their own functions and formatting.
SCV_TIMEPOINT = 7,
SCV_DURATION = 8,

// 128 bits is naturally supported by Rust and we use it for Soroban
// fixed-point arithmetic prices / balances / similar "quantities". These
// are represented in XDR as a pair of 2 u64s.
SCV_U128 = 9,
SCV_I128 = 10,

// 256 bits is the size of sha256 output, ed25519 keys, and the EVM machine
// word, so for interop use we include this even though it requires a small
// amount of Rust guest and/or host library code.
SCV_U256 = 11,
SCV_I256 = 12,

// Bytes come in 3 flavors, 2 of which have meaningfully different
// formatting and validity-checking / domain-restriction.
SCV_BYTES = 13,
SCV_STRING = 14,
SCV_SYMBOL = 15,

// Vecs and maps are just polymorphic containers of other ScVals.
SCV_VEC = 16,
SCV_MAP = 17,

// Address is the universal identifier for contracts and classic
// accounts.
SCV_ADDRESS = 18,

// The following are the internal SCVal variants that are not
// exposed to the contracts.
SCV_CONTRACT_INSTANCE = 19,

// SCV_LEDGER_KEY_CONTRACT_INSTANCE and SCV_LEDGER_KEY_NONCE are unique
// symbolic SCVals used as the key for ledger entries for a contract's
// instance and an address' nonce, respectively.
SCV_LEDGER_KEY_CONTRACT_INSTANCE = 20,
SCV_LEDGER_KEY_NONCE = 21
};
```


SCVec

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sc_vec.**SCVec**(*sc_vec*)

XDR Source Code:

```
typedef SCVal SCVec<>;
```

SendMore

class stellar_sdk.xdr.send_more.**SendMore**(*num_messages*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SendMore
{
    uint32 numMessages;
};
```

SendMoreExtended

class stellar_sdk.xdr.send_more_extended.**SendMoreExtended**(*num_messages*, *num_bytes*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SendMoreExtended
{
    uint32 numMessages;
    uint32 numBytes;
};
```

SequenceNumber

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sequence_number.**SequenceNumber**(*sequence_number*)

XDR Source Code:

```
typedef int64 SequenceNumber;
```

SetOptionsOp

class stellar_sdk.xdr.set_options_op.**SetOptionsOp**(*inflation_dest*, *clear_flags*, *set_flags*,
master_weight, *low_threshold*, *med_threshold*,
high_threshold, *home_domain*, *signer*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SetOptionsOp
{
    AccountID* inflationDest; // sets the inflation destination

    uint32* clearFlags; // which flags to clear
    uint32* setFlags;   // which flags to set
```

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```

// account threshold manipulation
uint32* masterWeight; // weight of the master account
uint32* lowThreshold;
uint32* medThreshold;
uint32* highThreshold;

string32* homeDomain; // sets the home domain

// Add, update or remove a signer for the account
// signer is deleted if the weight is 0
Signer* signer;
};

```

SetOptionsResult

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.set_options_result.SetOptionsResult(code)`

XDR Source Code:

```

union SetOptionsResult switch (SetOptionsResultCode code)
{
case SET_OPTIONS_SUCCESS:
    void;
case SET_OPTIONS_LOW_RESERVE:
case SET_OPTIONS_TOO_MANY_SIGNERS:
case SET_OPTIONS_BAD_FLAGS:
case SET_OPTIONS_INVALID_INFLATION:
case SET_OPTIONS_CANT_CHANGE:
case SET_OPTIONS_UNKNOWN_FLAG:
case SET_OPTIONS_THRESHOLD_OUT_OF_RANGE:
case SET_OPTIONS_BAD_SIGNER:
case SET_OPTIONS_INVALID_HOME_DOMAIN:
case SET_OPTIONS_AUTH_REVOCABLE_REQUIRED:
    void;
};

```

SetOptionsResultCode

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.set_options_result_code.SetOptionsResultCode(value, names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None)`

XDR Source Code:

```

enum SetOptionsResultCode
{
    // codes considered as "success" for the operation
    SET_OPTIONS_SUCCESS = 0,

```

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```
// codes considered as "failure" for the operation
SET_OPTIONS_LOW_RESERVE = -1, // not enough funds to add a signer
SET_OPTIONS_TOO_MANY_SIGNERS = -2, // max number of signers already reached
SET_OPTIONS_BAD_FLAGS = -3, // invalid combination of clear/set flags
SET_OPTIONS_INVALID_INFLATION = -4, // inflation account does not exist
SET_OPTIONS_CANT_CHANGE = -5, // can no longer change this option
SET_OPTIONS_UNKNOWN_FLAG = -6, // can't set an unknown flag
SET_OPTIONS_THRESHOLD_OUT_OF_RANGE = -7, // bad value for weight/threshold
SET_OPTIONS_BAD_SIGNER = -8, // signer cannot be masterkey
SET_OPTIONS_INVALID_HOME_DOMAIN = -9, // malformed home domain
SET_OPTIONS_AUTH_REVOCABLE_REQUIRED =
    -10 // auth revocable is required for clawback
};
```

SetTrustLineFlagsOp

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.set_trust_line_flags_op.SetTrustLineFlagsOp(trustor, asset, clear_flags,
                                                                set_flags)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SetTrustLineFlagsOp
{
    AccountID trustor;
    Asset asset;

    uint32 clearFlags; // which flags to clear
    uint32 setFlags;   // which flags to set
};
```

SetTrustLineFlagsResult

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.set_trust_line_flags_result.SetTrustLineFlagsResult(code)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union SetTrustLineFlagsResult switch (SetTrustLineFlagsResultCode code)
{
    case SET_TRUST_LINE_FLAGS_SUCCESS:
        void;
    case SET_TRUST_LINE_FLAGS_MALFORMED:
    case SET_TRUST_LINE_FLAGS_NO_TRUST_LINE:
    case SET_TRUST_LINE_FLAGS_CANT_REVOKE:
    case SET_TRUST_LINE_FLAGS_INVALID_STATE:
    case SET_TRUST_LINE_FLAGS_LOW_RESERVE:
        void;
};
```

SetTrustLineFlagsResultCode

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.set_trust_line_flags_result_code.SetTrustLineFlagsResultCode(value,
                                                                                   names=None,
                                                                                   *, module=None,
                                                                                   qualname=None,
                                                                                   type=None,
                                                                                   start=1,
                                                                                   boundary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum SetTrustLineFlagsResultCode
{
    // codes considered as "success" for the operation
    SET_TRUST_LINE_FLAGS_SUCCESS = 0,

    // codes considered as "failure" for the operation
    SET_TRUST_LINE_FLAGS_MALFORMED = -1,
    SET_TRUST_LINE_FLAGS_NO_TRUST_LINE = -2,
    SET_TRUST_LINE_FLAGS_CANT_REVOKE = -3,
    SET_TRUST_LINE_FLAGS_INVALID_STATE = -4,
    SET_TRUST_LINE_FLAGS_LOW_RESERVE = -5 // claimable balances can't be created
                                           // on revoke due to low reserves
};
```

Signature

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.signature.Signature(signature)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
typedef opaque Signature<64>;
```

SignatureHint

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.signature_hint.SignatureHint(signature_hint)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
typedef opaque SignatureHint[4];
```

SignedSurveyRequestMessage

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.signed_survey_request_message.SignedSurveyRequestMessage(request_signature,
                                                                                request)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SignedSurveyRequestMessage
{
    Signature requestSignature;
    SurveyRequestMessage request;
};
```

SignedSurveyResponseMessage

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.signed_survey_response_message.SignedSurveyResponseMessage(response_signature,
                                                                                    response)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SignedSurveyResponseMessage
{
    Signature responseSignature;
    SurveyResponseMessage response;
};
```

Signer

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.signer.Signer(key, weight)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct Signer
{
    SignerKey key;
    uint32 weight; // really only need 1 byte
};
```

SignerKey

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.signer_key.SignerKey(type, ed25519=None, pre_auth_tx=None, hash_x=None,
                                           ed25519_signed_payload=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union SignerKey switch (SignerKeyType type)
{
    case SIGNER_KEY_TYPE_ED25519:
        uint256 ed25519;
```

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```

case SIGNER_KEY_TYPE_PRE_AUTH_TX:
    /* SHA-256 Hash of TransactionSignaturePayload structure */
    uint256 preAuthTx;
case SIGNER_KEY_TYPE_HASH_X:
    /* Hash of random 256 bit preimage X */
    uint256 hashX;
case SIGNER_KEY_TYPE_ED25519_SIGNED_PAYLOAD:
    struct
    {
        /* Public key that must sign the payload. */
        uint256 ed25519;
        /* Payload to be raw signed by ed25519. */
        opaque payload<64>;
    } ed25519SignedPayload;
};

```

SignerKeyEd25519SignedPayload

```

class stellar_sdk.xdr.signer_key_ed25519_signed_payload.SignerKeyEd25519SignedPayload(ed25519,
                                                                                       pay-
                                                                                       load)

```

XDR Source Code:

```

struct
{
    /* Public key that must sign the payload. */
    uint256 ed25519;
    /* Payload to be raw signed by ed25519. */
    opaque payload<64>;
}

```

SignerKeyType

```

class stellar_sdk.xdr.signer_key_type.SignerKeyType(value, names=None, *, module=None,
                                                    qualname=None, type=None, start=1,
                                                    boundary=None)

```

XDR Source Code:

```

enum SignerKeyType
{
    SIGNER_KEY_TYPE_ED25519 = KEY_TYPE_ED25519,
    SIGNER_KEY_TYPE_PRE_AUTH_TX = KEY_TYPE_PRE_AUTH_TX,
    SIGNER_KEY_TYPE_HASH_X = KEY_TYPE_HASH_X,
    SIGNER_KEY_TYPE_ED25519_SIGNED_PAYLOAD = KEY_TYPE_ED25519_SIGNED_PAYLOAD
};

```

SimplePaymentResult

class stellar_sdk.xdr.simple_payment_result.**SimplePaymentResult**(*destination, asset, amount*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SimplePaymentResult
{
    AccountID destination;
    Asset asset;
    int64 amount;
};
```

SorobanAddressCredentials

class stellar_sdk.xdr.soroban_address_credentials.**SorobanAddressCredentials**(*address, nonce, signature_expiration_ledger, signature*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SorobanAddressCredentials
{
    SCAddress address;
    int64 nonce;
    uint32 signatureExpirationLedger;
    SCVal signature;
};
```

SorobanAuthorizationEntry

class stellar_sdk.xdr.soroban_authorization_entry.**SorobanAuthorizationEntry**(*credentials, root_invocation*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SorobanAuthorizationEntry
{
    SorobanCredentials credentials;
    SorobanAuthorizedInvocation rootInvocation;
};
```

SorobanAuthorizedFunction

class stellar_sdk.xdr.soroban_authorized_function.**SorobanAuthorizedFunction**(*type, contract_fn=None, create_contract_host_fn=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union SorobanAuthorizedFunction switch (SorobanAuthorizedFunctionType type)
{
  case SOROBAN_AUTHORIZED_FUNCTION_TYPE_CONTRACT_FN:
    InvokeContractArgs contractFn;
  case SOROBAN_AUTHORIZED_FUNCTION_TYPE_CREATE_CONTRACT_HOST_FN:
    CreateContractArgs createContractHostFn;
};
```

SorobanAuthorizedFunctionType

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.soroban_authorized_function_type.SorobanAuthorizedFunctionType(value,
                                                                                       names=None,
                                                                                       *,
                                                                                       module=None,
                                                                                       qualname=None,
                                                                                       type=None,
                                                                                       start=1,
                                                                                       boundary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum SorobanAuthorizedFunctionType
{
  SOROBAN_AUTHORIZED_FUNCTION_TYPE_CONTRACT_FN = 0,
  SOROBAN_AUTHORIZED_FUNCTION_TYPE_CREATE_CONTRACT_HOST_FN = 1
};
```

SorobanAuthorizedInvocation

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.soroban_authorized_invocation.SorobanAuthorizedInvocation(function,
                                                                                   sub_invocations)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SorobanAuthorizedInvocation
{
  SorobanAuthorizedFunction function;
  SorobanAuthorizedInvocation subInvocations<>;
};
```


SorobanCredentials

class stellar_sdk.xdr.soroban_credentials.SorobanCredentials(*type*, *address=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union SorobanCredentials switch (SorobanCredentialsType type)
{
    case SOROBAN_CREDENTIALS_SOURCE_ACCOUNT:
        void;
    case SOROBAN_CREDENTIALS_ADDRESS:
        SorobanAddressCredentials address;
};
```

SorobanCredentialsType

class stellar_sdk.xdr.soroban_credentials_type.SorobanCredentialsType(*value*, *names=None*, *,
module=None,
qualname=None,
type=None, *start=1*,
boundary=None)

XDR Source Code:

```
enum SorobanCredentialsType
{
    SOROBAN_CREDENTIALS_SOURCE_ACCOUNT = 0,
    SOROBAN_CREDENTIALS_ADDRESS = 1
};
```

SorobanResources

class stellar_sdk.xdr.soroban_resources.SorobanResources(*footprint*, *instructions*, *read_bytes*,
write_bytes)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SorobanResources
{
    // The ledger footprint of the transaction.
    LedgerFootprint footprint;
    // The maximum number of instructions this transaction can use
    uint32 instructions;

    // The maximum number of bytes this transaction can read from ledger
    uint32 readBytes;
    // The maximum number of bytes this transaction can write to ledger
    uint32 writeBytes;
};
```

SorobanTransactionData

class stellar_sdk.xdr.soroban_transaction_data.SorobanTransactionData(*ext, resources, resource_fee*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SorobanTransactionData
{
    ExtensionPoint ext;
    SorobanResources resources;
    // Amount of the transaction `fee` allocated to the Soroban resource fees.
    // The fraction of `resourceFee` corresponding to `resources` specified
    // above is *not* refundable (i.e. fees for instructions, ledger I/O), as
    // well as fees for the transaction size.
    // The remaining part of the fee is refundable and the charged value is
    // based on the actual consumption of refundable resources (events, ledger
    // rent bumps).
    // The `inclusionFee` used for prioritization of the transaction is defined
    // as `tx.fee - resourceFee`.
    int64 resourceFee;
};
```

SorobanTransactionMeta

class stellar_sdk.xdr.soroban_transaction_meta.SorobanTransactionMeta(*ext, events, return_value, diagnostic_events*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SorobanTransactionMeta
{
    ExtensionPoint ext;

    ContractEvent events<>;           // custom events populated by the
                                     // contracts themselves.
    SCVal returnValue;               // return value of the host fn invocation

    // Diagnostics events that are not hashed.
    // This will contain all contract and diagnostic events. Even ones
    // that were emitted in a failed contract call.
    DiagnosticEvent diagnosticEvents<>;
};
```

SponsorshipDescriptor

class stellar_sdk.xdr.sponsorship_descriptor.**SponsorshipDescriptor**(*sponsorship_descriptor*)

XDR Source Code:

```
typedef AccountID* SponsorshipDescriptor;
```

StateArchivalSettings

class stellar_sdk.xdr.state_archival_settings.**StateArchivalSettings**(*max_entry_ttl*,
min_temporary_ttl,
min_persistent_ttl, *persistent_rent_rate_denominator*,
temp_rent_rate_denominator,
max_entries_to_archive,
bucket_list_size_window_sample_size,
eviction_scan_size, *starting_eviction_scan_level*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct StateArchivalSettings {
    uint32 maxEntryTTL;
    uint32 minTemporaryTTL;
    uint32 minPersistentTTL;

    // rent_fee = wfee_rate_average / rent_rate_denominator_for_type
    int64 persistentRentRateDenominator;
    int64 tempRentRateDenominator;

    // max number of entries that emit archival meta in a single ledger
    uint32 maxEntriesToArchive;

    // Number of snapshots to use when calculating average BucketList size
    uint32 bucketListSizeWindowSampleSize;

    // Maximum number of bytes that we scan for eviction per ledger
    uint64 evictionScanSize;

    // Lowest BucketList level to be scanned to evict entries
    uint32 startingEvictionScanLevel;
};
```

StellarMessage

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.stellar_message.StellarMessage(type, error=None, hello=None, auth=None,
                                                    dont_have=None, peers=None,
                                                    tx_set_hash=None, tx_set=None,
                                                    generalized_tx_set=None, transaction=None,
                                                    signed_survey_request_message=None,
                                                    signed_survey_response_message=None,
                                                    q_set_hash=None, q_set=None,
                                                    envelope=None, get_scp_ledger_seq=None,
                                                    send_more_message=None,
                                                    send_more_extended_message=None,
                                                    flood_advert=None, flood_demand=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union StellarMessage switch (MessageType type)
{
case ERROR_MSG:
    Error error;
case HELLO:
    Hello hello;
case AUTH:
    Auth auth;
case DONT_HAVE:
    DontHave dontHave;
case GET_PEERS:
    void;
case PEERS:
    PeerAddress peers<100>;

case GET_TX_SET:
    uint256 txSetHash;
case TX_SET:
    TransactionSet txSet;
case GENERALIZED_TX_SET:
    GeneralizedTransactionSet generalizedTxSet;

case TRANSACTION:
    TransactionEnvelope transaction;

case SURVEY_REQUEST:
    SignedSurveyRequestMessage signedSurveyRequestMessage;

case SURVEY_RESPONSE:
    SignedSurveyResponseMessage signedSurveyResponseMessage;

// SCP
case GET_SCP_QUORUMSET:
    uint256 qSetHash;
case SCP_QUORUMSET:
    SCPQuorumSet qSet;
case SCP_MESSAGE:
    SCPEnvelope envelope;
```

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```

case GET_SCP_STATE:
    uint32 getSCPLedgerSeq; // ledger seq requested ; if 0, requests the latest
case SEND_MORE:
    SendMore sendMoreMessage;
case SEND_MORE_EXTENDED:
    SendMoreExtended sendMoreExtendedMessage;
// Pull mode
case FLOOD_ADVERT:
    FloodAdvert floodAdvert;
case FLOOD_DEMAND:
    FloodDemand floodDemand;
};

```

StellarValue

class stellar_sdk.xdr.stellar_value.StellarValue(tx_set_hash, close_time, upgrades, ext)

XDR Source Code:

```

struct StellarValue
{
    Hash txSetHash;      // transaction set to apply to previous ledger
    TimePoint closeTime; // network close time

    // upgrades to apply to the previous ledger (usually empty)
    // this is a vector of encoded 'LedgerUpgrade' so that nodes can drop
    // unknown steps during consensus if needed.
    // see notes below on 'LedgerUpgrade' for more detail
    // max size is dictated by number of upgrade types (+ room for future)
    UpgradeType upgrades<6>;

    // reserved for future use
    union switch (StellarValueType v)
    {
        case STELLAR_VALUE_BASIC:
            void;
        case STELLAR_VALUE_SIGNED:
            LedgerCloseValueSignature lcValueSignature;
    }
    ext;
};

```

StellarValueExt

class stellar_sdk.xdr.stellar_value_ext.**StellarValueExt**(v, lc_value_signature=None)

XDR Source Code:

```
union switch (StellarValueType v)
{
    case STELLAR_VALUE_BASIC:
        void;
    case STELLAR_VALUE_SIGNED:
        LedgerCloseValueSignature lcValueSignature;
}
```

StellarValueType

class stellar_sdk.xdr.stellar_value_type.**StellarValueType**(value, names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None)

XDR Source Code:

```
enum StellarValueType
{
    STELLAR_VALUE_BASIC = 0,
    STELLAR_VALUE_SIGNED = 1
};
```

StoredDebugTransactionSet

class stellar_sdk.xdr.stored_debug_transaction_set.**StoredDebugTransactionSet**(tx_set, ledger_seq, scp_value)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct StoredDebugTransactionSet
{
    StoredTransactionSet txSet;
    uint32 ledgerSeq;
    StellarValue scpValue;
};
```

StoredTransactionSet

class stellar_sdk.xdr.stored_transaction_set.**StoredTransactionSet**(v, tx_set=None, generalized_tx_set=None)

XDR Source Code:

```
union StoredTransactionSet switch (int v)
{
    case 0:
```

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```

        TransactionSet txSet;
    case 1:
        GeneralizedTransactionSet generalizedTxSet;
};

```

String

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.base.String(value, size)`

String32

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.string32.String32(string32)`

XDR Source Code:

```
typedef string string32<32>;
```

String64

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.string64.String64(string64)`

XDR Source Code:

```
typedef string string64<64>;
```

SurveyMessageCommandType

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.survey_message_command_type.SurveyMessageCommandType(value, names=None, *, module=None, qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None)`

XDR Source Code:

```

enum SurveyMessageCommandType
{
    SURVEY_TOPOLOGY = 0
};

```

SurveyMessageResponseType

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.survey_message_response_type.SurveyMessageResponseType(value,
                                     names=None,
                                     *,
                                     module=None,
                                     qual-
                                     name=None,
                                     type=None,
                                     start=1, bound-
                                     ary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum SurveyMessageResponseType
{
    SURVEY_TOPOLOGY_RESPONSE_V0 = 0,
    SURVEY_TOPOLOGY_RESPONSE_V1 = 1
};
```

SurveyRequestMessage

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.survey_request_message.SurveyRequestMessage(surveyor_peer_id,
                                                                    surveyed_peer_id,
                                                                    ledger_num, encryption_key,
                                                                    command_type)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SurveyRequestMessage
{
    NodeID surveyorPeerID;
    NodeID surveyedPeerID;
    uint32 ledgerNum;
    Curve25519Public encryptionKey;
    SurveyMessageCommandType commandType;
};
```

SurveyResponseBody

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.survey_response_body.SurveyResponseBody(type,
                                                                topology_response_body_v0=None,
                                                                topol-
                                                                ogy_response_body_v1=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union SurveyResponseBody switch (SurveyMessageResponseType type)
{
    case SURVEY_TOPOLOGY_RESPONSE_V0:
        TopologyResponseBodyV0 topologyResponseBodyV0;
    case SURVEY_TOPOLOGY_RESPONSE_V1:
        TopologyResponseBodyV1 topologyResponseBodyV1;
};
```


SurveyResponseMessage

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.survey_response_message.SurveyResponseMessage(surveyor_peer_id,
                                                                    surveyed_peer_id,
                                                                    ledger_num,
                                                                    command_type,
                                                                    encrypted_body)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct SurveyResponseMessage
{
    NodeID surveyorPeerID;
    NodeID surveyedPeerID;
    uint32 ledgerNum;
    SurveyMessageCommandType commandType;
    EncryptedBody encryptedBody;
};
```

TTLEntry

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.ttl_entry.TTLEntry(key_hash, live_until_ledger_seq)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct TTLEntry {
    // Hash of the LedgerKey that is associated with this TTLEntry
    Hash keyHash;
    uint32 liveUntilLedgerSeq;
};
```

ThresholdIndexes

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.threshold_indexes.ThresholdIndexes(value, names=None, *, module=None,
                                                         qualname=None, type=None, start=1,
                                                         boundary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum ThresholdIndexes
{
    THRESHOLD_MASTER_WEIGHT = 0,
    THRESHOLD_LOW = 1,
    THRESHOLD_MED = 2,
    THRESHOLD_HIGH = 3
};
```

Thresholds

class stellar_sdk.xdr.thresholds.**Thresholds**(*thresholds*)

XDR Source Code:

```
typedef opaque Thresholds[4];
```

TimeBounds

class stellar_sdk.xdr.time_bounds.**TimeBounds**(*min_time*, *max_time*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct TimeBounds
{
    TimePoint minTime;
    TimePoint maxTime; // 0 here means no maxTime
};
```

TimePoint

class stellar_sdk.xdr.time_point.**TimePoint**(*time_point*)

XDR Source Code:

```
typedef uint64 TimePoint;
```

TopologyResponseBodyV0

class stellar_sdk.xdr.topology_response_body_v0.**TopologyResponseBodyV0**(*inbound_peers*,
outbound_peers, *total_inbound_peer_count*,
total_outbound_peer_count)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct TopologyResponseBodyV0
{
    PeerStatList inboundPeers;
    PeerStatList outboundPeers;

    uint32 totalInboundPeerCount;
    uint32 totalOutboundPeerCount;
};
```

TopologyResponseBodyV1

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.topology_response_body_v1.TopologyResponseBodyV1(inbound_peers,
                                                                    outbound_peers, total_inbound_peer_count,
                                                                    total_outbound_peer_count,
                                                                    max_inbound_peer_count,
                                                                    max_outbound_peer_count)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct TopologyResponseBodyV1
{
    PeerStatList inboundPeers;
    PeerStatList outboundPeers;

    uint32 totalInboundPeerCount;
    uint32 totalOutboundPeerCount;

    uint32 maxInboundPeerCount;
    uint32 maxOutboundPeerCount;
};
```

Transaction

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.transaction.Transaction(source_account, fee, seq_num, cond, memo, operations,
                                              ext)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct Transaction
{
    // account used to run the transaction
    MuxedAccount sourceAccount;

    // the fee the sourceAccount will pay
    uint32 fee;

    // sequence number to consume in the account
    SequenceNumber seqNum;

    // validity conditions
    Preconditions cond;

    Memo memo;

    Operation operations<MAX_OPS_PER_TX>;

    // reserved for future use
    union switch (int v)
    {
        case 0:
            void;
```

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```
    case 1:
        SorobanTransactionData sorobanData;
    }
    ext;
};
```

TransactionEnvelope

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.transaction_envelope.TransactionEnvelope(type, v0=None, v1=None,
                                                                fee_bump=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union TransactionEnvelope switch (EnvelopeType type)
{
    case ENVELOPE_TYPE_TX_V0:
        TransactionV0Envelope v0;
    case ENVELOPE_TYPE_TX:
        TransactionV1Envelope v1;
    case ENVELOPE_TYPE_TX_FEE_BUMP:
        FeeBumpTransactionEnvelope feeBump;
};
```

TransactionExt

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.transaction_ext.TransactionExt(v, soroban_data=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union switch (int v)
{
    case 0:
        void;
    case 1:
        SorobanTransactionData sorobanData;
}
```

TransactionHistoryEntry

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.transaction_history_entry.TransactionHistoryEntry(ledger_seq, tx_set,
                                                                           ext)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct TransactionHistoryEntry
{
    uint32 ledgerSeq;
    TransactionSet txSet;

    // when v != 0, txSet must be empty
    union switch (int v)
```

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```

{
  case 0:
    void;
  case 1:
    GeneralizedTransactionSet generalizedTxSet;
}
ext;
};

```

TransactionHistoryEntryExt

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.transaction_history_entry_ext.TransactionHistoryEntryExt(v, generalized_tx_set=None)`

XDR Source Code:

```

union switch (int v)
{
  case 0:
    void;
  case 1:
    GeneralizedTransactionSet generalizedTxSet;
}

```

TransactionHistoryResultEntry

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.transaction_history_result_entry.TransactionHistoryResultEntry(ledger_seq, tx_result_set, ext)`

XDR Source Code:

```

struct TransactionHistoryResultEntry
{
  uint32 ledgerSeq;
  TransactionResultSet txResultSet;

  // reserved for future use
  union switch (int v)
  {
    case 0:
      void;
  }
  ext;
};

```

TransactionHistoryResultEntryExt

class stellar_sdk.xdr.transaction_history_result_entry_ext.**TransactionHistoryResultEntryExt**(v)
XDR Source Code:

```
union switch (int v)
{
    case 0:
        void;
}
```

TransactionMeta

class stellar_sdk.xdr.transaction_meta.**TransactionMeta**(v, operations=None, v1=None, v2=None, v3=None)

XDR Source Code:

```
union TransactionMeta switch (int v)
{
    case 0:
        OperationMeta operations<>;
    case 1:
        TransactionMetaV1 v1;
    case 2:
        TransactionMetaV2 v2;
    case 3:
        TransactionMetaV3 v3;
};
```

TransactionMetaV1

class stellar_sdk.xdr.transaction_meta_v1.**TransactionMetaV1**(tx_changes, operations)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct TransactionMetaV1
{
    LedgerEntryChanges txChanges; // tx level changes if any
    OperationMeta operations<>; // meta for each operation
};
```

TransactionMetaV2

class stellar_sdk.xdr.transaction_meta_v2.**TransactionMetaV2**(tx_changes_before, operations, tx_changes_after)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct TransactionMetaV2
{
    LedgerEntryChanges txChangesBefore; // tx level changes before operations
```

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```

                                // are applied if any
    OperationMeta operations<>;    // meta for each operation
    LedgerEntryChanges txChangesAfter; // tx level changes after operations are
                                // applied if any
};

```

TransactionMetaV3

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.transaction_meta_v3.TransactionMetaV3(ext, tx_changes_before, operations,
                                                           tx_changes_after, soroban_meta)
```

XDR Source Code:

```

struct TransactionMetaV3
{
    ExtensionPoint ext;

    LedgerEntryChanges txChangesBefore; // tx level changes before operations
                                        // are applied if any
    OperationMeta operations<>;        // meta for each operation
    LedgerEntryChanges txChangesAfter;  // tx level changes after operations are
                                        // applied if any
    SorobanTransactionMeta* sorobanMeta; // Soroban-specific meta (only for
                                        // Soroban transactions).
};

```

TransactionPhase

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.transaction_phase.TransactionPhase(v, v0_components=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```

union TransactionPhase switch (int v)
{
    case 0:
        TxSetComponent v0Components<>;
};

```

TransactionResult

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.transaction_result.TransactionResult(fee_charged, result, ext)
```

XDR Source Code:

```

struct TransactionResult
{
    int64 feeCharged; // actual fee charged for the transaction

    union switch (TransactionResultCode code)
    {
        case txFEE_BUMP_INNER_SUCCESS:

```

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```

    case txFEE_BUMP_INNER_FAILED:
        InnerTransactionResultPair innerResultPair;
    case txSUCCESS:
    case txFAILED:
        OperationResult results<>;
    case txTOO_EARLY:
    case txTOO_LATE:
    case txMISSING_OPERATION:
    case txBAD_SEQ:
    case txBAD_AUTH:
    case txINSUFFICIENT_BALANCE:
    case txNO_ACCOUNT:
    case txINSUFFICIENT_FEE:
    case txBAD_AUTH_EXTRA:
    case txINTERNAL_ERROR:
    case txNOT_SUPPORTED:
    // case txFEE_BUMP_INNER_FAILED: handled above
    case txBAD_SPONSORSHIP:
    case txBAD_MIN_SEQ_AGE_OR_GAP:
    case txMALFORMED:
    case txSOROBAN_INVALID:
        void;
    }
    result;

    // reserved for future use
    union switch (int v)
    {
    case 0:
        void;
    }
    ext;
};

```

TransactionResultCode

```

class stellar_sdk.xdr.transaction_result_code.TransactionResultCode(value, names=None, *,
                                                                    module=None,
                                                                    qualname=None,
                                                                    type=None, start=1,
                                                                    boundary=None)

```

XDR Source Code:

```

enum TransactionResultCode
{
    txFEE_BUMP_INNER_SUCCESS = 1, // fee bump inner transaction succeeded
    txSUCCESS = 0,                // all operations succeeded

    txFAILED = -1, // one of the operations failed (none were applied)

    txTOO_EARLY = -2,            // ledger closeTime before minTime

```

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```

txTOO_LATE = -3,           // ledger closeTime after maxTime
txMISSING_OPERATION = -4, // no operation was specified
txBAD_SEQ = -5,           // sequence number does not match source account

txBAD_AUTH = -6,          // too few valid signatures / wrong network
txINSUFFICIENT_BALANCE = -7, // fee would bring account below reserve
txNO_ACCOUNT = -8,        // source account not found
txINSUFFICIENT_FEE = -9,   // fee is too small
txBAD_AUTH_EXTRA = -10,    // unused signatures attached to transaction
txINTERNAL_ERROR = -11,    // an unknown error occurred

txNOT_SUPPORTED = -12,     // transaction type not supported
txFEE_BUMP_INNER_FAILED = -13, // fee bump inner transaction failed
txBAD_SPONSORSHIP = -14,   // sponsorship not confirmed
txBAD_MIN_SEQ_AGE_OR_GAP = -15, // minSeqAge or minSeqLedgerGap conditions not
↪met
txMALFORMED = -16,         // precondition is invalid
txSOROBAN_INVALID = -17    // soroban-specific preconditions were not met
};

```

TransactionResultExt

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.transaction_result_ext.TransactionResultExt(v)`

XDR Source Code:

```

union switch (int v)
{
    case 0:
        void;
}

```

TransactionResultMeta

`class stellar_sdk.xdr.transaction_result_meta.TransactionResultMeta(result, fee_processing, tx_apply_processing)`

XDR Source Code:

```

struct TransactionResultMeta
{
    TransactionResultPair result;
    LedgerEntryChanges feeProcessing;
    TransactionMeta txApplyProcessing;
};

```

TransactionResultPair

class stellar_sdk.xdr.transaction_result_pair.TransactionResultPair(*transaction_hash, result*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct TransactionResultPair
{
    Hash transactionHash;
    TransactionResult result; // result for the transaction
};
```

TransactionResultResult

class stellar_sdk.xdr.transaction_result_result.TransactionResultResult(*code, inner_result_pair=None, results=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union switch (TransactionResultCode code)
{
    case txFEE_BUMP_INNER_SUCCESS:
    case txFEE_BUMP_INNER_FAILED:
        InnerTransactionResultPair innerResultPair;
    case txSUCCESS:
    case txFAILED:
        OperationResult results<>;
    case txTOO_EARLY:
    case txTOO_LATE:
    case txMISSING_OPERATION:
    case txBAD_SEQ:
    case txBAD_AUTH:
    case txINSUFFICIENT_BALANCE:
    case txNO_ACCOUNT:
    case txINSUFFICIENT_FEE:
    case txBAD_AUTH_EXTRA:
    case txINTERNAL_ERROR:
    case txNOT_SUPPORTED:
    // case txFEE_BUMP_INNER_FAILED: handled above
    case txBAD_SPONSORSHIP:
    case txBAD_MIN_SEQ_AGE_OR_GAP:
    case txMALFORMED:
    case txSOROBAN_INVALID:
        void;
}
```

TransactionResultSet

class stellar_sdk.xdr.transaction_result_set.TransactionResultSet(*results*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct TransactionResultSet
{
    TransactionResultPair results<>;
};
```

TransactionSet

class stellar_sdk.xdr.transaction_set.TransactionSet(*previous_ledger_hash*, *txs*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct TransactionSet
{
    Hash previousLedgerHash;
    TransactionEnvelope txs<>;
};
```

TransactionSetV1

class stellar_sdk.xdr.transaction_set_v1.TransactionSetV1(*previous_ledger_hash*, *phases*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct TransactionSetV1
{
    Hash previousLedgerHash;
    TransactionPhase phases<>;
};
```

TransactionSignaturePayload

class stellar_sdk.xdr.transaction_signature_payload.TransactionSignaturePayload(*network_id*, *tagged_transaction*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct TransactionSignaturePayload
{
    Hash networkId;
    union switch (EnvelopeType type)
    {
        // Backwards Compatibility: Use ENVELOPE_TYPE_TX to sign ENVELOPE_TYPE_TX_V0
        case ENVELOPE_TYPE_TX:
            Transaction tx;
        case ENVELOPE_TYPE_TX_FEE_BUMP:
            FeeBumpTransaction feeBump;
    }
};
```

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```
    taggedTransaction;  
};
```

TransactionSignaturePayloadTaggedTransaction

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.transaction_signature_payload_tagged_transaction.TransactionSignaturePayloadTaggedTransaction
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union switch (EnvelopeType type)  
{  
    // Backwards Compatibility: Use ENVELOPE_TYPE_TX to sign ENVELOPE_TYPE_TX_V0  
    case ENVELOPE_TYPE_TX:  
        Transaction tx;  
    case ENVELOPE_TYPE_TX_FEE_BUMP:  
        FeeBumpTransaction feeBump;  
}
```

TransactionV0

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.transaction_v0.TransactionV0(source_account_ed25519, fee, seq_num,  
                                                    time_bounds, memo, operations, ext)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct TransactionV0  
{  
    uint256 sourceAccountEd25519;  
    uint32 fee;  
    SequenceNumber seqNum;  
    TimeBounds* timeBounds;  
    Memo memo;  
    Operation operations<MAX_OPS_PER_TX>;  
    union switch (int v)  
    {  
        case 0:  
            void;  
    }  
    ext;  
};
```

TransactionV0Envelope

class stellar_sdk.xdr.transaction_v0_envelope.TransactionV0Envelope(*tx, signatures*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct TransactionV0Envelope
{
    TransactionV0 tx;
    /* Each decorated signature is a signature over the SHA256 hash of
     * a TransactionSignaturePayload */
    DecoratedSignature signatures<20>;
};
```

TransactionV0Ext

class stellar_sdk.xdr.transaction_v0_ext.TransactionV0Ext(*v*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union switch (int v)
{
    case 0:
        void;
}
```

TransactionV1Envelope

class stellar_sdk.xdr.transaction_v1_envelope.TransactionV1Envelope(*tx, signatures*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct TransactionV1Envelope
{
    Transaction tx;
    /* Each decorated signature is a signature over the SHA256 hash of
     * a TransactionSignaturePayload */
    DecoratedSignature signatures<20>;
};
```

TrustLineAsset

class stellar_sdk.xdr.trust_line_asset.TrustLineAsset(*type, alpha_num4=None,*
alpha_num12=None,
liquidity_pool_id=None)

XDR Source Code:

```
union TrustLineAsset switch (AssetType type)
{
    case ASSET_TYPE_NATIVE: // Not credit
        void;
```

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```
case ASSET_TYPE_CREDIT_ALPHANUM4:
    AlphaNum4 alphaNum4;

case ASSET_TYPE_CREDIT_ALPHANUM12:
    AlphaNum12 alphaNum12;

case ASSET_TYPE_POOL_SHARE:
    PoolID liquidityPoolID;

    // add other asset types here in the future
};
```

TrustLineEntry

class stellar_sdk.xdr.trust_line_entry.TrustLineEntry(*account_id*, *asset*, *balance*, *limit*, *flags*, *ext*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct TrustLineEntry
{
    AccountID accountID; // account this trustline belongs to
    TrustLineAsset asset; // type of asset (with issuer)
    int64 balance;        // how much of this asset the user has.
                        // Asset defines the unit for this;

    int64 limit; // balance cannot be above this
    uint32 flags; // see TrustLineFlags

    // reserved for future use
    union switch (int v)
    {
        case 0:
            void;
        case 1:
            struct
            {
                Liabilities liabilities;

                union switch (int v)
                {
                    case 0:
                        void;
                    case 2:
                        TrustLineEntryExtensionV2 v2;
                }
                ext;
            } v1;
    }
    ext;
};
```

TrustLineEntryExt

class stellar_sdk.xdr.trust_line_entry_ext.TrustLineEntryExt(*v*, *v1=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union switch (int v)
{
    case 0:
        void;
    case 1:
        struct
        {
            Liabilities liabilities;

            union switch (int v)
            {
                case 0:
                    void;
                case 2:
                    TrustLineEntryExtensionV2 v2;
            }
            ext;
        } v1;
}
```

TrustLineEntryExtensionV2

class stellar_sdk.xdr.trust_line_entry_extension_v2.TrustLineEntryExtensionV2(*liquidity_pool_use_count*, *ext*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct TrustLineEntryExtensionV2
{
    int32 liquidityPoolUseCount;

    union switch (int v)
    {
        case 0:
            void;
    }
    ext;
};
```

TrustLineEntryExtensionV2Ext

class stellar_sdk.xdr.trust_line_entry_extension_v2_ext.TrustLineEntryExtensionV2Ext(*v*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union switch (int v)
{
    case 0:
        void;
}
```

TrustLineEntryV1

class stellar_sdk.xdr.trust_line_entry_v1.TrustLineEntryV1(*liabilities*, *ext*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct
{
    Liabilities liabilities;

    union switch (int v)
    {
        case 0:
            void;
        case 2:
            TrustLineEntryExtensionV2 v2;
    }
    ext;
}
```

TrustLineEntryV1Ext

class stellar_sdk.xdr.trust_line_entry_v1_ext.TrustLineEntryV1Ext(*v*, *v2=None*)

XDR Source Code:

```
union switch (int v)
{
    case 0:
        void;
    case 2:
        TrustLineEntryExtensionV2 v2;
}
```


TrustLineFlags

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.trust_line_flags.TrustLineFlags(value, names=None, *, module=None,
                                                    qualname=None, type=None, start=1,
                                                    boundary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum TrustLineFlags
{
    // issuer has authorized account to perform transactions with its credit
    AUTHORIZED_FLAG = 1,
    // issuer has authorized account to maintain and reduce liabilities for its
    // credit
    AUTHORIZED_TO_MAINTAIN_LIABILITIES_FLAG = 2,
    // issuer has specified that it may clawback its credit, and that claimable
    // balances created with its credit may also be clawed back
    TRUSTLINE_CLAWBACK_ENABLED_FLAG = 4
};
```

TxAdvertVector

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.tx_advert_vector.TxAdvertVector(tx_advert_vector)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
typedef Hash TxAdvertVector<TX_ADVERT_VECTOR_MAX_SIZE>;
```

TxDemandVector

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.tx_demand_vector.TxDemandVector(tx_demand_vector)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
typedef Hash TxDemandVector<TX_DEMAND_VECTOR_MAX_SIZE>;
```

TxSetComponent

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.tx_set_component.TxSetComponent(type, txs_maybe_discounted_fee=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
union TxSetComponent switch (TxSetComponentType type)
{
    case TXSET_COMP_TXS_MAYBE_DISCOUNTED_FEE:
        struct
        {
            int64* baseFee;
            TransactionEnvelope txs<>;
        } txsMaybeDiscountedFee;
};
```

TxSetComponentTxsWithMaybeDiscountedFee

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.tx_set_component_txs_maybe_discounted_fee.TxSetComponentTxsWithMaybeDiscountedFee(base_fee, txs)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct
{
    int64* baseFee;
    TransactionEnvelope txs<>;
}
```

TxSetComponentType

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.tx_set_component_type.TxSetComponentType(value, names=None, *,
                                                                module=None, qualname=None,
                                                                type=None, start=1,
                                                                boundary=None)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
enum TxSetComponentType
{
    // txs with effective fee <= bid derived from a base fee (if any).
    // If base fee is not specified, no discount is applied.
    TXSET_COMP_TXS_MAYBE_DISCOUNTED_FEE = 0
};
```

UInt128Parts

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.u_int128_parts.UInt128Parts(hi, lo)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct UInt128Parts {
    uint64 hi;
    uint64 lo;
};
```

UInt256Parts

```
class stellar_sdk.xdr.u_int256_parts.UInt256Parts(hi_hi, hi_lo, lo_hi, lo_lo)
```

XDR Source Code:

```
struct UInt256Parts {
    uint64 hi_hi;
    uint64 hi_lo;
    uint64 lo_hi;
    uint64 lo_lo;
};
```

Uint256

class stellar_sdk.xdr.uint256.**Uint256**(*uint256*)

XDR Source Code:

```
typedef opaque uint256[32];
```

Uint32

class stellar_sdk.xdr.uint32.**Uint32**(*uint32*)

XDR Source Code:

```
typedef unsigned int uint32;
```

Uint64

class stellar_sdk.xdr.uint64.**Uint64**(*uint64*)

XDR Source Code:

```
typedef unsigned hyper uint64;
```

UnsignedHyper

class stellar_sdk.xdr.base.**UnsignedHyper**(*value*)

UnsignedInteger

class stellar_sdk.xdr.base.**UnsignedInteger**(*value*)

UpgradeEntryMeta

class stellar_sdk.xdr.upgrade_entry_meta.**UpgradeEntryMeta**(*upgrade*, *changes*)

XDR Source Code:

```
struct UpgradeEntryMeta
{
    LedgerUpgrade upgrade;
    LedgerEntryChanges changes;
};
```

UpgradeType

class stellar_sdk.xdr.upgrade_type.**UpgradeType**(*upgrade_type*)

XDR Source Code:

```
typedef opaque UpgradeType<128>;
```

Value

class stellar_sdk.xdr.value.**Value**(*value*)

XDR Source Code:

```
typedef opaque Value<>;
```

Constants

stellar_sdk.xdr.constants.**AUTH_MSG_FLAG_FLOW_CONTROL_BYTES_REQUESTED**: **int** = 200

const AUTH_MSG_FLAG_FLOW_CONTROL_BYTES_REQUESTED = 200;

stellar_sdk.xdr.constants.**CONTRACT_COST_COUNT_LIMIT**: **int** = 1024

const CONTRACT_COST_COUNT_LIMIT = 1024;

stellar_sdk.xdr.constants.**LIQUIDITY_POOL_FEE_V18**: **int** = 30

const LIQUIDITY_POOL_FEE_V18 = 30;

stellar_sdk.xdr.constants.**MASK_ACCOUNT_FLAGS**: **int** = 7

const MASK_ACCOUNT_FLAGS = 0x7;

stellar_sdk.xdr.constants.**MASK_ACCOUNT_FLAGS_V17**: **int** = 15

const MASK_ACCOUNT_FLAGS_V17 = 0xF;

stellar_sdk.xdr.constants.**MASK_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_FLAGS**: **int** = 1

const MASK_CLAIMABLE_BALANCE_FLAGS = 0x1;

stellar_sdk.xdr.constants.**MASK_LEDGER_HEADER_FLAGS**: **int** = 7

const MASK_LEDGER_HEADER_FLAGS = 0x7;

stellar_sdk.xdr.constants.**MASK_OFFERENTRY_FLAGS**: **int** = 1

const MASK_OFFERENTRY_FLAGS = 1;

stellar_sdk.xdr.constants.**MASK_TRUSTLINE_FLAGS**: **int** = 1

const MASK_TRUSTLINE_FLAGS = 1;

stellar_sdk.xdr.constants.**MASK_TRUSTLINE_FLAGS_V13**: **int** = 3

const MASK_TRUSTLINE_FLAGS_V13 = 3;

stellar_sdk.xdr.constants.**MASK_TRUSTLINE_FLAGS_V17**: **int** = 7

const MASK_TRUSTLINE_FLAGS_V17 = 7;

stellar_sdk.xdr.constants.**MAX_OPS_PER_TX**: **int** = 100

const MAX_OPS_PER_TX = 100;

stellar_sdk.xdr.constants.**MAX_SIGNERS**: **int** = 20

const MAX_SIGNERS = 20;

```
stellar_sdk.xdr.constants.SCSYMBOL_LIMIT: int = 32
    const SCSYMBOL_LIMIT = 32;
stellar_sdk.xdr.constants.SC_SPEC_DOC_LIMIT: int = 1024
    const SC_SPEC_DOC_LIMIT = 1024;
stellar_sdk.xdr.constants.TX_ADVERT_VECTOR_MAX_SIZE: int = 1000
    const TX_ADVERT_VECTOR_MAX_SIZE = 1000;
stellar_sdk.xdr.constants.TX_DEMAND_VECTOR_MAX_SIZE: int = 1000
    const TX_DEMAND_VECTOR_MAX_SIZE = 1000;
```


STELLAR-MODEL

stellar-model allows you to parse the JSON returned by Stellar Horizon into the Python models, click [here](#) for more information.

LINKS

- Document: <https://stellar-sdk.readthedocs.io>
- Code: <https://github.com/StellarCN/py-stellar-base>
- Examples: <https://github.com/StellarCN/py-stellar-base/tree/main/examples>
- Issue tracker: <https://github.com/StellarCN/py-stellar-base/issues>
- License: [Apache License 2.0](#)
- Releases: <https://pypi.org/project/stellar-sdk/>

THANKS

This document is based on [Stellar JavaScript SDK](#) documentation. Thank you to all the people who have already contributed to Stellar ecosystem!

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